

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1892.

**STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET**  
FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.  
GEORGE A. ALLEN, Erie.  
THOMAS P. MERRITT, Berks.  
FOR SUPREME JUDGE.  
CHRISTOPHER HEYDRICK, Venango.  
FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE.  
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT, Tioga.  
JNO. C. BULLITT, Philadelphia.  
THOMAS B. KENNEDY, Franklin.  
DAVID T. WATSON, Allegheny.  
FOR DISTRICT ELECTORS.  
Samuel G. Thompson, Clem't R. Walnwright,  
Adam S. Conway, Charles H. Lafayette,  
W. Redwood Wright, George R. Guss,  
John O. James, William Moran,  
James Duffey, Charles D. Brock,  
S. W. Trimmer, Samuel S. Leiby,  
Azar Lathrop, T. C. Hipple,  
Thomas Chalfant, W. D. Himmereich,  
P. H. Strubinger, H. B. Piper,  
Joseph D. Orr, Charles A. Fagan,  
Andrew A. Payton, John D. Braden,  
Michael Leibell, Thomas McDowell,  
J. K. P. Hall.

The Bradford Argus, published at Towanda by our old friend E. Ashman Parsons, is showing marked evidences of prosperity and energy. It will appear this week in an enlarged form, and printed on a new press. The Argus is one of the oldest papers of the northern tier, and is always bright and newsy. Success to it.

The Washington Post says that the New York Delegates selected by Senator Hill to go to the Democratic National Convention are going to Chicago with an anything-to-beat Cleveland gleam in their eyes. For this reason the Post insists that it is folly to suppose that these Hill delegates can ever be brought to see the propriety of turning in for Mr. Cleveland. If the Post will run its eye over the names of the New York delegation it will find that there are some eminent professors of practical politics in the list. When they hold out their Hill platter to the Convention, and are told that they must accept Cleveland or the choice of Cleveland's friends in some other part of the Union, they will do a heap of considering. Cleveland is not a bad man, and the New Yorkers know it; none better than Senator Hill.—E.

**The New State Cashier.**

GEORGE MORRISON TAYLOR APPOINTED BY TREASURER-ELECT MORRISON.  
George Morrison Taylor, who has been selected to fill the post of cashier under the new State Treasurer, Mr. Morrison, is about twenty-nine years old. He is a Pennsylvanian, and was born in North Liberty, Mercer county. For many years he has been connected with the Treasury department of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, holding a very responsible position. He is a son of Dr. William Taylor, who was formerly treasurer of all the Pennsylvania Railroad company. Mr. Taylor has never held a political office. His practical experience with intricate financial accounts in the treasury department of the railroad company admirably equips him for the exciting duties of his new position. While Mr. Taylor has always been a staunch Republican, he has never taken an active interest in politics.

**Freer Trade, Lower Prices.**

The chief Republican organ, in dilating upon the wonders of reciprocity, punches two big holes in the bulwarks of the protective system. It shows that, as a result of the removal of the duties on American flour in Cuba and the West Indies, "not only has the price of food products been lowered, but the purchasing power of the islands' chief products has been increased." Reciprocity, it is said, "has cheapened food and reduced the cost of living," and increased trade and the consumption of grain food.

**True Democrat.**

**OUT OF THE ASHES.**

One of the most remarkable instances of energy and push was shown last week by the Philadelphia Times when with its office completely destroyed on Wednesday night, it appeared next morning in its usual form, as bright and newsy as ever. It is temporarily issued from the Record office. Six lives were lost in the burning of the Central Theatre, all members of the company. Several more have died in hospitals since, from their injuries. The two banks of Towanda carry over \$1,400,000 on deposit. That town is the business center of Bradford county.

**DEMOCRATS FOR REVENUE ONLY.**

BRIARCREEK TOWNSHIP, May 2, 1892.  
*Editors Columbian:* I have been watching for some time past the controversies going on in the different newspapers between our prominent democratic politicians, and can not see what good can be done by such newspaper articles. It looks to me like a petty wrangle between a few principals in which the great bulk of the party have no interest whatever. It seems like an effort of personal gain rather than party advantage. A maximum of one of our prominent generals was first divide the forces of the enemy then conquer them! In fact I have been informed that the editor of the Republican has been furnishing information to be used against some of our prominent democrats and this information is written up for publication in the columns of one of our democratic papers. Now what good is this to the democratic party? How much will these controversies help to increase our democratic majority? Now let me analyze the situation as we farmers see it. Mr. Krickbaum is posing as the friend of Governor Pattison and Ex-President Cleveland, but we fail to find a single person who ever heard of him make a speech for either of them. I have made inquiry of some of the committee and can not find that he ever helped to organize the party to get out the vote. Yet when Pattison was elected Governor in 1882, he was serving a second term as Prothonotary, which completed six consecutive years at a salary of about \$2500 a year. When Pattison was again nominated for Governor in 1890, Mr. Krickbaum was a candidate for the Legislature for a second term at a salary of \$1500, and stationery and postage, besides a free railroad pass; yet he could not afford any time to help organize to get out the vote.

Speaking of holding office, makes me recall a remarkable matter of history. During the last twenty-six years, Mr. Krickbaum has held some office, either elective or appointed for twenty-two years, and because he could not be elected for a third time as Prothonotary, he bolted the ticket, and tried to elect the nominee of the republican party and has ever since been hearing his abuse upon those who dared to vote against him, and if we mistake not, he is now a candidate for the Legislature for the third time, or for any other office he can get. The information, however, reaches me that Mr. Vanderslice is the author of these articles. What! Great Goodness!! can it be possible that he has come back from Kansas, to write to the honest farmers of this county, after his vote on the Pittsburg riot bill. We are slow to believe it, but when we look back at the election for Secretary of the Agricultural Society in January and find that nearly every employee of the Sentinel office had been made a voting member of the Society, and did vote for Vanderslice, it looks very much as if Mr. Krickbaum had taken him in as a silent partner. It might be that he is hired to write this abuse, because he failed to be elected Secretary, and he has no other employment. The members of the Agricultural Society were not so considerate, or they would not have defeated him; but then they probably had not forgotten that when Vanderslice was formerly Secretary he appropriated to his own use a large number of tickets and distributed them to his friends. I have noticed that Campbell, Snyder, and Buckingham have been accused of being enemies of Governor Pattison. I know that each of these gentlemen made speeches in the County during the campaign of 1890, and that the people have had sufficient confidence in them as democrats to elect them to serve office of trust or responsibility. Mr. Krickbaum has lately been chosen as delegate to the democratic national convention, and I cannot understand why he allows these attacks to be made upon prominent democrats. It looks to us as if it was a question of the spoils of the party—Democrats for revenue only.

We are only six months off from the election of President of the United States and instead of making dissensions in the party, we should all turn our attention to organization and help to put Pennsylvania in the democratic column. This year we vote on the Baker Ballot system which is not understood by the majority of voters. It would seem to us better politics, if the democratic papers would enlighten the voters on that subject and quit their personal wrangles.

**TRUE DEMOCRAT.**

**OUT OF THE ASHES.**

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**WASHINGTON LETTER.**

WASHINGTON, May 2, 1892.  
The democratic leaders are beginning to realize that the persistent absenteeism of a large number of democratic members of the House is jeopardizing the party's control of the next House. It is all very well to blame the republicans for refusing to vote to make a quorum so that the House can transact its business, but the voters will not forget that if every democratic member was in his seat the party could cast 67 votes more than a quorum of the House, and could transact business without the votes of a single republican, if they did not choose to vote. It is simply folly to expect that the republicans will neglect any opportunity to bring to the attention of the country the lack of a quorum, and in declining to vote they are but following the example set them by the democrats in the last Congress.

What then is to be done? That is just what is puzzling the gentlemen who are regarded as party leaders. All sorts of suggestions have been made, and many favor the plan of making a direct appeal to the democratic voters, asking them to bring pressure enough to bear upon their members to compel them to remain in their seats—in view of the general desire for renomination it would not require much pressure of this sort to control the average absentee. Whatever is to be done must be done quickly. Every day that there is not a quorum of democrats on the floor of the House will add to the difficulty of electing a democratic majority of the next House, and to lose the House would be a dire misfortune that even the election of the President will not fully compensate the party for. The trouble seems to be that the democratic majority is so large that some of the members think that their presence is not necessary. That is a mistake that must be brought home to them.

The admissions of Special Examiner Greenwalt of the Pension Bureau are of themselves sufficient cause for the summary dismissal of Commissioner Raum. Greenwalt admitted under the cross examination of Representative Enloe that under orders from Raum he has gone to Indiana, and given a man \$25 to send to Representative Cooper, to be paid to Mr. Cooper's private secretary, for information which had been furnished concerning pension claims, in the hope of proving Mr. Cooper guilty of allowing his secretary to accept money for the information which had been obtained by the use of his name and official privileges at the Pension Bureau. Nice sort of business for the head of one of the most important bureaux of the Government to be engaged in, wasn't it?

Ex-United States Treasurer Huston, of Indiana, who left Washington last year swearing vengeance on Harrison because of slights to himself or family, must have been placated. He is now in Washington, and this is the way he talks: "There is no other expectation out our way than that President Harrison will be renominated. There never was any organized opposition to him in Indiana."

"Teddy" Roosevelt is on the war path for Mr. Wanamaker, and he has announced his intention to figuratively scarp the Postmaster General for the delectation of the House committee on Reform in the Civil Service, which is engaged in making an investigation of the charges Roosevelt made against 21 employees of the Baltimore Post Office, last year. Mr. Wanamaker in his testimony before the committee presented the report of the Post Office inspectors, white-washing the aforesaid employees, and intimated that Mr. Roosevelt has been green enough to allow himself to be imposed on when he made his investigation. This got "Teddy's" fighting blood up, and he has sworn revenge and asked for a hearing before the committee. Some lively testimony is expected from him, as it is believed that he has a good case. Besides, it is known that he has no love for Mr. Wanamaker, whom he called a careless handler of the truth during the investigation concerning the notorious Shidy, of Milwaukee. It is also said that Mr. Wanamaker has in reserve a broadside of hot shot which he proposes pouring into "Teddy," if it becomes necessary for him to defend himself. Although Mr. Wanamaker is a Sunday School teacher, and probably knows nothing about the great American game of poker, there are people who say that this is thrown out as a "bluff" to make Roosevelt haul in his horns. It makes little difference either way. Let 'em fight, and may the best man win; and may the public find out some facts about how the civil service reform law is administered.

**HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA**

Russell Harrison had \$500 worth of the stock of the Yellowstone Park Association given to him. So said Mr. E. C. Waters, of Montana, once manager of the company, to the House committee on Public Lands, which is investigating the Yellowstone Park leases. Just why this stock was given to Russell the witness did not tell, but it was unnecessary. It was simply an exchange; stock for influence.

**THE BALLOT LAW SUSTAINED.**

THE PROHIBITIONIST PLEA DECLARED PLAUSIBLE, BUT UNSOUND.  
The constitutionality of the Baker ballot law was affirmed by the Supreme Court's decision affirming decisions of the Common Pleas Courts of Philadelphia, Lebanon and Lackawanna counties to that effect. The chief ground of complaint against the new law was that, under its working the prohibition nominations, will not be printed on the official ballot, the party not having polled three per cent. of the total vote last fall, it being alleged that it thus abridges the freedom of voting.

Chief Justice Paxson in his opinion says: "This contention is plausible, but unsound. The act does not deny to any voter the exercise of the elective franchise because he happens to be a member of a party which at the last general election polled less than three per cent. of the entire vote cast. The provision referred to is but a regulation, and we think a reasonable one, in regard to the printing of tickets. The use of official ballots renders it absolutely necessary to make some regulations in regard to nominations in order to ascertain what names shall be printed on the ballot. The right to vote can only be exercised by the individual voter. The right to nominate, flowing necessarily from the right to vote, can only be exercised by a number of voters acting together. Three persons may claim to be a political party, just as the three tailors of Tooley street assumed to be 'The people of England.' It follows, if an official ballot is to be used, nominations must be regulated in some way, otherwise the scheme would be impracticable, and the official ballot become the size of a blanket. While so regulating it, the act carefully preserves the right of every citizen to vote for any candidate whose name is not on the official ballot, and this is done in a manner which does not impose any unnecessary inconvenience upon the voter. It was urged, however, that when an elector desires to vote for a candidate whose name is not on the official ballot, he can only do so by writing the name of the candidate upon the ballot, and that this provision, in view of the limited time allowed the elector for this purpose, renders a compliance with it practically impossible and in many cases would be a denial of the franchise.

"We cannot say, as a matter of law, that it would be practically impossible to insert the name by writing it. The actual enforcement of the act will test this as well as many other matters connected with its operation. It is at least probable that when tested by experience it will be found to contain many features that need revision and amendment. This can be safely left to the Legislature, and is no reason why we should declare the act unconstitutional. Aside from this, we see nothing in it to prevent the elector from inserting the name of his candidate by the use of a sticker, as is now practiced."

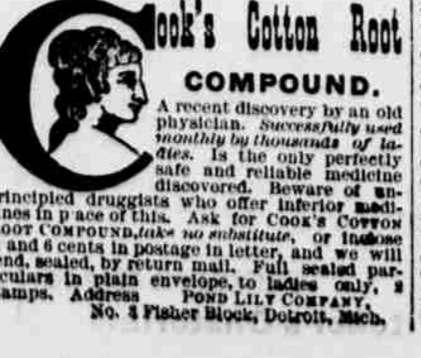
We are informed that W. L. Eyerly, an employee of the Sentinel office has told lately that Mr. Krickbaum will not be a candidate for the Legislature this year. If Mr. Krickbaum is not a candidate why does he not announce it in his newspaper?

**Dyspepsia**

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels, are some of the more common symptoms. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet surely and efficiently. It tones the stomach and other organs, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, and by thus overcoming the local symptoms removes the sympathetic effects of the disease, banishes the headache, and refreshes the tired mind. "I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. In an hour after eating I would experience a faintness, or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble, I think, was aggravated by my business, which is that of a painter, and from being more or less shut up in a room with fresh paint. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla—look three bottles. It did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Sold by all druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar



**DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS**

It acts in this way: "If you're weak or 'run-down,' it builds you up; if you suffer from any of the painful disorders and derangements peculiar to your sex, it relieves and cures. It improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores flesh and strength. For all functional weaknesses and irregularities, it's a positive remedy. Hence, it's sold in this way: It's guaranteed to give satisfaction, in every case, or the money paid for it is refunded.

They're the smallest, the cheapest, the easiest to take. But all that would be nothing, if they weren't also the best to take. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets prevent and cure Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

**CANDIDATES CARDS.**

List of Candidates to be voted for at the delegate election held Saturday August 6th 1892, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m. Nominating convention Tuesday August 9th.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, G. W. STERNER, of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, CHARLES M. BLAKER, of Greenwood.

**MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.**

List of Dealers in Columbia County. I hereby certify the following list of dealers taken, returned and classified by me in accordance with several acts of Assembly in and for the year 1892 is correct to the best of my knowledge.

Name & Business	Class	License
D. L. Stingley store	14	7 00
T. J. Shuman "	14	7 00
C. F. Shuman "	14	7 00
Wm. H. Lowmyer store	14	7 00
Levi Michael "	14	7 00
G. F. Dreisbach "	14	7 00
Norman Cole distiller	13	100 00
BENTON.		
C. F. Mann 1 pool table	8	30 00
J. M. Kille organs & S. M.	14	7 00
J. L. C. R. McHenry store	13	10 00
Ira R. McHenry furniture	13	10 00
Alfred McHenry store	14	7 00
Holland McHenry store	14	7 00
E. K. Cox drug tools	14	7 00
Billette & Hiddell store	14	7 00
B. G. Keller stores & tinware	14	7 00
J. J. McHenry store	14	7 00
T. C. McHenry drugs	14	7 00
Rhor McHenry & Son distillers	14	100 00
C. M. Smith store	14	7 00
C. E. Edson "	14	7 00
BRIARCREEK.		
Ash Brothers distillers	3	100 00
L. F. Fowler store	14	7 00
BERWICK.		
Isiah Bower store	14	7 00
C. N. Kiser drugs	14	7 00
E. C. Bower store	13	10 00
Smith Bros. "	13	10 00
T. A. Doan Hardware	14	7 00
J. J. Townsend jewelry	13	10 00
F. R. Freese (agent) store	13	10 00
M. Levy clothing	13	10 00
Miss Sally Rough confectionery	14	7 00
E. K. Cox drug tools	14	7 00
B. F. Dreisbach organs and S. M.	14	200 00
Garrison Bros. store	13	10 00
Swayze & Co. "	13	10 00
Joseph Chalmers "	14	7 00
M. A. Markie furniture	14	7 00
Henry Driess clothing	14	7 00
G. C. Laubach hardware	14	7 00
H. C. Henson & Co. drugs	14	7 00
F. L. Distelhaus furniture	14	7 00
J. R. Gould drugs	14	7 00
E. K. Cox drug tools	14	7 00
D. K. Keller stores	14	7 00
Berwick Store Association Limited	14	7 00
Hudson Owen coal	11	50 00
BLOOMSBURG.		
Bloomsburg Car Co., store	13	10 00
E. W. Melder notions	14	7 00
Cortez Robbins wholesale liquors	14	20 00
Geo. Hohman organs and S. M.	14	7 00
M. Ellenbogen & Bro., notions	14	7 00
G. N. Wilson tobacco	14	7 00
Louis Bernhard jewelry	14	7 00
G. A. Mckelvey drugs	14	7 00
E. K. Cox drug tools	14	10 00
L. T. Phares groceries	14	7 00
Louis Gress clothing	14	7 00
Moyer Bros drugs	7	40 00
W. H. Broer carpets	14	7 00
Alexander Bros & Co. tobacco	14	15 00
B. V. White & Co. grain	14	12 00
W. S. Hinton drugs	14	7 00
L. W. Mckelvey store	14	7 00
L. W. Hartman & Sons store	8	30 00
G. W. Keller carpets	14	7 00
E. K. Cox drug tools	14	7 00
C. S. Purman harness	14	7 00
J. H. Stecker groceries	14	7 00
J. W. Eyerly store	13	10 00
Mr. Peter Gross bottler	14	7 00
Hilary Bro. store	14	7 00
H. J. Brown store	14	7 00
Hartzel Winner & Co. furniture	14	7 00
L. E. Whary stores	14	7 00
James T. Davis store	14	7 00
J. Salzer organs and S. M.	14	7 00
E. B. Brown groceries	14	7 00
S. F. Paasack & Co. hardware	14	7 00
G. W. Herten clothing	14	7 00
C. E. Savage jewelry	14	7 00
E. D. Dentler boots & shoes	13	10 00
J. G. Wells jeweler	14	7 00
D. L. Brown & Co. book store	13	10 00
Cummings & Verdy confectionery	13	10 00
Page Hawkins pool tables	5	60 00
L. Hader clothing	14	7 00
H. J. Clark & Son dry goods	13	10 00
Jacob Kehler wholesale notions	14	15 00
Mrs. M. M. Phillips confectionery	14	7 00
J. R. Schuyler (Mig's) hardware	13	10 00
C. W. Wilson hardware	13	10 00
E. W. Wilson groceries	14	7 00
Evans & Eyer clothing	14	7 00
Blom Car Co. coal	14	7 00
W. K. Taylor bottler	14	7 00
J. G. Brown store	14	7 00
D. A. Creamy store	14	7 00
J. A. Hess boots and shoes	14	7 00
Andrew Holler leather and shoe	14	7 00
G. P. Klinger drugs	14	7 00
R. K. Vanatta wall paper	14	7 00
Oriental Tea Co., tea & cc.	14	7 00
J. D. Armstrong groceries	14	7 00
W. F. Hartman stores	14	7 00
E. K. Hinton groceries	14	7 00
N. W. Hartman groceries	14	7 00
Hartman & Hansert coal	14	7 00
C. W. Neal & Bro. coal	14	7 00
Creamy & Wells lumber	14	7 00
D. W. Kitchin grain etc	13	10 00
D. W. Kitchin farm tools and wagons	14	7 00

W. R. Koebel coal	14	7 00
W. R. Koebel store	14	7 00
Farmers Produce Exchange, store	14	7 00
F. G. Miller coal	14	7 00
Joseph Clark flour and feed	14	7 00
W. C. R. Hart flour and feed	14	7 00
Rashman & Wolf stores	14	7 00
W. O. Holmes stores	14	7 00
Mrs. M. A. Watson millinery	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Iron Co., coal	14	7 00
CENTRALIA.		
J. W. Goldsworthy 1 pool table	8	30 00
H. C. Michael furniture	14	7 00
D. C. Black groceries	14	7 00
Chas. Pottemer 1 pool table	8	30 00
G. D. Davis drug	14	7 00
Thomas Ivins store	14	7 00
Albert Ball confectionery	14	7 00
Jno. W. Kelley confectionery	14	7 00
J. F. Kertney wholesale liquors	2	100 00
C. G. Murphy store	14	7 00
C. H. Gately "	14	7 00
G. W. Davis drugs	14	7 00
G. B. Millard store	14	7 00
James Dye dressed meats	14	7 00
L. A. Riley store	14	7 00
Charles Springer dressed meats & c.	14	7 00
I. Patterson groceries	14	7 00
John Zibnoch 1 pool table	8	30 00
Mrs. S. Thomas confectionery	14	7 00
H. J. Kertney wholesale liquors	2	100 00
Andrew Lenthan groceries	14	7 00
Harry Levitt clothing	14	7 00
Thomas Cleary store	14	7 00
CONYOH M.		
Dani. Goodman store	14	7 00
Geo. Weller "	14	7 00
G. F. Lerner 1 pool table	8	30 00
Mid Valley Supply Co. store	3	100 00
CATAWISSA.		
M. A. Swank store	14	7 00
S. F. Hines & Son store	14	7 00
E. Longenberger pool table	8	30 00