The Columbia Bemorrat,

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FRIDAY, AUGUST to, 1894.

THE DEMOCRATIO STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, WILLIAM M. SINGERLY, of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, JOHN S. RILLING, of Erie.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL, DAVID F. MAGEE, of Lancaster.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

W. W. GREENLAND,

of Clarion. FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE, JOSEPH C. BUCHER, of Union.

HANNIBAL K. SLOAN,

of Indiana.

The Senate Investigating Committee proposes to white-wash the sugarcoated Senators.

John L. Leisenring has been nominated for congress by the Luzerne county Republicans.

The newspapers of both parties show that the people are with Mr. Cleveland, but we believe the Senate is so constituted that the Senate bill is likely to be accepted, passed and approved by the President.

Next to the knowledge of waste of the Senate and the coal and iron occasioned by our strikes the sover-eign power has lately been given some promising slide is as follows: healthful and invigorating lessons in false political economy. Or we might render it better perhaps by saying cents per ton for three years and twenpolitical false economy.

There seems to be a prevailing opinion already abroad, whether right or wrong, that the natural instinct of the Chinaman leads him to prefer peace to war and therefore he is very apt to get out of a fight just as soon as his officers will allow it or make it possible. In other words it is claimed that the Chinese only fight well when they have the advantage. We shall know more about the Chinese now, in war than we ever should have known in peace.

siderably more moderate when it only thing in the way of its speedy passage is the want of more moderation in the interest of the favored and powerful classes.

the word from Washington concerning seems now to rest upon the shoulders the tariff reformation demanded by of our coal and iron combines, rather the people and promised in good than upon our statesmen in Congress faith at least by President Cleveland. assembled, and consequently it is yet faith at least by President Cleveland. assembled, and consequently it is yet. The other promises made were not in to be hoped that the tariff bill will be such good faith, it seems. They were be permitted to pass somehow and in made as usual to cover the election. some shape very soon. All it will re-Voters will do well to spot the treach- quire then will be the President's sigcrous Representative and Senator. Even proud, rich, and vain Senators law. can be reached indirectly. Look them up close and sharp. That's our privilege and our duty. Its considerable power when rightly used.

The recent election in Alabama duty, what's the difference? was conducted under the Sayer election law. It is said to be a secret and about a differential duty of 121 cts. satisfactory form of voting, and that it is quite similar to the popular advalorem on all sugars, will the dif-Australian system adopted by many of the northern States-states that the price of sugar used by the woman have grown weary of having the so-called secret ballot made public when-peaches, for instance? ever it suits the convenience of the old election boards. The secret ballot, the differential duty and the advalorem whatever name or system may be add considerable more valorem to the adopted, is the only ballot that the sovereign power should tolerate, and the only one that is safe or fair for the workman who differs politically and religiously, perhaps with his employer.

Alabama Has Gone Democratic.

Under ordinary conditions it would be no thrilling news to report a Democratic victory in Alabama. But to report Democratic gains in Alabama under prevailing political conditions and circumstances means a great deal to the discouragement of those who had hoped otherwise, because of Alabama's iron interests likely to be affected by the tariff reformation striven for, and which contemplates free iron and coal ultimately.

THE LAST KICK.

The congressional conferees are still at loggerheads over the coal and iron ore schedules at the date of this writing. The Senate representing the coal and iron combine and the House representing the people at large are seesawing just as they have been from the very start of attempted tariff reforma-

The only encouragement the Senate they are endeavoring to get the consent of the rich men comprising the coal and iron combines (along with their own reluctant consent) to an easy sliding scale which they have proposed. Its a kind of a five years' grace scale that is not given other industries. If our Senatorial statesmen cannot beg the combine to accept the easy terms of this proposed scale, agreement is of course impossible. Why? Why because, forsooth, the combines own the Senators, brains, body and boots-as for their souls, it is quite possible that the devil has them safely corraled.

Senatorial fear of popular oppro-brium likely to result in jeopardizing their own return to office makes our proud Senators poor, miserable beggars from the combines upon the one hand and from the mass of people upon the other. But they are more to be condemned than pitied for the sad political fix they have got themselves

Now, while the House still insists that the combine's coal and iron shall be as free as the farmer's wool is, the Senate insists on five years' grace and a sliding scale for our coal and iron magnates. This is the difference and the only difference now between the House and Senate, between the representatives of the masses and the representatives of the classes.

If the combine back of the Senate will consent to the easy sliding scale their generous and sympathetic senatorial servants have found it policy to fix up for them, all will yet be well, it may be; but otherwise the seesaw may continue indefinitely.

The easy sliding scale referred to is neither a radical nor a rapid slide toward free trade, and it seems to beat no concession whatever upon the part

"Under this scale the duty or protection on coal and iron is to be forty ty-five cents a ton for two years, and after that free."

This, you see, gives the coal and iron combines five years grace; and yet they are not happy. They seem to be somewhat indisposed. The grace thus granted is four years and 365 days more than other industries get and also more grace than the poor farmer gets on free wool at the jump. To such length of grace the House, or course, somewhat demurs, as in duty bound, and hence the delay of important leg-

The demand of the House is by suggests a sliding scale also in went to the Senate, and after revision terest of the combines. The House by the Finance Committee of the Sen- demands that the duty shall be ate it was made more moderate. In reduced five cents each year running the gauntlet between the for five years, and after the lapse House and Senate moderation has of this time both coal and iron to be struck the bill right and left, and front free of duty. Accepting either horn and rear, until it is said to be the es- of the dilemma the combines will have sence of moderation. And yet the five years in which to think about free trade before it fully settles down upon them. We call that victory enough for one session for the combines. As all other points of difference have been practically settled, the passage "No agreement yet in sight" is of a tariff reform bill this session nature to make it a kind of a sliding

Differential or Advalorem.

If there is any difference between a high protective duty and a differential

per 100 lbs. in addition to 40 per cent ferential duty make any difference in

And will not the difference between pocket-book of the sugar producer than it does to the sugar consumer? Let us be plain in terms of expression so that the voter may read as he runs to the polls in his anxiety to help our statesmen untie some of the ugly high tariff knots that seem to be so full of kinks these days. These knots can be straightened out no matter whether the tariff duty is differential or advalorem.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. Its a wonderful good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for Piles.-W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Fifty Million in Silver.

The huge vault at the mint known as vault C. in which has been sealed up for nearly four years, 50,000,000 of standard silver dollars, was opened a few days ago, and the long and labor-ious task of counting this big amount of money was begun. As this occasion was deemed one of importance, says the Philadelphia Times, there was observed some little formality. Dr. Caleb Whitehead had come on now gives the House conferees is that from Washington to represent the mint bureau : Frank Sartori represent-ed Superintendent Townsend; and W. L. Bosbyshell, Col. Bosbyshell's son represented the former superintendent. William E. Morgan, United States Treasury examiner, was also present. United States Treasurer Daniel N. Morgan, who with his son, happened to be in this city, and accompanied by Major Worman, witnessed the breaking of the seal and afterward made a tour of inspection of the mint.

Major C. H. Townsend, cashier of the mint, having been given the com-bination of the vault, proceeded to open the door. This was easily accomplished, but when the inner door was reached some difficulty was experienced, as even after the combination lock was manipulated, the door refused to open, the bolts from long

disuse sticking fast. This was soon overcome, however, entrance was finally effected, and the assembled officials stepped within the inclosure where lay piled up millions. On the inside door, fastened by sealing wax, was a sheet of foolscap paper containing the statement that \$33,000,000 had been placed there on February 7, 1890, with Major Meline, of the treasury; B. F. Butler, of the mint bureau, and James C. Eyster, of the mint, present, and that further, \$17,-000,000 had been sealed up on May

The vault emitted a damp, musty odor when opened. Under the glare of the electric light the great wealth of stored silver was visible. There it lay in bags just as it had been placed-There were 50,000 bags, each con. taining \$1,000 in shining coin. These bags were piled up one on top of the other, the topmost almost reaching the arched ceiling of the vault, nearly nine feet high. The whole mass had been arranged in different stacks. The first stack was thirteen bags high and eight across. Just in the rear of this was a second stack, while still further back loomed up a third. This, though, represents only one section of the vault. Altogether there are nire. The weight of this great amount of silver is 2,850,000 pounds avoirdupois, and the tremendous pressure of the upper bags upon the lower had caused a number of the latter to burst, causing their glistening contents to spread out upon the floor.

The Chinese soldiers who carry words and bamboo shields it is feared will get themselves bored in modern warfare. Carnagie should whisper to the innocent Orientals that bamboo The original Wilson bill was a no means radical or ruinous upon the will hardly resist the modern boringmoderate tariff measure. It was con. coal and iron combine. It kindly machines in the shape of big guns. siderably more moderate when it suggests a sliding scale also in the ina sword in his hand the poor heathen Chinese is pictured as ready for battle. What he needs is armor plate and plenty of it, if he wants to feel perfectly impregnable in modern warfare. If Carnagie can't throw light on this point who can?

> The Chinese General Yes is said to have shown the Japanese last Sunday that there is a positive as well as a negative engaged in this fight. General Yes is reported as having killed 2,000 Japanese.

> Grasshoppers are hopping about lively in Tennessee. They have about destroyed the crops in Shelby and adjoining counties.

The Magic Touch

Hood's Sarsaparilla

You smile at the idea. But

if you are a sufferer from Dyspepsia

And Indigestion, try a bottle, and be-fore you have taken half a dozen doses, you will involuntarily think, and no doubt exclaim,

"That Just Hits It!"

"That soothing effect is a magic touch!" Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates a natural, healthy desire for food gives refreshing sleep, and for food, gives refreshing sleep, and in short, raises the health tone of the entire system. Remember

Mood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, sillous ness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor, appeinted by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrator of the estate of Peter Swank, late of said county, deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at the office of Grant Herring Esq., in the Town of Bloomsburg, said County, on the 4th day or September, 1984, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day; when and where all parties interested may appear and be heard or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

PRED IKELER,

Aug. 10-4t.

Aug. 10-4t.

⇒ John R. Townsend, €

TAILOR.



SUITS FROM \$18.00. CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM \$5.00

Alabama is Safely Democratic.

The entire ticket was elected. And it is claimed that W. C. Oates' majority for Governor is likely to settle down between 30,000 and 40,000. The legislature is also said to be Democratic by a safe majority in the house and more than enough in the

The charge of fraud is again made. The Sayre election law requiring every voter to prepare his own ballot resulted in cutting off a heavy illiterate vote.

It is said that the 40,000 or 50,000 votes short of that of 1892 is largely

20 YARDS OF MUSLIN \$1.00. attributable to this cause. It is quite possible that Mr. Oates lost as many votes as Mr. Kolb, his competitor, because of informality.

Kolb claims his election by a majority of 18,000.

A Most Attractive Summer Outing by the Pennsylvania Railroad—A Tour Among the Lakes and Islands of the

The party composing the Pennsylvania Railroad's first tour to the North has just returned home, delighted not only with the general attractiveness of the trip, but the admirable manner in which it was conducted. The second party is now forming, and will go out under like conditions on August 21st, reaching home on return trip September 3d. The party will leave Philadelphia in special Pullman parlor cars over the picturesque route of the Pennsylvania to Watkins Glen, thence to Niagara Falls, the thousand Islands, the Rapids of the St. Lawrence, Montreal, Au Sable Chasm, Lakes Champlain and George, Saratoga, and lastly, a delightful trip down the romantic

Ample time is allowed at each point for sight seeing, and all the traveling is done by daylight. It would be a difficult matter to plan a trip of greater diversity of interest and attraction, and for those whose summer vacation is limited there is no outing comparable to it. The round-trip rate including all necessary expenses, from New York, Philadelphia, Newark, Trenton, Baltimore and Washington, is \$90.00. Tickets will also be sold from other stations at proportionate rates. Tourist Agent and Chaperon will conduct the party.

For tickets, descriptive itineraries, and reservation of seats on the train, 4th and Market Sts. address Tourist Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

The education of the voters is the one redeeming feature of the prolonged hitch in the tariff reform movement. The promise was to reform it in the interest of the masses. Some statesmen so-called are hindering. Who are those statesmen is all the voter wants to know. In the prolonged fight he has an opportunity to find out.

FARMERS' HOTEL, Iron Street, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

First-class accommodations for regular and transient boarders. Good stable attached.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The following persons announce themselves a candidates for the offices named, subject to he rules of the Democratic party.

FOR CONGRESS, CHARLES R. BUCKALEW, of Bloomsburg.

FOR STATE SENATOR, (24th District,) J. HENRY COCHRAN, of Lycoming County.

> J. W. HOFFMAN, of Orange township. FOR SHERIFF,

FOR SHERIFF,

J. B. McHENRY, of Benton. FOR SHERIFF,

of Greenwood Township. FOR REPRESENTATIVE, E. M. TEWKSBURY,

of Catawissa township.

W. W. BLACK,

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, WM. T. CREASY. of Catawissa township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, ANDREW L. FRITZ, (North Side.)

FOR SHERIFF, G. W. HIRLEMAN, of Benton.

Just received some more of those fine sateens we are offering you at 14c. per yard. Have been selling at 20c. all season. Also standard makes of calico at 4c. If you have not seen any of these goods yet it will pay you to call and examine them for they are rare bargains.

among those that were legally rejected Our remnant box has many pieces in it large enough for a waist and some large enough for skirts, at ridiculously low figures. Do not fail to look at them when you are here, as they will interest you wonderfully.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT

has been replenished and we can now show you an elegant line of men's boy's and children's shoes. Those children's grain button patent tip shoes we are selling at 90c., are just the thing for school.

Grocery Department.

Have you tried our sweet pickles? They are small but very solid and are selling fast at 15c. pint. Ask for sample. Our full roller process hemlock flour is still going at \$3.00

↔ Pursel & Harman, ↔

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Snyder & Magee Co. Lim.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Great Mid-Summer Clearing Sale.

Our buyer has just returned from the markets where he has completed purchases of goods suitable for the fall trade. And in order to make room for same we have decided to sell

Summer Stock

Sweeping Reductions.

Here are a few of the wonderful bargains we will offer during the next two weeks :--

32 inch part wool challies, former price 23c., now 10c. 24 " cotton 7c., " 4c. 24 " summer calicoes, 36 " twilled delaine, 15c., " 6‡c. 36 " Tartan plaids, [part wool] former price 25c., "12te. 36 " figured lawn " 20c., " 12lc. ... 30 " satin stripe mull 15e., " 10e. 50 pieces staple checks for aprons, former price 6c., 36 inch bleached muslin former price 6c., " 4½c. 40 pieces 36 inch unbleached muslin,

former price 7c., " 5±c. In addition to the foregoing we will offer special bargains in silks, worsted dress goods, satins, pongees, organdies, brocades

&c., &c. Every week we are opening new departments. Our latest is for toilet articles, which will be found complete with every article requisite. Soaps, oils, combs, brushes, and the celebrated

"Lady Jane Grey" perfumes.

To see our table linen stock is to be convinced that it is the

largest in the State. All we ask is a visit to our store. No visitor is forced to buy.

Snyder & Magee Co., Limited; FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS.