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FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1891.

Governor Campbell has been renominated by the Democrats of Ohio.

The bill signed by the Governor requiring county commissioners of each county in this Commonwealth to provide and furnish rooms for the use of the county superintendent and for the safe keeping of the records of public schools, also directs that the rooms be made after the manner of the register and recorder's offices, suitable for records, books, etc., and the county superintendent becomes custodian by virtue of his office.

Governor Pattison has scored two decided victories since he assumed the duties of Executive. In the case of the Philadelphia Treasurer the county commissioners claimed the right to fill the vacancy caused by Bardsley's resignation, and the city council claimed the same right, and they appointed their man, but the Governor said that the power to appoint lay in him, and he appointed Mr. Wright, and the Supreme Court sustained him.

The new lien law passed by the last legislature and signed by Governor Pattison provides as follows: "That no contract which shall hereafter be made for the erection of the whole, or of any part, of a new building, with the owner of the lot on which the same shall be erected, shall operate to interfere with or to defeat the right of a sub-contractor who shall do work or who shall furnish materials under agreement with the original contractor in aid of such erection, to file a mechanics' lien for the amount which shall be due for the value of such work or materials furnished, unless such sub-contractor shall have consented in writing to be bound by the provision of such contract with the owner in regard to filing of liens.

State Treasurer Boyer has about two million dollars of State funds which should be paid out to the Common Schools and Normal Schools of the State, but for the controversy over the office of State Superintendent this would have been paid to the schools long ago. Two Republican judges have sustained the action of Governor Pattison, and still Superintendent Waller refuses to go. He persists in holding on to the office, as long as the contest can be prolonged, to the detriment of all the schools of the State.

DR. WALLER OUSTED.

JUDGE SIMONTON DECIDES THAT HE IS NOT STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

Judge Simonton has filed his opinion in the state school superintendent's case; deciding in favor of Governor Pattison's right to appoint and ousting Dr. D. J. Waller, Jr., the appointee of ex-Governor Beaver.

The court gives the usual time in which exceptions may be filed. The case, it is understood, will be appealed to the supreme court, in which event a final opinion will hardly be reached before next May. The case, however, may be heard in Pittsburg in October, when the supreme court meets there.

Quo warranto proceedings were instituted a few weeks ago to try the title of the respondent to the office of superintendent of public instruction, and the case was argued without a jury. The facts of the case in brief are that Governor Beaver, before the expiration of his term, reappointed Dr. Waller to be superintendent of public instruction for a full term, and Governor Pattison having appointed Dr. Snyder, the contention was over the title to the office, the commonwealth holding that Dr. Waller had only been appointed until the end of the next Senate. Governor Beaver had first commissioned Dr. Waller to the end of the session of the Senate of 1891, but subsequently nominated him for a full term of four years to date from March 1st, 1890.

Judge Simonton, in the opinion says the questions involved mainly depend upon the proper construction and meaning of section 8, article 4, of the constitution, relative to the power of the governor to fill vacancies that may happen in offices to which he may appoint during the recess of the Senate. The court suggests that the construction of this section by counsel for the respondent, who argued that Governor Beaver intended to use his power not only to fill the vacancy caused by Dr. Higbee's death, but also to appoint for all the time that he had power to appoint, was very ingenious. He draws attention to the discrepancy between the two clauses of section 8. The second clause gives the governor absolute power to fill any vacancy in this office without limitation as to time; but the first clause limits the time for which an appointment made during the recess of the Senate shall continue to the end of the next session.

Numerous authorities are cited upon the second point of the respondent's counsel, that the subsequent nomination of Dr. Waller and its confirmation constitute a full and complete appointment for the full term. The court says the question involved in this is a novel one, for the reason that the power of removal in most cases exists in the power that appoints, and, therefore, the question when an appointment became complete is of little consequence, as in any event a second appointment would be held to revoke the first.

Regarding Chief Justice Mercur's opinion in the Lane case, with respect to an appointment after rejection by the Senate, as in the case of Dr. Snyder, the court considers that the conclusion to which it leads is binding, and therefore adopts it. He thinks the spirit and intent of the constitution forbids one who has been rejected by the Senate to be appointed. The court declines to decide the point that when a permanent appointment has not been made another temporary appointment can be made without the advice and consent of the Senate, because it is not squarely before him.

The court holds that Dr. Waller, having been duly qualified, is an officer de facto, whose official acts are legal, valid and binding until his successor has been legally appointed and qualified. But he holds further that Dr. Waller must show that he is in possession not only de facto, but also de jure which he cannot do unless he show that he is in during a term for which he was legally appointed and qualified, or if the term have expired, with a legal right to hold until his successor has been legally appointed and qualified, which counsel for Dr. Waller contends is his position. He thinks the authorities cited do not sustain this point.

"We feel ourselves obliged to hold on this review of the case that respondent has not shown a valid title as against the state to the office in question now held by him."

Dr. Waller during the recess of the Senate to the vacancy, which occurred during such recess, for a longer period than to the end of the next session; that the nomination and confirmation of Dr. Waller without a commission from the governor did not vest the office in him; that the only appointment by which he had title to said office expired at the end of the season.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent, Washington, D. C., July 20, 1891.

The Blaine lions and the Harrison lambs are to henceforth form a united if not happy and contented family, that is, if the instructions of Shepherd Harrison are followed by his flock. The Blaine crowd grew so restive under the many misrepresentations of their idol's mental and physical condition that they became suspicious that some of the Harrison crowd was responsible for some of them, and a little investigation proved that their suspicions were only too well founded. Then there was a roar which was heard both at Bar Harbor and at Cape May Point, and Mr. Harrison straightway sent for Dan Ransdell, his Marshall of the District of Columbia, and confidential personal friend, and through him the word was passed to the Harrison lambs that there must be no more false bleating, and so the matter stands just now, but the Blaine lions have their blood stirred up and it need excite no surprise at any time should they make a murderous onslaught upon the Harrison lambs and destroy the entire flock.

Indian Commissioner Morgan, who has ever since he has been in office made a fight against the Roman Catholics engaged in educating the Indians, has now decided that no more contracts shall be made with the Bureau of Catholic Missions for conducting Indian schools. For years all contracts for Catholic Schools on the Indian reservations have been made with this bureau of Missions, the headquarters of which are in this city, and this entire severance of relations is regarded as the direct result of religious bigotry and prejudice, the possession of which show that Mr. Morgan is entirely unfitted for the responsible position he holds. What makes the thing seem so very unfair is that contracts are being made, as usual, with other denominations for the conduct of Indian Schools. It is not for a moment to be supposed that Mr. Morgan made such an important decision without the consent and support of Secretary Noble and Mr. Harrison, who are the proper parties to hold responsible for this most remarkable case of religious proscription.

Ex-Congressman Kerr, of Pennsylvania, to whom more than any other one man is due the credit for the democratic victory in that State last year, was in town several days ago consulting with the officials of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, and he brought news that warmed the cockles of democratic hearts. Mr. Kerr is no rainbow chaser as his friends very well know, therefore when he says he thinks that Pennsylvania is now a doubtful State, with the odds decidedly in favor of the democrats it means something. He says that the financial crookedness of the Delamaters and the more recent bank wrecking in Philadelphia, has aroused the people as they were never aroused before against the methods originated by Quay when he was Treasurer of the State, and besides this, the new ballot law will be worth at least 40,000 votes to the democratic party, because it will enable it to prevent the republicans voting the dead men who have made up a large part of their majority for years.

In spite of republican attempts to create hard feelings and antagonisms between the candidates for Speaker of the next House, the best feeling exists between the gentlemen. Messrs. Crisp and McMillin are both stopping at the same hotel, and to see them together no one could suppose that they were in any sense rivals. Mr. Mills is also here and all three of them are constantly meeting in the most social manner. It is nonsense pure and simple to say that any man has at this time a certainty of being elected Speaker, as more than a majority of the democrats of the next House are still unpledged.

It is stated positively by republicans that Senator Quay will retire from the chairmanship of the republican national committee at the meeting of the executive committee which has been called for the 29th inst., in Philadelphia, but that he will continue to be a member of the committee. His retirement will please a great many republicans.

Representative Crain, of Texas, passed through Washington last week on his way to New York on business. He said he had nothing to say politically until he got through with his business, but that when he returned to Washington, which would be soon,

LOWENBERG'S CLOTHING!

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT!

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOTS.

LADIES SHOULD SEE THE PRETTY SUITS FOR CHILDREN.

SPRING SEASON 1891.

THE LATEST COLLARS, NECK TIES, DRESS SHIRTS, NIGHT SHIRTS &c.

DOUBLE BREASTED SACKS AND CUTAWAYS.

THE FINEST LINE OF SPRING PANTS IN TOWN.

Call and examine and see for yourselves that LOWENBERG'S is the right place to buy your Clothing.

he might have some political opinions to express. He has shaved off his mustache and many of his friends did not at a first glance recognize him.

The ex-Confederate Veterans Association of Washington will to-morrow attend the unveiling of a monument to Gen. Thos. J. (Stonewall) Jackson at Lexington, Va.

It is believed that something important in a financial way is up in administration circles, as Mr. Harrison telegraphed for Secretary Foster to come to Cape May Point just after he had had a long conference with Senator Allison, chairman of the Senate committee on Appropriations.

Cheering the Headsman.

At the little Belshazzar feast given to Ex-Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson on Friday night Thomas C. Platt compacted in one sentence more of the real feeling which animates the politicians of his party than any other speaker could express in an hour.

Referring to the guest of the evening and to the wholesale decapitation of postmasters which he made during his brief term of office Mr. Platt said: "We love him for the heads he has cut off." And the sally was received with approving cheers and laughter.

Contrast this bold boast of a spoilsman to spoilsmen with the pledge of the Republican party in its National platform:

"The reform of the Civil Service, auspiciously begun under the Republican Administration, should be completed by the further extension of the reform system already established by law to all grades of the service to which it is applicable. The spirit and purpose of the reform should be observed in all Executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the object of existing reform legislation should be repealed, to the end that the dangers to free institutions which lurk in the power of official patronage may be wisely and effectually avoided."

Or how would Boss Platt's indorsement of Headsman Clarkson, "We love him for the heads he has cut off," look on a campaign transparency beneath this declaration in Benjamin Harrison's letter of acceptance:

"In appointments to every grade and department fitness and not party service should be the essential and discriminating test and fidelity and efficiency the only sure tenure of office. Only the interest of the public service should suggest removals from office."

Do the Republican chiefs who cheered their headsman really think that pledge-breaking is a passport to more power in this country?—World.

My Head was Fairly Rotten,

And how much I suffered it is hard to describe. That loathsome disease, catarrh, caused the above, and the doctors said they could not relieve me. I paid hundreds of dollars, for which I received no benefit. I got more good from two bottles of Sulphur Bitters than from all the money I paid to doctors. I shall continue the Sulphur Bitters, as I have great faith that they will cure me.—S. M. Day, 41 Hanover St. Boston. 7-10-2t.

Because Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, and his wife are not traveling together, a report has been started that they have separated because of incompatible temperaments. They were married a year ago. He has gone to Australia and she is in London.

The Tariff Issue.

The Ohio campaign, which will shortly open, will practically be the inauguration of the campaign of '92. By the nomination of McKinley the Ohio Republicans demonstrated that they place their entire reliance upon the tariff. This challenge the recent convention at Cleveland accepted with a hurrah and a resolute determination to contest the fight upon that issue.

The question of the tariff is becoming to the masses a subject for deep and profound thinking. There was a time when the people imagined that the tariff protected them from the cheap labor of Europe. But having seen the dregs of cheap European labor pouring into this country by the thousands every year, the people have discovered that the workingman has really no redress from competition. Meanwhile they have seen the price of both the necessities and comforts of life advancing rapidly, while wages have declined. This has opened their eyes to the true working of the tariff and those who share none of its benefits are no longer disposed to support a question which taxes them to enrich others.

The defeat of the tariff issue in Ohio this year will be a disastrous blow to the Republicans. It will leave them actually no fighting ground for '92.—Phila. Herald.

The astonishing statement is sent East that on his first Sunday in Portland, Oregon, George W. Delamater, late Republican candidate for governor in this state, embezzler and defaulter, occupied the pulpit of the Taylor street church in that city morning and evening. Mr. Delamater was at one time a Sunday school superintendent, but the general opinion was that he had gone into other business more recently. He seems to be growing up rapidly with the West.

When a young man first meets an experienced coquette he is apt to think how artless she is; before she gets through with him he is pretty sure to think how heartless she is.—Somerville Journal.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

To Get

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me by their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, and was satisfied with it, and did not want any other."

Hood's

When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." Mrs. ELLA A. GORF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The following is a list of Candidates for county offices to be voted for at the delegate election held Saturday, August 8th, 1891, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m. Nominating Convention, Tuesday, August 11th.

For Member of the Constitutional Convention from this Senatorial District. ANDREW L. FRITZ.

For Sheriff, GEORGE BREISCH, of Main township.

For Sheriff, JOHN MOUREY, of Roaringcreek.

For Sheriff, DANIEL KNORR, of Locust Township.

For Sheriff, J. B. KNITTLE, of Catawissa.

For Sheriff, CHARLES S. REICHART, of Main township.

For Associate Judge, C. G. MURPHY, of Centralia.

A BARGAIN.

We have for sale the following second hand, Self Rake machines.

ALL IN GOOD ORDER. TWO CHAMPION, ONE OSBORNE, ONE ROYER.

These machines were taken in exchange on New Deering Binders this season and will be sold Dirt Cheap. Must be sold this season.

Don't fail to see them. D. W. KITCHEN.

UNFORTUNATE ACCIDENTS

Have delayed the big sewer, which obstructs the street and interferes with building operations. We don't know just when the remodeling of our store will commence. Until it does we will continue to offer

Unprecedented bargains in Furniture.

Every variety, for house and office, from plain to luxurious. —Nothing Shoddy.—

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