

The Columbian.

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The Columbia Democrat,

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FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, WILLIAM M. SINGERLY, of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, JOHN S. RILLING, of Erie.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL, DAVID F. MAGEE, of Lancaster.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, W. W. GREENLAND, of Clarion.

FOR CONGRESS AT-LARGE, JOSEPH C. BUCHER, of Union.

HANNIBAL K. SLOAN, of Indiana.

The tariff bill passed the Senate by a majority of five. On such occasions it looks as though it would be a mighty strong stimulus if it were possible for the sovereign power to reach Senators as directly as they can Representatives. In that case there would have been more than five Senators voting in accordance with popular wish, no doubt. The claim that we have popular government will continue to be all bosh until the sovereign power can reach the austere and dignified U. S. Senator.

George M. Pullman now occupies his cottage at Long Branch. He talks freely about the strikers and boycotters. He says arbitration is impossible under the circumstances and no compromising conference is likely to be held. As to wages paid by him, he says he acts upon business principles, fully realizing that the aggregate cost of a piece of work must not exceed its selling price; and that a continuous violation of this rule must wreck the Pullman shops, or any other shop, and permanently stop all work of its employees.

If we are anything of a prophet as to future political events then we should say that the outcome of all this strife between capital and labor will be the creation of a third party in which the Peffer Populist and the Coxe Commonwealer will be happily affiliated and combined in the hope of boodle if not of victory. In a square fight between capital and labor the Republican party would be apt to suffer most, because of its greater sympathy with all that pertains to the perpetuation of protected industries, and consequent fabulous wealth in the hands of a few.

Some one with less patriotic prudence than mistaken political policy offered recently in the New York Constitutional Convention the following resolution. He did it, no doubt, by way of encouragement to those who have been destroying railroad property and the freight, baggage and express of the people at large:

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the people of the State of New York in Constitutional Convention assembled, view with alarm the extraordinary and arbitrary action of the National Government (in connection with the western strike) and condemn it as fraught with peril to the peace and happiness of the Republic, subversive of the rights, privileges and liberties of the citizens; and as an exercise of national powers not authorized or implied by the Constitution of the United States or the laws thereof.

Instead of approval the proposition met with overwhelming defeat, as it deserved.

The Goulds can raise considerable money when necessity requires it, but they could not get quite wind enough in the sails of their fine yacht, the Vigilant, to beat the Britannia in European waters in the recent race. The race course covered 50 miles, and the English boat got home 35 seconds ahead of Mr. Gould's fast boat. Just previous to this great contest two other celebrated racers took a glide upon the Clyde; but the Satanita cut it short, it seems, by cutting down the Valkyrie. The latter boat, which no doubt cost the sporting fraternity an odd penny or two, went to the bottom of the Clyde, in 14 fathoms of water, in just about five minutes after she was struck. It is hard to tell just what Mr. Gould thinks about it; but it is quite probable the matter will perplex the young man considerably more than it would have bothered his father, whose chief delight was in making more money than he spent.

PROPHETIC DARKNESS.

He is a wise political prophet, indeed, who, in the face of all the unsettling political and commercial influences now being exerted will presume to say for a dead certainty just which of the old parties will elect the next President. Such a general political, commercial and financial disruption has never before come under the observation of the writer, at least. As to the fight between labor and capital, we think we may fairly conclude that the Republican party is capital's representative, and, having fostered and built up our rather extravagant railroad system it will suffer most from offended and crushed wage-earners. As to the position of the Democratic administration in using the strong military arm of Government to quell mob violence, as in duty bound, for the protection of the property and rights of Pullman, the people and the railroads engaging his cars, she, too, must prove grossly offensive to arbitrary wage-earners and strikers. But should some independent party arise in consequence of the universally disturbed political and commercial conditions, the doubt and darkness as to the party likely to cast the majority of votes for President must be only the more difficult to penetrate and solve in advance of election.

Had there been no disturbing influences brought to bear, except such as the Republican party sought and could easily control to its advantage, the question would have solved itself and the Republican party would have had little or nothing in its way to success because of the general distress and hard times. But, in the language of Shakespeare, there seems, indeed, to be "a destiny that shapes our ends, rough hew it how we may." And to further quote the poets, we might add in this connection, and apply it to the craftiness of Republican effort, "the best laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley." Therefore, for one, we cannot presume to guess which party will elect the next President. Under the unusual and complex circumstances we prefer leaving the important matter of high-betting and positive assertion to political prophets proper. They will no doubt soon materialize in full force and with plenty of money to bet on our bleeding country after telling us as usual in advance just which political party will surmount all our financial and commercial embarrassments and run our glorious ship of State into safe harbor before she sinks forever out of sight. It is well to remember that we have patriotic prophets of that kind alive and kicking to-day.

MOB VIOLENCE IN THE WEST.

Two Hundred and Twenty-five Freight Cars Burned by the Frenzied Strikers in Chicago.

Reports from Chicago confirm the alarming condition of affairs in that vicinity and along the line of the Pan Handle Railroad tracks. For a distance of about one mile the torch was applied to railroad property. Cars loaded with valuable freight were ignited by waste saturated with oil. Not only this, but switches were torn up and all manner of injury perpetrated that a reckless spirit of revenge could conceive of. The bunches of waste stolen from switchmen's shanties and soaked in oil made excellent torches. The seals of locked cars were broken, the doors slid back, a bunch of burning waste thrown inside, and the contents of the car, whether valuable or not, was soon consumed by the fire. Many of the cars fired were loaded with coal which when ignited, emitted a great heat. The meat, with which fifteen cars were loaded, no doubt intended for the eastern market, was also roasted too much to suit those who prefer it rare. No water could be obtained along the line of their incendiarism and consequently the fired property was all consumed.

To the credit of Americans it must be said the leaders of the mob were mostly foreigners. In their violent acts policemen were kicked and beaten by strikers, and strikers were sorely beaten by the police.

As to Federal troops, Mayor Hopkins said "they sit on top of cars; we want men who will get down upon the ground and do their duty."

As yet there is no disposition on the part of the companies to compromise, nor is there likely to be at the rate the reckless strikers are moving things.

Western agents are now in the east securing men who struck themselves out from the Lehigh Valley Company. They are engaged at \$4 per day to take the places of the western strikers. Twenty engineers left Wilkes Barre on the 6th to replace the western strikers. They are offered \$150 per month, with work guaranteed for five years.

The Federal Government is determined to enforce the injunctions of the United States courts, and to preserve the peace and protect the lives and property of individuals as she is in duty bound.

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure,' for Rheumatism and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

Chicago Rioters and the President's Proclamation.

The Illinois Militia found it necessary last Saturday to disperse the mob by firing into them. Many of them went down at the first fire; but just how many cannot be fully determined, because of the number that was carried away as either dead or wounded. A deadly volley was poured into them for persisting in the destruction of railroad property. It is thought that at least a dozen of the strikers were killed outright, while many received wounds which may prove fatal.

The trouble was begun by the mob. It was determined to burn the round-house of the Grand Trunk Railroad which was guarded by the State troops. Though the troops here dispersed them they rallied again at another point and commenced to up set freight cars and tear up the tracks, &c. Here a squad of police drove them off. The mob again rallied for mischief and destruction on Forty ninth street, where a part of them engaged the attention of the militia and the deputies while others ran freight cars into the pit of a turn-table. The men who attempted to remove their obstructions were set upon by a howling mob. It finally made a rush at the troops and fired a volley at them and the deputies. The troops resented the assault by letting them have a storm of bullets and the rioters fell right and left in utter dismay.

The great strike and all the turmoil in consequence is now denominated a deliberate conspiracy on the part of the leaders of the various labor organizations. The names of both Powderly and Coxe are associated with the scheme of a general strike which was planned long before it actually materialized. It dates back to the day when Powderly was deposed from his office as leader of the confederated labor unions, though it has not transpired just in accordance with the original plan. The plan was laid for a general strike a month after the labor Convention which ousted Powderly from the office of General Master Workman, it seems. Anticipating it, extra assessment was both levied and collected from members of the various labor unions. Coxe was to tramp on ahead and the knights of labor, 5,000 strong, were to bring up the rear, but close enough to reach Washington simultaneously with the western commonwealers. Eugene V. Debs was taken into the scheme and he at once assumed the leadership from which Powderly had been deposed. But as the best laid plans oft go astray, so it was in this case, so far as any hope of ultimate benefit to organized labor is concerned. The battle against Pullman was incidental rather than premeditated however. The internal strife and jealousy existing between labor unions seems to have unwittingly and unintentionally culminated in its most aggravated and unreasonable form against Mr. Pullman whose history is that of a most considerate and reasonable employer in all his past dealings with wage-earners.

PRESIDENTIAL PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, By reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages of persons, it has become impracticable in the judgement of the President to enforce by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings the laws of the United States within the State of Illinois, and especially in Chicago, within said State; and, WHEREAS, For the purpose of enforcing the faithful execution of the laws of the United States and protecting its property and removing obstructions to the United States mails in the State and city aforesaid, the President has employed a part of the military forces of the United States;

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby admonish all good citizens and all persons who may be or may come within the city and State aforesaid, against aiding, countenancing, encouraging or taking any part in such unlawful obstructions, combinations and assemblages; and I hereby warn all persons engaged in or in any way connected with such unlawful obstructions,

By the President, W. Q. GRESHAM, Secretary of State.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND, AND HATTER. Merchant TAILOR. SUITS FROM \$18.00. CORNER MAIN & MARKET STS. BLOOMSBURG, PA. TROUSERS FROM \$5.00.

combinations and assemblages to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes on or before twelve o'clock noon, on the ninth day of July instant.

Those who disregard this warning and persist in taking part with a riotous mob in forcibly resisting and obstructing the execution of the laws of the United States, or interfering with the functions of the government, or destroying or attempting to destroy the property belonging to the United States or under its protection, cannot be regarded otherwise than as public enemies.

Troops employed against such a riotous mob will act with all the moderation and forbearance consistent with the accomplishment of the desired end; but the necessities that confront them will not with certainty permit discrimination between guilty participants and those who are mingled with them from curiosity and without criminal intent. The only safe course therefore for those not actually unlawfully participating is to abide at their homes, or at least not to be found in the neighborhood of riotous assemblages.

While there will be no hesitation or vacillation in the decisive treatment of the guilty, this warning is especially intended to protect and save the innocent.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be hereto affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this eighth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety four, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundredth and eighteenth.

GROVER CLEVELAND. By the President, W. Q. GRESHAM, Secretary of State.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. Its a wonderful good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for Piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. 11-10-8m.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cts. Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg. 11-10-8m.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The following persons announce themselves as candidates for the offices named, subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR CONGRESS, CHARLES R. BUCKALEW, of Bloomsburg.

FOR STATE SENATOR, (24th District.) J. HENRY COCHRAN, of Lycoming County.

FOR SHERIFF, J. W. HOFFMAN, of Orange township.

FOR SHERIFF, J. B. MCHENRY, of Benton.

FOR SHERIFF, W. W. BLACK, of Greenwood Township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, E. M. TEWKSBURY, of Catawissa township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, WM. T. CREAMY, of Catawissa township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, ANDREW L. FRITZ, (North Side.)

FOR SHERIFF, G. W. HIRLEMAN, of Benton.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Curtis J. Heller, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Monday, August 13th, 1894, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of distributing and in the hands of T. M. Wintersteen, one of the administrators, as shown by his first and final accounts, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be deemed to have waived their claims.

DO YOU NEED ANY?

You must not forget we are closing out all of our summer goods now at prices away down. Don't think because it is cool now we will not have any more hot weather. Hicks says the latter part of July will bring us hotter weather than ever. Better be prepared for it.

HAVE YOU EVER SEEN OUR SHOES?

All sizes from \$5.50, \$4.50, etc., all to \$1.25. Another lot at \$1.00. It will pay you to examine them. Ladies' Oxford Ties are selling at \$1.00; they were \$1.50. Misses' are now 80c.; they were \$1.00. Best made and will give satisfaction.

Grocery Department.

We have just unloaded a car load of salt, and have it in all grades and sizes of bags, extremely cheap. It will pay you to examine it and prices before you buy. Don't forget we carry a full line of dishes and glassware, glasses all prices and designs very neat. We also carry a full line of groceries too numerous to mention, for picnics and hot weather, to prevent cooking.

Pursel & Harman, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Snyder & Magee Co. Lim. 4th and Market Sts. Bloomsburg, Pa.

We are the leaders in prices and quality. Our aim is to give you the best values for your money. Here are some of our leaders for this week:

DRY GOODS.

China and pongee silks, 29c. Ladies' lawn wrappers, 65c. each. Shirt waists, 65c. each. New striped and figured organdies, 12 1/2c. a yard. White and colored batiste, 5c. a yard.

GROCERIES.

French peas, two cans 25c. California peaches, 15c. a can. California honey, 3 lbs. for 25c. Pickled, 3 bottles for 25c. Pickled pork, 3 lbs. for 25c. Water crackers, 4 lbs. for 25c.

Have you tried our 25c. tea? It is equal to any 60c. tea purchased elsewhere. Mason's quart jars, guaranteed first quality, with porcelain lined caps, 42c. per dozen. Call early, they sell rapidly.

Snyder & Magee Co., Limited, FOURTE AND MARKET STREETS. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla Cures. Hood's Pills are gentle, mild and effective. SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN