

If you want a crop of prosperous business, plant your Spring advertisement now.

The Columbian.

Everybody is welcome to a calendar for 1895, who will call at this office for it, whether they are subscribers or not. Only a few more left. Come soon.

VOL 30

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1895.

NO 19

COLUMBIA COUNTY CREAMERY.

A New Establishment in Bloomsburg That Will Be A Benefit To Farmers.

The Columbia County Creamery is located on Seventh street, opposite the Ice and Cold Storage Plant. It is completed, and contains machinery of the latest designs for making butter. The first churning was done last Saturday, and the butter made was of the very best quality.

Stations for gathering cream are located at Millinville, Light Street, Grovania, Benton, Orangeville, and several other points.

Each station has a skimming machine for separating the cream from the milk, run by a small steam engine. The cream is shipped daily from these points to the factory, and the skim milk is taken away by the owner.

The directors of the company are C. M. Creveling, E. E. Low, E. H. Sloan, H. J. Connor, B. W. Waples, A. C. Creasy, J. M. Shew Jr., R. T. Smith, J. L. Wolverton, A. W. Snyder, C. C. Peacock and W. R. Koehler. The factory is in charge of Carl Neilson, who has had six years experience in the business in Sweden, and six years in this country.

Fresh buttermilk can be obtained daily at the factory, and if the demand is sufficient for it, arrangements will be made to supply customers with fresh cream in quantities to suit.

The company has issued the following circular, which explains the method of operation:

"Our factory, including the several skimming stations, is now ready for operation. We will immediately begin operations, and all we ask is, that our patrons furnish us plenty of the raw material, milk. We do the rest, and for your benefit, which we will prove to you, if you will give the factory a fair trial. The butter factory is no new thing; new only for this locality; for there are hundreds of similar factories throughout the country, that are doing a satisfactory business for their patrons. We wish every farmer to make an extra effort to bring what milk he has, be it little or much, and if you are then not satisfied, withdraw. Remember there is nothing binding in this, you can withdraw at any time, only we wish you to give us a fair trial. The conditions upon which we will accept your milk, are briefly these:— Milk must be delivered at the factory or either of the skimming stations every day between the hours of five and eleven o'clock A. M. Night's milk to be held over until morning, and kept separate from the morning's milk. Milk must be properly strained, aired and cooled; to illustrate, when straining the milk into the can, use at least two thicknesses of cloth as a strainer; after the can has been filled, stir the milk thoroughly two or three times that the animal heat may escape. Do not close the cover on the can until ready to start for the factory. Every can, pail, cooler, and every other article used for, in, or about the milk must be kept perfectly clean and sweet. Settlements with patrons will be made the fifteenth of each month, for the previous month, and are to be based upon the per cent. of fat in the milk supplied by each patron, as shown by the Babcock Test. Remember that by the centrifugal method of separating the cream, from one-half to one pound more butter to each one hundred pounds of milk, is secured by this process, than can possibly be obtained by any other method. Then again the quality of the butter as a whole is better, being what is known as granular butter, which sells for the highest price. There is always a demand for a first-class article when put up in an attractive form. Here again the factory takes the lead, because everything is done by the latest improved methods, and under the most favorable conditions, which are practically unknown on the farm. Cans and other supplies will be furnished patrons of the company at first cost. Those delivering milk at any of the several skimming stations will be promptly attended to, so as to enable them to receive the milk to be taken home after the butter fat has been separated. Any further information desired will be furnished by those in charge of the several skimming stations or the butter factory. In conclusion we would say, to secure the most profit from your cows, feed liberally and keep them well housed during cold weather. Study them individually. Weigh each cow's milk night and morning, and see which respond at the pail when given extra feed. Have them tested separately at the factory, and you will soon know which cows you wish to keep, and the sooner the others grace the shambles the better

for your pocket. We give all a cordial invitation to visit the factory at any time and inspect its workings."

PEOULIAR RESULTS FROM EATING CHICKEN.

Glasco Cameron and his family partook of chicken pot pie for dinner on Sunday, and all became very sick, except the youngest child. The attack began with vomiting and continued for some time, and this no doubt saved them from more serious results. None of them were able to go for a doctor, and it was nearly two hours before word was sent to Dr. Arment, who pronounced it a case of poisoning from eating the pot pie. Although the chicken was to all appearances perfectly healthy, it was supposed that it had the cholera. The remains of the dinner were thrown in the well by mistake, and on Monday Mr. Cameron fed it to his three pigs. In five minutes they began to vomit, and in an hour one of them was dead. The other two died in a couple of hours. The pigs were about four months old. It hardly seems possible that such results could come from a diseased chicken, for Mrs. Cameron cooked it and is satisfied that no poisonous matter could have found its way into the iron pot in which it was boiled. The family were all sick for two days, and Mrs. Cameron was still confined to the bed on Tuesday.

CHANGED HANDS.

The Well-Known Firm of J. R. Smith & Co. Sells Out.

The well-known piano and furniture firm of J. R. Smith & Co., of this place, one of the largest houses in this part of the State, has sold out their entire business to the Milton Piano and Furniture Company. The purchasers are from New England and are backed by unlimited capital and will enlarge the business and make it one of the big business institutions of the West Branch. The new firm have employed Mr. J. R. Smith as general manager. In the near future the mammoth store room will be remodelled and made one of the most elaborate and attractive business buildings in the State. Mr. M. D. Rissel will also be retained in the employ of the new firm. The thousands of old patrons of the late firm in this and adjoining counties will be given a hearty welcome when they come to Milton to shop.—Milton Record.

On Sunday morning Rev. P. A. Heilman said to his congregation that he hoped they would not attend the meetings of the Seventh day adventists, or give them any encouragement, as he considered them a disturbing element in the community, through their efforts to break down the Christian Sabbath, and their interference with the meetings of the churches and the Y. M. C. A.

We do not fully understand the doctrines of this sect, but the foundation stone of their structure seems to be that Saturday is the proper day for observance as the Lord's Day, instead of Sunday. If all the world should be converted to this idea, and the change should be universally observed, what good would be accomplished thereby? As there is no possibility of this, the adoption of this creed by the laboring classes compels them to refuse to work on Saturday, thus losing a day for themselves and their employers, and in the case of those who are employed in mills and shops it would probably result in the loss of their situations. The business of the world will continue to go on for six days in the week, and the Sunday that has been observed as the Lord's day for nearly twenty centuries will not be changed. In this way it is easy to see what Mr. Heilman meant by designating the Seventh day adventists as a "disturbing element."

A RECTOR ELECTED.

The Vestry of St. Paul's Church held a meeting at Col. J. G. Freeze's office on Monday evening, and by a unanimous vote elected Rev. D. N. Kirkby, assistant minister at Grace Church, Brooklyn, N. Y. as rector of the parish. Mr. Kirkby officiated here two weeks ago last Sunday. His reply to the call has not yet been received.

Kee Sing, the chinaman, was arrested last Sunday for working in his garden on that day. The Sunday previous he built a chicken coop, and complaint was made that he was working at something every Sunday. President of Council Creasy was called on, and tried to persuade him to cease, but he refused, and then Chief Knorr arrested him, and a fine of five dollars was imposed.

PROFANITY ON THE STREETS.

Rev. G. E. Weeks struck the right note in his letter to the Daily. The subject referred to by him is one that has often been alluded to by THE COLUMBIAN. If it were generally known that profanity is punishable by arrest and a fine for every oath, it might not be so common on the streets. Or perhaps it is known, but the practice has gone on so long with impunity that the loafers know that they are perfectly safe, even though their profanity and obscenity are uttered in the presence and hearing of policemen. A few arrests would check this thing, and it is high time, for to our knowledge it has gone on unmolested for the past twenty years or more.

Here is Mr. Weeks' letter, above mentioned.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., April 30, 1895. EDITOR DAILY:—I have noted more than once in your paper a word in behalf of the morals of our community. That is right, and I, for one, thank you. Monday evening you made a motion about profanity on our streets. I second the motion. It is nuisance enough to have our sidewalks blocked with loafing men and boys, but when they stand there using filthy and profane language, it is outrageous and lawless in the extreme. What wisdom is there in putting down these fine pavements, if they are to be used in this way? It would be both pleasanter and safer for our wives and children to walk the muddy alleys of a third class town, than it is for them now to walk the main street of our city on a summer evening. We cannot say very much about our "beautiful town," Mr. Editor, until we clear away some of the moral filth from our streets at least. The names of God and of Jesus Christ are very dear to me, and when I cannot pass along the streets without hearing those names loudly blasphemed, I feel that in that respect the community is lawless, and that I am not protected in my proper rights. If men must swear, let them do it in the hearing only of those who like to hear that kind of talk. I earnestly call for the enforcement of the law. GEO. E. WEEKS.

The act of 1794 reads as follows: "If any person of the age of 16 years or upwards, shall profanely curse or swear, by the name of God, Christ Jesus or the Holy Ghost, every person so offending, being thereof convicted, shall forfeit and pay the sum of sixty-seven cents for every such profane curse or oath; and in case he shall refuse or neglect to pay the said forfeiture, or goods and chattels cannot be found, whereof to levy the same by distress, he shall be committed to the house of correction of the proper county not exceeding 24 hours for every such offense of which he is convicted."

Any such person cursing or swearing by any other name or thing, shall on conviction, pay a fine of 40 cents for every such offense.

As to indecent language, Town ordinance number one, section four, reads as follows:

If any person shall use indecent, rude or wanton language * * * within the presence or hearing of females passing along the street, he shall be arrested without warrant, on view by any policeman, and on conviction, pay a fine not exceeding five dollars and costs.

Let the pulpit and the press join hands in this matter, and pound away until this practice is broken up. The season is at hand when ladies sit out on the porches in the evening, but it is unpleasant to do so because of the vulgarity and obscenity of passing crowds of young men who seem to think they have a special license in Bloomsburg to offend the ears of girls and women, as well as of clergymen and others to whom such language is offensive. It cannot be hoped that all men can be prevented from swearing, but they can be made to understand that they must not indulge in the habit in places where sensitive ears may be offended.

NORMAL SCHOOL ELECTION.

The annual election of the stockholders of the State Normal School was held on Monday afternoon. C. W. Neal, I. W. Hartman and C. W. McKelvey acted as tellers. The trustees whose terms expired this year are F. P. Billmeyer, J. M. Clark, A. Z. Schoch, and Dr. J. Schuyler on the part of the stockholders, and John A. Funston and Grant Herring on the part of the State. A. L. Fritz was elected in place of Dr. Schuyler deceased, and all the others were re-elected.

The justices and constables of Schuylkill county held a meeting at the court house in Pottsville last Monday, to effect an organization.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

A. J. Derr spent Monday in town. Judge Benfield of Danville spent Monday in town.

Hiram Karns of Stillwater served on the grand jury this week.

Miss Marion Wilbur of Bethlehem is visiting at Dr. McKelvey's.

Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Leverett are spending this week at Proctor Inn, Jamison City.

Dr. G. Stuart Kirby of Mauch Chunk, spent Thursday in town on business.

L. M. Creveling served as foreman of the grand jury this week. A good appointment.

B. F. Fruit of Jerseytown is spending this week in town, attending court, visiting his friends, and taking recreation.

Miss Bloom of Trenton, N. J. niece of Mr. J. B. Hunt, has been visiting here the past week.

Mrs. R. C. Drinker and infant daughter of South Bethlehem are visiting at Mrs. M. H. McKinney's.

Mrs. G. E. Myers and son, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, are the guests of Mrs. J. F. Peacock on Fifth street.

Fred Smith, proprietor of the Palace Restaurant, Danville, smiled on his Bloomsburg friends on Monday.

C. B. Jackson Esq., and C. C. Evans Esq., of Berwick looked after the interests of their clients in court this week.

William Leverett Esq., went to Philadelphia on Tuesday. He has accepted a position with the commercial agency of R. G. Dun & Co.

Prof. G. E. Wilbur attended the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum at Reading this week, as a delegate from the Bloomsburg Council.

Charles E. Ketchner has passed his examination at Harrisburg before the State Pharmaceutical Board, and is now a "qualified assistant."

Hon. H. H. Rutter and wife of Hughesville, Mrs. Dr. D. W. Conner and Dr. C. B. Frontz of Wilkes-Barre, were in town on Saturday attending the funeral of their little niece, Marion Rutter.

Representatives Fritz and Creasy, and Senator J. Henry Cochran were among the many guests at a reception given to Governor Hastings by John Wanamaker at his home in Philadelphia last Friday night.

Phillip Gibbons Esq., and his little son Frank of Benton township, were visitors to town on Monday. It was the little boy's first trip to Bloomsburg, and his first ride on the cars, and he enjoyed it greatly.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bohanan of Baltimore, reached here on Monday, and are visiting the latter's relatives here. Mrs. Bohanan was Miss Laura Pursel, formerly of this town, and her many friends will be glad to welcome her back after many years absence.

Mrs. R. W. Oswald and children went to Berwick last Thursday to welcome home her mother, grandmother, and brother, Mrs. S. P. Hanly, Mrs. W. Woodin, and Woodin Hanly, who have been travelling in Europe for the past year. They arrived in New York on the steamship Columbia on Friday, and came to Berwick on Saturday.

P. O. S. OF A ANNIVERSARY.

The Opera House was filled to overflowing on Tuesday night. Every seat was occupied, and standing room in the aisles was scarce. Hundreds of people who came a little late were turned away. And hot! Well, if you were there we need not tell you anything about that, but it was stifling. Notwithstanding this, the audience sat through the exercises, and their interest and attention were held from beginning to end. The occasion was the seventh Anniversary of Washington Camp No. 319, Patriotic Order Sons of America. The program was published in THE COLUMBIAN last week. Elwell's Orchestra furnished the instrumental music in its well known excellent style. A quartette consisting of John Sterling, F. B. Hartman, Ed. Ent and L. S. Wintersteen sang "The Star Spangled Banner" and "America," and did it well. Rev. G. E. Weeks made the opening prayer, Rev. P. A. Heilman made an address, subject, God, and Rev. C. H. Brandt spoke on "Our Country." W. A. Evert Esq. delivered an address of welcome, and M. P. Lutz's topic was "Our Order." All of these were entertaining, eloquent, and instructive. Miss Evans recited "The Heroes of Sumter," in a very creditable manner. The tableaux were well presented, and like each number on the program, elicited applause. G. G. Baker presided as director of the exercises.

The hall was profusely and tastefully draped with the national colors, and the members of the order wore their uniforms. This order is one of the largest in town, and is rapidly growing. Their principles are patriotic, and their aim among other things, is to make good American citizens. That they have taken hold of the public sympathy and interest is clearly shown by the vast concourse of people that came out to witness their anniversary exercises.

The whistle of the steamboat Columbia is a familiar sound these days. It is on the canal.

G. A. R. suits now on sale.

We Point

With Pride

to our immense line of



Everything and anything pertaining to your boys' wants. Reefers suits, wash suits, Faunterloy suits, sailor suits, kilt suits, Jersey suits; every style, every color, rightly made at extremely low prices.

New Lines of Men's Suits,

\$8, \$9 and \$10 kinds down to \$6.98.

All colors—A matchless price.

Serge and light weight coats, vests and suits.

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CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Straw Hats. Straw Hats. An immense stock. All new goods at money saving prices.

Summer Underwear. Nice goods at 25c. Better at 50c.

GOOD CLOTHES at LOW PRICES

Is making the D. Lowenberg Clothing Store more popular than ever.

Never anything known like it before.

Such fine suits for young men at \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.00.

If you want a man's fine black suit, this is the store to come to. An enormous assortment, \$7.50 to \$18.00. Equal to custom made at double the money.

See the elegant line of men's woolen pants at \$1.75.

At \$3.75 and \$4.75

Stacks and stacks of men's suits, worth fully \$3 to \$5 more.

MOTHERS, NOTICE THIS!

A guaranteed saving of 15 to 25 per cent on all children's knee pants suits.

You need not take our word for it. Come and see. Be with the judicious buyers, the money saving people, who know that the good clothes come from the

D. LOWENBERG

Clothing Store.

Good laundered shirts at 50c.

Knee pants in great quantities, at 20, 25 and 35c.