

HARRISBURG LETTER.

The House Provides for Additional Hours of Labor.

TWO BUILDING ASSOCIATION BILLS.

One Proposes to Bring All Foreign Associations Under the Control of State Officials.

HARRISBURG, March 11.—The house has settled down to business in earnest, and if the members do not insist upon discussing every bill on the calendar the promises of an early adjournment may be fulfilled. Beginning tomorrow the house will hold three sessions on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays. This is a step forward, as night sessions have not been held by past legislatures until a month or six weeks later in the session. The senate continues to hold one session a day and adjourn on Thursday until Monday evening.

The records show that the house is much further advanced than previous sessions. In 1894 the number of bills reported to March 1 was 322; in 1893 there were 295, and in 1892 the number was 419. Up to March 1, 1891, the house passed 11 bills; in 1890, 23, and in 1889, 42. The governor received up to March 1 in 1881 two bills; in 1880 two, and in 1878 seven.

The Focht amendment to the act of 1891 relative to inter-county bridges has been brought out by the senate committee on counties and townships. The measure provides that where bridges are erected over streams or rivers flowing between or forming boundary lines of counties, that the expense be borne by the counties in proportion to population. The bill affects only three or four counties, and settles the contention between Northumberland and Union counties.

Proposed New Counties.

A bill which will probably bring about the county of Monongahela has been read in the house for the first time. If the county is created it will come from portions of Washington, Fayette, Green and Westmoreland counties. Charlestown is the center of the proposed county, and may be made the seat. The bill provides that on the petition of 1,000 citizens of the district affected the governor shall appoint three commissioners, who shall, within sixty days, survey the lines and establish the new boundaries, under the constitutional restrictions that no line shall run within ten miles of any county seat. The report shall be made to the governor and secretary of the commonwealth and internal affairs. The governor shall order an election within sixty days, at which all the qualified voters in the district affected may vote on the question. If the vote is in favor of the governor shall appoint the officers, who will hold until after the next regular election, at which time the location of the county seat shall also be fixed by a vote of the electors. In the meantime the county commissioners can spend \$50,000 to secure quarters for the courts. The new courts are to be organized by the judge of the county from which the most territory was taken.

This week a petition will be filed with the secretary of internal affairs asking for a new county to be formed out of Luzerne to be called Grow, after the illustrious congressman-at-large from Pennsylvania. The new county will be asked for under the Lackawanna county act, which provides for the division of counties containing a population of 150,000 or more. It is proposed to take in on the west side of the Susquehanna, Salem, Shickling, Union, Hunlock, Ross, Huntington, Fairmount, New Columbia, part of Newport, Conyngham, Hollenback, Dennison, Slocum, Butler, Black Creek and Nesquehoning.

Two bills introduced by the Building and Loan Association of Pennsylvania have found their way into the senate. One brings all foreign building and loan associations more directly and explicitly under the supervision and control of the banking department. Before doing business in the state they must deposit with the state \$100,000 to cover losses which citizens of the state may incur through their failure to meet their obligations, and a certificate authorizing them to do business. They are also taxed for this privilege and required to make annual reports to the commissioner of banking. The second bill authorizes domestic associations to issue different series of stock, and also to issue all paid up certificates of stock in which permanent investments may be made and which may be taxed at other rates than ordinary stock.

The Clarence amendment to the banking act to relieve building and loan associations from making semi-annual reports to the department has been made a special order for second reading next Wednesday and third reading the following Tuesday.

The house has adopted a joint resolution for an investigation by the state board of charities of the Keely cure treatment. The board is to inquire into and report to the next legislature as to the scientific treatment of drunkenness as a disease, and the feasibility of applying the treatment in connection with the penal, charitable and reformatory institutions of the state. The resolution was introduced at the request of the Catholic Temperance league of Luzerne county. A waggon member wanted to amend it so that "all old drunkards in the state be sent to the Keely institutes at the expense of the state," but was ruled out of order by the speaker.

The manufacturers are making a bitter fight on the new revenue bill. It provides for a tax of one mill on the stock of manufacturing corporations. A committee from the Manufacturers' club, of Philadelphia, was given a hearing last Thursday night. Charles Heber Clark, secretary of the club, who was a member of the state tax conference which formulated the bill, but left in disgust, made a bitter attack upon the measure and Joseph D. Weeks, of Pittsburg, president of the conference. Mr. Clark said President Weeks represented the railroads, and that the money to pay the expenses of the tax conference was furnished by the railroads. He charged Mr. Weeks with having traveled through the state with a fine tooth comb for three years, raking out something to tax, and declared he really believed the Pittsburg was sorry not to be able to show in his report that the railroads paid more than their share of taxes.

Mr. Clark stated that the bill would not help the agricultural classes and that the granger members of the conference, among them Worthy Master Rhone, were really helping the railroads. He argued that the manufacturers got no special privileges from the state, as railroads did, and while the latter could make the public pay their

taxes by increased rates the manufacturers had to compete for their business. He said this bill would produce a deficit in Pennsylvania and drive capital out of the state.

The Shortt education bill is being pushed through the house. It has passed the senate. The measure provides that diplomas shall be issued to graduates of high schools, seminaries and academies which puts these people on a better footing than those who graduate from state normal schools. Superintendent of Public Instruction Schaeffer does not like the bill because it puts too much work on his department, aside from its other bad features. He will have to send out questionnaires for the examinations and then go over the papers when they are returned. This would necessitate the handling of 500,000 manuscripts annually and would involve a great expense. A system like this is in vogue in New York.

To Restrict Liquor Licenses.

The people of Jefferson county have petitioned the legislature for legislation providing all applications for licenses to sell liquor shall be refused in any city, ward, borough, township, county or park where a majority of the residents of a lawful age or of the property holders or the holders of property of the largest aggregate value unite in a remonstrance against them. The house has been flooded with petitions in favor of the Penwell local option bill.

The Farr compulsory education bill has gone through the house. It passed the final stage last Thursday after the most exciting scenes in the house this session. The Republicans moved to the previous question before the Democrats had spoken on the bill. This raised the ire of the minority and they declined to vote on the final passage of the measure. Only thirteen votes were recorded against it. The Smith religious grays bill has passed second reading in the house and will come up on third reading next Tuesday. The opposition to it comes principally from the Democrats and the representatives of the coal regions and Governor Hastings has affixed his signature to the Marshall pipe line repeal bill. In giving notice to the house of his approval of the measure the governor accompanied his message with a statement giving his reasons therefor. "I am convinced that the act of 1893, which the bill repeals," says the governor, "is directly the reverse of its ostensible object. Instead of encouraging competition and fostering the building of pipe lines to compete with each other, the fact that when the property becomes unprofitable the owners are prohibited by law from selling it must necessarily discourage investors in such enterprise. All legislation, the tendency of which is to control, hamper or restrain individual enterprise, should, in my opinion, be closely scanned, and unless some great public reason exists to the contrary it is much better that all commercial enterprises should remain unfettered by legislation."

The governor has vetoed the bill for another edition of the famous "bird book." His reasons are that while the publication is useful and popular the finances of the state will not admit of another edition at this time. Following out this line of veto the governor will soon have the appropriations within the limit.

Governor Hastings will send to the senate during the week a list of staff appointments. Among them will be Colonel Ezra H. Ripple, of Scranton, commander of the Thirtieth regiment, as commissary general, to succeed Colonel Richard S. Edwards, of Gwynedd, and Major Everett Warren, of Scranton, president of the State League of Republican clubs, vice Colonel DeWitt Cuyler, of Philadelphia. Jacob Greene, of Philadelphia, will be appointed color sergeant in place of Alex W. Bergstresser, of this city. Greene was color bearer on the staff of General Hartman when he was governor, and afterward held the same rank on the division staff under him.

The Coyle mining bill creating mine inspectors galore has been submitted to a committee of eight miners, four inspectors and four operators, one-half of each number to come from the anthracite and bituminous regions respectively. The committee will meet here next Wednesday.

The Department of Agriculture.

The governor has not yet acted upon the bill creating a department of agriculture. The applicants for the places created by the act are numerous. There seems to be no doubt of the appointment of Secretary Edge, of the state board of agriculture, as chief of the department.

The board of public buildings and grounds has engaged Captain Louis R. Walters, of Phoenixville, to work out a plan for the improvement of the acoustic properties of the hall of the house of representatives. He has made careful measurements of the room, and is convinced that the defects can be remedied. A similar defect in the capitol at Des Moines was corrected by changing the pitch of the ceiling. Captain Walters says the problem is a difficult one and will have to be worked out scientifically. He believes the most feasible plan for the permanent improvement of this defect is to change the ceiling. This would involve a greater expenditure of money than the board would like to authorize at this time. The heavy lambréquins which have been placed in the windows have made a slight improvement in the acoustic properties of the room.

Senator Quay was a guest at the executive mansion last Thursday night. This is the first time he has seen the governor since his election, and his visit was purely social. During the evening the senator had a conference with Chairman Gillespie, of the Republican state committee, and other politicians at the state capitol. Mayor-elect Warwick, of Philadelphia, was a guest of the governor at the mansion on Tuesday night.

A new senatorial bill, similar to that vetoed by Governor Pattison four years ago, has been read the first time in the house. It makes a radical change in the districts in the western end of the state. Allegheny's representation is increased from four to five, by making a new district out of the territory north of the Ohio river and the Island of Neville and the Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Twentieth wards of Pittsburg. In Philadelphia the Thirtieth ward is detached from the Sixth district and attached to the First. McKean, Potter, Clinton and Cameron are designated as the Thirty-seventh district, and Clarion, Elk and Jefferson as the Thirty-eighth. Butler is detached from Armstrong and joined with Lawrence, Armstrong and Indiana are made a district to be known as the Thirty-ninth. Venango and Mercer are made the Fortieth district, while Crawford and Warren are joined to make the Fiftieth.

Secretary of the Commonwealth and Mrs. Roeder will sail for Europe the latter part of April, to be gone until September. The secretary has requested Deputy Secretary Tilden, a hold over man from the Pattison administration, to remain until after the close of the session of the legislature.

After Him.

"You are no longer troubled with rheumatism, are you?"
"No; something worse."
"What's that?"
"I'm troubled with a doctor."—Puck.

WANDAUGH.

AN EMBARRASSING SITUATION.

The Little Girl Was No Spring Chicken.

She was a cute, pretty little thing, so small that her feet didn't touch the floor of the car. It worried her, too, for occasionally she tugged away at her skirt to hide the display of silken hose. At the Seven Corners, a large self-satisfied man took a seat beside her.

"On your way home, little girl?" he asked.
"Oh, yes, sir."
"Been shopping?"
"Oh, yes, sir," she said, with an awkward little jump.
"What have you in your bundle?" asked the inquisitive man. "Something for lunch, I dare say."
"Oh, yes, if you please, sir," she said, "I have some tea."
"And then you will have tea for lunch," said the wise reasoner.
"If we don't have coffee," she muttered half to herself. The big man looked at her in surprise a moment, but she was demure and stared straight ahead.

"Isn't your ma afraid to let you go down town alone?" he asked, after a pause.
"In daytime?" she said, in surprise.
"Oh, no, sir. The fact is," she said, "as the car stopped, and she arose, "mother died three weeks after my marriage, and she doesn't care whether I go out at night or not. The chances are that hubby would kick if I went alone."
"And then, as she looked him square in the face, he noted with astonishment that her hair was just turning gray."—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

How the Arm Was Set.

At the siege of Petersburg a young Confederate lieutenant, who was very good looking and a great favorite with the girls, was badly wounded in the left arm. Several of the surgeons declared that it would be necessary to amputate the limb, but it was finally decided that by removing a section of the bone the arm might be saved.

"But," said one of the surgeons, "it will be a bad job, and when healed the arm will remain crooked."
The young lieutenant, thinking that any kind of an arm was better than no arm, and with a thought for future conquests, replied:
"Never mind the crook; set it for hugging, and go ahead."

The Smart Clerk.

It was in a little New Hampshire village among the mountains, where the country store served as post office, circulating library, shoe store, and everything combined, that a Boston lady, glancing over the books, asked:
"Have you Browning?"
"No," said the attendant, somewhat regretfully, and not knowing what kind of an article Browning might be, "we have not." Then more brightly, "We have blacking and bluing, and have a man who does whitening. We occasionally do pinking. Would any of these do?"

The Lord Knew.

A Welshman, after attempting to take part in a prayer meeting conducted in English, and finding it very difficult to express the fervor of his heart in the partially acquired tongue, suddenly broke the halting and laborious sentences with a joyful exclamation, "Lord, I thank thee that thou knowest Welsh!" and straightway launched upon the sea of gutturals which came so readily to his lips.

No Further Use for It.

Dejected Youth—I would like to return this engagement ring I purchased here a few days ago.
Jeweller—Didn't it suit the young lady?
Dejected Youth—Yes, but another young man had already given her one just like it, and I would like to exchange it for a wedding present.—Tit-Bits.

American Enterprise.

Heirless—Papa, buy me a foreign nobleman?
Her Father—My dear, I cannot afford it.
Heirless—Well, buy him on the installment plan, and then if I get tired of him you can stop paying and his people will come and take him away.—Brooklyn Life.

Nature vs. Art.

Manager—What's the matter with you, Miss Brown? When you played the part of Mary Magdalen you were satisfied with \$50 a week. When I cast you for the part of a woman lovable and virtuous you demand \$100. What's the matter, anyway?
Miss Brown—But in the new part I'll have to act!—Truth.

Too Literal.

The Honble, Vere de Vere—Then you had absolutely clear weather during the whole of your journey?
Lady Arabella—Oh, yes! But that was not remarkable, as I was told that the captain swept the sky with his telescope every morning.—San Francisco Call.

She Would Do.

"I have got a new cook," said Mr. Subbus, "but she acknowledges that she only knows how to cook ham and eggs and make a cup of coffee."
"Oh, that doesn't matter," answered his wife. "She will be gone before it is time for her to cook dinner, anyway."—Indianapolis Journal.

Not Reciprocal.

Mrs. Della Creme (wearily)—I know everything we eat is adulterated; but what can we do, Reginald? We must trust our grocer.
Mr. Reginald Creme (dreamily)—Ah, yes, Della! Very true! But if—oh, if—our grocer would only trust us!

Not in Earnest.

Maude—Why don't you definitely refuse his proposal if he's so impertunate?
Genevieve—Because I'm afraid he might think I meant it.—Chicago Record.

After Him.

"You are no longer troubled with rheumatism, are you?"
"No; something worse."
"What's that?"
"I'm troubled with a doctor."—Puck.

One Exception.

Teacher—Give an example of the truth of the motto: "United we stand, divided we fall."
Johnny—I-I can't think of any, ma'am. I don't believe it's true, anyhow."
"What? Do you know of any case in which it is not true?"
"Yes! A step-ladder."—Chicago Tribune.

Know What She Wanted.

Pretty Girl (mountain resort)—I want a yachting cap.
Dealer—We do not keep them. There is not a sheet of water big enough to sail in within 200 miles of this place.
Pretty Girl—Oh, you mistake. I did not ask for a yacht. I said yachting cap.
He Expected Something.

She—What do you expect to get on your birthday?
He—Billed by my sweetheart, discharged by my employer, and dunned by my creditors.—Truth.

MORE GOOD NEWS.

For All Women Who Are Sick.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)
"I am happy to say your Vegetable Compound has cured me of painful menstruations and backache."



My suffering every month was dreadful. The doctor gave me morphine to ease the pain, but nothing to cure me; and I was obliged to spend two or three days in bed. Now I have no pain at all. I can work hard, and by and by feel longer than I have for years. I cannot praise your medicine enough. I am glad to tell every one that I was cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Miss Newton Conn, Manchester, Ohio. All druggists sell it.

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OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN
LONG STANDING CHRONIC
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OF WOMEN,
—OF—
HARRISBURG, - PA.,
27 Herr St., between 21 and 31 Sts.
Where he can be seen five days in the week, viz: Thursday, Friday, Saturday, (Sunday from 10 to 4 P. M.), and Mondays.

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CONSULTATION FREE.

Many years' experience has taught him that nearly all ailments can be cured or greatly relieved. The diseases he treats are Consumption, All Respiratory Affections, Loss of Manhood, Crooked Limbs, Wry Neck, Barrenness, Sterility, Salt Rheum, Syphilis, Ears and Ear Discharges, Skin Diseases, Neuralgia, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Gonorrhoea, Stricture, Rheumatism, either acute or chronic, Sick Headache, Epilepsy, Gastritis, Congestion, Cancer, Tonsilitis, Deafness, St. Vitus's Dance, Impediment of Speech, Loss of Voice, Stuttering, Cancer of the Stomach, Piles, Jaundice, Constipation, Biliousness, Dysentery, Chronic Catarrh, Chills and Fever, Excessive Menstruation, Colic, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Intestinal Worms and Liver Complaints.

What Dr. MacTaggart HAS DONE AND IS DOING.

The Doctor wishes the public to understand that he is not soliciting the ordinary run of cases, but desires just such diseases to treat that other physicians cannot succeed with or at least fail to cure. When you suffer from such consult him; consultation is free, have not thoroughly diagnose your case, and then what he tells you can be relied upon as a fact beyond refutation. Some may say, "Why go to Dr. MacTaggart when we have so good doctors here as anywhere?" Yes, so you have in their line of practice, but not in those specialties that Dr. MacTaggart is schooled and practiced in. In support of this unqualified assertion read his testimonials—not only read them, but investigate the truthfulness of them. Where are the physicians who can remove cancers without pain and cure it beyond peradventure? He does it. Where can you find another physician in Pennsylvania who can remove tumors of even 63 pounds weight, without the use of the knife, without pain, and without leaving a scar? Dr. MacTaggart does it. What physician can cure fistulas without cutting or cauterizing the least part or soreness during treatment? Dr. MacTaggart does it successfully. These are golden rules. No cases of cancer, chronic diseases, particularly, is advancing with rapid strides far in the lead of the regular practitioner. 13-15-17.

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ROBT. BONNER says if you try it you will use no other bit, for all kinds of horses. It will control the most vicious horse without punishment. Extra line sample, solid nickel jointed or stiff mouth. Tested and warranted for \$1.00. HUMANE BIT CO., DEPT. F., NEWARK, N. J. 3-24-11.

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Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Always Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Sense of Taste and smell.

IT WILL CURE HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail registered, 75 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

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In effect Nov. 15, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG
For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays, 11.55 a.m., 3.15 p.m., 7.30 p.m.
For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a.m., 5.05 p.m., 8.35 p.m.
For Catawissa weekdays, 7.35, 11.35 a.m., 12.15, 5.05, 8.35 p.m.
For Rupert weekdays, 7.35, 11.35 a.m., 12.15, 3.15, 5.05, 8.35 p.m.
For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.25, 7.25, 11.35 a.m., 3.45, 7.25, p.m. Sundays 3.30, 7.25, 11.25 a.m., 3.45, 7.25, p.m. Additional trains from 24 and 630 to 710 street stations, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.25, p.m. Sundays, 1.35, 5.22, p.m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG
Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a.m., and via Easton 9.40 a.m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.50 a.m.
Leave Reading 11.50 a.m.
Leave Pottsville 12.30 p.m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.30 a.m.
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a.m., 4.30 p.m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a.m., 1.30, 1.57, 9.27.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.
Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City. WEEK-DAYS-Express, 9.00 a.m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00 p.m.; Accommodation, 8.00 a.m., 5.45 p.m.
SUNDAY-Express, 9.00, 10.00 a.m. Accommodation, 8.00 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.
Retraining, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues. WEEK-DAYS-Express, 7.35, 9.00 a.m. and 4.00 and 5.30 p.m. Accommodation, 8.15 a.m. and 4.25 p.m.
Sundays-Express, 4.00, 7.30, p.m. Accommodation, 7.15 a.m. and 4.15 p.m.
Parlor Cars on all express trains.
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SOUTH. STATIONS. —NORTH.
P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.
6.30 7.10 Bloomsburg D. L. W. Dep. 2.10 2.40
6.25 7.10 P & H Depot. 8.24 6.44
6.24 7.10 Bloomsburg Main Street. 8.88 6.47
6.27 6.15 Ironville. 8.47 6.53
6.12 7.03 Paper Mill. 8.40 6.50
6.19 7.00 Lightstreet. 8.50 7.02
6.15 6.20 Orangeville. 8.59 7.10
6.45 6.39 Forks. 9.10 7.20
5.44 6.35 Zeners. 9.15 7.24
5.27 6.35 Benton. 9.31 7.39
5.27 6.15 Edison. 9.35 7.44
5.20 6.12 Coles Creek. 9.38 7.45
5.16 6.08 Sugarloaf. 9.41 7.52
5.2 6.04 Laubach. 9.45 7.53
5.08 5.53 Central. 9.55 8.07
5.00 5.50 Le. Jamison City. 10.10 8.10
P. M. A. M.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 25, '94.

Station	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittston (2 D. V.)	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Pittston	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Wilkesbarre, Jr.	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Philly Ferry	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Reading	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Media	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Wapaloopa	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Nesquehoning	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Pottsville	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Towhick	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Rocky Mt.	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Rocky Mt. Jc.	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Nesquehoning	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Nesquehoning	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Catawissa	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Catawissa	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Philly Ferry	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Catawissa	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Philly Ferry	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Sunbury	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Jeweburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Milton	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Williamsport	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Lock Haven	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Renova	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Keok	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Philly Ferry	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Jeweburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Catawissa	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Philly Ferry	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Harrisburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Harrisburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Harrisburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Pittsburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Pittsburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Pittsburg	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Philly Ferry	11.00	11.00	11.0	