

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1827. CONSOLIDATED 1859. PUBLISHED SPERY PRIDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO, R. ELWELL EDITOR. GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:-Inside the county, \$1.00 a year in advance; \$1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, \$1.25 a year, strictly in advance. All communications should be addressed to

> THE COLUMBIAN. Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1895. VANDERSLICE VS. SNYDER.

A New Trial Refused by Judge Rice. - Opin ion of the Court.

In disposing of this rule we shall first consider the teasons alleging of testimony.

errors in the admission and rejection FIRST. As we understood the question raised by the offer, it was whether a composite photograph of several valuable work, A Manual of the Study of Documents, Dr. Persifor Frazer phenomena) of recording the relations of things to each other, and the effects forces on matter." p. 125. In an earlier part of the same work (p. 111) the learned author says: "If it be conceded that the result of an effort made by a living being to repeat an action it has become habituated to make it is within certain limits uniform, then the way is clear to study these results and to obtain from their average the ideal which each of these actions or series of actions has tended, probably without complete success, to produce. If we could divide such an ideal into three component parts, A., B. and C., and if we found that out of thirty efforts A has remained constant in twenty five, B in twenty five, and C in twenty five; while A, B and C have only appeared together in fifteen cases out of thirty, we are justified in concluding that these fifteen cases though they represent but half the whole number of results constitute in reality the ideal which the agent has always intended to produce." The purpose then of making a composite photograph of a number of genuine signatures is to show the salient elements of the various signa tures, and the result is claimed to be the ideal signature, or near it, which the writer tried to make and had in his mind, but at no one time ever sucof Dr. Frazer, from which we quote: "The Court: Then in examining as

to the genuineness of the signature you sider a standard? A. An ideal. The Court: An ideal with which determine the question yourself? A. If I were permitted to determine the question it would aid me greatly in determining what were the characteristic points and what were the accidental variations; in what part of the signatures given to me for examination there were accidental variations and in what parts there were comparitive agreements with a signature in dispute. The only object of such a standard, as your Honor properly calls it, is to enable somebody, who ever has the power of judging, to compare that ideal with the signature all fully the principles of composite fairly stated the purpose of the com. thus presented does not, in our opinion, require a discussion of the arguments for and against the reliability and value in a jury trial of such evisubject of the comparison of hand is to be made by the jury between the be a departure from well settled rules remains unchanged.

Snyder, for the reason that as a dis-tributee of the estate of Mary G. to less weight than that of the other. Vanderslice, her mother, she had an It is alleged that the juror is an in-interest adverse to the right represent competent witness on the rule for a

otherwise disqualified may become preliminary question. Act of May 23rd 1887, P. L. 518. It is suggestto explain. I Gr. Ev., Sec. 462.

THIRD and SEVENTH.

The purpose of the offer of the will position towards Daniel Snyder and his creditors. We think the court went to the extreme limit in admitting testimony as to the acts and declarations of Mary Snyder for this purpose, but the testimony admitted related to acts and declarations so near the date as to tend to show the improbability of her having executed it, but the will was signed two years afterwards and was too remote from the transaction to throw any light upon the question. Still more clear is it that the account of the executor of Mary Snyder was not competent evidence for the purpose for which it was offered. The value of her estate in 1877 might possibly have been a pertinent fact, but its value in 1890 clearly was not and the account filed in 1890

We do not think that there can be any doubt that Mr. Funk was an incompetent witness as to the facts referred to in the defendant's offer on ceeded to make perfectly. This is page 84 of the notes of testimony to one side or the other, a determinamore fully explained in the testimony which we assume this reason relates. tion to find in one way let the evi-The offer includes evidence of conversations had prior to the death of Mary G. Vanderslice not in the presence of by this method obtain what you con- any person adverse in interest to Mary Snyder or of any one who was called to testify in behalf of the estate of you compare the disputed signature? Mary G. Vanderslice, and as a legatee A. Not I, but-Q. If you were to under the will of Mary Snyder the witness was interested adversely to the right represented by the plaintiff. The fact that these conversations were had in presence of witnesses who were called in behalf of the defendant would not make the witness competent under the act of 1891. Toth's estate, 150 Pa., 261, Cake vs. Cake, 162 Pa, 584. Krumrine vs. Grenoble, 165 Pa. 98, Thomas vs. Miller, 165 Pa., 193.

The remaining reasons allege misconduct an the part of one of the jurors, (1) in forming and expressing an unalterable opinion on the meri's before the close of the case; (2) in in dispute." We have not stated at permitting other persons, not jurors, to converse with him concerning the photography, much less the details of merits of the case in such language as their application in cases of disputed to prejudice him against the cause of handwriting, yet we think we have the defendant, and then accepting an invitation to drirk at their expense. posite as evidence. The question It is not alleged that the parties to the case were in any way concerned in the matter, but we do not think it can be questioned that if the state ments of fact contained in the affidence as it might if the law upon the davits upon which the rule was granted be true there was such misconduct Pennsylvania, that (1) the comparison quire the granting of a new trial. The difficulty is not in the sufficiency of disputed paper and other well authen the facts alleged, but in the proof. ticated writings of the same party; The material allegations are emphatic (2) the test documents to be compared ally denied by the juror, and as to the should be established by the most conversation on Friday evening he is satisfactory evidence before being corroborated by two men with whom admitted to the jury. Travis vs he is alleged to have been talking and admitted to the jury. Travis vs he is alleged to have been talking, and Brown, 43 Pa., 9. Even a letter press as to the conversation on Saturday copy has been held not admissible for morning by a man who is alleged to the purpose. Cohen vs. Teller, 93 have been in the bar room. None of Pa, 123. After a careful reconsidera- the witnesses on either side appear to tion of the question our opinion that have any pecuniary interest in the the admission of the testimony would case or to be connected in any way with any of the parties. It is true that the witnesses called to corroborate the juror were subpoenaed on the Prior to the execution of the re- trial for the plaintiff, but, on the other lease Agnes Vanderslice would have hand, one of the witnesses who swears been incompetent to testify against to the charges was subpoenaed and the defendant as to any matter oc- testified on the trial for the defendant. curring prior to the death of Mary No such interest is shown as would

ed by the defendant. But the statute new trial, but this objection is overprovides that such person not being ruled. While the testimony of jurors is not admissible to impeach their fully competent for either party by a verdict upon the ground of their own release or extinguishment in good misconduct it is admissible to disprove faith of his interest upon which good an allegation of misconduct. Because faith the trial judge shall decide as a of the accusation against him and the proceedings to punish him for contempt the juror is an interested wit ed that she is not bound by the re ness, and if the denial of the allega lease, but we cannot agree with the tions rested on his testimony alone counsel in this position. We discover we might well say that the evidence no evidence to warrant it, nor is it the case of a person selling his title and But, as we have suggested, he is corhis testimony with it. The right of roborated by other witnesses and with the estate of Mary G. Vanderslice in out rejecting them as unworthy of and under the paper in question does belief we are unable to say that the not depend in any degree upon the evidence in support of the rule so assignment or release, but is entirely clearly preponderates as to justify the complete without it. The case comes court in setting aside the verdict and within the rule which existed prior to subjecting the parties to the expense the statute that where an action is and delay incident to a retrial of the brought by an executor or administra- case. The remarks of Judge Dana in tor on behalf of an estate, a legatee the case of Lacoe vs. Sherwood, 6 or distributee who has been absolute | Luz. Leg. Reg., 147, might well have ly paid his legacy or has released or been written for the present case with assigned all interest in the verdict, is the qualification that the conversations competent. Miller on Competency alleged here were not with a party to of Witnesses, 58; Heft vs. Ogle, 127 the case. "It is gross misbehavior Pa., 244, and cases cited. After this for any person to speak to a juryman rule was argued the defendant's or for a juryman to permit any person counsel, upon notice to the plaintiff's to converse with him respecting the counsel, submitted to me a copy of case he is trying, at any time after he the testimony, or a portion thereof, is summoned and before the verdict of Agnes Vanderslice given before is delivered. It is a practice which the auditor which it is claimed is in corrupts one of the sources of justice genuine signatures might be put in consistent in some particulars with and is to be resolutely repressed and evidence for purposes of comparison that given by her on the trial. Clearly when detected punished by the courts, with the disputed signature. In his we cannot consider this upon the It must be known that a party may ground that it is after discovered. lose but cannot gain by conversing Whether it be offered to prove a fact with a juror after he is sworn unless says: "Composite photography is a or to impeach the witness by proof it be open and by permission of the method of obtaining the essence of a of contradictory statements, it was court; that if the verdict be against number of objects, and (in so far as available at the trial and if offered him it will stand; if for him it will be those objects are typical of similar then it might possibly have been ex set aside. But, in view of the serious plained. To say nothing of the rights nature of the accusation it must not of the parties, it was due to the witness be forgotten that the jurors have produced by a certain force or certain that she should have an opportunity rights as well as parties litigant and are neither to be presumed or held guilty of misbehavior and their verdict set aside without satisfastory proof of of Mary Snyder was to show her dis- the charge. To yield to accusations against them lightly made or without strong proof would weaken if not bring into contempt that useful and indispensible institution in the administration of justice: Rogers J., in Com. vs. Flannagan, 7 W. & S., 421. \* \* \* \* There is some evidence of time when the paper in question bears conversation between one of the jurymen and the defendants, or one of them, but this is specifically and positively denied by the juror and the parties charged. We cannot say that the fact is so far established as to warrant the court in setting aside the

> We do not think much importance should be attached to the remark alleged to have been made by the juror in the dining room. The remarks which he admits he made to Mr. Fowler even if made in reply to would not even tend to show its value an inquiry were improper and in disregard of the admonition of the court. But it is to be observed that they were not made to a party or any one interested in the case and taken as a whole do not clearly show a prejudgment-"a strong disposition to favor the dence be what it will." McCauslan vs. McCausland, 1 Y., 372.

Upon a careful review of the whole case we find no sufficient reason for setting aside the verdict of the jury, therefore the rule is discharged.

CHARLES E. RICE.

### CHARTER NOTICE.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Fennsylvania, on the 34th day of May A. D. 1895, by William A. Marrr, Samuel H. Kaercher, Edwin C. Price, E. P. Hunter, Edward Silliman, and others, under the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the "Schuyikill Telephone Company," the character and object of which is the constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph for private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal or otherwise for general business, and for the transaction of any business in which electricity over or through wires may be applied to any useful purpose in the counties of Schuyikili, Columbia and Northumberland, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto, C. M. CLEMENT, 5-3-3t.

### Kuss & Kumer, ARTIFICIAL STONE PAVEMENTS

Stone and all kinds

writing were not so well settled in on the part of the juror as would re- of paving done at reasonable prices. Estimates furnished at short notice.

Box 374, Bloomsburg, PA.

### Celebrated Pacing Stallion, FRANK M.,

Will make the season of 1895 at the following places: Shickshinny, April and at noon; Berwick, Monday night until Wednesday morning at 8 a. Wednesday afternoon at Huntington Milis until Thursday morning at 8 a. m., and ev-y two weeks at the above named places during the season.

Owing to hard times we have reduced Frank M. service fee to hard time price—twenty-five dollars to insure.

All persons parting with mares after service by Frank M. will be strictly held for service fee unless known not to be with foal.

Thompson & Haight, Luzerne, Pa.

THE HARDWARE DEALER A MAGAZINE brim full of practical idea from nardware men. The cream of 1,000 brains 116 pages. Only \$1.00 a year. Sample copy free D. T. MALLETT. Pub., 78 Reade St., New York

# Spring Cleaning

Is such a trial that men say "Let the house take care | dangerous if allowed to continue. What every man of itself." But the conscientions wife feels bound to and woman needs in the Spring is Hood's Sarsaparisk health and strength in this annual struggle with rilla. It keeps the blood vitalized and enriched, and thus sustains the nerves and holds all the dust and dirt. She is altogether too liable

bodily functions in strength and regular action. With its help you will not feel that intense exhaustion, and your natural

consequence of her feverish anxiety over extra work is depletion of the blood, the source of all fatigue at the close of the day will give way to fresh aclife and strength, manifested in that weak, tired, ner- tivity in the morning. Therefore we say, besides cleanyous condition too prevalent at this season and very ing your house, be sure to take Hood's Sarsaparilla to

## Cleanse Your

#### With Hood's We'll Conquer

however, to let her bodily house, most im-

portant of all, "take care of itself." The

"Now that house cleaning is upon us, I know that with Hood's Sarsaparilla to help, we'll pass through that trial all right." MRS. HELEN HISCERD, Tully, New York.

"I take Hood's Sarsaparilla every spring, and it is the only medicine I use through the year. It enables me to do my house cleaning and farm work all through the summer. It helped me very much for palpitation of the heart. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine for everyone, and all who take it will never be without it. I have also used Hood's Pills and they are the best I ever tried." MRS. F. H. ANDREWS, South Woodstock, Conn.

#### Makes the Weak Strong

" Last spring I had to give up work, being unable to walk to my place of employment, a distance of only half a mile. I suffered almost incessantly from sick headache. I had racking pains all over my body. The least exertion would tire me out, Going up one flight of stairs would make my heart beat at a terrible rate. I was induced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now, after taking less than two bottles, the pains and aches have all left me. I have only had a slight headache once since. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me a good appetite, and I can now do a hard day's work." Miss Elsig JENKINS, Queensbury, New York.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

"My nerves were in such a condition the closma of a door was sufficient to throw me into a spell of trembling which would last for hours. This was after a severe attack of the grip, which shattered my health. I could not sleep, my food dis-tressed me, and I had darting pains through my shoulders and back. At the suggestion of a friend I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking one bottle, my food no longer distressed me, and my nerves were quieted. Have taken three bottles and I am cured. The asthma trouble, from which I have not been free for years, has entirely disappeared. Hood's Sarsaparilla has done wonders for me, and I am glad to recommed it highly." Mrs. LUCINDA RUSTELL, North Dartmouth, Massachusetts.

"My healt se been poor for a good many years before I begine take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Finally I decided to e Hood's and can honestly say that it has done more good than any and all other treatments. C was troubled with dyspepsia, food and I had but little appetite, was distressed. ous. In fact my trouble bordered on nervous pros. tion, from which I had previously suffered. I | k Hood's Sarsaparilla last summer

and it did me er so much good. It does not seem as though I r he same person. My appetite is greatly improved, I am less nervous, have more strength and a can eat heartily without distress. Such a condition was unknown to me before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. G. C. CLAY, Barre, Vt.

# Be Sure to Get Hood's



SUITS

FROM \$18,00.



CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

AND

**TROUSERS** FROM \$5.00.

# Pres't Judge 11 Jud. Dict. Specially presiding. The Center of Attraction.

It isn't everybody that can make a success out of the dry goods business. Some natural fitness is necessary. Competition is so keen that some advantages must be possessed. Without these essentials you might as well expect to kindle a fire with brickbats as to make and hold a trade.

### CREPONS.

We don't see where "fleecy billows," waves of the ocean," etc., etc., have anything to do with black creponsa plain story about this lot. Half a dozen different weaves, all at the height of fashion, and an extra measure of width. Buy now at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.75.

#### MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

It is one thing to say muslin underwear and another to sell it. We have an elegant line of it all well made and the correct styles and the prices are simply wonderful. We are not selling below cost. We never do that, but for the quality of the muslin, and the way it is made, it is exceptionally cheap. We finish this story by saying it goes at 15c., 28c., 5oc. and 75c.

### WRAPPERS.

We are now showing the nicest line of ready to wear wrappers in town. They are made well, wear well, and the correct style. If we were not so exacting with the makers of them about furnishing the proper sleeve length, and proper everything else, the ladies would soon go elsewhere. Some made yoke front and back, other, of furniture free.

yoke front and Watteau plait backs extra wide skirt and they go at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

### DIMITIES.

Pretty name isn't it? But not one whit priettier than the 50 pieces of smooth summer stuffs that are properly called by it Green striped with white grounds is one of them. Can you picture it and the tiny twill that all the dimities own? Dashes, dots and dainties until there isn't room enough here to tell you properly of them. 12 c. yard finishes the story

### SHOES.

Only the proper shade of tan leather went into the lots that's being made ready for selling, and the best stitch is all right when there is no one else ing and finishing that one of the to blow it for you. Whoever sells largest makers could put into them. first-class goods at low prices can de-All sizes and the very proper last. In pend upon his customers to blow his the face of a going up leather market, horn for him. This is my policy in they are wonderfully cheap , being the sale of jewelry, watches, silverwar genuine Russia calf at \$2.25 pair.

CONTINUED.

We have extended the time from May 1st to August 15th for the use of tickets to procure one or more pieces

### PURSEL & HARMAN,

Bloomsburg, Pa



your attention to our line of JEWELRY,

WATCHES,

SILVERWARE, GLASSES.

We Blow Our Own Horn only to attract your attention. Then we want to invite you to visit us-it is immaterial whether or not you want to purchase anything. We are showing a fine line of silver and glass ware.

Blowing Your Own Horn first-class goods at low prices can de-

glasses, &c. J. G. WELLS,

BLOOMSBURG, THE COLUMBIA KITCHEN

SPOON

for dipping Ice Cream, Puddings, Batter, Mashed Potatoes, and anything that sticks to the bowl. No extra knife or spoon needed to clean it. Every housekeeper will be delighted with it. Agents wanted. Sample by mail, Tuned, 30c.; Nickle Plated, 50c.

Patented Novelties, 47 N. 10th STREET, PA. 10th STREET, PA. 25-48