

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., July 13, 1891.

A great big scandal, involving, through more than one of its members, the administration, may be the outcome of the Itata business. It is whispered in inside circles here that the opinions of certain people—the matter is entirely too serious to use names upon no better basis than rumor—have been influenced both for and against the Chilian insurgents by the receipt of large sums of money, which has, according to the story, been furnished by certain parties in New York who are heavily interested in Chilian commerce, and whose business rivalry is thought by many to be at the bottom of all the trouble in that unfortunate country. Certain it is that Balmaceda and the insurgents are both represented in Washington by shrewd agents and lawyers, the latter Americans, and the appearances indicate that both sides are well supplied with money and that at least one side has paid big money for the right to use the news columns of certain newspapers. The administration officially recognizes only the Balmaceda government but Senator Montt, the representative here of the Chilian insurgents, or, as he says, "the only constitutional government of Chili," appears to be confident that the Itata will be released by the courts and that the insurgents will soon be recognized by this Government.

It is rather an odd coincidence that Secretary Foster, the defender of the extravagance of the billion-dollar Congress, and a man who has been prominent in his party as a spoilsman, should have reached the same conclusion that the late Hon. Samuel J. Randall, who as chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives made a reputation for honesty and economy in public expenditures never surpassed, did as to the advisability of abolishing five out of the six Auditor's offices of the Treasury department, because of the uselessness of the work done in those offices, which consists almost entirely of duplicating the work done in the offices of the Comptroller of the Treasury. Mr. Randall once drew up a bill to abolish these and some other useless bureaus of the Treasury department, but he found it impossible to secure support for it in Congress, because it meant a large reduction in the number of clerks employed, which meant that much less patronage for the Congressmen. It would be an easy matter, were Congress so disposed, to save nearly \$2,000,000 per year in this one department, by taking up and carrying out Mr. Randall's original idea, which for some reason Mr. Foster has seen fit to endorse. There has been a hitch in making public the schedule for the subsidized lines of steamships, which was promised for last week by Mr. Wanamaker. It is still in the hands of Mr. Harrison, who took it for revision before leaving Washington, and those who ought to know say that the trouble has been that all the conferences between Mr. Harrison and Mr. Wanamaker have been taken up by the latter's trying to make plain to the former just what his connection had been with the wrecked Keystone Bank of Philadelphia; and they say that Mr. Harrison has subjected Mr. Wanamaker to a much more rigid cross examination than the committee in Philadelphia did. The republicans claim in public that Mr. Wanamaker's several explanations have completely exonerated him; but among themselves they are not quite so sure about it, and many of them predict that it is going to give the party lots of trouble, particularly in Pennsylvania. It is certainly an affair to be deeply regretted, not only by Mr. Wanamaker's personal and political friends, but by the public at large.

Prof. Dyrenforth of the Agricultural Department is on his way to the most arid section of western Kansas, carrying with him the balloons, kites, dynamite bombs, etc., with which he expects to obtain by explosions in the air a copious fall of rain in that region, where rain is unknown. He has an appropriation of \$9,000 to spend in experimenting.

Fourth Auditor Lynch, the negro who with Ex-Senator Bruce was given office in exchange for a Harrison delegation from Mississippi, has just returned from that State and reports that the contract has been complied with, and that not only Mississippi but the entire South will send a solid Harrison delegation to the republican convention, which cannot be broken. He forgot to add: Unless some other candidate is disposed to open a barrel,

which case the Southern delegation can be stamped just as they have been in all previous republican national conventions.

Another negro, Fred Douglas, will soon be out of a job, as it is semi-officially announced that he will not go back to Hayti, as minister. He brought with him a reciprocity treaty with Hayti which he negotiated, but the administration for some reason doesn't seem proud of it.

Revelations Made by the Experts Who Examined Ex-Treasurer Bardsley's Accounts.

HOW JOHN PAID FOR KINDNESS.

The experts appointed to investigate the accounts of John Bardsley, late city treasurer, have made a detailed report to the mayor. A recapitulation of their statement is as follows:

Net amount due to the state, \$1,585,602.95; net amount due to the city, \$1,008,944.00; total balance due to the state and city to be accounted for, \$2,595,551.95. Deduct amount of deposits in various banks to May 30 1891, \$919,673.47; leaving, \$1,674,878.47. Deduct Keystone bank due bills, \$925,000; deduct Keystone bank checks paid by Bardsley in excess of \$437,554.32 in city fund account, \$196,043.10. Total net deficiency in Mr. Bardsley's accounts, \$553,835.38.

As to the credit of \$925,000 represented by Keystone bank due bills, we find more or less evidence of payments made from time to time by Mr. Bardsley to the president of the bank, which may make up this amount. The due bills are irregularly numbered and dated, and this, in connection with the fact that we have found four blank due bills in a sheet uncut under a blotter on Mr. Bardsley's desk, creates a fair suspicion of their genuineness.

Mr. Bardsley's private memorandum book shows that he was paid by the Keystone bank \$1,000 each month, commencing in January, 1889, and continuing regularly to September, 1890, making a total of \$21,000. This sum was regularly paid in addition to interest which he received on state money loaned or deposited, and appears to represent three per cent. on the limit of \$400,000 of the city deposit. One entry shows the receipt of \$500, "for the use of \$100,000 from December 12 to 31, 1889, at \$25 per day," equivalent to an interest rate of nine per cent. The total amount of interest paid Mr. Bardsley for the years 1889 and 1890 by this bank alone was \$76,827.36.

Thus it appears that these due bills represented loans personally made to the bank, rather than deposits therein, and which acts of loaning were wrongful conversions to his own use and the violations of the laws of this commonwealth. It may well be doubted whether such a credit under such circumstances is properly made, but it is allowed in this account without examination.

Auditor General McCamant and Wm. Livsey, state treasurer, received their share in the spoils. Check No. 408 dated February 28, 1890, reads "For L. & Mc. January & February \$1000. Check No. 135, "March 17, 1891, cash half of 750 Mc. \$375." Check No. 205, December 4, 1889, "Wm. Livsey, state treasurer, for his kindness to me during the year, \$500." In the state advertising Bardsley received 40 per cent, one-half of which he divided with the Auditor General. On page 43 is written "news-paper 1889, balance \$14,289.04; one-half to Thomas McCamant, \$7,144.52. For the year 1890 the amount from this 40 per cent was \$17,076.00. June 11, 1890 check No. 435 was drawn which reads to myself or bearer" for \$7,108.85, and on the face of the check is written in ink the word "Large." There is no evidence yet to whom this check was paid. For 1891 Bardsley received for his half of the 40 per cent \$8,064.40.

Denials Do Not Disprove.

Boss Quay says that if Mr. Herbert Welsh, of Philadelphia, or any other Free-Trader, has any proofs that he ever unlawfully invaded the State Treasury he would be delighted to have the said proofs placed on exhibition.

Has Mr. Quay forgotten that *The World* has cordially invited him into court upon an explicit promise to furnish all the proofs that may be required? Is he not also aware that if innocent he has only to ask Senator Cameron, Wayne MacVeagh and Christopher L. Magee to tell the truth? They know the facts. Mr. Quay alone can unlock their lips by removing the seal of confidence.

If he is not guilty, as Mr. Welsh and several hundred other Philadelphia Republicans have recently charged over again that he is, he has the two methods of vindication always open to him: He can sue *The World* and recover ample damages, or he can invite the three eminent republicans above named to state what they know.

Why does not Boss Quay put his denial to the test of evidence?—*World*.

Chapter 1: Weak, tired, no appetite. Chapter 2: Take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Chapter 3: Strong, Cheerful, hungry.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RECENT DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

The owners of swine, who permit them to run at large without rings and yokes, in violation of the provisions of the act of 1765, 1 Sm. L. 70, is liable in an action of trespass for depredations committed by them upon the enclosure of another, irrespective of the character of the fences surrounding such enclosure.

Every man has a reputation for sobriety or for intemperance, in the community wherever he resides; and when a man becomes generally known as an intemperate man in his neighborhood, a person who sells him liquor within that neighborhood, must ascertain and take notice of such reputation at his peril.

The provisions of Sec. 9 a act of June 3, 1878, amended by act of April 25, 1889, which forbid any person to "kill or expose for sale, or have in his or her possession, after the same has been killed, any quail" between certain dates in each year, do not prohibit the selling or having in possession, during said period, if quail be killed in and imported from another state.

No Matter How Hard

any druggist tries to sell you his own cough medicine, remember he does it because he makes more money on it. Insist on having Kemp's Balsam for the throat or lungs, for there is no cough remedy so pure and none so quick to break up a cold. For influenza, soreness of the throat and tickling irritation with constant cough, Kemp's Balsam is an immediate cure. Large bottles 50c and \$1. At all druggists.

The Common House Fly.

The common house fly does not, in the ordinary sense of the word, migrate, though, of course, individuals of the species frequently travel long distances. The remarkable fecundity of the fly is quite sufficient to account for its numbers during the early summer. A few individuals, in the torpid state, survive even the coldest winter, and with the first warm days of summer lay their eggs. When deposited under favorable conditions these are hatched in from twelve to twenty-four hours and in twelve days the worm changes into a nymph and in ten days more into a perfect fly. A fly will lay four times during the summer, about eighty eggs each time, and careful calculations have demonstrated that the descendants of a single insect may, from the 1st of June to the end of September, exceed 2,000,000. Were it not for bats, insect-eating birds and the innumerable microscopic parasites with which the fly is particularly afflicted there would be no worse pest in the world than the fly.—*St. Louis Globe Democrat*.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. Distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "a" gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels, are some of the more common symptoms. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful, persistent attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet surely and efficiently. It tones the stomach and other organs, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, and by thus overcoming the local symptoms removes the sympathetic effects of the disease, banishes the headache, and refreshes the tired mind. "I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. In an hour after eating I would experience a faintness, or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble, I think, was aggravated by my business, which is that of a painter, and from being more or less shut up in a room with fresh paint. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla—took three bottles. It did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists, \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to distribute the funds in the hands of James T. Fox executor of the estate of Franklin Rhodes, deceased, as appears on his final account, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Columbia building in Bloomsburg on Saturday the 27th day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested are requested to present their claims, and the undersigned, or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund. July 17-91. W. M. H. SNYDER, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Geo. Moore, late of Sugarloaf Twp., Col. Co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to or to A. L. FRITZ, Administrator, Fairmount Springs, June 17-91.

Leases for sale at this office. 3 cts each, 30 cents a dozen.

LOWENBERG'S CLOTHING!

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT!

BLACK AND BLUE CHEVIOTS.

LADIES SHOULD SEE THE PRETTY SUITS FOR CHILDREN.

SPRING SEASON 1891.

THE LATEST COLLARS, NECK TIES, DRESS SHIRTS, NIGHT SHIRTS &c.

DOUBLE BREASTED SACKS AND CUTAWAYS.

THE FINEST LINE OF SPRING PANTS IN TOWN.

Call and examine and see for yourselves that LOWENBERG'S is the right place to buy your Clothing.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

The following is a list of Candidates for County offices to be voted for at the delegate election held Saturday, August 8th, 1891, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m. Nominating Convention, Tuesday, August 11th.

For Sheriff, GEORGE BREISCH, of Main township.

For Sheriff, JOHN MOUREY, of Roaringcreek.

For Sheriff, DANIEL KNORR, of Locust Township.

For Sheriff, J. B. KNITTLE, of Catawissa.

For Sheriff, CHARLES S. REICHAERT, of Main township.

For Associate Judge, C. G. MURPHY, of Centralia.

LAST DAYS OF POMPEII.

DRIVING PARK SCRANTON, PA.

Commencing JULY 28

10 PERFORMANCES EVERY Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday

EVERY EVENINGS.

GORGEOUS PRODUCTION, PAIN'S

LAST DAYS OF POMPEII

The Most Dazzling, Realistic and Magnificent Scene Ever Shown to the Public.

350 Performers on the Open Air Stage—350

Realistic Eruption of Mt. Vesuvius.

Monster Display of Fireworks.

Dancing Girls and Flower Girls.

Charming Music Arranged by Gilmore.

Amphitheater Seats 10,000 People.

This Gigantic Enterprise has been Secured to the People of Scranton,

by a Guarantee of \$20,000.

General admission, 50 cts. Reserved Seats, 75 cts. Box Seats, \$1.00

Single Fare for round Trip on all Roads Entering Scranton.

Apply to Your Nearest Station Agent.

In case of Rain tickets good for the next clear night.

Don't miss this opportunity to see the greatest spectacle of the age.

7-17-91.

"THE PEOPLES STORE" DANVILLE, PENNA.

A Great Remnant Sale DURING THE MONTH OF JULY.

Of Fine Dress Goods Domestic, Prints, Gingham.

WASH GOODS, ETC.

You will have a great chance all this month, to get your choice of a lot of fine Dress Goods, Domestic, Prints, Gingham, Wash Goods etc. These remnants and odd pieces are from 1 yard to 15 yards each. So if you have use for remnants of any kind you will surely find just what you want. As the sale goes on new pieces will be added each day, so as to give you a good choice whenever you come. This sale of remnants will continue during the month of July only.

LADIES SUMMER VESTS AT CLOSING PRICES.

Ladies Ribbed Cotton Vests to go at 8c each special value Ladies Ribbed Vests 15c each. Better ones at 25 to 75c each.

MISSSES AND CHILDRENS MULL HATS AND CAPS.

Misses Mull Hats Shirred rim Tam O'Shanter crown in plain white and fancy to go at 25c each, would be considered good value at 39c.

Misses Mull Hats with embroidered crown shirred rim and bow to go at 50c each would be cheap at 75c.

Misses Silk Hats Shirred rim with lace full crown to go at 95c each worth 1.25. Misses Red Hats with embroidered crown the very latest out 50c each hard to find better at 75c.

To keep the Hair in healthy condition try Rum and Quinine 5c a bottle. For Headache use Oak Lavender Salts 25 and 50c a bottle. Witch Hazel 25c a bottle. Bias Velvet Dress facing in all shades 18c a piece.

"THE PEOPLES STORE" MILL & CENTRE STREETS DANILLE, PA. Entrance On Both Streets.

I'LL DO IT FOR YOU. (Trade-Mark)



ANY THING YOU MAY WANT FROM N. Y. CITY I WILL GET FOR YOU!

MY BARGAIN COUNTER:

This is an opportunity to club together with your friends to get what you need at wholesale. SALE NEW YORK PRICES. Any article in this list will be sent for 10 cents. Your choice of 3 for 25c, 5 for 65c, 9 for 85c, 14 for 85c, 15 for 95c, 18 for \$1.00.

Spring Curling Iron, Tooth Brush, Nail Brush, Linen Napkin, 1 YARD SECK RUFFLING, Lamp Burner, Ceylon Tea, SALT HARD PAINTED PINEUSHION, or Salt Bag, SILVER GOLD PLATED LIVEST PIN, CUT BUTTON, SCURT PIN, COLOGNE, SACHET, POWDER, JAPANESE JEWEL CASE, SET OF 12 NAPKINS, BEAUTIFUL FOLDING FAN, SHAWL STRAP, Lace trimmed Baby Bibs, Complete sets of Checkers, Dominoes, Playing Cards, Autograph 20 tinted leaves, Imported Bordered Handkerchief, Harmonica, Toilet soap, Boxwood, Rule 2ft, Sateen Necktie dark or light Shades, Needle Book, Pocket Book fine leather, Memorandum gilt edge, Silvered pin, 4c, &c. Address orders to Williamstridge, N.Y. I. E. DICKEET, June 17-91.

SMITH & HESS' STEAM LAUNDRY, 113 SOUTH MAIN STREET, WILKES-BARRE.

DOES THE BEST WORK IN THE VALLEY. CARPETS CLEANED AND FITTED.

Best Facilities. Only filtered water used. All work entrusted to our care will be executed in a first-class manner, and work not giving satisfaction will be re-laundered free of charge. All goods called for and delivered.

A good agent wanted in Bloomsburg.

TOWN TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the tax-payers of the Town of Bloomsburg by the undersigned, that he is prepared to receive Town Taxes for the year 1891, at his office on the second floor of the Post Office Building in said Town of Bloomsburg. Any tax unpaid at the expiration of thirty days from this notice shall be paid with five per cent penalty on the amount added thereto. July 1st, 1891. ROBT. BUCKINGHAM, Town Treasurer.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents Dandruff and hair falling out. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.