

The Columbian.

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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1894.

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

THE REPUBLICANS SWEEP THE COUNTRY.

Elections were held Tuesday in all the States of the Union, except Maine, Oregon and Vermont, which voted before.

Forty-one of the states elected Representatives to the Fifty-fourth Congress, and 21 states elected Legislatures, which chose United States Senators. Besides this, 20 states elected Governors, nine elected minor State officers, and three states, New York, California, and South Carolina, voted upon important Constitutional amendments.

GOVERNORS ELECTED.

These States elected Governors and State officers: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

A COMPLETE REPUBLICAN SWEEP.

The returns from all parts of the country indicate that the Republicans have made a complete sweep of Congressmen; that they have secured a majority of the Governors elected Tuesday, and that the Legislature chosen place the next United States Senate in doubt.

Morton for Governor carried New York State by over 190,000 majority. Wm. L. Strong, Independent Republican, is elected Mayor of New York City by 30,000.

The New Jersey Legislature will be Republican, thus insuring the election of a United States Senator of that political faith.

Owing to the split of the Republican party the Populists have elected Halcomb Governor of Nebraska.

Delaware is probably Republican so far as the Governor and Congressmen are concerned. The Legislature is probably Democratic.

Pennsylvania is Republican by about 234,000, and Hastings is elected Governor. The Republicans elect about 25 Congressmen.

The result in William L. Wilson's district in West Virginia is in doubt. His defeat is claimed by Republicans, but not admitted by Democrats.

W. D. Bynum is defeated for Congress in Indiana, and William M. Springer, it is claimed by Republicans, is defeated in Illinois.

It is likely that the next House of Representatives will have a Republican majority of 66.

In Delaware county Judge Clayton is re-elected. A strong fight was made against him.

The defeat of Congressman Hines is claimed by the Republicans in Luzerne county.

Halterman defeated McCullen for Congress in the McAleer district in Philadelphia.

Owens, the Democrat who defeated Breckenridge for the nomination for Congress in Kentucky, is probably beaten.

The latest returns on Thursday morning show that the Democrats have elected only one congressman in Pennsylvania out of thirty. The indications are that Tennessee has elected a republican governor, and so has Delaware. "And the next day it snowed."

The Congressional Vote.

Up to the hour of going to press it has been impossible to get the returns from a reliable source from other counties in this congressional district. There is, however, no doubt but that Kulp is elected. The majorities are about as follows:

Table with 3 columns: County, Buckalew, Kulp. Rows: Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Sullivan.

This gives Kulp a majority in the district of 955.

The result of the vote in this county is nowise the fault of Chairman Chrisman. He gave much of his time during the campaign to organizing the party, arranging meetings, procuring speakers, and all the details pertaining to his position, and performed all his duties faithfully and ably.

Vote Cast for Governor, Congress, Senator, Assembly and Sheriff.

Large table showing election results for various districts and offices including Governor, Congress, Senator, Assembly, and Sheriff.

STATE SENATOR.

J. Henry Cochran Elected.

J. Henry Cochran, Democratic Candidate for State Senator, is elected over C. E. Geyer, Republican, by about 2700. His majority in this county is 1316; Lycoming gives him 781; Montour about 300, and Sullivan 250.

The election is over, and now there are many Democrats who have their theories concerning the causes of the defeat of Mr. Buckalew in the district, and the small majority for the State and County ticket. There is not a man, of course, who will admit for a moment that he had anything to do with it, but he knows some other fellows upon whom he puts the blame. Those whose friends were defeated for nomination at the county convention ascribe the result to "rottenness of the convention." Another blames the newspapers for alleged inactivity; another charges treachery, in quarters where warm friendship was professed for the Democratic candidates, and so on down the list. All this is sheer nonsense. The fact is that we are beaten, and that is bad enough without starting dissensions and fights within the party, by every man trying to hold somebody else responsible for the defeat. We are beaten because the wind blew that way this year. It was a Republican year, and no efforts on the part of anybody could have averted it. Instead of back-bittings and false accusation within the party, we need unity and concord, and in no other way can we hope to regain our usual old time prestige, and stand among the counties that can always be relied upon for a good big Democratic majority. Let a halt be called on this sort of thing, and let us put our shoulders to the wheel for 1896.

Let those who are still in the enjoyment of protected monopoly gather what consolation they can from the temporary slap at the Democratic effort in New York and Pennsylvania for free and open competition. Under anything like favorable conditions tariff reform is the strongest possible issue that Democracy can favor. It has won before and it will again, because it is the issue of the masses against the classes.

With \$61,000,000 of free gold available and with rapidly increasing receipts from internal revenue, the United States Treasury is no longer in any desperate strait for want of funds to meet obligations. The increased volume of business indicates that while exports are increasing, imports are also growing in amount.

The Democratic voters who did not pay their taxes in time, or did not vote a straight ticket, or who did not vote at all, are the men who are responsible for the results in this county last Tuesday. Every one who comes under any of these heads knows just who is hit.

If it be true, as charged, that the price of wheat went down to fifty cents a bushel, under Democratic policy, it follows that unless the price now advances, the Republican party must assume the responsibility.

It is not any worse than it has been before, and next year the untimely Democracy will come up smiling, just as though it hadn't been knocked out this year.

There is one consolation left, and that is that the Democratic tidal wave of 1892 was a bigger one than the Republican tidal wave of 1894.

The Democratic Overturn.

A schoolboy who was asked to define "responsibility" said if he had only two buttons on his trousers and one came off all the responsibility would rest on the other button. This was not a bad definition, and it affords a very accurate idea of the popular apprehension of party responsibility. The party in power is held to account for everything that results through the default of the party out of power, and it nearly always happens for this reason that political successes are followed by reverses. The Democrats came into power in 1892 just on the eve of an industrial and financial revulsion, for which previous bad industrial and financial legislation was almost wholly responsible. The people have put the whole responsibility, not on the failure of the button that came off, but on the other button.

The times have begun to mend as a result of Democratic corrective legislation, but the change for the better was not quick enough to prevent Republican success. Twenty years ago after the panic of 1873 there were a succession of Democratic victories precisely as the panic of 1893 has bred Republican victories, but with this difference, that there was no question in 1873 as to where the whole blame should properly rest. In this habitual swinging back and forth of the political pendulum is the only consolation Democrats can find in the results of yesterday's elections. The Republican sweep of 1894 is nearly an equivalent for the Democratic sweep of 1892. Honors are therefore even.

To some extent, however, Democratic disasters are the direct outcome of Democratic discussions and mistakes. President Cleveland has developed a wonderful incapacity for successful leadership, and he has not lacked able assistance in the Senate and House. The disastrous overturn in New York State is a result of blundering at Washington and plundering in New York city. No party and no leadership could stand up under such a double load.

Whatever have been the causes of Democratic defeat it is a matter of congratulation that there will be a decisive Republican majority in the House of Representatives. The power of initiative in that body brings with it grave responsibilities, which cannot be shifted as they might have been had the Populists obtained members enough to hold the balance of power. The position of the Republicans will be one of harmlessness and ineffectiveness. They cannot change the tariff as it stands. They are committed at any rate against further tariff agitation. Their victory is therefore a bootless one. It is not until 1896 that a decisive battle can be fought. By that time all the conditions will be favorable for sober decision.—Phila. Record.

The Republican party is in the position of the second doctor who takes charge of a patient who is convalescing. If the patient continues to improve, the new doctor claims all the credit for it, but if he relapses, then of course it is the fault of the other doctor. Under democratic rule business has commenced to improve, but if it so continues the republicans will claim that their return to power brought it about, but if it turns the other way, then of course they will say that it is the result of democratic misrule.

The New York papers announce the generous fact that the head end of Morton's barrel was wide open just before election; and that Mr. Morton drew the bung without much waste of eloquence about the necessity for it.

Advertisement for JOHN R. TOWNSEND, Merchant TAILOR, AND HATTER. SUITS FROM \$18.00. TROUSERS FROM \$5.00. CORNER MAIN & MARKET STS. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Replying to the messages of homage from the senate and holy synod, the czar said to the former body: "I am assured of the feelings of devotion which the senate has expressed toward me, and I have no doubt I shall have its co operation in the service of my dear country and in the path marked out by my ever lamented father."

Sugar and Whiskey Rulers Responsible for a Treasury Deficit of \$13,500,000 in October.

The last monthly treasury statement shows that on October 31, 1894, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$911,327,471, an increase for the month of \$13,680,854.

The concession made in the sugar and whiskey trusts are responsible for the big treasury deficit for the past month. The sugar men imported a six months' supply before the tariff act went into effect, and the receipts of customs from this source have amounted to comparatively little. The whiskey men withdrew from bond thousands of gallons under the 90-cent tax, with the result that it will be several months before the additional 20 cents a gallon will cut any figure in the internal revenue returns.

These large withdrawals temporarily swelled the treasury receipts for the first month after the act became operative, but during the past four weeks they have amounted to less than half of the receipts for the same month a year ago. The 40 per cent. tax on raw sugar, which the sugar statesmen virtuously insisted would net the treasury \$40,000,000 annually has realized less than half a million during the past two months.

The amount these two trusts have benefitted at the government's expense is shown clearly in the deficit, and it is quite likely that this deficit will increase to \$25,000,000 before the government gets any big returns from either sugar or whiskey.

Majorities in Columbia County.

Singerly's majority over Hastings is 1334. Buckalew's majority over Kulp is 736. Cochran's majority over Geyer is 1316. Fritz and Creasy have about 1000 majority, and McHenry's majority over Reedy is 982.

There are several prominent republicans in this district who are kicking themselves now, for permitting Farmer Kulp to get away with the nomination for congress.



Scrofula The Worst Case the Doctors Ever Saw

Hood's Sarsaparilla Perfectly Cured "C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Dear Sirs:—I wish to testify to the great value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For some time I had been troubled with scrofula, which early last winter assumed a very bad form.

Sores Appeared on My Face and hands and gradually increased in number until they reached to my shoulder. The doctors said it was the worst case of scrofula they ever saw and also went so far as to say it was incurable. I tried ointments and other remedies but to no avail. A friend recommended Hood's

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Sarsaparilla, and although I was completely discouraged, as a last chance I resolved to give it a trial. After taking one bottle I noticed the sores had commenced to heal. After the sixth bottle

They Were All Healed. I continued to take it, however, until I had used nine bottles, and now I am perfectly well." MISS KATIE ROSENKRANTZ, Ulster, Penn.

Things of Interest Just Now

YOU probably have neglected buying your winter clothes until now, but don't delay any longer as it is now growing cold, and the goods are growing in scarcity just as fast. We can show you the largest and best selected stock of dress patterns and dress goods that can be seen. Mixed goods are especially popular this year. Convert cloth leads. Velvet comes first in trimmings and we have all in endless variety.

Under Clothes—In this department we can show you everything you can imagine. Ladies', misses', children's, men's and boy's. All grades and prices. Ladies' and misses' union suits in natural wool and white.

Hosiery—Have you ever tried the Y. D. stocking? It is absolutely fast black and has extra wearing qualities. We have them in all sizes for ladies, misses, men, and children.

Shoes—These are a very essential article just now, and if you once buy our shoes you will wear no others. They are perfect in fit and have no superior for style and wear.

Grocery Dept.—Canned goods are again in vogue and we have the best money can buy. Fancy and staple goods. Neufchatel, Imported Swiss and New York cream cheese. Flour, feed, buckwheat flour.

PURSEL & HARMAN BLOOMSBURG, PA.

As We View Defeat. The one peculiarity of a political defeat is that it neither convicts nor converts as a rule. Those who do their own thinking and are not for sale find no trouble about justifying their position and reconciling it with good government. Those who are for sale care more for the money their votes will bring them than they do for good government or namely principle. If righteous religious effort often suffers temporary defeat surely the very best political effort—always more or less suspicious—must expect it.

TRIAL LIST MARY G. Vanderslice's adm'r. vs. Mary Snyder's ex'r. G. F. Shuman vs. Wilson Richard. G. F. Shuman vs. Isiah Sussman. Ezekiel Cole's ex'r. vs. Almas Cole et al. William Gingles vs. Lloyd Albertson. Isiah Hoover vs. Jacob Moyer's Trustee. D. B. Felderer vs. Isuechanna M. F. Ins. Co. Ash Pres. vs. Berwick Water Co. Wm. Neal et al. for use vs. Bloomsburg Belt R. R. Co. Wm. Neal et al. for use vs. Rupert & Bloomsburg R. R. Co. Rebecca Chamberlin vs. J. M. Lilly. Rebecca Hunstinger et al. vs. E. H. & W. B. Ry. Co. Lavina Rabuck et al. vs. S. H. & W. B. Ry. Co. W. S. Moyer exr. et al. vs. Bloomsburg Belt R. R. Co. School Furnishing Co. vs. Bloomsburg Belt R. R. Co. J. B. Nuss vs. J. B. Kester & Son. Elizabeth Roadarmel vs. John F. Kress. C. P. Summers vs. B. F. Gardner. G. W. Belles vs. M. L. McHenry. John W. Trivelpiece vs. Greenwood township. C. T. Steck vs. J. W. Keitcher. Lloyd T. Hider vs. Mathias Gingles. Joseph Hendershot's ex'r. vs. B. F. Foulie.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE Estate of Jesse Johnson, deceased. The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of R. R. Little, Esq., trustee to sell the real estate in the order mentioned as per account filed, to and among the parties entitled thereto; and also to take testimony and report the facts and his opinion upon the petition of Emma Sides to set aside the confirmation absolute and re-open the account of John A. Johnson, No. 12 May Term 1889, in the estate of Jesse Johnson, on Tuesday, the 27th day of November, A. D., 1894, at nine o'clock in the forenoon; when and where all parties and persons interested either in the fund for distribution, or in the opening of the said account of John A. Johnson, are requested to appear and present and prove their claims on the fund or be forever debarred; and testify such things as may be required of them as to the opening of said account. JOHN G. FIERZLE, Auditor. Nov. 9, 1894-ta.

ELECTION NOTICE The annual meeting of the Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company for the election of a President, Board of Directors and Treasurer, and the transaction of the general business of the company, will be held at the office of the Secretary in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 25th day of November, between the hours of two and four o'clock in the afternoon.

Advertisement for J. A. HESS' SHOES. HARD KNOCKS. A POINT TO ARGUE SUCH AS THIS is apt to convince even the most doubtful, just as one trial of J. A. HESS' SHOES will convince the best judges that he sells the best made. J. A. HESS, BOOTS AND SHOES. THE KEYSTONE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE COMPANY IS NOW IN COMPLETE WORKING SHAPE, and is prepared to fill all kinds of planing mill orders, and foundry and machine work. The plant is well equipped, and all orders will be filled promptly. SHOPS ON SIXTH STREET, WEST OF WOOLEN MILL. 10 26 17. SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN