

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Adjournment on June 6 Now Out of the Question.

THE WORK OF THE CURRENT WEEK.

Special Orders Granted on a Large Number of Bills of No General Interest Which Will Consider the Time of the House. May Reconsider Apportionment Bills.

(Special Correspondence.)

HARRISBURG, May 27.—The legislators will hardly go away before June 13. This is now considered by those who have all along contended for a short session. The time of final adjournment will be fixed at this evening's session of the house.

Mr. Stewart, of Philadelphia, has served notice that he will call up at that time the senate resolution to adjourn June 6. Many of the members are anxious to get away and will vote to concur in the senate's action.

Those who have not yet gotten through all their pet schemes are opposed to the time fixed by the senators, and it is believed they can control enough votes to prolong the session until June 13.

If the senate resolution prevents no bills can be messaged to either body after Friday. Chairman Marshall, of the appropriations committee, whose opinion at this time is entitled to more consideration than that of any other member of the house, says it is absolutely impossible to adjourn at the time fixed by the senate unless the appropriation bills are side tracked.

The general appropriation bill will require three days' consideration in the senate and house. It will be reported Thursday, and rushed through so that it may reach the senate by the following Monday.

The program is to hold the general appropriation bill until all other appropriation measures are out of the way. The committee may be forced to change its plans, and bring the bill out earlier than expected.

There will be a fierce fight by the rural members of the house to amend the bill so as to give the schools \$1,000,000 for the next two years, instead of \$100,000,000, as proposed by the committee. The fight over this proposition will delay the consideration of other important business.

Increasing the House Sessions.

The house will hold two sessions today, from 3:30 to 6 in the afternoon and from 8 to 10 in the evening. The order of business will be first reading bills, resolutions, revenue bills on second reading, local and special bills on third reading and final passage, and appropriation bills on third reading.

Under the order of original resolutions, Mr. Smith, of Jefferson, will offer a concurrent resolution that the legislature do not adjourn until a new apportionment is made by the state. The friends of the measure have until tomorrow in which to move a reconsideration of the votes by which the bills were knocked out, but whether anything in that line will be attempted or not will depend largely upon the result of General Niles' visit to Senator Quay at Beaver.

If he can induce Senator Quay to interpose, the bills will be reconsidered, but if Colonel Quay persists in holding off and letting the members fight it out among themselves, it is extremely doubtful whether any attempt at reconsideration will be made.

Mr. Smith will call the yeas and nays on the resolution, to show how each member stands on this question. It is probable that an effort will also be made at one of these sessions by Chairman Curbertson, of the legislative apportionment committee, to secure a reconsideration of the three apportionment bills defeated last Tuesday.

These bills will take up at least several hours, and should the intermediate court bill be called up it would be good for several hours more.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, May 27, 1895.

President Cleveland is authority for the positive statement that so far as can be seen at this time neither an extra session of Congress nor an issue of bonds will be made necessary by the decision of the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of the income tax.

The numerous sensational statements to the contrary sent out of Washington last week had no firmer foundation than a desire to embarrass the administration by creating the impression that the government would be unable to meet its obligations without issuing bonds or getting additional legislation from Congress.

This is a very unpatriotic as well as a dangerous misrepresentation to make, but everything is disregarded by those who are engaged in the task of making political ammunition to be used next year against the democratic party.

It was a long line of similar misrepresentations which made it possible for that foreign syndicate to drive such a hard bargain in the exchange of gold for the last issue of bonds; yet those who had been the busiest in circulating them were the loudest in abusing the President and Secretary Carlisle for having accepted the terms of the syndicate.

Members of the administration have accepted without comment the income tax decision. Other officials have not been so reticent. For instance, Senator Palmer, of Illinois, at present in Washington, said: "The country will accept the decision, but if the emergency should arise for the enactment of another income tax law Congress will pass it and the Supreme Court then sitting will uphold the taxing authority of Congress in the premises."

A rather interesting story is being told concerning the payment of the deferred sugar bounty, authorized at the last session of Congress, and the proposed establishment of a republican daily newspaper at New Orleans with a capital of \$1,000,000.

It seems that ex-Gov. Warmouth, of La., was the originator of the scheme. The Louisiana sugar planters pledging themselves to invest in the stock of the proposed paper a certain percentage of the amount received, if the bill authorizing the payment passed Congress and became a law.

President Cleveland and the democrats in Congress were asked to endorse the bill for the payment of the deferred sugar bounty as a matter of justice to the sugar planters, and the republicans in Congress were asked to support it because a good portion of the money paid would go towards the establishment and maintenance of a republican daily at New Orleans.

The result is history. The payment was authorized and \$5,000,000 was appropriated by Congress, but Secretary Carlisle has not paid out the money yet, and that republican daily has consequently not been established.

One of the reasons the money has not been paid out is that the appropriation was not large enough to pay all the claims, but there may be other reasons which will prevent payment for some time.

A republican Senator speaking of the matter said: "Certainly a democratic administration ought not to furnish money to people who propose to use it to establish an organ with which to antagonize it. True, the debt will have to be paid some time, but if I were at the head of the Treasury I would let those hot-headed fellows in Louisiana whistle for their money. I would not pay them until compelled to do so."

Somebody with nothing better to do started a rumor that the decision of the Supreme Court against the income tax made the government liable to the heirs of those who paid the income tax under the law enacted as a war measure for all the money collected under the law.

While the law under which the old income tax was collected was practically the same that has been declared unconstitutional by the present Supreme Court it was passed upon and declared constitutional by the then Supreme Court, and those who paid money under it can have no valid claim on the government for its return.

Secretary Herbert has accepted an invitation to be the orator of the day at the Memorial Day ceremonies at St. Elizabeth's cemetery. President Cleveland has been invited to Arlington, but it is not certain that he will be in Washington, as he is quite anxious to accompany Mrs. Cleveland and the children to Gray Gables, and they may go before next Thursday.

There is a special reason why Mrs. Cleveland's departure cannot be postponed much longer. She would have gone before now, but for the prevalence of disagreeable weather.

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved of all these by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, May 27, 1895.

President Cleveland is authority for the positive statement that so far as can be seen at this time neither an extra session of Congress nor an issue of bonds will be made necessary by the decision of the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of the income tax.

The numerous sensational statements to the contrary sent out of Washington last week had no firmer foundation than a desire to embarrass the administration by creating the impression that the government would be unable to meet its obligations without issuing bonds or getting additional legislation from Congress.

This is a very unpatriotic as well as a dangerous misrepresentation to make, but everything is disregarded by those who are engaged in the task of making political ammunition to be used next year against the democratic party.

It was a long line of similar misrepresentations which made it possible for that foreign syndicate to drive such a hard bargain in the exchange of gold for the last issue of bonds; yet those who had been the busiest in circulating them were the loudest in abusing the President and Secretary Carlisle for having accepted the terms of the syndicate.

Members of the administration have accepted without comment the income tax decision. Other officials have not been so reticent. For instance, Senator Palmer, of Illinois, at present in Washington, said: "The country will accept the decision, but if the emergency should arise for the enactment of another income tax law Congress will pass it and the Supreme Court then sitting will uphold the taxing authority of Congress in the premises."

A rather interesting story is being told concerning the payment of the deferred sugar bounty, authorized at the last session of Congress, and the proposed establishment of a republican daily newspaper at New Orleans with a capital of \$1,000,000.

It seems that ex-Gov. Warmouth, of La., was the originator of the scheme. The Louisiana sugar planters pledging themselves to invest in the stock of the proposed paper a certain percentage of the amount received, if the bill authorizing the payment passed Congress and became a law.

President Cleveland and the democrats in Congress were asked to endorse the bill for the payment of the deferred sugar bounty as a matter of justice to the sugar planters, and the republicans in Congress were asked to support it because a good portion of the money paid would go towards the establishment and maintenance of a republican daily at New Orleans.

The result is history. The payment was authorized and \$5,000,000 was appropriated by Congress, but Secretary Carlisle has not paid out the money yet, and that republican daily has consequently not been established.

One of the reasons the money has not been paid out is that the appropriation was not large enough to pay all the claims, but there may be other reasons which will prevent payment for some time.

A republican Senator speaking of the matter said: "Certainly a democratic administration ought not to furnish money to people who propose to use it to establish an organ with which to antagonize it. True, the debt will have to be paid some time, but if I were at the head of the Treasury I would let those hot-headed fellows in Louisiana whistle for their money. I would not pay them until compelled to do so."

Somebody with nothing better to do started a rumor that the decision of the Supreme Court against the income tax made the government liable to the heirs of those who paid the income tax under the law enacted as a war measure for all the money collected under the law.

While the law under which the old income tax was collected was practically the same that has been declared unconstitutional by the present Supreme Court it was passed upon and declared constitutional by the then Supreme Court, and those who paid money under it can have no valid claim on the government for its return.

Secretary Herbert has accepted an invitation to be the orator of the day at the Memorial Day ceremonies at St. Elizabeth's cemetery. President Cleveland has been invited to Arlington, but it is not certain that he will be in Washington, as he is quite anxious to accompany Mrs. Cleveland and the children to Gray Gables, and they may go before next Thursday.

There is a special reason why Mrs. Cleveland's departure cannot be postponed much longer. She would have gone before now, but for the prevalence of disagreeable weather.

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved of all these by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

IN DESPAIR.

A PEN PICTURE.

Many Women Will Recognize It.

(Special to Our Lady Readers.)

"Oh, I am so nervous! No one ever suffered as I do! There isn't a well inch in my whole body! I honestly think my lungs are diseased, my chest pains me so; but I've no cough. I'm so weak at my stomach, and have indigestion horribly. Then I have palpitation, and my heart hurts me. How I am losing flesh! and this headache nearly kills me; and the backache—Heavens! I had hysterics yesterday. There is a weight in the lower part of my bowels, bearing down all the time; and there are pains in my groins and thighs. I can't sleep, walk, or sit. I'm diseased all over. The doctor? Oh! he tells me to keep quiet. Such mockery!

Inflammatory and ulcerative conditions at the neck of the womb can produce all the above symptoms in the same person. In fact, there is hardly a part of the body that can escape those sympathetic pains and aches.

No woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is a positive way out of it.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound acts promptly and thoroughly in such cases; strengthens the muscles of the womb, heals all inflammation, and restores that wretched organ to its normal condition. Druggists are selling carloads of it. Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., will gladly and freely answer all letters asking for advice.

Mrs. E. Bishop, 787 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, N.Y., suffered all the above described horrors. Now she is well. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her. Write her about it.

The best kerosene oil that can be made from petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR CROWN - ACME

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO., BLOOMSBURG STATION, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WRIGHT'S VEGETABLE INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhoea, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

STEEL ROOFING and SIDING. (Sagendorph's Patent.) Lightning, Fire and Storm Proof

PENNYROYAL PILLS

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

THE COLUMBIA KITCHEN SPOON

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DR. MACTAGGART, Pennsylvania Railroad.

THE NOTED Specialist

OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN LONG STANDING CHRONIC CASES AND DISEASES OF WOMEN.

(OF) HARRISBURG, - PA.

27 Herr St., between 3d and 5th Sts.

Who he can be seen five days in the week. Wed. Thursday, Friday, Saturday, (Sunday from 1 to 4 P. M.) and Mondays.

WILL VISIT BLOOMSBURG, AT THE EXCHANGE HOTEL, ON TUESDAY OF EACH WEEK.

Office Hours—Office hours will be from 8:30 to 11:30 in the morning. From 1 o'clock to 4 in the afternoon, and from 7 to 9 in the evening, excepting Sunday.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Many years' experience has taught him that nearly all ailments can be cured or greatly helped. The diseases he treats are Consumption, all Bronchial Affections, Loss of Manhood, Crooked Limbs, Wry Neck, Harlequin, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Syphilis, Eye and Ear Diseases, Skin Diseases, Neuralgia, Bright's Disease, Uterus and Old Sores of every description, Rheumatism, either acute or chronic, Sick Headache, Epilepsy, Gastritis, Congestion, Cancer, Tonsillitis, Deafness, St. Vitus' Dance, Impediment of Speech, Loss of voice, Stuttering, Cancer of the Stomach, Piles, Jaundice, Constipation, Biliousness, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chills and Fever, Flatula, Bilious Colic, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Intestinal Worms and Liver Complaints.

However, it must be remembered that he will not undertake to treat all cases, but only those which he is positive can be cured or greatly relieved, and will tell you at once which of either can be cured.

DR. MACTAGGART is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo, who makes an exclusive specialty of treating chronic cases and the Diseases of Women.

Those who have been suffering for years should call at once and learn whether their ailment can be cured or not. No cases received unless they can be cured or greatly helped.

What Dr. MacTaggart HAS DONE AND IS DOING.

The Doctor wishes the public to understand that he is not soliciting the ordinary run of cases, but desires just such diseases to treat that other physicians cannot succeed with or at least fail to cure.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

He has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases, and has cured many cases of chronic diseases.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 19, 1895.

Scranton (2 & 3) daily

Wilmington, P. M.

Pottsville, P. M.

York, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Gettysburg, P. M.

Carlisle, P. M.

Lebanon, P. M.

Reading, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Washington, P. M.

Baltimore, P. M.

Washington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Pittsburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.

Wilmington, P. M.

Philadelphia, P. M.

Harrisburg, P. M.

Scranton, P. M.