

To Every Man who Intends being Warm and Comfortable this Winter.

We are selling hundreds of buyers now their Winter Suits and Overcoats. We are getting word from all quarters in regard to these Clothes. People coming in telling us: I saw one of your \$10 Suits. Looks like a fine Dress Suit sure. Another: Neighbor of mine got a Five Dollar Overcoat here. If that's the price, I'll take one like his. Another: Heard about your \$5 All-Wool Suits. People out my way say they wouldn't believe it if it wasn't in Wanamaker & Brown's advertisement.

The fact is—leadership of low prices belongs to this house like its name. The fact is—leadership of low prices belongs to this house like its name.

Grain is low, wool is low, and it's against sound common sense to hold high prices for manufactured Clothing. We've recognized the situation for months, and doubled our business by promptly coming down to the new state of things.

You'll make no mistake buying our \$5 and \$6.75 Men's Suits for All-Wool. You'll make no mistake buying our \$5 All-Wool Winter Overcoats. You'll have Australian Wool, if you wish \$10 or \$12 Suit.

On account of handling the wool in raw state, these Suits receive special recommendation from Mr. Wanamaker.

You'll get former \$35 quality in purchasing our \$25 Overcoats. You'll get \$20 and \$25 qualitics in our \$13.50 and \$16.50 Black Suits.

Boys' Clothes, strong, stout, serviceable and lower in price than ever. All Wool-Suits for biggest boys, \$5.00. Same for Overcoats. Little Fellows' Suits, \$2.50. Yes, All-Wool Overcoats, \$3.50.

In addition to the very low prices, we pay Railroad Fare on the purchase of a very moderate amount.

OAK HALL
SIXTH AND MARKET
TWELFTH AND MARKET
WANAMAKER & BROWN.
WM. H. WANAMAKER.
PHILADELPHIA

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9th, 1895.

President Cleveland's statement of what the administration had done to maintain the Monroe doctrine and his intimation of what it was prepared to do in that line was no play to the grandstand. The paragraph in his message which contained the statement has not a line or sentence of spread eagles; it merely notifies the world in dignified and diplomatic language that the Monroe Doctrine is not a fantasy, but a fixed fact behind which is all the strength of the United States. There is a cue for President Cleveland in the unanimous support of that portion of his message for democrats in both House and Senate. It shows the possibility of uniting the democrats, notwithstanding radical differences of opinion on the financial question, and of the party putting up a stiff fight in the Presidential campaign. Not only are the democrats all pleased with the President's Monroe doctrine talk, but some of the republicans have not hesitated to openly commend it—nine tenths of them are committed to the support of the Monroe doctrine. For instance, Senator Hale, of Me., said: "His treatment of our foreign affairs seems to be conservative and satisfactory," and Senator Lodge, of Mass., a radical of radicals, said: "In regard to Venezuela, I am happy to say, the President has taken an excellent and sound position."

While President Cleveland's views on Cuban affairs are not popular with those who allow their sentiment and enthusiasm to sway their judgment, there are many level-headed people, in and out of Congress, who believe that he is correct, but probably not enough to prevent the adoption of resolutions in both House and Senate declaring in favor of the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban revolutionists. At least that's the way it looks now. Two such resolutions have already been introduced in the Senate and similar ones will be introduced in the House. There will be some sky-rocket speeches made on these resolutions, and unless something new unexpected shall prevent, one will be adopted.

It seems to be disturbing some people because the President devoted his message exclusively to foreign affairs and national finances, leaving the routine affairs of the government to the heads of the various executive departments. The innovation is an excellent one and ought to be kept up. Why should the President go over the same ground in his message that is covered by the annual reports of the members of his cabinet, some of which are made public in advance of his message?

The President evidently did not expect Congress to accept his recommendation for the retirement of the greenbacks and Treasury notes and the issue of long-time, low interest bonds, upon which National bank notes might be issued, to redeem them. That is why he said after making the recommendation: "I have suggested a remedy which my

judgment approves. I desire, however, to assure the Congress that I am prepared to co operate with them in perfecting any other measure promising thorough and practical relief." Now let Congress devote the time it is giving to jumping on the President's plan to the production of a better one. That's the way to convince the country that it is more interested in our national prosperity than in trying to elect the next President.

The republicans in Congress will probably have an early opportunity to show how sincere their recent shouting for the Monroe doctrine has been. England's reply to the demand of this government for a specific answer as to whether its demands for the territory claimed by Venezuela would be submitted to arbitration is now on its way to Washington. Should it be a refusal to arbitrate, as it is said to be, President Cleveland will at once send a special message to Congress, and the republicans will have a chance to show what they are willing to do for the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine.

It seems that at last President Cleveland has succeeded in nominating a man for a seat on the bench of the U. S. Supreme Court who is satisfactory to everybody and whose nomination will be unanimously confirmed by the Senate. The lucky man is Judge Rufus W. Peckham, now a member of the Appellate Court of New York, a lifelong democrat, and a brother of W. H. Peckham whose nomination to be justice of the Supreme Court by President Cleveland was rejected by the Senate because of the opposition of Senators Hill and Murphy.

Among the numerous bills introduced in the House and Senate last week were a number providing for the erection of public buildings in various places at an aggregate cost of more than eight millions of dollars. If that sort of thing is going to be kept up, and the bills passed, it will certainly become necessary for Congress to provide some additional revenue for the government.

Cough and Headache.

"My boy was afflicted with the grip and a cough nearly all winter, two years ago, and he did not get over it. He complained of headache and all that we could do for him did not seem to do him any good, until we thought of Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. After he began using this medicine he improved." Mr. Jesse Hess, Guava, Pa.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

Buckwheat Oats Accessory.

The question as to who killed the largest porker is now engaging the minds of many of the residents of this place. George Yost killed three, the total weight of which was 1083 1/2 pounds. Elijah Cromley followed with four which weighed 1420 pounds.

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in books of 25 and 50.

Important to Pensioners.

The Pension Agent of Pittsburg Gives Valuable Advice.

Owing to the fact that many magistrates, before whom pension vouchers are executed, have been in the habit of forwarding such vouchers to the pension agent for payment enclosed in envelopes which do not have the proper amount of postage thereon, thus putting the pension agents to the trouble and expense of paying the overdue postage before such packages can be delivered, it has become necessary for the pension department to adopt a stringent rule for the correction of such abuses. Pension agents have therefore been instructed by the department at Washington to hereafter refuse payment of such deficient postage and allow all such packages to go to the dead letter office. Speaking upon this subject Captain Skinner, the pension agent at Pittsburg, says: "This abuse has grown to such proportions that I have been obliged to pay as much as three dollars in one month on account of such deficient postage. The fault is not with the pensioners who mail their own vouchers, because a single letter stamp is always sufficient for the transmission of a single voucher, but with certain magistrates and claim agents who are in the habit of transmitting each quarter a large package of vouchers with a single postage stamp thereon, evidently expecting that the pension agent will pay the deficient postage rather than delay payment to the pensioners. We have sought to correct these petty abuses by saving the envelopes and returning them to the senders thereof, but this course has had little effect in stopping what might be called 'a system of petty swindling,' because we are informed that many of these magistrates collect two cents for postage from every pensioner whose voucher they execute and then fail to use such stamps for the purpose intended. In view, therefore, of this recent order from the pension bureau at Washington, I trust that all pensioners and magistrates in the district may pay close attention to this matter of postage in the future. If they do not they may expect great delay in transmission of checks, because all such packages deficient in postage will surely go to the dead letter office."

To Pray For Ingersoll.

At noon on Thanksgiving day the knee of every Christian Endeavorer in Cleveland—and there are over 3,000 of them—was bowed in prayer that God may speedily convert Col. Robert G. Ingersoll. The public will anxiously await results.

An attractive advertisement in a good, live, widely circulated and universally read newspaper like the COLUMBIAN is one of the business man's best helps—in fact he can't get along successfully without it.

We are in position to write "catching" advertisements. The kind that sells goods. If you don't believe it, tell us what you have to sell, and we will do the rest.

Another Compulsory Law.

The effect of the new factory law which is now in effect, will be far from being an unadulterated benefit. It belongs to the class of compulsory laws, which however good their object may be, are necessarily attended with a good deal of harm. The factory law, as a specimen of compulsory legislation, is a companion piece to the educational law that is intended to compel all the children of the state to go to school.

There are thousands of youths in the state under sixteen years of age, employed in mills, factories and shops, who, by the terms of this law, will be compelled to stop work and become attendants at school. The general effect may be beneficial, although that is problematical, but such an inflexible rule is likely to work hardship in many cases where the labor of boys of fifteen and sixteen is helpful to dependent parents. It is doubtful whether the little schooling forced upon reluctant boys of that age will compensate for the loss of wages brought about by this compulsory interference.

That children of tender age should not be put to daily labor cannot be questioned, and it is equally unquestionable that the children of the State should have the advantage of the public schools, but it is far from being certain that the interests of the rising generation can be most effectually secured by compulsory means.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

We know of but one community in the world where dyspepsia is practically unknown, and that is the Shakers of Mount Lebanon, N. Y. These good people have been studying the subject of digestion for more than a hundred years, and that they understand it pretty thoroughly, is evidenced in the forgoing fact. Their Digestive Cordial is the safest and best remedy in cases of indigestion that we know of. A trial bottle can be had through your druggists for the trifling sum of 10 cents.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial supplies the system with food already digested, and at the same time aids the digestion of other foods. It will almost instantly relieve the ordinary symptoms of indigestion, and no sufferer need be told what these are.

Laxol is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

The Kindergarten not a Fad.

A race that is said to take its pleasures sadly—a branch of which, indeed by inheritance, is inclined to look upon all amusement as sinful—such a race very naturally produces many minds that cannot help suspecting the utility of an institution like the kindergarten, which to a casual observer seem merely organized pleasure. This kind of observer, seeing for the first time a kindergarten "in full play," naturally asks himself, can anything so delightful really be part of a grave, scientific system of education, or is it merely a pretty way of keeping children out of mischief?

That it is a thoroughly accredited, successful, scientific and rapidly spreading educational device, and no mere fad of the moment, seems to be an established fact, as may be gathered from inquiry among the leaders of education everywhere in America, and from all the teachers who, whether kindergartners or not, have come into contact with the system.—*Century.*

It is not generally known by our readers, but we have one fully equipped, and in excellent working order in our town. It is located in the Lockard Building, and is under the management of Misses Cahill and Otto. A group of happy children are there assembled, and it is remarkable how rapidly they acquire knowledge under what is apparently play. Their rooms are open to visitors, parents and others interested in this kind of work are invited to call and inspect their methods. There is room for a few more children.

Chartered Companies.

The state department issued 725 charters during the fiscal year ending last Saturday. Four hundred and seventy-eight of these were granted to various kinds of manufacturing companies, eleven to insurance companies, two to traction companies, sixty-four to building and loan associations, forty-eight to street railways and twenty-two to steam roads. The rest were to miscellaneous companies. Permits to do business in Pennsylvania were issued by the department during the year to 1,063 foreign corporations. More than fifty per cent. of these have headquarters in Philadelphia.

We observe that the city of Reading wants a Mayor who can lecture. Not a temperance lecturer, however, as Reading is a beer town; but one who can, on occasion, make addresses of welcome and such like. The party, therefore, that nominates the most versatile and "literary feller" will triumph at the polls in February. How would that do for an issue in Bloomsburg?

The Philadelphia Press

For 1896.

Pennsylvania's greatest Republican family newspaper, The Philadelphia Press, will enter upon the new year under the most favorable conditions of its history.

A powerful agent in the national community, it is now more than ever a leader in news and able comment.

Its various departments have during the past year been greatly strengthened.

Pennsylvania is covered county by county, city by city, town by town. No other newspaper covers the State so well.

The Woman's Page of The Press has become one of its most prominent features and is eagerly sought by ladies.

In the matter of Amateur Sports The Press is also far in the lead and publishes more news on that subject than any other paper in the country.

The subscription price of The Press, per year, is: Daily, six dollars; Daily and Sunday, eight dollars; Weekly, one dollar.

The Press is the greatest want medium in Philadelphia and gives the lowest rates on that class of advertising.

Will Forfeit Leases.

Consternation prevails among the saloon and hotel keepers of West Mahanoy township, Schuylkill county, owing to a circular letter which each of them received Monday, from the board of city trusts of Philadelphia. There are twenty licensed saloons in the township, and nineteen of them are located on the lands of the Girard estate. The letter in question is terse, but positive notice to them that, if they shall continue to sell liquor after the end of the current license year, they will forfeit their leases and render themselves liable to ejectment. The leases under which they hold possession contain a clause prohibiting the sale of liquor on the ground of the Girard estate, but the clause has been violated with impunity.

In Self Defense

You ought to keep your flesh up. Disease will follow, if you let it get below a healthy standard. No matter how this comes, what you need is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That is the greatest flesh-builder known to medical science far surpassing filthy Cod liver oil and all its nasty compounds. It's suited to the most delicate stomachs. It makes the morbidly thin, plump and rosy, with health and strength. Send for a free pamphlet, or remit to etc. (stamps) and get a book of 168 pages with testimonials, addresses and portraits. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Rupture or breach, permanently cured without the knife. Address, for pamphlet and references, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

HUMPHREYS'

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with **Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil** as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It Cures BURNS, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. Relief instant.

It Cures TORSO, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises.

It Cures BOILS, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It is infallible.

It Cures INFLAMED or CAKED BREASTS and Sore Nipples. It is invaluable.

It Cures SALT RHEUM, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 N. 7th St., New York.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

CHATTERBOX

THE KING OF JUVENILES. No book has ever been made for young people which compares in value, or has had one-tenth the sale of this great annual. Millions of copies have been sold. The new volume for 1895-6 is just ready, and has over 200 large and entirely new pictures, several new stories, (each a book in itself), and hundreds of short stories, anecdotes, etc. The best Xmas present possible for boys and girls of all ages. Order from your bookseller or of us.

ESTES & LAURIAT, Publishers, Boston.

I RESTORE LOST MANHOOD

Young and middle-aged men who suffer from errors of youth, loss of vitality, impotency, seminal weakness, loss of strength, prostration, weakness of body and mind, can be thoroughly and permanently cured by my new method of treatment. None other like it. Immediate improvement. Consultation and book free. Address: DR. SMITH, Lock box 635, Phila., Pa.

Harper's Bazar.

IN 1896.

The twenty-ninth year of HARPER'S BAZAR, beginning in January, 1896, finds it maintaining its deserved reputation both as a Fashion Journal and a weekly periodical for home reading. Every week, the BAZAR presents beautiful toilettes for various occasions, Sandoz, Baudouin and Chapuis illustrate and engrave the newest designs from the most eminent in Paris and Berlin. New York Fashion's editorials, current styles in New York. A fortnightly pattern-sheet supplement with diagrams and directions enables women to cut and make their own gowns, and is of great value to the professional modiste as well as to the amateur dress-maker. Children's clothing receives constant attention. Fashions for men are described in full detail by a man-about town. Our Paris Letter, by Katharine De Forest, is a sprightly weekly recital of fashion, gossip, and social doings in Paris, given by a clever woman in an entertaining way.

Both the serials for 1896 are the work of American women. Mrs. Gerald, of Marie Louise Pool, is a striking story of New England life. Mary E. Wilkins, in Jerome, a Poor Man, discusses the always interesting problems of the relations between labor and capital. Short stories will be written by the best authors. Special Departments. Music, The Outdoor Woman, Personal, What We Are Doing, Women and Men, report and discuss themes of immediate interest.

Answers to Correspondents. Questions receive the personal attention of the editor, and are answered at the earliest practicable date after their receipt.

The Volumes of the BAZAR begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order. Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Harper's Magazine - one year - \$4.00
Harper's Weekly - " " - \$4.00
Harper's Bazar - " " - \$4.00
Harper's Round Table - " " - \$2.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, P. O. Box 959, N. Y. City.

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SEE THE BEST DEMOREST'S AN UNPARALLELED OFFER.

Demorest's Cut Paper Patterns are the most practical on the market. They are of any size that any member of a household could require. In each copy of the Magazine is printed a coupon entitling the subscriber, or purchaser, to a pattern (which are regularly sold for 35c.) or any number of patterns for four cents each, to cover package and postage. When the value of the patterns is considered the subscriber actually gets

Demorest's Magazine Free.

And what a magazine it is! For 1896, it will be more brilliant than ever before. New management, new methods, new ideas. Each copy contains an exquisite reproduction in colors of some celebrated picture by a famous artist worthy to adorn the walls of the most refined home. It is affirmed that DEMOREST'S is the only complete family Magazine published combining all of the most excellent points of its contemporaries, besides having inimitable features of its own. DEMOREST'S is actually a dozen magazines in one.

It is a digest of current events and ideas for the busy man or woman, a review and a storehouse of interest for all. Wives, mothers, sisters and daughters can find exactly what they need to amuse and instruct them, also practical helps in every department of domestic and social life, including the furnishing and ornamenting of the home, embroidery, bric-a-brac, artistic and fancy work of all kinds, etc., etc., and suggestions and advice regarding the well-being and dressing of their own persons.

The scope of the articles for 1896 and 1896 will cover the whole country and its varied interests, and the articles will be profusely illustrated with the finest engravings, and in addition it will publish the best and purest fiction. It treats at length Out-of-door Sports, Home Amusements and entertainments; it gives a great deal of attention to the children's department, and "Our Girls," and has a monthly symposium by Celebrated People, in which are discussed important questions of the hour of interest to the older readers.

Let us have your subscription at once. You get more value for your money than it is possible to secure in any other magazine.

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