

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 17th, 1896.

Senator Jones, of Ark., who was chosen by Mr. Bryan to be chairman of the Democratic National Committee, returned to Washington this week. He brought with him an immense stock of confidence which he is freely distributing among democrats. He refuses to consider the election of Bryan and Sewall other than an absolute certainty, and he says he knows prominent republicans who take the same view of the situation, one of whom told him that he would not be surprised to see silver carry every state outside of New England. He was asked if he feared the nomination of a gold democratic ticket, and replied: "Not in the least. Why should we? It will not carry any State, and the only votes it will get will be of those democrats who would otherwise vote for McKinley or else go fishing. It may be called an independent ticket. Its convention would not be representative of the democratic party, because the democratic party, called together in national convention by its national committee, has already acted. No one has any authority to call another democratic convention. No, the threat, if it may be called one, of certain gentlemen to hold another convention has no terror. I understand that several administration officials refuse to support the nominee of the democratic convention. They have never been with us. The fact that they are not with us now is not astonishing." Secretary Herbert was probably one of the officials Senator Jones referred to, as he is credited with having said that he would not vote for Bryan and Sewall.

Senator Faulkner, of W. Va., chairman of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, believes that the democrats can capture the House this year and it is determined that it shall not be the fault of the committee if they do not. He says: "The province of this committee will be to aid the election of any candidate for Congress upon the regular democratic ticket. We have nothing whatever to do with the nominations for Congress, and will take no part in the contests for them. After the candidates are selected, however, it will be our business, and we will see to it that all the aid possible is given for the election of those candidates. We will take it for granted that the democrats of each district know what they are about, and we will not question their selection. It will make no difference to us what the platform may be upon which the candidates are selected." Senator Faulkner has no doubts about the election of Bryan and Sewall, nor about their carrying his own state, of which he said: "I think West Virginia will be carried by free silver. I believe that the sentiment throughout the state is overwhelmingly in favor of it. In my own county I know personally of republican votes that we will get with our platform. I think the same condition exists in other counties in the state. We will hold our State convention August 12th, and will nominate a state ticket upon a silver basis throughout. Every one of our Congressional candidates will also be for silver."

The Congressional committee has already placed large orders for Mr. Bryan's speeches in Congress, in order to be able to promptly fill the orders for them which have already begun to come in. Among the other documents selected by the committee for campaign use are speeches on finance by Senators Daniel, Jones, of Ark., and Cockrell; on the income tax by Representative McMillin and Ex-Representative Wike, and Representative Fitzgerald's speech on sectarianism and the Marquette statue.

According to present indications, the number of democratic clubs which will take part in this year's campaign will largely exceed that of any previous campaign. In one day, this week, sixty applications for charters for new clubs were received at the headquarters of the National Association of Democratic Clubs.

There is reason to believe that a bold attempt is to be made to prevent the populist convention, which will be held at St. Louis next week, endorsing Bryan and Sewall. Agents of those interested in having the populist put up a ticket of their own for the purpose of dividing the silver vote are reported to have intimidated leading populists at any price they

might name would be paid for a failure on the part of the convention to endorse Bryan and Sewall and the nomination of a straight populist ticket. Those who ought to know say the convention will either endorse Bryan and Sewall or will nominate them outright. It is certain that the silver convention, to be held at the same time and place, will be for Bryan and Sewall.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Lippincott's Magazine for August, 1896.

The complete novel in the August issue of Lippincott's is "The Great K. & A. Train-Robbery," by Paul Leicester Ford. The scene shifts from one part of the West to another; the action has some rapid and surprising turns, especially when the actors are considered; and the result is an eminently readable and lively narrative.

Carinda Pendleton Lamar is evidently at home "In Louisa County," and writes with full knowledge and affection. Her story brings vividly before us the rural Virginia of old, with its hospitality, its unworldliness, its primitive and peculiar charm. "Golden-Rod and Asters," by Neith Boyce, is a tale of youth renewed after a long interval, and of a middle aged reunion.

It was the office boy of whom Evan R. Chesterman writes in "The Devil's One Good Deed," and the deed was one of life-saving and sacrifice.

George Montbard, a French artist now in London, tells of "A Narrow Escape" which he and a comrade had during the Franco-Prussian war, the result of a rash adventure on the outposts.

Francis Lynde was once imprudent enough to spend "A Summer on the Gulf Coast." Those who read his vivid description of that experience will wisely determine to follow the general custom, and go there only in winter.

"Heraldry in America" may appear to many an unpromising subject; but Eugene Zieber has much to say in exposition, defense and praise of it. Rhoda G. A. writes of "Immigration Evils," and sustains her argument by figures and facts rather than by declamation.

"The Federation of Australia," as lately proposed, is a topic just now much agitating our cousins at the antipodes, but little understood here. Owen Hall tells about it all that an American needs to know at present.

Emily Baily Stone returns to her favorite theme in "The Woman Question in the Middle Ages," and shows that, far from being wholly of our time, it existed five hundred years ago, though in a rudimentary and inchoate form.

James Knapp Reeve finds a summer subject for laudation in "The Blessed Bees." "The Editor's Incubus," according to Irving Allen, is the poetical contributor. Other editors might tell of heavier burdens in other shapes.

The poetry of the common consists of a sonnet by John B. Tabb and quatrains by Edith M. Thomas, Clarence Army and Arthur W. Atkins. To Offer a Reward of 100 Dollars for a case of catarrh that cannot be cured, creates the suspicion that the article so advertised is a humbug. Do you know of any such reward being paid? Ely Bros. do not promise rewards in order to sell their well known "Cream Balm." They offer the most effective medicants, prepared in convenient form to use, and at the lowest possible price, 50 cents per bottle. An honest and effective remedy, which is absolutely free from mercurials or other harmful drugs.

As to Dog Days.

No one quite knows why the dog days are so called. The old view used to be that they were named from the heliacal rising of Sirius, the dog star; but whereas the dog days last from July 3 to August 11, Sirius does not rise till the end of that month. Some good people used to think that the dog days were so called because dogs went mad then; but statistics have discovered that dogs go mad in spring and autumn, but hardly ever at mid-summer. In pursuit of this fallacy we find the first muzzling order issued by the Mayor of Cambridge seventy-two years ago on the first of the dog days. The prevalence of rabies in Elizabethan times led to the appointment of a dog killer in the month of August, according to Ben Jonson.

What is Free Coinage?

About the most difficult thing before the American voter to-day is to understand what Free coinage means. The New York World has a score of apparently earnest inquiring people to answer every day, but still there are others who do not understand it. The World says:

It seems incredible that there should be anybody not informed on this point, but apparently there are many, and so we answer the question.

A silver dollar weighs about sixteen times as much as a gold dollar. When the ratio was established for the coinage of gold and silver dollars, it approximately represented the market value of the two metals. An ounce of gold was worth about sixteen times as much as an ounce of silver. Now an ounce of gold is worth more than thirty times as much as an ounce of silver.

Under our law, whoever owns gold bullion can take it to the mint and have it made into coins without any cost to him. That is free coinage of gold. The gold thus coined is worth a dollar, irrespective of the stamp, all over the world. The silver men demand that we shall do the same thing for silver without any change of ratio—that is to say, that every owner of silver shall be permitted to take it to the mint and have every 50 cents worth of it stamped as a dollar, though it would be worth only its bullion value outside the United States.

That is what free coinage at 16 to 1 means.

Waves of an Iron Bridge.

A train always exerts greater strain on an iron bridge when going quickly than when going slowly; but the difference in the strain depends on the structure of the bridge, and is much more in some cases than in others. When the train goes over the bridge it causes a wave to travel along the structure, owing to the elasticity of the iron.

That part of the bridge just in front of the train is raised a little, and the part under the train is lowered, so that each part of the bridge is successively raised and lowered as the train goes over it, and the more quickly the train travels the more sudden this will be, and consequently the more violent.

The strain produced will vary with the square of the velocity of the wave, so that the train will exert four times the strain when it doubles its velocity, and nine times when it triples its velocity.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for weakness and nervousness, and have been cured."—Harry Stafford, 870 Wilkey St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Babies in the Mines.

The Labor Law Will Be Enforced by Coal Companies.

The officials of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Company are enforcing the law regarding the employment of boys under twelve years of age in the mines as d breakers. At Audenreid, No. 4, a large number have been discharged, and the same rigid discipline will prevail at all the other collieries. There are hundreds of boys under the lawful age, employed at the collieries. Other companies in this region will also be compelled to enforce the law.

Signs of Rain.

Salt is a good barometer. When it is damp rain is probable. A rainbow in the morning foretells rainy weather during the day. A red sunrise indicates foul weather at some time during the day.

Rats and mice are generally very active and noisy just before a storm.

A rainbow in the afternoon is generally an indication of clear weather.

A new moon falling in summer time between 4 and 6 a. m. betokens rain. The leaves of the common clover often close upon the approach of a storm.

Rain or snow in winter will follow a new moon when it falls between 4 and 6 a. m.

When dogs are sleepy and appear dull and heavy when aroused a storm is near at hand.

Every fisherman knows that his bite better just before a shower than at any other time.

May Not Hang.

It is probable that George Windish, the wife murderer now confined in Luzerne county jail, under sentence of death, will never be hanged for his dreadful crime. For several weeks his health has been on the decline, and he now presents a pitiable appearance, having wasted away until he looks like a bundle of skin and bones.

ANNA IVOR'S REQUEST.

Personal letters reach Mrs. Pincham by thousands; some asking advice, and others, like the following, telling of what Lydia E. Pincham's Vegetable Compound has done and will ever continue to do in eradicating those fearful



female complaints so little understood by physicians.

All womb and ovarian troubles, irregularities, whites, bearing-down pains, displacements, tendency to cancer and tumor are cured permanently.

"I feel as if I owed my life to your Vegetable Compound. After the birth of my babe I was very miserable. I had a drawing pain in the lower part of my bowels, no strength, and a terrible headache. Every day I failed. My husband said if I would try a bottle of your Vegetable Compound, he would get it for me. The change was wonderful. After I had taken the first half bottle I began to have great faith in it. When I had taken three bottles, I was well and growing stout. It is a pleasure for me to write this to you. I only ask women in any way afflicted with female troubles to try it."—MRS. ANNA IVOR, Pittsford Mill, Rutland Co., Vt.

Remember This! That when you are looking for a place to purchase meats, that we have recently opened a new meat market in the Lehigh Building, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, where you will receive polite and prompt attention, and get the best quality of meats. John E. Kleckner.

WRIGHT'S PINK PILLS For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy Action to the entire system. Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES. 7-12ly

PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. Sold by all druggists.

Scientific American PATENTS Agency for

HINDERCORNS The only cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. Sold at Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores Gray Hair to its original color. Cures scalp diseases and hair falling. Sold at all Druggists.

RESTORE LOST MANHOOD Young and middle-aged men who suffer from errors of youth, loss of vitality, impotency, nervous weakness, etc., etc., strictures, weakness of body and mind, can be thoroughly and permanently cured by the new method of treatment. Consultations and prescriptions free. DR. SMITH, Lock box 623, Phila. Pa.

BLOOMSBURG PAVING CO. O FLAG, BEAVER VALLEY FLAG CURB, STEP AND CAPS. Artificial stone paving in all its branches, including Mellick's patent arch pavement. All work guaranteed.

E. A. RAWLINGS. All kinds of Meat, Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town. BLOOMSBURG, PA. Telephone Connection.

A REMARKABLE OFFER. For a short time Ralph G. Phillips, the photographer, is making one life size photograph, value \$5.00, and thirteen cabinet photographs all for \$3.00. All work guaranteed. Ralph G. Phillips, Ground Floor Gallery, Opposite Central Hotel BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MEAT MARKET For home dressed meat, call at JERRY FREDERICK'S, Successor to J. L. WOLVERTON. We sell for cash but our prices are the lowest in the town. Goods delivered to all parts of the town.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM In effect May 17, 1896. TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

Table with 4 columns: Station, A.M., P.M., P.M. (with 'M' in a circle). Rows include Pottsville, Hazleton, Tomioken, etc.

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Pennsylvania Railroad Time Table in effect June 14, 1896

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