

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 23, 1895.

Secretary Smith's exercising his discretion about opening to public settlement some 2,000,000 acres of land which was a part of an Indian reservation in Utah was the cause of his being abused to a considerable extent on the floor of the Senate this week.

These lands contain valuable deposits of asphalt enough it is said to supply the demand for the entire country for years to come—and Senator Gordon stated in reply to the criticism of Secretary Smith for not opening the lands to the public that it was only because the Secretary wished to protect the interests of the governor against rapacious persons and corporations seeking to control these deposits, and because he believed that the government ought to receive some benefit, either by royalty or otherwise for these mineral deposits that he had not opened the lands to settlement.

Senator Vilas, who became familiar with the subject while he was Secretary of the Interior, also defended the policy adopted by Secretary Smith. Senator Vest joined the republicans in criticizing Secretary Smith.

If the republicans of the House were not made ashamed of themselves by Representative McCreary's speech against the adoption of the resolutions censuring Ambassador Bayard, which he declared were "prompted by prejudice and partisanship," they are not constituted as other men are.

Of course Mr. McCreary had no idea of preventing the action which he knew had been fully determined upon before the resolutions were reported to the House, but he had the satisfaction of showing the action up in all its littleness and narrowness.

The Cuban resolutions are just where they were a week ago. The attempt to have them returned to conference in order that objections raised by Senators Hill, Hawley and others might be met by changing them was defeated at last week's meeting of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations.

President Cleveland celebrated his fifty-ninth birthday on Wednesday, the 18th inst.

Ex-Gov. Campbell of Ohio, who has been in Washington for several days, puts a positive end to talk about his being the Presidential candidate of the party by declaring that he will under no circumstances allow his name to go before the Chicago convention. He thus added force to the advice he gives the democratic party in relation to the coming National convention. He says: "Every man who goes to the convention as a delegate should go pledged to support the candidate and accept the platform of that convention. No matter who may be named to make the canvass; no matter what the platform may contain, they should be accepted, and the only hope of party continuation lies in their acceptance. A delegate who goes to Chicago with the intention to stay if the majority agree with him and accept his candidate or make his platform, whether on finance, tariff, or what else; who means to bolt if his notion of men and measures is voted down, is a traitor in advance. He has no business in the convention. He should stay at home."

It was made perfectly clear at this week's meeting of the House committee on Naval Affairs that the democrats favor a larger increase in our navy than the republicans do. The democrats on the committee, led by Amos Cummings, who was chairman of the committee in the last House, wanted to provide for the building of six battleships and 25 torpedo boats, but the most they could get the republican majority of the committee to agree to was four battleships and 15 torpedo boats.

It is denied that the dinner and reception given by the British Ambassador last week in honor of Secretary and Mrs. Olney had any international political meaning, and stated that it was one of the regular entertainments which had to be given later than usual on account of the Embassy having had to go into official mourning for the death of Queen Victoria's son-in-law.

Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, is recognized as one of the leading McKinley men in the House, and it may be mentioned in passing that Grosvenor also has a record as a

hoodoo of the first water. However, what I started out to say was that Grosvenor is making himself the laughing stock of congress by the ridiculous claims he is making for McKinley. He says that McKinley will receive 620 votes on the first ballot at the St. Louis convention, which would be one hundred and sixty more than would be needed to nominate him. That McKinley is leading is certain and that he will win if he can make a dicker with Quay and Platt is probable. But it is certain that he is a long ways from having enough votes in sight at this time to win upon the first ballot or any other ballot, and his ability to make a trade with Quay and Platt will depend entirely upon how much strength he can control without them. If he has enough to win with the addition of the votes controlled by Quay and Platt and will give them as good terms as Reed has given them, there is little doubt that he could be the nominee.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss. LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m.

Lippincott's Magazine for April, 1895.

The complete novel in the April issue of Lippincott's is "Flotsam," by Owen Hall. The scene shifts from England to India and Australia, following the fortunes of a heroine, who through a severe experience at sea, loses track of her past life, so that her identity is established only after many months and much difficulty.

"The Vivisectionist," by Carolyn Wells, describes the conduct of a novelist, whom no scruples deter in the search for literary material. Lieutenant Thomas H. Wilson, in "Between Reliefs," tells of a not wholly unrighteous revenge.

"On the War-Path with Kit Carson" by William Thompson, is a true story, and so probably is "Dreaming Bob," by Dr. Charles C. Abbott. The incidents of the first occurred on the California trail in 1850, those of the other more recently in New Jersey.

"The Drama of One Hundred Acres," by Calvin Dill Wilson, is an imaginative sketch of the development of an Ohio farm. Ellen Duvall, in "An Old-Testament Drama," comments on the tale of Naaman the Syrian.

"I. J. Wistar, in a brief but very solid article on "Penal Administration in Pennsylvania," tells what has been done and what may or should be done in the way of prison reform.

O. L. writes of "Holy Week in Mexico," and Cleveland Moffett of "Paris Swindles." R. G. Robinson recalls the case of "An Expensive Slave" in Florida, who caused the war of 1835-39 and the loss of 1500 white lives.

The poetry of the number is by Susie M. Best, Mary Bradley, and Madison Cawein.

An illustrated supplement, by Anne Hollingsworth Wharton, treats of "The Washington's in Virginia Life," and tells much about the early life and legendary love-affairs of the Father of his Country.

\$2,000 in Gold for Women and Girls.

The Philadelphia Press announces that it will begin, in its issue of Sunday, the 22nd inst., the publication of a great story of mystery entitled, "Sons and Fathers," and that it will pay \$2000 in cash prizes to the women and girls who solve the mystery before it is disclosed in the final chapter. There will be enough prizes to give every woman and girl a chance, and the story will be of absorbing interest. Do not fail to read the opening installment in The Sunday Press of March 22.

General Purpose Animals. One of the long-sought animals is that fitted for general purposes, and whole columns have been devoted to breeds and crosses, which are supposed to be the best for producing general purpose horses, cattle, sheep and swine. It is perhaps impossible to produce an animal possessing all the meritorious characteristics desired, as climate, food and management must be considered. A breed may possess merit in many ways, but it will have one predominant trait—some particular characteristic—in which it may excel, and to enable it to reach perfection in its line of duty it must sacrifice something for the gain made. When an animal is bred for milk and butter production the breeder of the animal endeavors to get as far away as possible from the tendency to produce beef, for the reason that the food intended for butter and milk cannot be spared in making beef. Every farmer knows that some of the best dairy cows, with excellent appetites, and which consume fully their share of food, show but little flesh on their bodies. This is because the food cannot be diverted into any other direction than that for which the animal itself is adapted in its productive capacity.

The crossing of animals of two different breeds in order to combine certain distinct characteristics results in a loss, as instance, the crossing of animals of the beef breeds and milk breeds results in less milk from the offspring compared with one parent, and less beef compared with the other. An animal can only excel in one characteristic.

The Merino sheep is a favorite because it is active, hardy, and can graze on hillsides and thrive in larger flocks than other breeds. Conform to it to produce not only fine wool but heavy carcasses, and it loses its fitness for the hillsides and will require more care. Cross the fastest trotting stallion and a Clydesdale mare. The speed of the trotter will have been sacrificed for more size yet less than the size of the Clydesdale has been secured. The breeds are the results of years of selection. Any attempt to combine the merits of two breeds destroys both. No general purpose animal can be produced, nor is it required. One can breed for speed, or for strength in the horse, for milk, butter or beef in cattle, and for mutton or wool in sheep, but perfection can only be obtained in any one object sought. As it is at present the farmer can breed for what he wants and can adapt the animal to his climate and farm.

The Vanderbilt Men. Cornelius and Willie K. Vanderbilt are opposites. I never heard any one speak of the elder as Corny, Cornele or Nele, while every one speaks invariably of the younger as Willie K. Those names tell the story. Cornelius is tall, spare, ascetic in appearance, with little, make-believe whiskers by his ears, an eye of pleasant keenness, good teeth, manners pleasant but reserved. He might be taken for a fairly well dressed Methodist minister. He never speculates, keeps no fast horses, has no yacht, is much interested in church matters, gives with discreet liberality and attends to the business of his office with the intelligent interest and methodical regularity of a man of affairs. Willie K. is a born speculator, takes big risks and of late years very successfully. He has long been a yachtsman. I doubt if any man could teach him how to play cards. He knows little about horses, but is now investing in them. He stands about the same height as his brother, but with a stockier build. He looks younger, jollier and, in spite of his divorce, happier. Both men are particularly fond of children and anxious for their welfare. The present generation of Vanderbilts uphold the name worthily. Cornelius is regarded as a first-class man of business. Willie K. as a bon vivant, with serious interludes. Frederick is as yet a small investor, without much care for the pleasures of society, and George considers himself favorably as a fair promoter along the line of literature.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Oklahoma has 275,000 inhabitants. If a small bottle of Shaker Digestive Cordial does you no good, don't buy a large one.

"Prove all things; hold fast that which is good." It's not good for everybody, only for the thin, pale, sick, weak and weary. For those who are staying for want of digested food. For those who cannot get fat or strong, because their stomachs do not work as they ought to.

These are the people, millions of them, whom Shaker Digestive Cordial will cure. Food makes strength, muscle, brain, blood, energy—after it is digested. If not digested, it will do you no good at all.

Shaker Digestive Cordial helps your stomach to digest your food and cures indigestion permanently. When you've tried a small bottle, you can tell.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

Drug envelopes, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 manilla, white or colored, coin envelopes, and shipping tags, with or without strings, always in stock at this office.

Are You Ever Annoyed by a buzzing or roaring sound in your head? Have you difficulty in hearing distinctly? Are you troubled with a continual dropping of mucus, irritating the throat and causing you to cough? Is your breath unpleasantly affected and accompanied with bad taste? Is your hearing less acute? If so, you have catarrh and should at once procure a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, the best known remedy. The Balm will give instant relief.

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in quocks of 25 and 50.

No Gripe Hood's Pills. When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A REMARKABLE OFFER. For a short time Ralph G. Phillips, the photographer, is making one life size photograph, value \$5.00, and thirteen cabinet photographs all for \$3.00. All work guaranteed. Ralph G. Phillips, Ground Floor Gallery, Opposite Central Hotel BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

NASAL CATARRH. ELY'S CREAM BALM. It is the result of colds and sudden changes of temperature. It can be cured by a pleasant remedy which is applied directly into the nostrils. Being quickly absorbed it gives relief at once. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association. Edward B. Harper, Founder. Frederick A. Burnham, President. FIFTEEN YEARS COMPLETED. ANNUAL MEETING AND REPORT. The Largest and Strongest Natural Premium Life Insurance Companies in the World.

\$60,000,000 of New Business in 1895. \$308,660,000 of Business in Force. \$4,084,075 of Death Claims paid in 1895. \$25,000,000 of Death Claims paid since Business begun. 1895 SHOWS—AN INCREASE IN GROSS ASSETS, AN INCREASE IN NET SURPLUS, AN INCREASE IN INCOME, AN INCREASE IN BUSINESS IN FORCE, OVER 105,800 MEMBERS INTERESTED.

The Annual Meeting of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association was held in the Association's Building, corner Broadway & Duane St., New York City, on Wednesday, January 22nd, and was attended by a large and representative gathering of policy holders who listened with keen interest to the masterly Annual Report of President Burnham.

Many policy holders evidently regarded this as a favorable opportunity to meet face to face the new chief executive officer of the Association, President Frederick A. Burnham, the man whose grasp of life insurance, whose keen executive ability and strong individuality have enabled him to take up the work laid down in death by the founder of the institution, the late Edward B. Harper, and make of the administration of his office of President, not an echo or copy of that of his predecessor, but a piece of finished work, characteristic of a man of independent views, and worthy to follow the work which had carried the Association to a position never attained in the same length of time by any life insurance organization in the world. It is rare, indeed, that a great institution like this passes, without check to its prosperity, through a change in the executive chief, for it is rare indeed that a chief like the late Mr. Harper finds so able a successor as President Burnham.

The record of the year 1895 speaks for itself, and shows the following gratifying results. The GROSS ASSETS have increased during the year from \$5,536,115.99 to \$5,661,707.82. The NET SURPLUS over liabilities shows a NET GAIN for the year of \$306,329.43, and now amounts to \$3,582,509.32. The INCOME from all sources shows a gain for the year of \$631,541.97, and amounts to \$5,575,281.56. DEATH CLAIMS to the amount of \$4,084,074.92 were paid during the year, an increase over the previous year of \$1,013,560.91.

The BUSINESS IN FORCE shows a gain for the year of \$15,293,265, and now amounts to \$308,659,371. Counting three hundred working days in the year the daily average income for 1895 is \$18,584.27; the daily average payments for death claims, \$13,652.25, and the daily average gain in business in force within a fraction of \$51,000.

Persons desiring insurance, an agency, or any other information concerning the MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION may apply to E. D. LUDWIG, Supt., 53 Downing Block, ERIE, PA.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM. In effect May, 1895. TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG. For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.55 a. m. For Allamport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.25 p. m. For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15 p. m. For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.30, 5.00, 6.35, p. m. For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.30, 5.00, 6.35, p. m. For Baltimore, Washington and the West via R. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.25 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. 7:30 days. 8:30, 7:55, 11:25 a. m., 3:46, 7:27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street stations, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 5.41 p. m.

TRAIN FOR BLOOMSBURG. Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9.15 a. m. Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m. Leave Reading 11.00 a. m. Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m. Leave Tamaqua 1.30 a. m. Leave Allamport weekdays 10.10 a. m., 4.30 p. m. Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m., 12.30, 5.27, 6.15. Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27 a. m., 1.06, 1.57, 3.35, 6.23.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY. LEAVE BLOOMSBURG, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City. WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00 a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m. SUNDAY—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., and 4.45 p. m. Not leaving Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arch streets. WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35, 9.00, a. m., 3.30, 5.30, p. m. Accommodation, 6.50, 8.15 a. m., 4.32 p. m. Sunday—Express, 4.00, 7.30, p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m. Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

Table with columns for SOUTH, B. & O. R. R., and NORTH. Rows list stations like Pottsville, Harrisburg, and Philadelphia with arrival and departure times.

PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Only Genuine. Relieves all kinds of biliousness, indigestion, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, and all other ailments arising from a disordered stomach. Sold by all leading druggists.

Table with columns for STATIONS and times for various routes including Harrisburg, Pottsville, and Philadelphia.

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Pennsylvania Railroad. Time Table in effect May 19, '95. Table with columns for STATIONS and times for various routes including Harrisburg, Pottsville, and Philadelphia.

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W. F. HALLSTAD, Gen. Mgr., Scranton, Pa. SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

SALVATION OIL. The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain. Cures permanently Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Swellings, Backache or any other pain. SALVATION OIL is sold everywhere for 25 cts. Refuse substitutes. Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail, A.C. Meyer & Co., Balt., Md.