

FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1893.

WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, June 19, 1893.

The President has been suffering from an attack of rheumatism for several days, which taken in connection with the knowledge that he has been dieting himself for some time to reduce his flesh, which notwithstanding the enormous quantity of the hardest sort of work he constantly does, has been increasing, was made the foundation for numerous sensational rumors concerning his general health. Your correspondent is assured by those who know that Mr. Cleveland's general health, barring the rheumatism, is excellent. He expects, in company with Mrs. Cleveland and baby Ruth to leave Washington tomorrow or next day for his Buzzard Bay cottage, where Mrs. Cleveland and Ruth will spend the summer. Mr. Cleveland will return to Washington within a week or ten days, possibly sooner, and will remain, making occasional visits to Buzzard Bay until the last of July when he expects to go for at least a month's stay. The fact that he expects to spend the month of August away from Washington effectually disposed of the rumored earlier calling of the extra session of Congress, a rumor that probably had its origin in the wishes of those who have been here clamoring for an immediate extra session.

The coroner's jury has nearly completed its task of investigating the Ford's Theatre catastrophe, and its verdict is looked forward to with great interest. It is well nigh certain that it will blame Col. Ainsworth for contributory negligence, if for nothing worse. In that case the grand jury will probably indict Ainsworth for manslaughter, and its finding will necessarily carry some weight with the Army Court of Inquiry which will look into the matter this week. Col. Ainsworth is still at the head of the Records and Pension Office of the War Department, and owing to the peculiar conditions surrounding the position, would still be the legal head of the office and continue to draw his salary, even if he were suspended by the President, as he may be before the end of this week. Ainsworth is a Colonel in the Army, but he has neither regiment nor command; he is not in the line of promotion and cannot be transferred to other duties by the President, and he is the only man in the army who cannot be removed from the army by Court Martial, and so long as he remains in the army it is doubtful whether the President has authority to appoint any other man chief of the Records and Pension Office, although he can designate another army officer to perform the duties temporarily. A little political tinge has been given the matter by the appearance of Senator Proctor as the special champion of Ainsworth.

Although Secretary Gresham will neither affirm nor deny the statement that Minister Blount has resigned, those who know the intentions of Mr. Blount say it is true, and the presence of Hon. Proctor Knott, of Kentucky, in Washington, has caused the belief that he will be his successor.

Twenty army officers have been detailed, under the act of July 1892, to act as Indian agents. There was considerable difficulty in finding officers willing to serve and the President did not care to detail men for the duty against their wishes.

When next pension day comes around there will be some disagreeably surprised men, among those who will apply for their checks at several of the Pension agencies throughout the country. The failure to receive the customary check will be the first notice these men will have that they have been dropped from the pension roll as a result of the examination now being conducted by a select committee of examiners, of all the pensions granted under Raum's construction of the act of 1890. Although this work has just commenced many names have already been dropped and many more will follow. The men who are being dropped by this committee are not strictly speaking fraudulent pensioners, although they have drawn public money to which they were not entitled. The wrong was committed by Raum in so construing the law as to make them eligible for pensions, and for that reason it is not probable that any attempt will be made to recover the money already paid to those who have been or will be dropped, as will be done in cases where the pensioner got on the roll by fraudulent acts of his own.

Congressman Tucker, of Virginia, says "If Mr. Carlisle keeps on the way

he has begun he will be the ideal of democracy and their candidate for the Presidency in 1896. He has done two things that commend him mightily to the popular favor—the replacing of republican officials with democrats and his refusing to be bullied into issuing bonds.

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia, bad breath, constipation and biliousness. W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

The Reading's Plan Probably a Failure.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—Assents to the Philadelphia and Reading railroad readjustment plan came in lively this morning and at eleven o'clock the aggregates were \$28,500,000 in general mortgage bonds and 319,000 shares of stock. At the close yesterday the totals were \$26,915,000 and 285,000 shares of stock.

Up to this evening the holders of \$30,400,000 general mortgage bonds and 381,600 shares of stock had signified their assent to the plan. The amount assented to in New York today was not known in the Reading office. The additional assents in London after three p. m. to-day are also yet to be heard from and assents sent by mail to the Reading office will not reach there until to-morrow morning. The privilege granted to security holders expired at midnight to-night, but the adoption or rejection of the plan will not be known until the special meeting of the board of managers to be held to-morrow.

The fate of the plan seems now to depend on to-days assents in New York. It is the general belief that the number of shares of stock still needed will be found to be assented to in New York, but that the total amount of bonds assented will fall short of the required \$41,823,000 by several millions.

All signs point to the failure of the plan and a number of the most prominent members of the syndicate stated this afternoon that they had abandoned all hope of its adoption, owing to the apparently unconquerable opposition of the New York bond-holders.

In event of failure to receive the requisite number of assents there is a bare possibility that the management will decide to-morrow to extend the time for assenting for another week or two. It would be possible to do so, as the underwriting syndicate are bound by the agreement which they signed until August 1, and if the managers so desire they could extend the time until that date.

The meeting reassembled at three o'clock and after a brief session adjourned until to-morrow.

"It has cured others and will cure you" is true only of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The motto suits the medicine and the medicine the motto. What better assurance could you have that a remedy will cure you, than the fact that it has cured such multitudes of others?

Bills Vetoed and Signed.

SEVERAL MEASURES ARE DISPOSED OF BY GOVERNOR PATTISON.

The Governor has vetoed the House bill to secure to mechanics, journeymen and laborers the right to file liens against real estate for the amount of wages due for work or labor done in and about the erection or construction thereof.

Governor says: "The effect of this bill would be to very materially extend the operation of the mechanics' lien law, which is at present liberal and far reaching. Under the proposed act all mechanics, journeymen, or laborers employed in and about the erection or construction of any building or buildings would be entitled to file a lien against them under certain conditions. Such a bill would subject persons letting buildings out by contract to great harassment and oppression. As a rule, mechanics, journeymen and laborers employed in and about such buildings are protected by prompt weekly or bi-monthly payment of their wages. Labor is fairly entitled to every just protection which the law can throw around it, and I am heartily in sympathy with all measures looking to that end."

"The preference which the laws of Pennsylvania at present give to the wages of labor in executions, in the distribution of decedents' estates and under other conditions, are well merited and commendable to our legislation. The effect of the present law, however, would, in my judgment, ultimately be to hinder and obstruct improvements, to place property-owners and builders at a disadvantage and subject them to injury and imposition. Mechanics, journeymen and laborers would, in all probability, be required to waive their rights before being employed and would be hindered, rather than helped, by the general operations of this law."

These bills were approved: Validating partitions of real estate in cases of testacy made in Orphans' Courts prior to the act of June 9, 1889; extending the provisions of the act limiting the time for the completion of railroads by corporations organized by purchasers at judicial sales so as to embrace corporations organized by purchasers of railroads at sales under

or by virtue of powers of sale contained in mortgages or deeds of trust without any process or decree of court; compensating Frank B. Reese, a member of Company B, Thirteenth Regiment, during the time of his disability produced by typhoid fever, which he contracted in the service at Homestead; authorizing the formation of companies for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same or any of them, also mineral spring companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling mineral springs water; appropriating \$1,500 to mark with a permanent monument the point known as Cherry Tree or Canoe Place, the boundary line of the counties of Indiana, Cambria and Clearfield; appropriating \$2,000 to pay the indebtedness of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania; appropriating \$1,500 to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania.

There is no excuse for any man to appear in society with a grizzly beard since the introduction of Buckingham's Dye, which colors a natural brown or black.

Will Boycott Legislators.

NOT IN FAVOR OF LEGISLATION BENEFICIAL TO RAILROAD EMPLOYEES.

The Steam railroad men's union held a meeting in Scranton, June 18, for the purpose of organizing a legislative board to examine candidates for the legislature and ascertain their views on questions of interest to railroad employees. None but members of other railroad organizations are admitted to membership in the union now represents 125,000 members.

Delegates were present from 186 local lodges throughout the state and a resolution was adopted pledging the members not to vote for any candidate who was not in favor of legislation that will benefit the railroad employees.

If you can afford to be annoyed by sick headache and constipation, don't use DeWitt's Little Early Risers for these little pills will cure them. W. S. Rishton, Druggist.

A Long Litigation Advances Another Step.

REPORT OF C. O. DORSHEIMER, MASTER IN EQUITY, IN THE CASE OF M. C. MERCUR ET AL. VERSUS STATE LINE & SULLIVAN RAILROAD COMPANY.

A piece of wild land in Sullivan county containing only about one hundred and two acres, but with coal thereon, has been productive of much litigation. Two cases have already been adjudicated in the Supreme Court, and the equity case in which C. O. Dorsheimer, Esq., Master and Examiner, has just filed two reports may yet require to be adjudicated there.

When the late Hon. George D. Jackson died the title of this coal land all appeared to be in his heirs. A bill in equity in Bradford county ensued, in which James H. Coddling, Esq., Master and Examiner, made a clear and able report. The Court below and the Supreme Court sustained the findings of law and fact of the Master, and the title of the land was found to be in all the heirs of Josiah Jackson. Six years before this decision of the Supreme Court, or about 1881, the State Line & Sullivan Company with M. C. Mercur, had become owners of one-third of this coal field, and in their mining operations had reached a point where they wished to take out their neighbors' coal too. Litigation resulted in an order for appointment of James Macfarlane, deceased, as Receiver, until the title should be settled, on a basis of ten cents a ton royalty. This order made by Judge Ingham was hotly contested by the Jackson heirs, including Mrs. Emily L. Patrick, late of Towanda, who had also become the owner by purchase of the interest of her brother, Hon. B. Rush Jackson. The executrix of George D. Jackson, deceased, also contested the validity of the purchase by Mrs. Patrick of her brother's interest as being in fraud of the creditors of said brother. In 1889, when Judge Sitzer came on the bench, he appointed H. N. Williams, Esq., Master and Examiner, with power not only to pass on the value of the coal, and also the disputed question of fraud in the purchase of the interest of B. Rush Jackson, but with a still higher power of passing on the validity of the order of Judge Ingham in fixing the royalty at ten cents a ton. In 1890, Mr. Williams, in view of the magnitude of the case, with the concurrence of the attorneys, appointed C. M. Hall stenographer to take the very technical testimony, and was also assisted by Benjamin Kuykendall, Jr. The untimely death of Mr. Williams before his conclusions had been reached, rendered the appointment of Mr. Dorsheimer necessary.

Mr. Dorsheimer in a long and very able report finds that the title of Mrs. Emily L. Patrick was not fraudulent at all, but a bona fide business purchase; that the court did exceed its powers in fixing a price of ten cents a ton royalty; that twelve cents a ton everything considered, was a fair royalty for the State Line and Sullivan Company to pay for the coal they

mined from 1881 to 1886 from this Jackson tract.

Colonel E. Overton, Mercur & Mercur, and Hon. J. F. Sanderson were attorneys in these cases for the State Line & Sullivan Company and the George D. Jackson interests. D. C. DeWitt, R. J. Thomson, Hon. William Elwell, and Geo. E. Elwell represented the Jackson heirs and Mrs. Patrick. In the cases adjudicated in the Supreme Court Hon. William Jessup was also engaged.—Towanda Journal.

Pennsylvania People Benefitted.

MRS. CARRIE BOUTON GAINED IN FLESH 68 LBS. TO 121 LBS. BY THE USE OF A SIMPLE REMEDY.

MEN AND WOMEN INTERESTED.

"It is astonishing," said one of our physicians the other evening, "how many of the ordinary diseases people suffer from come from the one cause—excess of uric acid in the blood. To discover a medicine that would dissolve this acid has puzzled thousands of the best men of the medical profession, until Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., produced what is known the world over as Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. The great value we place in Favorite Remedy comes from the fact that it is the only medicine that will effectually dissolve this acid thus curing rheumatism, dyspepsia, kidney, liver and urinary troubles and the sicknesses women suffer from. These and many more troubles all come from the one cause, as I said before, this death-dealing uric acid."

Perhaps there has been no one person in Wyoming Co., Pa., that has suffered more than Mrs. Carrie Bouton, formerly of Schottsville, but now of Harvey's Lake, Luzerne Co. Mrs. Bouton, in relating her restoration to health, said: "From a growing girl I suffered from female trouble or weakness peculiar to my sex. Several physicians prescribed for me but I found no relief. I was reduced in flesh down to 68 pounds. By accident I heard of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and determined to try it, and to my great joy I began to realize that I had found a medicine that was doing me good. I think I had used five bottles when I found that I weighed 121½ pounds and was better in health than I ever was before."

Inquiry among Mrs. Bouton's neighbors shows that she states nothing but the facts in regard to her case. Many other instances of the kind are widely talked of in Schottsville, Tunkhannock, Wilkesbarre and other places where Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy has effected many cures after physicians had given up hope.

"But," says one of our prominent druggists, "Favorite Remedy is equally efficacious in other diseases, as talks with people I have sold Favorite Remedy to affirm. To my knowledge right in our town Favorite Remedy has cured people suffering from rheumatism, dyspepsia, kidney, liver and urinary troubles."

Since the publication in one of the New York medical journals of the case of Mr. E. P. Tayer, of East Nassau, N. Y., Dr. Kennedy's Favorite

Hood's Cures



Waiting for the Last Day

And Praying God to Take Care of My Children

After the Grip-Nervous Prostration, Indigestion, Female Troubles

"In February, 1891, my health began to fail fast, and in June I was much debilitated and was taken with spasms followed by Nervous Prostration. The cause of my decline was an attack of the Grip and a train of other troubles peculiar to my sex. In the fall I was unable to attend to anything, and all winter was very miserable. At one time I was so nervous that for three weeks I walked the floor day and night. I could not sleep. I could not get any help. The world looked

Dark and Dreary I was just waiting for my last day to come; and all I could do was to pray God to take care of my children. But I saw an advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and something about it led me to decide to try this medicine. I said to myself, this will be the last medicine I will ever try. But I had not long to wait, for after I had taken but half a bottle when my head began to feel better, and by the time the first bottle was gone my head was perfectly well. The black dizziness gradually disappeared. I found I could eat vegetables which for a year I had not dared to touch. I have taken 3 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and do my work on a large

Hood's Cures

Sarsaparilla farm. There are 6 in my family besides hired men. I have not had one day's help this summer, and I owe all my recovery and present health to Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. MAGGIE BAJER, Clearfield, Pa.

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

RUSSET SHOES,



H. J. Clark's Building, Main street.

TENNIS SHOES,

BASE BALL SHOES.

Remedy has been increasing in sale. Mr. Tayer had suffered for fifteen years with inflammatory rheumatism. His case was practically abandoned by his physicians. Favorite Remedy was brought to his notice and in less than three months after its use he was a well man.

In commenting on this case Dr. W. H. Morse, of New York City, says: "The great good in Favorite Remedy lies in its power to dissolve this deadly uric acid. In cases of dyspepsia, eczema, scrofula or any urinary diseases I have never known it to fail, when taken according to directions. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is not only used by physicians now but can be found on sale by every medicine dealer.—Wilkes-Barre (Pa.) Times.

Skirts are Decreasing in Width.

The crinoline craze has run a very brief and rapid course, and it is pleasant to record that already skirts are decreasing in width. Many women who experimented with the crinoline interlining have found it so stiff, unwieldy, and heavy, that they have sent their gowns back to their dressmakers to have the crinoline removed. The double and triple skirts, or the effect of these simulated by trimming, should be avoided by short or stout women; for them vertical lines of trimming are chosen, or the garniture is confined to the bottom of the gown.—From "Review of Fashions," in Demorest's Family Magazine for July.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys.—It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c. per bottle. Sold by C. A. Klein.

A Great Bargain.

One of the very best water power flour and grist mills on big Fishing-creek with two buildings, re-w machinery, with good buildings, and other out buildings all in good order, and nine acres of land for sale cheap on easy payments by J. H. MAIZE, Insurance and Real Estate Agt., 3-31 tf. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures burns.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures sores.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures ulcers. W. S. Rishton, Druggist, 17

CANDIDATES.

The following persons announce their names as candidates under the rules of the Democratic party of Columbia County, and subject to the action of the Democratic County convention to be held on Tuesday, August 9th, 1893.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY, THOMAS B. HANLY, of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER, JOHN B. CASEY, of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, A. B. CROOP, of Briar creek township.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, J. R. FOWLER, of Pine township.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER, CHARLES B. ENT, of Scott township.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, JOSEPH P. DEWITT, of Greenwood township.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, C. A. KLEIM, of Bloomsburg.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS, G. M. QUICK, of Bloomsburg.

BICYCLE SHOES,



H. J. Clark's Building, Main street.

TENNIS SHOES,

BASE BALL SHOES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, I. J. HESS, of Centre township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER JOHN N. GORDON, of Montour township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, CHARLES REICHAET, of Main township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, G. M. IKELER, of Mt. Pleasant township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, J. G. SWANK, of Mifflin Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, CORNELIUS FETTERMAN, of Locust Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, MAHLON HAMLIN, of Catawissa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court the undersigned administrators of the estate of David Phillips will expose to public sale on the premises in Madison township, Columbia county, on

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1893, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate:

TRACT NO. 1. A certain tract of land in Jerseytown, Madison township aforesaid, on State road leading from Bloomsburg to Suney, described as follows: Beginning at a stake on line of land of George Nephew, running thence along said state road 27 1/2 degrees west 12 and 2-10 perches to a stake, thence south 52 1/2 degrees west 13 and 3-10 perches to a stake, thence north 43 degrees west 9 and 5-10 perches to a stake, thence south 23 degrees east 17 and 3-10 perches to a stake, thence north 23 degrees east 17 and 3-10 perches to a post, thence south 17 1/2 degrees east 8 and 8-10 perches to a post, thence north 52 degrees east 13 and 7-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 5 acres and 112 perches, a draft of which is annexed to petition wherein is erected a two-story frame DWELLING HOUSE.

TRACT NO. 2. A tract or vacant lot adjoining tract No. 1, above described, on the west being 80 feet fronting on said state road, and 167 feet deep or thereabouts, containing about one-fourth of an acre.

TERMS OF SALE. Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

B. F. FRUIT, GEO. F. WATSON, Administrators, Jerseytown, Pa. R. Buckingham, Att'y. 6-3-93.

Old IDEAS Exploded.



It is a time honored Idea with certain people that they must pay way-up prices in order to get good watches, clocks, jewelry & silverware.

These Ideas we are exploding every day. We will convince you of the error if you will drop into our store. Articles bought of us will be engraved without extra charge.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and Optical repairing neatly and promptly done and guaranteed satisfactory.

We are closing out our line of Fishing tackle, Base balls and bats at very low prices. A rare chance to secure Bargains. A full line of staple and fancy Stationery on hand at

Hess Bros. Bloom St. Bloomsburg, Pa.