

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. a second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.
FRIDAY JULY 17, 1891.

CALL FOR COUNTY CONVENTION AND DELEGATE ELECTION.

The Democratic voters will meet at the several places for the holding of the general election in their respective districts on Saturday August 8th, 1891, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock, p. m. and elect delegates to be sent to the County Convention and vote instructions for the persons there to be nominated, subject to the rules of the democratic party of the county. The delegates elected will meet in County Convention at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, Aug. 11th, 1891, at 11 o'clock a. m. and place in nomination one person for Associate Judge, one person for Sheriff of Columbia County, and to appoint conferees from Columbia County to meet similar conferees from the other counties in this Senatorial District to put in nomination two delegates to the Constitutional Convention; and transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

JNO. R. TOWNSEND,
Chairman.
A. F. TERWILLIGER,
Secretary.

APPORTIONMENT OF DELEGATES.

The following is the apportionment of delegates. It is based upon the official vote for Governor of 1890.

VOTES	DEL.
Beaver	178 3
Benton	261 4
Berwick, East	142 2
Berwick, West	77 2
Bloom, East	324 4
Bloom, West	199 3
Briar Creek	161 3
Catawissa	270 4
Centralia	249 4
Centre	165 3
Conyngnam, North	192 3
Conyngnam, South	65 2
Fishingcreek	258 4
Franklin	68 2
Greenwood, East	119 2
Greenwood, West	121 2
Hemlock	142 2
Jackson	138 2
Locust	240 4
Madison	173 3
Main	144 2
Mifflin	206 3
Montour	100 2
Mount Pleasant	106 2
Orange	145 2
Pine	117 2
Roaring Creek	75 2
Scott, East	113 2
Scott, West	72 2
Sugarloaf	207 3
Total	80

POULTRY NOTES.

No. 23.
The Plymouth Rock is the all purpose fowl. The market demands a clean yellow leg, and plump body.
Feed whole grain as it is better than sloppy food in warm weather.
Cull your flock close, as grain is too high to feed to poor stock of any kind. By cleaning your drinking vessels, and giving fresh water two or three times a day will add to the health of your birds and health means thrift.
Fowls that are yarded should be allowed a run of an hour or two each day on the lawn, as they will find many a dainty morsel, also exercise, which is very beneficial.
It is claimed by some that their hens lay every day. They may perhaps, but not eggs, of course they are not laying eggs, they are laying off.
W. B. GERMAN.

Dr. Meeker's Medicines are pure and a sure cure for whatever the claim. Lung tonic for colds. Speedy relief for pains, internal and external. Blackberry Cordial for bowel complaints, for young and old. Every bottle guaranteed. For sale by all druggists. Manufactured by H. C. & J. A. Olmstead, Williamsport, Pa. All put up in 25 and 50 cts bottles. 6-19-1 yr.

For a safe real estate investment guaranteed to pay at least seven per cent clear, inquire of
WINTERSTEEN, BECKLEY & M'KILLIP,

DESTINY AND DEITY.
Destiny gives us diseases, since we may be born into scrofula and specific disease; but Deity supplies the remedies. Scrofula and specific diseases, with their terrible array—rheumatism, gout, ulcers, boils, carbuncles, skin diseases, stomach, liver and kidney troubles, find a safe, infallible, rapid cure in the great Brazilian medicine, Cactus Blood Cure. No failures and no relapses.
G. J. McKelvey, Duggist, Bloomsburg Pa.

See W. L. Manning's notice in another part of this paper. 6-26-4t.

Get tickets for the picnic at Central on August 1st, by the American Mechanics.

E. Jacobs & Son, the down town confectioners are very progressive, they will have the following flavors in ice cream on Saturday: Vanilla, Chocolate, Raspberry, Pineapple, Lemon, Banana, Bisque, Cherry, Coffee, Carmel, Peach, Strawberry, and Orange water ice.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office July 28, 1891.

Mr. Earnest E. Breisch; Miss Mable Stanley.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised July 14, 1891.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART,

Cure Yourself!

Don't pay large doctors' bills. The best medical book published, one hundred pages, elegant colored plates, will be sent to you on receipt of three 2-cent stamps to pay the postage. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass. 7-10-2t.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The purchasing power of twenty cents may seem small, yet it secures economy for the poor; good health in consequence of warm, dry feet to the feeble; pleasure to the rich and fastidious; and comfort to everybody when invested in a bottle of Wolf's Acme Blacking.

You can get blacking for 5c. and 10c. which would be dear if Acme Blacking were worth a dollar; and you can get the "just as good" for 25c. and over, which is no better than the 5c. and 10c. but put up in showier packages.

LUMBER FOR SALE.

12, 14, 16, and 18 ft. narrow and wide boards; 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 ft. plank; 2x4, 2x5, 2x6 and 2x8 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 ft. long; 3x4, 3x5, 3x6, and 3x8, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 ft. long; 5x6, 6x6, 6x8 and 8x8, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 ft. long; 200,000 ft. good shingle lath; 200,000 ft. good gauged sawed plastering lath and hair; Bevel 1/2 and 3/4 dressed siding; rough and dressed lumber; Pine, Hemlock and Chestnut shingles; A good assortment of white Pine surface Boards 6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18 and 20 in. wide; Worked Flooring, Pine and Chestnut wainscoting; Pickets and Posts; 1/2 Car load of good White Ash lumber; Doors, Sash, Glass, Oils, Paints, Iron, Steel, wrought and Wire nails. At Silas Young's, Light Street, May 15-6-m.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y. mar-6-1y

Agreeable.

To the taste is Manners' Double Extract for the blood. Its action its on the bowels excels all others of or kind, as it contains no mercury up-aloos. Once tried and it can always be relied upon. Manners' Double Extract Sarsaparilla can be found at all drug stores. Price 50c a bottle. Sold at Moyer Bros, Drug Store.

Tax notices at this office. 30 cents a dozen. Also collectors receipt books. 5-1-2w

BARDSLEY'S STORY OUT.

He Makes Some Grave Charges Against Wanamaker.

WHICH ARE PROMPTLY DENIED.

The "Confession" Charges That Mr. Wanamaker Knowingly Held the Overruled Keystone Bank Stock and Demanded \$100,000 for It.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—The Bardsley investigating committee held another session in the afternoon, at which Postmaster General Wanamaker attended and testified concerning his transaction with the Keystone bank, and the statement made by ex-City Treasurer John Bardsley to Editor McWade, of The Ledger, was for the first time made public. It proved to be an interview between McWade and Bardsley on two different occasions at the prison. In it Bardsley again went over the story of the Keystone bank, and stoutly maintained that he put the \$90,000 in the bank, but did not know what became of it any more than he believed that President Marsh got it. Bardsley said that Bank Examiner Drew had been a heavy borrower from the Keystone bank and was completely under Lucas' and Marsh's thumb.

A Charge Against Wanamaker.
In regard to John Wanamaker, Bardsley said that Marsh told him that he knowingly held overruled shares of bank stock, and demanded \$100,000 for them and upon the plans for reorganizing the bank. Bardsley then said that he advised Marsh to engage counsel and make a demand on Wanamaker for the over-issued shares, as he was guilty of a crime in holding them. Marsh retained Mayer Sulzberger and John G. Johnson as his counsel, and they made a demand on Wanamaker, which he refused. Wanamaker's proposition was that the Lucas estate should pay him \$50,000, Marsh \$25,000 and the bank \$25,000. The lawyers then notified Mr. Wanamaker that if the fraudulent shares were not delivered to them by a specified date they would resort to legal measures to get them.

Wanamaker's Alleged Threat.
The shares were then turned over without delay. Wanamaker made a threat that he would see Controller Lacey in Washington and have the bank closed here they expected it. "In March, 1890," said Bardsley, "Marsh came to me and said Wanamaker wanted \$200,000 at once. Marsh told him he didn't have that amount on hand, and Wanamaker told him where he could get it. Two days later Marsh came to me, saying that Wanamaker was persistent and must have the money. I loaned him the money and Wanamaker got it."

Postmaster General Wanamaker, who had entered the room while Bardsley's statement was being read, then stepped forward and requested that he be allowed to testify. "I have," said he, "been anxious to appear ever since the question was raised regarding the stock of which I previously testified."

In answer to questions, he said that his interest in the Keystone bank arose out of his acquaintance with President Lucas and his brother when they were young merchants. He stated that he never pledged the overruled stock after he was told it was an overissue, and it was out of his hands at the time. He did not know H. H. Yard and had never met Mr. Lucas but once, and that was at an interview about the overruled stock. He was asked to give an account of what transpired between him and Marsh at Washington and did so, saying matters must take their course. As to the story told by Bardsley to McWade that he had threatened to close the bank unless he was paid for the overruled stock and that Lawyers Sulzberger and Johnson had forced him to return it, Mr. Wanamaker said it was absolutely false.

Bardsley Accused of Fabrication.
Granville B. Haines and Samuel B. Huey came to Washington to see him about the overruled stock, and he told them that they must settle for it and that if they did not, in justice to himself, he should inform the controller of the currency. After the bank closed he gave up the stock. Bardsley's statement that Marsh obtained from him \$200,000 for Wanamaker in March, 1890, he said, was absolutely untrue and without the slightest foundation, and invited the committee to inspect his books.

More Stock in Wanamaker's Name.
Mr. Wanamaker was then informed by a member of the committee that during their examination of the stock book of the Keystone bank they had found 3,200 shares of stock in his name in addition to the 2,315 shares which he testified had been given by Lucas to use as collateral for a deal in Reading stock. "When I appeared before this committee before," said Mr. Wanamaker, "I confined myself principally to the business of the firm in my deals with Lucas in Reading. I had in my mind certain private matters, but did not suppose the committee wanted to hear of private operations."

Mr. Wanamaker then again referred to the 2,315 shares which he had held as collateral, and gave the committee a list of those he had turned over to the Lucas estate.

Always Doing Such Things.
In regard to the stock which had been found in his name, 625 shares of it, Mr. Wanamaker said was held by Irvin & Toland, his bankers, as collateral. This reduced it to 2,700 shares of stock. Of these five blocks of 200 shares each were dated March 3, 1888, and while issued in his name the power of attorney had never been indorsed by him and they could never have been used. Of these shares he had absolutely no knowledge. The next lot, five blocks of 200 shares each, was dated four weeks earlier, Feb. 3, 1888. He was a director in the Girard Trust company, and Lucas came to him and asked him to obtain a loan of \$40,000 on the stock.

"I have been just foolish enough," said Mr. Wanamaker, "all my life to do those things, and I got the money on the stock and gave it to him. A considerable time afterward it was paid off by the Lucas estate, and they got the stock back."

Placed in His Name.
Mr. Wanamaker also presented the committee with a letter from John C. Lucas, dated May 28, 1888, enclosing a check to pay the interest on this loan. "Of the other unused five blocks of stock," said Mr. Wanamaker, "my impression is that Mr. Lucas at first intended to ask for a larger loan, and so issued them. It was never used, however, as it could not have been without my indorsement. I know of no other stock, but I remember that ten years ago, when Lucas was securing control of the bank, he came to me and said he did not want people to know who certain stock belonged to, and for a time he placed some in my name."

AN INQUEST FOR SMILER.

Coroner Levy Has Exhumed the Murderer's Body.

TO INVESTIGATE ELECTROCUTION

The New York Official Wants to Know What Occurred at the Sing Sing Executions and Will Summon Warden Brown and All of His Witnesses.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The body of Harris A. Smiler, one of the four murderers who was electrocuted at Sing Sing last Tuesday morning, was exhumed today at Woodlawn cemetery by Coroner Levy and an autopsy made by Dr. William T. Jenkins, the coroner's physician. The coroner said this morning that he was now sure of his position in taking the step he has in the matter.

He Has Looked Up the Law.
He said: "I have not been consulting with the district attorney or any lawyer, but I have been looking up the law and fully believe that I am in the right, and that every good citizen will uphold me in taking the step I have. This is an affair which interests every man in New York state, and I intend to find out what occurred behind the dark walls at Sing Sing last Tuesday morning."

Warden Brown Must Talk.
The inquest will be held next Monday morning. The coroner says he will have a jury composed of intelligent medical men and electrical experts to sit at the inquest. Subpoenas will be served on the witnesses who were present at the electrocution at Sing Sing and Warden Brown some time during the week.

No Right to Exhume Smiler.
ALBANY, July 14.—State Attorney General Tabor was asked what he thought of Coroner Levy's assertion that he would subject the body of Smiler, the murderer, to an autopsy and hold an inquest upon it and compel the witnesses to the execution to tell all they knew and saw. He said: "Coroner Levy can do no such thing. He has no more right to touch the body than he has to go into a cemetery in this city and drag out the remains of people buried fifty years ago. The office of coroner is limited by statute, and he can only examine in case a complaint is made and he deems it suspicious. In this case, under the laws of the state, the man has been executed, and physicians appointed under the law have certified as to the cause of death."

Nothing to Do with the Case.
"It does not matter, even if the man was roasted to death, as long as the warden complied with the law. The death certificate, with the result of the autopsy, is filed in New York county, and the coroner has nothing to do in the case. No complaint has been made, and he is acting entirely without reason. I don't think he will push the matter."

ALL DIED INSTANTLY.
The Four Executions at Sing Sing Were Successful.

SING SING, N. Y., July 8.—A white flag ran up the balcony of the flagpole at Sing Sing prison Tuesday. It clung to the pole a moment, then unfolded and spread to the breeze. A slender man, through the watchers on the bluff near the prison, for the flag of truce proclaimed that Murderer James J. Slocum's battle with the deadly electric current was at an end and that Slocum's soul was before its maker for judgment. With aching eyes the watchers without the prison still regarded the gaunt pole. There were three more lives to be snuffed out; three more flags to flutter at the pole's top. Exactly half an hour later a blue flag crept up the pole and mutely proclaimed that Harris A. Smiler had met the shock and died. Twenty-five minutes more were ticked off by the watch, then a crapelle emblem—a grewsome black flag—was outlined against the sky.

As Deadly as the Pirate Flag.
There was no skull and crossbones upon the black flag, but it was as surely an emblem of death as ever floated from a pirate's ship. As the black flag was folded to the breeze the lifeless body of the negro manslayer, Joseph Wood, reclined in Warden Brown's chair.

The black flag came down from the staff, but twenty-eight minutes later a bloody red bit of bunting announced that the ghostly proceedings were over and that Shibuya Jugro, the Japanese murderer, had also paid the death penalty.

They All Died Instantly.

According to the statement of Dr. Rockwell, one of the witnesses, the execution was successful in every way. The men went to the chair without trouble and death was instantaneous in each case. But the current was applied twice to each man so that there could be no possibility of his being still alive when his body was turned over to the physician. There were none of the disagreeable sights at their executions that made the Kemmler affair so horrible.

Smiler's Body Burned.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The body of Smiler, the murderer who was done to death by electricity at Sing Sing Tuesday morning, was seen by a reporter last evening at Hulseberg's undertaking shop, 205 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street. Smiler was the only one of the four murderers whose body was claimed by his friends. The bodies of the other three men never passed out of the possession of the state.

The eyes had been burned away, the cheeks and the lower part of the face were covered with blood-red scars which the electric fluid had left, the bridge of the nose had been burned clear to the bone, and the eyebrows had been singed till there was nothing left to show where they had been.

There was no mark of a surgeon's knife or of a physician's instrument about the face, neck or head of the dead man, and the terrible disfigurement which he had undergone seemed clearly the result of the impact of the electric agent.

Blisters Would Be Raised.

ALBANY, July 9.—Dr. Samuel B. Ward, one of the official physicians at the execution, said when asked about the burning of Smiler: "I am pledged to secrecy. As it is, I can only repeat most emphatically that death was instantaneous and painless, or as nearly painless as it is possible for death to be. As for any marks on the body of Smiler I will say that it is by no means an uncommon thing for blisters to be raised upon the skin by the application of a current of electricity."

To Be Held at Harrisburg.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—At a meeting of the Democratic state executive committee it was decided to hold the next state convention at Harrisburg on Thursday, Sept. 3.

Newspapers and Their Friends.

A newspaper, if it has any brains, conscience and muscle back of it, must continually decide between doing its duty and injuring its pocket. In any position but that of an editor the public is able to separate the individual homo from the collective citizen. But if the editor does not please them, if his pocket they aim at. Thus it is that newspapers learn who their friends are. The man who reads a newspaper and admires it all the year around, yet gives his business support to some other concern, whose principles he detests, is not a friend of the former paper.

Admirer alone will not run a newspaper. Sooner or later such admirers will find that the object of their affections has become wedded to other ways that they do not admire—in other words, a newspaper is compelled, in order to live, to seek the friendship of those who are not so platonic in their love, but unite that practical esteem with sentiment that binds mutual admiration in other professions. There are too many men who expect an editor to slay in defense of their pet notions and hobbies, advocate their views against the strongest opposition and coolly withhold the business support by which alone a small newspaper can live.

Talk about a newspaper having a public duty to perform, and an editor having to labor by his principles, is cheap when others stand back and, while extending a lukewarm neutrality with one hand, are filling their pockets with the other hand as a result of the editor's labor for his principles, which they admire but do not support.—Clinton Enterprise.

Encourage the Editor.

As a rule the editor gets a thousand kicks to one caress. Once in a while he gets a kind word, and it warms and cheers his weather beaten, storm raked heart to the innermost core. Most people are afraid to tell an editor when he writes an article that particularly pleases them for fear of making him proud, we suppose, but if they find anything that does not accord precisely with their views they will neglect their business to hunt him up and tell him of it. Pahaw! dear friends, don't think you will spoil the editor by giving him an occasional word of cheer any more than you will spoil your child by complimenting her upon a piece of patchwork she has finished. Of course you could beat the job yourself, but that doesn't deter you from heaping words of encouragement on the child.

It has done its best. So you could doubtless beat the average editor at running a paper? Of course you can. The man does not live who can't beat an editor at running a paper. The editor is willing to acknowledge that you can. He only does it because you have not time to, but this fact need not deter you from giving him a word of encouragement occasionally.

Let Everybody See It.

Elsewhere appears an announcement which will interest every reader of this paper. It is the presentation in Scranton of Pain's wonderful spectacle, "Last Days of Pompeii," on a scale of grandeur never before witnessed outside of the largest cities. This great attraction was secured only by raising a guarantee fund of \$20,000, contributed by enterprising citizens, who desire to prove that Scranton is abreast of the times. The different railroads will issue excursion tickets at half-rates, thus putting the outlay for transportation at the minimum, while 50 cents will pay for admission. The first performance will be given on Tuesday evening, July 28, and repeated each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday during the season. Of course there will be a vast outpouring of the people from this section, for such an opportunity may not occur again in a lifetime.

Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents. Seats in private boxes \$1. Can be secured ten days in advance of each exhibition. Single fare for round trip on all roads. See advertisement.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.	
Butter per lb.	.16
Eggs per dozen	.18
Lard per lb.	.10
Ham per pound	.12
Pork, whole, per pound	.05 to .054
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to .10
Wheat per bushel	1.20
Oats " "	.70
Rye " "	.80
Buckwheat flour per 100	2.00
Wheat flour per 100	6.00
Hay per ton	10.00 to 15.00
Potatoes per bushel	90
Shelled corn per bushel	85
Corn meal " cwt.	2.00
Side meat " lb.	.10
Chop " cwt.	1.75
Tallow " lb.	.04
Chickens " lb.	.10
Turkeys " lb.	.124
Coal per ton, No. 6	2.25
" " 4 and 5	2.00
2c per ton extra, delivered.	.25

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Hoats, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the executor, will sit in the office of Wintersteen, Beckley & McKillip, Tuesday, July 21, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be barred from coming in on said fund.

H. A. MCKILLIP, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of A. G. Yobe late of Mifflin township deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of A. G. Yobe, late of Mifflin township, Co. Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

C. P. KLINGAMAN, Administrator

June 5-6t

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.

FOR SALE.—A lot of ground with frame house, stable and outbuildings. Good fruit. Situate on Main street of Orangeville. Address A. B. HERRING, Orangeville, Pa. 6-19-4t.

Never mind! Never mind what the people say, it is a fact nevertheless that the Popular News Agent, has added to an already well selected stock of Games, Books Novels, &c., wall paper, beautiful designs and at very reasonable prices. Call and examine just a few doors below Market street

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Do you contemplate having a suit made? If you are, go to a practical man, where you can see the goods in the piece. Do not buy from samples as all goods look different in the piece. A fine line of goods for suits, spring overcoats and pantaloons, cut to your measure, made on our own premises, under the personal supervision of J. R. Townsend, at D. LOWENBERG'S.

Very pretty suits for children; cassimere, worsted or Jersey, made in handsome designs at D. LOWENBERG'S.

Have you seen the new neckties in Lowenberg's window.

Highest price in cash paid for hides and tallow at A. Solleder's. 17-3t.

Nobly soft hats in all colors at Lowenberg's.

The new Block of stiff hats can be seen at Lowenberg's.

Black cheviot suits are popular, you can have a cutaway or sack coat, double or single breasted, round or square corners at D. LOWENBERG'S.

Board Wanted for the Summer.

Farm house preferred. Give rate per week for adults and children and the number of persons that can be accommodated. Address, "THOMAS," office of Republican, Bloomsburg, Pa.

I. W. Hartman & Sons.

"Why, I can buy just as nice Embroideries at Hartman's as I can here," is the remark recently made by a Bloomsburg lady in a large Phila. Store.

Our 5c embroideries are going.

15c Sateens at 9c yd.
Best Lawns at 9c yd.
All-wool Challies at 35c yd.
\$5.00 Parasols at \$2.50.
\$2.50 " " \$1.50 & \$1.25.

\$1.25 Parasols at 75c.
75c and \$1.00 Parasols at 35 to 65c, &c.
Fans, gloves, mitts and all kinds of warm weather goods.

MT. GRETTA Farmers' Encampment, AUGUST 16 TO 22 INCLUSIVE.

The Encampment will open Sunday, August 16th, with Religious Services and sermon by one of the most distinguished divines in the country in the immense Auditorium seating 3500 people.

EXHIBITION

of Agricultural Implements, Musical Instruments, House Furnishing Goods, Farm Products, Horticulture and Live Stock from the 17th to the 22nd inclusive.

FOR THE PUBLIC.

An instructive and entertaining program, musical and literary, with addresses by eminent Agriculturists and Political Economists will be provided each day of Encampment.

A large number of wall tents will be erected in the park for the accommodation of those desiring to remain the entire week; and meals can be procured on the grounds at reasonable rates.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS

will be run by the Philadelphia & Reading and the Pennsylvania Railroads. And railroads generally will make excursion rates for parties. Application for same should be made in good time.

AN ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT WILL ILLUMINATE THE PARK AT NIGHT.
No intoxicating liquors allowed on the grounds. For space, tents and information regarding Exhibition apply to T. A. CORBELL, General Manager, Harrisburg, Pa.

For rates and general information apply to NED HUSH, R. B. GOLDEN, Genl. Supt. Genl. Pass. Agent.

CORNWALL & LEBANON R. R. Co., LEBANON, PA. June 26-2m.