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All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1891.

The following comment of the Philadelphia Record, the recognized organ of Governor Pattison, clearly indicates what the Governor's views are on the subject of the proposed constitutional convention. The Record thus speaks of the Democratic platform adopted by the state convention:

"There was no presidential foolery. The only weak spot in the platform is the halting and hesitating allusion to the proposed constitutional convention. No favor should have been extended to that tricky device of the opponents of ballot reform. But this blemish upon an otherwise admirable declaration is of small account. The people will take very good care in November that the excellent selection of delegates at large to this problematical body shall have no occasion to attend its sittings. We are confident it will never sit."

MR. WRIGHT'S SPEECH.

In accepting the Democratic nomination for Auditor General Robert E. Wright, made the following speech before the convention:

MR. CHAIRMAN AND GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION—I thank you for the evidence you have given of your belief that I am worthy to represent the people for whom you speak in the contest about to open. I appreciate the grave responsibility your nomination will involve and the important interests that are staked on the outcome of your deliberations and beg to assure you that if I hesitated in indicating that I would be your candidate, if so you wished, I was influenced only by a desire to do that which would most surely advance the interests committed to your care. I now accept it with all the responsibilities an acceptance may imply. I know that it involves something more than a mere party nomination, honorable though that might be. For while in your assembled capacity as a convention you represent one of the great political organizations of the State and are convened to pledge the power of your party to the work so admirably outlined in your platform, yet the work itself extends far beyond the lines of ordinary political or party inspirations.

You have met under the presence of startling conditions in public affairs. It has come to pass that by reason of most deplorable circumstances, the people of Pennsylvania are not permitted to contest this election on lines of national questions, nor yet upon those matters of State concern that should ordinarily engage the best attention of thoughtful citizens.

THE ISSUES OF THE HOUR.

We are not at liberty with the people of other States to form our lines of discussion solely upon the economic and financial problems of the country, nor in calm judgment to legislate within the State for the welfare of the people, for the relief of the overburdened classes nor for the development of Pennsylvania's interests. All these considerations for the time being must be laid aside because there are thrust upon us the overshadowing problems born of dishonest corrupt government. Never in the history of the country was there exhibited an administration of affairs so universally corrupt as that developed in Pennsylvania within the last six months.

The city of Philadelphia robbed of a million dollars, the State of a million more, the schools of half as much, the taxpayer robbed in his assessment, and exemptions, the State robbed of a large percentage of the small balance remaining. Through all the ramifications of the process of tax collection from the assessor to the final depository, the heavy hand of reckless theft is felt as the rising tide of corruption sweeps up toward the doors of your capitol. Not isolated cases of single dishonest officials, not mere disconnected instances of theft make up the record of public dishonor, but well planned, systematic, continuous, daily robbery pervading entire departments, embracing almost every official who touches the public funds.

FAR-REACHING CORRUPTION.

Worse than all, not content with robbing individual citizens and aggregated society, even the newspapers of this boss-ridden party are compelled to pay tribute to organized plunder, and become the vehicle of the transfer of the people's money from the public treasury to the pockets of party heelers. Meeting, therefore, as the convention does, in the presence of this overshadowing dishonor, it is but right that for the time being it should turn aside from the discussion of current political topics to the more important and pressing questions of clean, honest government. We are confronted by the fact that one whole administration

of government in Pennsylvania and her great cities has passed under the control of a corrupt political combination that permits none to aspire to public place, except as they may consent to become participants in these wrongs, or to permit them without objection. What do they offer? The issue has now passed far beyond the question of the personal respectability of candidates presented and supported by the confederation of now reconciled bosses.

More than once the people of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania in their movements toward reform have been content to demand no more than respectable nominations from these men.

But again and again disappointment and dishonor have followed the concession. The harvest evolved from the seed of respectable ring nominations has always been disastrous. In my judgment there can be no reform in Pennsylvania until the machine that creates and maintains this system of organized robbery is torn up root and branch and destroyed.

A VERY SIMPLE PLATFORM.

Therefore it has come to pass that your platform is a very simple one. It emphasizes the old truths of the ten commandments. The injunction "Thou shalt not steal" is its cardinal plank. On that plank the impending battle must be fought, and in conclusion we must permit no confusion of the issues when the honor of Pennsylvania is at stake. The discussion of the tariff duties ceased with us when the treasury of Philadelphia was looted. The silver question lost its interest as the waves from the flood tide of corruption reached the steps of your State capitol, and the only reciprocity the people of Pennsylvania should hear of now is that which was exemplified when the doors of the Eastern penitentiary closed upon the disappearing form of Bardsley.

Who They are.

CAREER OF THE TWO CANDIDATES.

Robert E. Wright is a son of the late Robert E. Wright, who was twice postmaster of Allentown, and a lawyer of large practice and wide reputation. He is a native of Allentown and is forty-five years old. When a young man Mr. Wright entered the office of a civil engineer, receiving a thorough training in that profession. He then went to Schuylkill county where he held for some time a responsible position in the service of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company under Chief Engineer Charles E. Byers. Subsequently he entered upon the study of the law, and was admitted to the bar in 1863. He was associated with his father in practice until his death. In 1886 he was chosen president of the Allentown national bank, of which he had previously been the attorney. In the state convention of 1886 Mr. Wright's name was presented for the gubernatorial nomination and he received seventeen votes. His name was again presented for the first place on the ticket at the state convention last year, but he received only eleven votes. Pattison being nominated on the first ballot. He was then urged for the second place on the ticket, and received 157 votes for lieutenant governor to 191 for Chauncey F. Black and three for Senator Hannibal K. Sloan. Mr. Wright is Secretary of the World's fair commission. He is an eloquent and logical speaker and has frequently been heard on the stump in this state.

A. L. Tilden, of Erie, was born in Garettsville, Portage county, Ohio, August 21, 1834. He attended the public schools of his native town and the Nelson Academy. He started in business for himself at the early age of eighteen as a lumberman in the pine regions of Michigan. In 1853 Mr. Tilden removed to Erie county and engaged in the lumber business until 1857, when he lost all he had accumulated by the panic of that year. He then went into the oil trade, and from that into the employ of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad as general agent, in which position he continued until 1866, when he purchased a farm on the flats of French creek, in Le Beouff township, Erie county, where he has made his home ever since. He has taken a prominent part in politics, being a frequent delegate to Democratic county and state conventions. He was elected county commissioner in 1878 and re-elected in 1881. Mr. Tilden is a leader in the State Grange and Farmer's Alliance. Last year he was selected as the alliance's choice for congress and was endorsed by the Democratic conference of the Twenty-sixth district, embracing Erie and Crawford counties, but he was defeated by Matthew Griswold, the Republican candidate, by 888 plurality. Two years before the district had been carried by the Republican candidate by over 3,000 plurality. Mr. Tilden is at present deputy secretary of the commonwealth.

What It Does.

- Hood's Sarsaparilla
1. Purifies the blood.
 2. Creates an appetite.
 3. Strengthens the nerves.
 4. Makes the weak strong.
 5. Overcomes that tired feeling.
 6. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, etc.
 7. Invigorates the kidneys and liver.
 8. Relieves headache, indigestion, dyspepsia.

Fresh shell and tub oysters received daily at House's.

DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

1416 South Penn Square, Philadelphia. Campaign, 1891.

The last General Assembly of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania, fixed upon Pittsburgh as the place of meeting for the next General Assembly and at a meeting of the Executive Committee, held at Harrisburg, August 20th, the last Wednesday of September, being the 30th, was fixed as the time.

These annual assemblies grow in numbers with the passage of every year and their usefulness as plainly increases in proportion. The great meeting at Reading last year inaugurated the campaign which elected Governor Pattison. It is expected that the assembly of this year will be equally important in its results.

The place of the Democratic Societies in the regular party organization of the state is determined and the value of this gigantic auxiliary force is becoming more and more apparent. While they are regularly incorporated with the organization, they perform a function and exercise an influence which have only recently been felt in American politics. The National Democratic Committee and the Democratic State Committee, and all the authorities of the party, advise us that the contests of the immediate future are to be mainly between the club organizations of the two great political parties. Chairman Brice and Chairman Kerr unite with the officials of the National Association of Democratic Clubs and the Democratic Society of this state in urging the formation of Democratic Societies in every political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

All Societies should endeavor to have the names of their deputies to the General Assembly at Pittsburgh, in the hands of Secretary John D. Workman, United States Hotel, Harrisburg, at least a week before the time of meeting, although the names will be received up to the day thereof.

The Societies should forward to the Secretary a full list of officers and members as soon as organized, and also of the deputies to the general Assembly.

Each Society is entitled to one member of General Committee and the deputies should be prepared to hand in the name of the member upon assembling at Pittsburgh.

Each Society is entitled to one deputy for every twenty-five members, in good standing, as certified by the Secretary.

The primary Democratic Society becomes a member of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania, entitled to representation in the General Assembly and in Committees, by simply reporting its organization to the Secretary with officers and membership, and directing the name to be enrolled. No fees are exacted. Ex-Lieutenant Governor Chauncey F. Black is President of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania.

It is a significant fact that the subject of a constitutional convention was not mentioned in the Democratic state convention by any of the speakers. All efforts made by a few persons to secure an unqualified endorsement of the constitutional convention were futile, and the only allusion to it is in the last three lines of the last section of the platform, which gives it an endorsement only to a limited extent.

The 19th section of the platform favors an amendment to the constitution that will secure a free and secret ballot.



The end of woman's peculiar troubles and ailments comes with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures them. For all the functional derangements, painful disorders, and chronic weaknesses that afflict womanhood, it's a certain remedy. It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, soothing cordial and bracing nerve—purely vegetable, non-alcoholic, and perfectly harmless.

In the cure of periodical pains, prolapsus and other displacements, bearing-down sensations, and all "female complaints" and irregularities, "Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine that's guaranteed. If it doesn't give satisfaction in every case, you have your money back. You pay only for the good you get. Can you ask more?

The easiest way is the best. Regulate the liver, stomach, and bowels with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They cleanse and renovate the system—thoroughly and naturally. Sick Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, and Bilious Attacks, are prevented, relieved, and cured.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Rich Harvest From the Holy Coat.

The sale of rosaries and other religious objects in Treves has been immense. One Cologne firm has sold more than \$50,000 worth of such articles, while the sales of the agency of a Paris firm amount to more than \$35,000. It is estimated by the authorities of Treves that the citizens will make a total extra income of about \$500,000 out of the pilgrimage. Among the visitors to see the "Holy Coat" are a man of 86 years, and a widow of 83, who saw the relic in 1810 and in 1844. Forty-five thousand is the number of pilgrims admitted into the Cathedral daily.

The universal satisfaction with which J. G. Wells' work as an optician is regarded in this and adjoining counties, speaks well for his ability.

If your eyes are failing, call on him and have them fitted correctly with spectacles. Special accommodations have been made for fair week. 6t.

Consumption Cured!

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y. mar-6-1y

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

- STATE.
AUDITOR GENERAL
ROBERT E. WRIGHT.
STATE TREASURER,
A. L. TILDEN.
DELEGATES AT LARGE, CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
CHAS. B. BUCKALEW, CHAUNCEY F. BLACK,
GEORGE A. JENKS, GEORGE M. HALLAS,
S. GUS. THOMPSON, DAVID W. SKELLES,
HENRY W. SCHALL, ROBT. E. MORGAN,
WM. S. McLEAN, FRANK M. VANDLING,
JOHN LATTI, ROGER SHERMAN,
WILLIAM WEIHE, THOMAS LAZEAL,
SAMUEL GRIFFITHS, GRANT WEIDMAN,
GEORGE B. ZEIGLER, H. MORGAN ROOT.

COUNTY.

- ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
C. G. MURPHY.
SHERIFF,
JOHN MOUREY.
DELEGATE TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
ANDREW L. FRITZ.
Subject to decision of District Conference.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
M. B. MCHENRY.
CORONER,
Dr. F. W. REDEKER.

LOWENBERG'S CLOTHING!

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT!

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOTS.	FALL SEASON 1891.	DOUBLE BREASTED SACKS AND CUTAWAYS.
LADIES SHOULD SEE THE PRETTY SUITS FOR CHILDREN.	THE LATEST COLLARS, NECK TIES, DRESS SHIRTS, NIGHT SHIRTS &c.	THE FINEST LINE OF FALL PANTS IN TOWN.

Call and examine and see for yourselves that **LOWENBERG'S** is the right place to buy your clothing.



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. **100 Doses One Dollar**

All school books at lowest prices at Mercer's Drug & Book Store.

TRIAL LIST

- FOR SEPTEMBER COURT.
FIRST WEEK.
Margaret Ludwig vs. Phoebe Stackhouse.
Patrick Burns vs. L. A. Riley & Co.
E. W. M. Low vs. B. & S. R. Co.
Locust Mt. C. and L. Co. vs. Arthur Nash.
Samuel H. Baird vs. George W. Brown.
Ezekiel Cole's Est. vs. B. & S. R. Co.
SECOND WEEK.
C. C. Evans, Com. vs. Elie Rittenhouse.
M. McHenry & Bro. vs. C. J. Ash.
S. V. Boone's Exrs. vs. H. & B. Railroad Co.
Rebecca Hensinger vs. Peter Kutsch.
Jacob Smith vs. Isaac Smith.
E. S. Finerty Jr. vs. C. and C. Poor District.
E. J. Finerty Jr. vs. C. and C. Poor District.
Locust Mt. C. and L. Co. vs. Thomas Murphy.
Lemuel Drake vs. Jacob Dillane.
William J. Hilary vs. Bryantbrook Township.
David Rogers vs. John K. Lockard.
S. P. Boone vs. E. P. Albertson.
M. Prince vs. Mrs. Briget Burke.
R. P. Savita vs. James Magee, et al.
Abraham Weaver vs. Isabella Weaver, et al.
James Thompson vs. Michael Kinney et. al.
Florence Hines vs. William Miller.
James Burns vs. Reuben Fairinger.
William Jigger vs. Town of Bloomsburg.
John V. Evans vs. James Wright Jr.
William H. Beach vs. Mathias Gingles.
Cyrus Stackhouse Exrs. vs. John C. Christian, et. al.

ORDINANCE NO. 60.

AN ORDINANCE CONCERNING WOODEN PAVEMENTS OR SIDE WALKS.
It is ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same:
SECTION 1.—That it shall not be lawful hereafter to construct or lay down any wooden pavement or wooden sidewalk, or to repair hereafter any wooden pavement or wooden sidewalk, heretofore constructed or laid down, upon First Street, Penn Street, Sixth Street or West Street in the town of Bloomsburg, or upon any portion of street wholly or in part within the portion of said town bounded by the lines of First and Penn streets, extended to the point of intersection of Penn Street and Sixth Street, extended to the point of intersection, and the line of West Street.
Passed at a meeting of the Town Council held August 27, 1891.
P. S. HARMAN, President of Council.
W. B. CERRINGES, Secretary.

FALL SEASON - 1891.

Large Stock of Millinery Now Ready.

OPENING!

Opening of Trimmed Bonnets and Hats on Wednesday, Sept. 23rd.

H. E. WASLEY,

MAIN STREET, - - BLOOMSBURG.

Next Door to I. W. Hartman & Sons'.

Three Free Scholarships

To be awarded by the GREAT SCHOOL OF COMMERCE, ELMIRA, N. Y., through examination by correspondence during the month of September. Valued at \$88, \$55 and \$44 respectively. Competitors must not be graduates of a business college, but must desire a course of shorthand, of business, or both. Send stamp for particulars. Stenographers, bookkeepers, etc., supplied to business and professional firms. Ask for 1891 School Catalogue.

PIANOS

Catalogue showing pictures of our Pianos and telling about them MAILED FREE. Our patent SOFT STOP saves wear, making the Piano more durable, and stopping the annoying noise of practicing.

We take OLD PIANOS in EXCHANGE, sell on EASY PAYMENTS, and send Pianos ON APPROVAL to be returned at our expense for railway freights if not perfectly satisfactory, even though you live 3000 miles away. Write us.



Ivers & Pond Piano Co., Masonic Temple, 183 Tremont St. Boston.