STATE LEGISLATURE.

Over a Thousand New Measures Introduced Thus Far.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION BILL.

Champions of This Proposition Cannot Agree Upon a Satisfactory Bill, and This May Defeat the Plan-A Bill to Protect the State Forests.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 4.-The legislature settled down to business again this evening with prospects of doing considerable routine work before the close of the week. For the first time this session the senate has shown a desire to do something by meeting at 8 o'clock this evening instead of 9. Commencing tomorrow the house will begin its regular sessions at 10 o'clock Instead of 11, as heretofore, with no fixed hour of adjournment. The members from the rural districts wanted to fix the hour of meeting at 9 o'clock, but they were outvoted by the city members. The house will probably begin holding afternoon ses-sions toward the close of the month.

This session is far in advance of that of two years ago with Its work. This may be accepted as a proof of the desire on the part of a majority of the members to ad-journ earlier than usual. Two years ago the first bill reached the governor March 1. The first bill to go to the governor this session was on Jan. 30 and was approved the same day. The governor received two other bills the past week, and during the current week it is expected to send to him

More than 1,000 bills have been intro-duced in the two bodies, one-half of which have been passed upon by committee. Except the appropriations committees, the committees have few bills to consider. Chairman Marshall, of the house appropriations committee, is preparing a special calendar for appropriation bills to be reported the latter part of the week, in order that they may be read the first time at the evening session on Monday next.

The proceedings of the senate are not likely to excite much interest unless Sen-ator Porter's bill abolishing sectional school boards in Philadelphia and creating a department of education is reported from the education committee, to which it was committed last week after it had been read the second time. The advocates of the measure will be given a hearing on the bill during the week. The political opponents of Senator Porter are opposed to it on personal and political grounds, and will kill it when it is reached on third reading, If it is ever advanced to that stage.

For a Custodian of State Supplies.

The senate has passed finally the bill introduced by Senator McCarroll, of this city, creating the office of custodian of state supplies and fixing the salary at \$3,000 annually. It will come up in the house during the week, and the Demo-crats, though in a decided minority, will make an aggressive fight against its passage. They will be aided by some of the strongest leaders of the minority. Governor Hastings is anxious that the bill should become a law in order that he may appoint his friend, Captain John C. De-laney, of this city, to the place, and there doesn't seem to be much doubt of its pass-

The forestry bill will come up in the house during the week. It was prepared by the state forestry commission to protect the state forests from ravages by fire, and provides for the appointment of fire wardens by the commission, who shall have authority to employ assistants to aid in extinguishing the flames. The bill ex-cited much discussion in committee and on the floor of the house. The debate will be revived when it comes up on third reading and final passage.

Governor Hastings tells a good story on Colonel Stable, of York, the first Republican ever elected to congress from the Nineteenth district. Five years ago, when the governor was a candidate for the nomination against Delamater, one of his staunchest friends was Colonel Stable. He was one of the delegates to the convention from York county, and after that body had adjourned and the governor was not nominated the colonel called on him at the adjutant general's office. He went up on the elevator and after he had condoled with him he asked:

'General, what does the job of running

that elevator pay?"
"Oh, \$50 or \$75 a month," was the reply. Then Colonel Stable said, "General, we are going to try for the governorship four years from now?"

"Yes," said the governor.

"And after you will be nominated and elected," said the colonel, "there is one thing I want to ask of you. If you are elected and we are all living at that time want to be appointed to run that elevator. It beats farming.

Governor Hastings told Colonel Stable was elected governor he (Stahle) should run the elevator. It happened that Colonel Stable was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Nineteenth district, and during the campaign the governor spoke at York. Among those who sat on the platform was Colonel After Governor Hastings had spoken he took a seat near him and had a

"Colonel," said the governor, "what are your chances?'

"Oh, it is pretty hard to tell," was the reply. "So far as I am concerned it is going to be a tight race. But you are all right, you are sure to be elected governor; and, say, general, don't you forget me on that elevator job.'

Stable Doesn't Want the Job.

table doesn't want the place, now as he will get \$5,000 for his term as congressman, and old "Sammy" Baker, of Hollidaysburg, who has charge of the elevator, will be re-

Two bills which will materially affect Two bills which will materially affect the profits of the Pullman Sieeping Car company in this state if they become laws have been introduced in the legislature; one by Senator Coyle. of Schuylkill, and the other by Representative Bliss, of Dela-ware. The Bliss bill fixes the rate of fare at two cents a mile for 100 miles, and a third of a cour for avery additional miles third of a cent for every additional mile. It prohibits the lowering of an upper berth unless sold, makes it unlawful to berth unless sold, makes it unlawful to sell intoxicating liquors on board the cars, and prohibits the steward, porter and conductor from receiving tips. Mr. Coyle's bill provides for the payment of a license of \$100 to be paid for each buffet or dining car handled through the state upon which intoxicating liquors are sold. The license must be posted in a prominent place in the car. The ponalty is \$300 or sixty days in prison, or both.

Representative Seyfert, of Lancaster, has introduced a bill in the house appropriating \$5,000 to erect a monument at Ephrata, Lancaster county, to the memory of the

heroes of the revolutionary war. After the battle of Brandywine about 500 of the wounded of the continental army were ramoved to the Convent of the Seven Day Baptists on the site of Ephrata. Nearly two hundred of those poor fellows died of their wounds and a deadly fever which broke out among them, and were buried in the old graveyard adjoining the con vent. Their graves are unmarked, although a half century ago a movement was started to erect to them a monument. After the cornerstone was laid the project was abandoned until two years ago, when Mr. Seyfort introduced the bill in the house appropriating \$5,000 to erect the monument. The bill was defeated in the hurry and bustle at the close of the ses-

Commissioner Reeder's Little Bill. State Dairy and Food Commissioner Reeder has had introduced in the legislature a bill appropriating \$20,000 to pay the salary and expenses of his office the past two years, the last legislature having failed to make the appropriation at the time the office was created. There is a strong feeling against the commissioner among the mbers of the house appropriation committee, to which the bill was referred. They claim he used his office in an endeavor to prevent their election, and that he had surrounded himself with agents who have prosecuted hotel and restaurant keepers for using oleomargarine and butterine solely for the purpose of securing the fine provided for by the act prohibit-

products. The quarrel between Senator Quay and David Martin, the Republican leader of Philadelphia, has brought Senator Pen-rose, of Philadelphia, to the front as a political leader in the state. Mr. Penrose is one of the brightest and most promising young men in Pennsylvania, notwithstanding his recent failure to secure the nomination of his party for mayor of Philadelphia. Ten years ago when Pen-rose was a candidate for the legislature the Republican leaders of Philadelphia arranged for a meeting between he and Senator Quay, who happened to be in the city before the nominations were made looking over the political situation.

ing the sale in Pennsylvania of such

After the conference between them and Penrose had retired Senator Quay said to a friend who was present during the conversation, "That young fellow seems all right, but what queer shoes he wears."
Those days Senator Penrose did not dress with the style and good taste that now characterizes his make up, and on this special occasion he had on odd shoes. One was carelessly tied with a piece of white twine and the other was a congress gaiter. The senator is the handsomest man in the state legislature, and has the respect of all who know him, even his political ene-

The senate will take up tomorrow on final passage the bill introduced by Sen-ator Gobin, of Lehanon, authorizing the adjutants of the Grand Army of the Republic posts to administer oaths and affirmations to pensioners on their vouchers for the payment of pensions, the charge for each oath to be fifteen cents. The bill will take away from many justices of the peace a deal of money, as they are allowed twenty-five cents apiece for such oaths.

Compulsory Education Bills Dying. The movement in favor of compulsory education has practically been abandoned by the failure of Representative Farr, of Lackawanna, and Seyfert, of Lancaster, its rival champions, to agree on a bill satisfactory to themselves or a majority of the members of the house. The patriotic orders have taken a hand in the movement, and if such a measure does become a law it will be through their efforts. They favor the Seyfert bill, but have agreed to leave the matter to the legislature.

The patriotic orders are making a strong fight for the passage of the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Smith, of Philadelphia, making it a misdemeanor for any public school teacher to wear a religious or room. house committee on judiciary general has eliminated the penalty clause and will report the bill to the house in that form, unless it can be persuaded to rescind its action. The legislative committees of the Patriotic Order of Sons of America and Junior Order of United American Mechanics will be given a hearing tomorrow before the committee.

The house has concurred in the action of the senate for the appointment of a legislative committee to investigate the charges against the management of the state insane hospitals at Norristown and Wernersville. Speaker Walton will announce the committees on the part of the house to-morrow. President Pro Tem. Thomas, of the senate, has not indicated whom he will appoint, Representative Cochrane, of Armstrong, is likely to be chairman of the committee to investigate the Wernersville institution and Senator Gobin, of Lebanon, that at Norristown.

The members of the legislature opposed to the re-election of Senator Cameron to the United States senate in 1897 have formed a compact with David Martin and Senator Porter, of Philadelphia, which they believe will be mutually beneficial to both parties. In return for their support of the Martin-Porter combine the anti-Cameronites have received a promise of assistance from the friends of the two Philadelphians. Cameron's enemies are secretly working for the nomination of Charles Emory Smith, of the Philadelphia Press, for Cameron's sent two years hence. To Govern Revocation of Liquor Licenses

A bill was introduced in the house tonight by Mr. Comrade, of Philadelphia, providing that no rule to show cause why a retail liquor license should be revoked shall be granted by any court of quarter sessions except upon an affidavit first made and filed of record, giving the names and residence of the persons making the same, and the specific and particular grounds upon which it is based, together with accurate and exact dates and par-ticulars of the alleged violation of the law. A certified copy of the affidavit shall be served upon the person or persons upon whom the rule is taken to revoke the license, and no such rule shall be heard or considered by the court until proof is made to the satisfaction of the court that the provisions of the act have been compiled

Among other bills were: By Mr. Talbot, Chester, appropriating \$5,000 for the erec-tion of a monument on the battlefield of of Brandywine to the memory of Lafay ettee, under the direction of a commission to be appointed by the governor; by Mr. Douthett, Butler, creating a school book board to consist of the governor, the superintendent of public instruction and secretary of the commonwealth, to correspond with the publishers of school books to asserting the standard price of such books.

with the publishers of school books to as-certain the standard price of such books. Cencurrent resolutions were offered by Mr. Reinochl, of Lebanon, providing for the appointment of a committee, to con-sist of three members of the house and two of the senate, to investigate charges that a number of employes of state insane hospital at Wernersville are unnaturalized.

So Very Easy to Glance at,

"Newspaper work must be easy," said Dingus, "nothing to do but write about things you see and hear. If it paid better I'd go into it." Now Dingus, let us dispose of your last proposition first. The well established newspapers of the larger cities yield immense profits. They are veritable gold mines to their owners. In the smaller cities are hundreds of papers that are good paying investments for the stockholders. In the country towns and villages the papers that pay at all yield good returns for the capital invested. One fact must not be lost sight of. If a paper loses money it is apt to lose it fast. Work the business beyond a certain mark and the profits grow in double ratio to the expenses. Many newspapers are conducted on loose business principles because the ability to do good literary work and strict business and financiering is seldom combined in one person. This is why city papers pay best. The good business men are in the business office and the good writers are in their proper departments. Now for your first proposition. The work is hard. It ages one fast. Those engaged in it like it, and generally would do nothing else if they could, and more generally couldn't if they would. To do good newspaper and literary work you must be born with a natural aptitude for the work, and then trained to it. The men who take it up in middle life and make a success of it are as scarce as hen's teeth. Nine-tenths of the successful newspaper men first learned the printer's trade and worked up. Indeed a pretty thorough knowledge of printing is almost absolutely necessary to a good writer. And many a really good writer would fail as a newspaper man, especially on the country press, for there a man must be everything. He must be able to "boil down" the account of a murder to a "stick full," if necessary, or spin out a whole seven column page of interesting nothings, just as the occa-sion demands. Whether he wants to or not he must be something of a politician. He must appear at ease in all kinds of society. He must, if not able to make a regular speech, be capable of "making a few remarks." He must be a close financier and generous in his donations to churches and charities. He must meet his obligations promptly and be very lenient to those in debt to him. He must be able to do a great many thirgs our friend Dingus has never learned to do, and if he is a born newspaper man he will be the happiest when the hardest pushed, will smile through defeat and emulate truth when crushed to earth by rising again like a jack-in a-box, and when the top round of the ladder breaks and lets him to the ground he will cheerfully and smilingly grasp the bottom and begin the upward

\$100 Reward, \$100.

climb. - Sullivan Review.

The reader of this paper will be one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a con-stitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting direct ly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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When the farmers of this country display the same zeal toward selfprotection that the coal, iron and sugar industries do, they may expect to have their representatives in our State and national halls of legislation who are selected and elected for the identical purpose of fighting there for their rights and privileges, and fighting down all the present unjust and discriminating legislation that is enacted for the purpose of fleecing them while pretending to fatten them.

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I suffered terribly from roaring in my head during an attack of catarrh, and because very deaf, used Ely's Cream Balm and in three weeks could hear as well as ever .- A. E. Newman, Graling, Mich.

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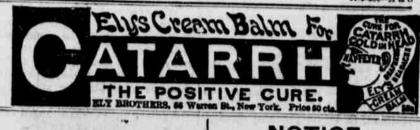
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