

PATTISON'S PROCLAMATION.

THE SENATE TO CONVENE OCTOBER 13TH.

Following is the full text of Governor Pattison's proclamation calling an extra session of the Senate, together with his letter to Chairman George Handy Smith, of the legislative committee appointed to investigate the offices of Auditor General and State Treasurer.

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Constitution provides in Article VI, Section 4, that all officers elected by the people, except Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of the General Assembly and Judges of the Courts of Record learned in the law, shall be removed by the Governor for reasonable cause, after due notice and full hearing on the address of two thirds of the Senate;

WHEREAS, Grave charges have been preferred, involving the Auditor General and State Treasurer and most seriously reflecting upon the manner in which their official duties have been performed;

WHEREAS, It is proper that diligent inquiry should be made to ascertain whether or not "reasonable cause" does exist for their removal;

WHEREAS, There is in the public mind a profound conviction that the officials referred to and some of their subordinates have been grossly inefficient, shamefully negligent and entirely wanting in due fidelity;

WHEREAS, It is the prevailing opinion that some of the officials connected with these offices have been guilty of absolute faithlessness and downright dishonesty, in violation of their oaths of office and of the criminal laws of the Commonwealth;

WHEREAS, If any one of the charges so made should be established, appropriate action looking to the removal of the officials involved should be taken by the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as a duty to the people of the State, whose good name has been dishonored and whose money has been stolen, squandered and lost;

WHEREAS, John Bardsley, late Treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia, is now a convict in the Eastern Penitentiary for embezzlement and misuse of public money, a larger portion of which would have been in the State Treasury long prior to an exposure of his transactions had those charged with the administration of the duties of Auditor General and State Treasurer performed them with due fidelity;

WHEREAS, John Bardsley's stubborn refusal to disclose any information whatever as to the conduct of these officials has compelled the abandonment of proposed criminal prosecutions at least for a time;

WHEREAS, A proper inquiry by the Senate may develop evidence sufficient to satisfy its members that "reasonable cause" exists for the removal of the Auditor General and State Treasurer, and

WHEREAS, Under the Constitution the duty and responsibility of making diligent inquiry and of taking appropriate action in the premises are devolved upon the Senate and the power vested in the Executive to give the Senate the opportunity to act;

Now, therefore, I, Robert E. Pattison, Governor of the said Commonwealth, in the discharge of what I conceive to be my duty to "take care that the laws be faithfully executed" and by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution to convene the Senate in extraordinary session by proclamation for the transaction of executive business, hereby convene the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in extraordinary session on Tuesday, the thirteenth day of October, anno domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at the city of Harrisburg, this twenty-sixth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and sixteenth.

By the Governor: ROBERT E. PATTISON, WILLIAM F. HARRITY, Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harrisburg, Sept. 26 1891. PATTISON WRITES TO SMITH.

The following letter has been addressed to George Handy Smith, chairman of the joint committee to investigate the offices of Auditor General and State Treasurer:

"DEAR SIR: Recent disclosures affecting the administration of the duties of the offices of Auditor General and

State Treasurer, particularly the letters and other documentary evidence recently produced in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county of Philadelphia, and subsequently made public, justify me in asking that you permit Attorney General of the Commonwealth to assist in the investigation directed to be made by your committee under the terms of the joint resolutions approved January 26, 1891, and May 27, 1891, by the examination of such witnesses as may appear or be deemed proper to produce before your committee.

"As the evidence already made public seriously involves officials charged with faithful and efficient administration of two of the principal offices of the executive department of the State Government, and as it is my constitutional duty to 'take care that the laws be faithfully executed,' I deem it proper to aid in the inquiry contemplated by the terms of the joint resolutions under which you and your colleagues are proceeding.

"I have requested the Attorney General to appear at the next meeting of your committee, which I am informed will be held on the 28th instant, and I trust and believe that every facility will be afforded him. He will, I am sure, be prepared to attend the sessions of your committee from day to day until a thorough and systematic investigation of the offices which are the subject of inquiry is completed.

"Yours respectfully, "ROBERT E. PATTISON."

The Never Failing Remedy.

Those who continue to suffer with contagious blood disease, after having gone through the usual course of treatment, have one consolation: They can fall back on the never-failing specific, S. S. S. Sometimes they suffer from the disease itself, and sometimes from the effects of the treatment itself, especially if mercury and other mineral poisons have been employed. In either case they can find an infallible remedy in S. S. S. It would be better to take advantage of the remedy before undergoing other treatment, as thousands have done and are doing, but it is not everybody's foresight that is as good as his hindsight.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Sept. 28, 1891.

Senator Sherman has written a letter that is far from taking the rosy view of the republican prospects in Ohio that is prevalent in the republican press. It was written to a departmental official, and was intended to be personally shown by the receiver to every republican from Ohio that is employed by the Government. In it the Senator says that he regards it as imperatively necessary that every republican voter of the State of Ohio, now temporarily in Washington, shall at once return to the State in order to help brace up the weak-kneed members of the party who are showing a disposition either to vote against their old party or to stay at home. In consequence of this letter it is said that the department officials have intimated that all Ohio voters employed therein may take thirty days leave with pay whether their annual leave has all been used or not. Evidently Senator Sherman isn't figuring on any fifty thousand majority.

Speaking of Ohio, it is creditable to the prominent republicans now in Washington, that they, to a man, condemn the recent attempt by certain members of their party in Ohio to make Governor Campbell's private business transactions the basis of an attack upon him.

Attorney-General Miller, if rumor be true, is again to be made the victim of Indiana politicians by being compelled to give up the seat upon the Federal bench which Mr. Harrison had promised him in order that another Indiana republican—John M. Butler, once the law partner of the late ex-senator McDonald—may be provided for. This is hard lines for Mr. Miller who has ever since Mr. Harrison became President had his mouth puckered up preparatory to taking a life time suck at the public teat. As a patient waiter he is a success.

Representative Mills' opponents for the Speakership, have, some of them, tried to make it appear that in his recent speeches in Ohio he took a different position on the free coinage of silver from that which he had for a long time previously occupied. This is an attack upon the rugged honesty of Mr. Mills that his friends resent. One of them said: "Mr. Mills' Ohio speeches do not announce any change whatever in his views touching free coinage. He opens his speeches with the distinct statement that he is now and ever has been a free coinage man. What he does say, however, and with great emphasis, is that free coinage will not produce the far reaching effect that its warmest advocates hope for, and that it will not relieve the distress under which the country is alleged to be suffering. This Mr. Mills says, can only be accomplished by lighter taxation and a freer foreign trade. Now so far from this being a new pronouncement of Mr. Mills, it's just what he said in an

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

address delivered before the legislature of Texas—a free coinage body—only the Texas statement was, if anything a more earnest speech than that contained in his Ohio speeches against relying on relief from free coinage. When it is remembered that Mr. Mills' ambition is to be elected to the Senate by the legislature of Texas, it can easily be seen that the bold stand he took before that body, which was composed of men the most of whom will have a vote on the question of his selection as Senator, was just like the man, and that his Ohio speeches are only in the same line."

It is now said that it is a neck and neck race for the democratic vacancy on the Interstate Commerce Commission between Representative Culbertson of Texas and ex-Representative Clements, of Georgia. The latter gentleman was thought to have been ahead until a delegation of Washington negroes filed a protest against his appointment, because they mixed him up with his colleague, Mr. Grimes, who a year or so ago left a Washington hotel at which he was boarding because a negro was seated at the same table at which he was eating his dinner. They thought it was Mr. Clements, and told Mr. Harrison they would consider it an insult to the negro race if he was appointed. Under ordinary circumstances this would amount to nothing, but just now "nigger" influence is mighty strong at the White House.

LOST—The first volume of Troubat & Haley's Practice was lost on the road between Bloomsburg and Berwick. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to this office. 2t.

Judge Bucher of Lewisburg, who has adorned the bench of the Union-Snyder-Mifflin district for twenty years, has been nominated by the Democrats for a third term. There is no more able and fearless Judge in the state. His opponent is H. M. McClure, a young attorney of Sunbury, who accepted the nomination after it had been declined by Mr. Elder and several other well-known lawyers. The Union county Republicans have endorsed Judge Bucher. If McClure does not withdraw before the election, he will find some very cold weather in November.



A woman "run-down," overworked, weak, nervous and debilitated—that's a woman that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is made for. It gives her health and strength. All woman's weaknesses and all woman's ailments are cured by it. It's a legitimate medicine—not a beverage; an invigorating, restorative tonic and a soothing and strengthening nerve, free from alcohol and injurious drugs. It imparts tone and vigor to the whole system. For all functional irregularities, periodical pains, organic displacements and uterine diseases, it's a positive remedy. And a guaranteed one. If it doesn't give satisfaction, in every case, the money paid for it is refunded. No other medicine for women is sold on these terms. That's because nothing else is "just as good." Perhaps the dealer will offer something that's "better." He means that it's better for him.

- DEMOCRATIC TICKET. STATE. AUDITOR GENERAL, ROBERT E. WRIGHT. STATE TREASURER, A. L. TILDEN. DELEGATES AT LARGE, CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. CHAS. B. BUCKLEW, CHAUNCEY F. BLACK, GEORGE A. JENKS, GEORGE M. DALLAS, S. GUS. THOMPSON, DAVID W. SELLERS, HENRY W. SCHALL, ROBT. E. MONAGHAN, WM. S. McLEAN, FRANK M. VANDLING, JOHN LATTI, ROGER SHERMAN, WILLIAM WEIHE, THOMAS LAZEAR, SAMUEL GRIFFITHS, GRANT WEIDMAN, GEORGE B. ZEIGLER, H. MORGAN ROOT. ASSOCIATE JUDGE, C. G. MURPHY. SHERIFF, JOHN MOUREY. DELEGATE TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION, ANDREW L. FRITZ. Subject to decision of District Conference. JURY COMMISSIONER, M. B. McHENRY. CORONER, DR. F. W. REDEKER.

A Puerile Defense.

The deeper the investigation goes into the corrupt practices of the Auditor General and State Treasurer's department of the government and the City Treasurer's office in Philadelphia, the more appalling the scandal grows. Notwithstanding the manœuvring of the Republican executors of the law, notwithstanding the Herculean efforts that are being made by interested parties to prevent further investigation, the fact is still apparent that two officers of the government, high in official positions, representatives of the Republican party, stand convicted before the people of gross negligence and malfeasance in office. One has taken the safer course of evading the legal process of the State and keeps himself out of its jurisdiction, thus avoiding the unpleasant necessity for testifying to damaging things. The other, in his weak struggles to extricate himself from the toils, has belittled himself to that extent that he is the laughing stock of the business men of the community. How puerile is the defense which he makes in claiming that the Treasurer of the City of Philadelphia acted as his agent for the purchase of neckties and other nick-nacks, giving this as an explanation of his acknowledgments of "favors received," in his letters written to Treasurer Bardsley.

What a strange coincidence is it that whenever City Treasurer Bardsley made an entry in his private books, charging Auditor General McCamant with his share of moneys received out of the advertising pools, and wrote his name upon the stubs of his check book to keep a record of the fact, that Mr. McCamant should just at that time need a necktie of a peculiar pattern and capacious length, and that his eye should just have fallen upon some late publication in book form of some noted work that he desired to possess, and forthwith the spirit should move him to ask his friend Bardsley to purchase it for him and send it by return mail. "Chops and tomato sauce," there is something wonderfully significant in this. But these are dangerous times. The people of the State of Pennsylvania have learned to read, and reading and studying current events, have learned to think intelligently. Such an attempt as this made by a high official whom they have trusted, and who has hoodwinked them, and played upon their credulity, will be taken as an open insult. It is all well enough to charge that the system of the collection of the Mercantile taxes in Pennsylvania, particularly in the City of Philadelphia, offers a premium for this kind of work, that through lapse of time it has grown rotten to the core, nevertheless in such an attack upon the system, no justification can be found for the public official or public officials who have, because of the opportunity been led into dishonest practice, and because private aggrandizement was in sight, have forgotten the injunction "Thou shalt not steal." No matter if justice has gone astray and these delinquents have escaped punishment in the courts of justice, they have notwithstanding been adjudged guilty in the higher tribunal of public opinion.

There can be no health for either mind or body so long as the blood is vitiated. Cleanse the vital current from all impurities by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine recruits the wasted energies, strengthens the nerves, and restores health to the debilitated system.

LOWENBERG'S CLOTHING! FALL ANNOUNCEMENT!

Advertisement for Lowenberg's Clothing, featuring 'BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOTS', 'LADIES SHOULD SEE THE PRETTY SUITS FOR CHILDREN', 'FALL SEASON 1891', 'THE LATEST COLLARS, NECK TIES, DRESS SHIRTS, NIGHT SHIRTS &c.', 'DOUBLE BREASTED SACKS AND CUTAWAYS', 'THE FINEST LINE OF FALL PANTS IN TOWN'. Call and examine and see for yourselves that LOWENBERG'S is the right place to buy your Clothing.

LIGHTSTREET.

Rev. Whitney preached a sermon to the Odd Fellows on Sunday morning last. The mill wrights are at work on the interior of G. M. Lockard's mill. Mrs. Alfred Ervin returned home on Monday from Scranton. A. M. Dewitt, wife and daughter of Orangeville, Mr. Boyd Henry and A. F. Terwilliger and wife spent Sunday at Buckhorn with J. H. Henrie's. The public schools of East Scott began on Monday last, with C. M. Terwilliger and Miss Phoebe Shew in town, and A. F. Terwilliger at the Ikeler school on the hill. The Y. will hold a crazy tea party on Saturday evening a week. The eyesight is the most valuable of our senses. A splendid opportunity to preserve and improve the sight is given during the fair, having your eyes properly fitted with glasses by Wells' and Sears, opticians, either at Mr. Wells' office or his optical exhibit on fair grounds. 6t. The finest One Dollar per dozen Cabinets in the State, at Roshon's. Lycoming County Fair.

The only Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Fair in Lycoming county will be held by the Muncy Valley Farmers' Club, at Hughesville, Pa., on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, October 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th, 1891. All arrangements have been completed to make this, the 21st fair, the best ever held by the Association, or in the county. The Association now belongs to the National Trotting Association, and the races will take place under the rules of that Association. Already the list of fine trotting horses is large, which promises something unusually interesting and exciting in the races. The purses amount to \$1250. Tickets will be sold at excursion rates on all railroads leading to Hughesville.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below: "To Get Hood's Sarsaparilla. In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." Mrs. ELZA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston. Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1 a six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar. YOUNG MAN. If you contemplate attending Commercial School, it will pay you to visit the ROCHESTER BUSINESS UNIVERSITY before deciding where, though you may live a thousand miles away. It stands at the head of the list of commercial schools in its character as an educational force, as a medium for supplying the business men of the country with trained and capable assistants, as a means of placing ambitious young men and women on the high road to success, and in the extent, elegance and cost of its equipment. Through COMMERCIAL, SHORTHAND AND PRACTICAL ENGLISH COURSES. The Twenty-Seventh Annual Catalogue will be mailed to any address. Williams & Rogers, ROCHESTER, N. Y. SAL ES MAN WANTED. Salary and expenses paid. Brown Bros. Company, Rochester, N. Y.

Elys Cream Balm For CATARRH THE POSITIVE CURE. ELY BROTHERS, 64 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

Pianos on Easy Payments. However far away you live you can easily get a Piano by paying a small amount down and the balance in still smaller monthly payments. We send the Piano subject to approval, to be returned, if unsatisfactory on trial, at our expense for railway freights both ways. Write us and let us explain our methods to you. Clear, simple easy. Ivers & Pond Piano Co., Masonic Temple, 183 Tremont St. Boston.

Three Free Scholarships. To be awarded by the GREAT SCHOOL OF COMMERCE, ELMHURST, N. Y., through examination on by correspondence during the month of September. Valued at \$85, \$35 and \$44 respectively. Competitors must not be graduates of a business college, but must desire a course of shorthand, of business and professional firms. Send stamp for particulars. Stenographers, bookkeepers, etc., supplied to business and professional firms. Ask for 1891 School Catalogue.