

MISCELLANEOUS.

—Landlord—"You should always pay as you go, young man." Impeccable Boarder—"True; but I don't intend to go for six months yet."—Boston Gazette.

—A Kansas man, whose name is Pants, is called Trousers by his eastern relatives. Such acts in the west are regarded as breaches of good breeding.

—Nortonville (Kan.) News. —The paper in the Bank of England notes costs exactly one cent each. No note is ever issued from the bank a second time. On its return it is recorded, kept a certain period, and then destroyed.

—Miggs—"Why do you call your dog Penny, Briggs?" Briggs—"Because he was one sent to me. Why do you call yours Tonley?" Miggs—"Because he's a mixture of steel, bark and whine."—Boston Courier.

—The ruins of Pompeii are said to be so vast that they cannot all be excavated at the ordinary rate of progress, before the middle of the next century. Many more interesting discoveries will undoubtedly be made there.

—Aunt Ella—"You'll have to take Fido back, I'm afraid. The sign says, 'No dogs allowed in the park.'" Eva—"But, auntie, Fido is not a loud dog. He's the most silentest little fellow in the world."—Harper's Young People.

—Little Hilda's grandmother, exercised in her mind as to the child's apparent lack of conscientiousness—"But, Hilda, you knew these choicelates were not yours!" "Yes, grandma; and all the time I was eating them I was asking God to forgive me."—Working Woman's Journal.

—Several years ago John S. Hough, of Rahway, N. J., played the Good Samaritan to a poor man who was prostrated with typhus fever, and nursed him through the disease. The poor man went to California, became wealthy and has just died, leaving a fortune of \$800,000 to Mr. Hough.

—A strange apple tree, which is known to have been 143 years old, was destroyed by a recent storm, on the property of Mrs. Della Hotchkiss, in Cheshire, Conn. It bore fruit every year, but only on one side each year. The side that bore one year would be barren the next. It yielded 110 bushels a side.

—Rebekah's brother's name was Laban, and the name of Abigail's husband was Nabal, which is simply Laban reversed. The nineteenth chapter of II. Kings and the thirty-seventh chapter of Isaiah are alike, with the exception that verse 15 of the former chapter comprises verses 15 and 16 of the latter.

—The River St. Lawrence, it is estimated, covers 90,000 square miles; and so nearly the whole of this area averages 600 feet in depth, the aggregate volume of water cannot be much short of 10,800 solid miles. It is computed that a body of water of this size would require more than 48 years to pass over the Falls of Niagara at the rate of 1,000,000 cubic feet in a second.

—Pasquino was a celebrated mutilated statue in Rome, so called from a witty tailor of that name who kept a shop near by and was given to entertaining his customers with the gossip and scandal of the day. Upon the pedestal of this statue were affixed pungent criticisms on passing events, squibs and sarcasms, from which the term pasquinade is derived.

—There is a steady demand for walnut timber and purchasers are scouring the Atlantic coast region in search of large trees. While metallic coffins, usually called caskets by the undertakers, have displaced walnut coffins, the wood is increasingly applied to other uses. The trees are scarce in most parts of the east and many are jealously guarded against ax and saw.

—According to expert calculations the Coliseum of Rome seated 87,000 spectators, while 60,000 more could have found standing room. The external circumference of the Coliseum as it stands to-day is 1,728 feet, its long diameter 615 feet, its short diameter 310 feet. The arena is 279 by 296 feet, and the height of the building 150 feet. There is still standing four stories of the original structure. It was, in all probability, the largest building of auditorium arrangement ever known.

—Some time since the state board of horticulture of California imported some Australian lady bugs with the design of pitting them against the black scale bug, which has been creating great havoc in the orchards in the southern part of the state for some years. The board announced last week that the lady bug has proved a perfect success in its work of exterminating the black scale bug, and colonies will be sent out to orchardists, who will turn them loose on the common enemy. The board is also cultivating a colony of the red scale parasite for the same purpose, and expects good results.

—United States Columbian postage stamps are in great demand by philatelists all over the world. The stamps are issued in the denominations of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30 and 50 cents, and \$1, \$2, \$3, \$4 and \$5. It cost \$16.26 to purchase a complete set, but such purchases are frequently made by collectors or their agents. It is easy of course for persons in this country to obtain the stamps of the smaller denominations. It is a difficult matter, however, to obtain those of the larger denominations unless they are purchased from the government, and it is said that when they have been canceled they may be sold here for 75 per cent of their original cost.

—The Tabard was an ancient inn formerly situated in Southwark, London, the traditional "hostelry where 'haucer and the other pilgrims met, and, with their host, accorded about the manner of their journey to Canterbury.'" The buildings of Chaucer's time have disappeared, but were standing in 1602; the oldest now remaining is of the age of Elizabeth, and the most interesting portion is a stone-colored wooden gallery, in front of which is a picture of the Canterbury pilgrimage, said to have been painted by Blake, instead of the ancient sign of the Tabard, the ignorant landlord put up about the year 1676, the sign of Talbot, which it now bears.

OWL AND TURTLE MEET.

The Hungry Bird Made a Mistake in Doing Too Pressing.

A few days ago J. F. Pafford and a party of friends went to the Big Sandy, a large, sluggish stream in Benton county, Tenn., on a fishing excursion. They carried a wagon tent, and the usual camp equipage. The river is full of logs and brush, and cannot be seined readily, and it abounds in very fine fish of every variety found in that section, and especially in the Tennessee, of which it is a tributary.

The other night Pafford was sitting sleepily on the bank, about one hundred yards below the camp fire, watching his lines. The moon cast a silver light on the placid stream, made brighter by the foliage on either bank. Opposite to where he lay, about fifty yards distant, a large tree had fallen into the water. On the body of this the turtle would lazily watch the



"HOW ARE YOU, OLD FRIEND?"

maneuvers of the fishermen, when not otherwise engaged in stealing their bait. An old fellow, probably a foot in diameter, had crawled up on the log, prepared to spend the night, when suddenly a large owl lit on a limb that projected from the trunk just above the turtle. The latter slipped noiselessly into the water. His owlship merely turned his head, keeping his position.

After a few moments the turtle returned. The owl watched him fully five minutes, and then commenced edging his way down the limb. The movement could not be detected except by locating the position with some fixed object beyond. Presently it came to the body of the tree, and then commenced moving sideways by the same slow motion toward the turtle, whose side it soon reached. The turtle drew out its long neck to the uttermost, took a look at its owlship, and resumed its previous position of rest. The owl cocked his head toward the turtle, as much as to say: "How are you, old friend?" Then the owl resumed his side movement, forcing the turtle slowly up the log. The turtle would move two or three inches at a time and settle down. The owl approached slowly until its body came in contact with that of the turtle, when the latter would move again.

This was continued until the owl had pushed the turtle about four feet, and to the end of the log, which was above the water about four feet.

At the end of the log the turtle manifested a disposition to remain where he was, and turned itself around with his head facing the owl. The latter raised its wings just a little and let them down suddenly, but the turtle didn't frighten worth a cent. Presently the owl outstretched its monstrous wings over the turtle. In a second there was a scream of pain from the owl. The bird arose from the log to the height of thirty feet, then darted across the stream, striking the ground with a thud that was heard fifty yards above. Pafford rushed to the spot and caught them. The turtle had seized him by the wing, close to the body, and held on with a tenacity worthy of a bulldog. The turtle measured eleven inches across the back, and the owl three feet from tip to tip. The latter was of the horned variety.

IT WAS FOR RUM.

He Had a Gold-Filled Tooth Extracted and Sold the Metal.

Of all odd ways to "raise the wind" that taken by a well-known character at Shelton, near New Haven, Conn., a day or two ago was by far the oddest yet heard of.

The man had "blown in" nearly all his ready cash, and being in the condition where his system seemed to demand more of the fiery liquid for which he was squandering his worldly possessions.

Proceeded to demolish the tooth.

Proceeded to demolish the tooth.

Proceeded to demolish the tooth.

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Hog Raising.

At present prices the hog is the most profitable animal the farmer can raise. The truth of this statement is generally recognized that next year the market will doubtless be glutted with hog products. This should induce farmers to pause and consider that animals which are to-day bringing good prices will then be almost unsalable. But there is always room at the top. First-class pork will always command a good price. The farmer should select the breed best fitted to his conditions and give the most intelligent care to the breeding and feeding of his animals. Nicely striped lean and fat pork is the kind in demand, and the farmer must feed with this object in view.

Pigs eat such a variety of food that they are a very economical stock to keep as they consume much that would otherwise go to waste, and the discovery of the good properties of wheat as a food for stock has helped solve the feeding question. Wheat is not a perfect ration, but it is a decided improvement on corn and is excellent for young and growing stock, which are not so likely to be stunted if overfed with it as they are with corn. This is a serious point, for the moment an animal stops growing he begins to lose money for his owner.

No better preparation for the hair has ever been invented than Ayer's Hair Vigor. It restores the original color to faded and gray hair, and imparts that natural gloss and freshness, everyone so much admires. Its reputation is world-wide.

Cream—not Skim Milk.

Every farmer and villager, their wives and boys and girls, will be interested in the big little, cream-not-skim-milk paper, the FARM JOURNAL, of Philadelphia. Its 200,000 subscribers are scattered from Maine to Washington, and from Michigan to Texas. It's breezy, crisp, boiled-down pages contain as much information in the course of the year as many of the high-priced weeklies; while its earnest, manly tone and its bright and common sense way of treating farm matters leaves a good and lasting taste in one's mouth. The subscription price is 50 cents a year. We have made arrangements with the publisher by which he will send it one full year free, to all who promptly pay up for our paper. Sample copies will be sent free by addressing a postal request to FARM JOURNAL, Philadelphia, Pa. 10-6-2-m.

No better aid to digestion, No better cure for dyspepsia, Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

The protective tariff on iron ore is 75 cents per ton, says the Mauch Chunk Democrat. About a ton and a half is an average day's work of an ore miner, and therefore his wages, according to the McKinley doctrine, are protected to the amount of \$1.12½ per day. And if it were true that protection protects labor and makes wages, then surely the hard working iron ore miners of Lehigh and old Berks should be good for at least \$2.50 per day. But, what do they get? Let this simple announcement from the Lehigh region answer:

"The ore miners at Minesite, Lehigh county, get 70 cents per day; a reduction of 10 cents a day has just been made."

It seems very difficult to believe that any considerable number of miners and laborers can be deluded by the played-out "protection" fraud much longer.

Let Congress hurry up the tariff reform bill with iron ore and all other raw materials on the free list.

Mrs. S. W. White Tells of a family blessing.

Thus she writes to Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered for 10 years with female complaints of the worst form, accompanied by severe spinal trouble, causing incessant backache, weakness of the stomach, and nervousness.

"I gave up all hope of ever being well again. Just then I began to take:—

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I followed your directions and treatment until I am now a perfectly well woman.

"I gave it to my two daughters, aged 14 and 16 years, and they are fine, healthy girls.

"It is surely a blessing to our family."—816 Holly St., West Philadelphia, Pa.

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.

DEAFNESS A BIRD SINGS FROM THE... 14-10-11

Sleighs!

Sleighs!

Sleighs!

We have just received an invoice of new sleighs. Stylish PORTLAND CUTTERS, Comfortable SWELL BODIES, Light and Heavy BOB SLEDS. The material and workmanship are the best, and the prices as low as the lowest.

Don't wait to buy a sleigh until the good sleighing comes, for the supply is limited.

D. W. KITCHEN, BLOOMSBURG, Penna.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Winter Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The final arrangements are now made by the Tourist Bureau of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the running of its personally-conducted tours for the coming season. First and foremost in point of magnitude and attractiveness come those to California and Florida. The dates for the former are January 31st and February 22d. The first date has been selected so that en route to the glorious westernmost State of the Union the Mardi Gras festivities at New Orleans may be enjoyed by the tourists.

California will command unusual attention this winter by reason of the Mid-winter Exposition to be held at San Francisco. This exhibition promises almost to rival the late World's Fair in completeness. Many Eastern people have already decided to attend.

Florida, always a popular haven, still justly asserts its claim as the most delightful part of our country in which to pass the inclement months of the year. Five tours will be run there, January 30th, February 27th, March 13th, and March 25th, have been chosen as the starting dates. \$50 from New York, \$48 from Philadelphia, and an equally low rate from other points will cover all expenses en route.

Old Point Comfort appeals strongly to those not caring to journey further from home, and on December 26th, this historic spot will be visited by a special tour. Last come the tours to Washington, D. C., on December 14th and 28th, January 18th, February 8th, March 1st and 22d, April 12th, and May 3d and 24th.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's guarantee that thorough and satisfactory methods will be pursued in conducting these trips needs no additional testimonial.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cts. Sold by C. A. Kleim, Druggist, Bloomsburg, 11-10-8m.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cleanses, purifies and heals. It was made for that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions and if you have piles use it for them.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Bloomsburg Steam Dye Works,

on West St. between 2nd and 3rd, are now prepared to do all kinds of

Mens' Suits, Ladies' Dresses and Coats,

Shawls, and every description of wearing apparel. Also, we do scouring, cleaning and pressing of goods that do not need dyeing, and make them clean and sweet as new.

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