

The Columbian



B. E. Swall, J. E. Stenhouse, Attorneys. BLOOMSBURG, PA. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1890.

Senator Dalamer has denied the report that he is seeking the U. S. Scholarship. The friends of Mayor Filer of Philadelphia have proposed the latter as a candidate against Senator Cameron.

The Independent Republicans have given notice that they will be satisfied with nothing short of the retirement of Quay from the leadership of the republican party.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Nov. 24, 1890. Mr. Harrison and Mr. Blaine cannot continue their present relations much longer, unless there is a radical change of mind on the part of one of them. That becomes plain and plainer every day to those familiar with the inside workings of the administration. Mr. Harrison has finished his message, and it has been shown to every member of the cabinet, except Mr. Blaine. The reason for this action on the part of Mr. Harrison is that he has gone directly contrary to the views of Mr. Blaine, on at least two important matters dealt with by the message, and he has delayed showing the message to Mr. Blaine, fearing that it might cause an open row between them. Of course it will have to be shown to Secretary of State before Congress meets but there will be no trouble, so far as Mr. Blaine is concerned. He made up his mind when the McKinley bill became a law that the republican party was doomed, and since that time he has not bothered his head with matters outside of his hobby, reciprocity.

MUTUAL FOR SPEAKER

A PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRAT WHO IS VERY FAVORABLY MENTIONED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The latest name mentioned in connection with the Speakership is that of William Mitchell of Lancaster, Pa. Every section of the country has its candidate except the East. There are Mills, McMillin, Crisp and Blount from the South; Hatch, Springer, Bynum, Oathwaite and Wilson from the North and West, but none except Mitchell from the great Atlantic States. It is true that Lockwood of New York has announced his candidacy, but every one treats it as a joke and not to be seriously considered. He is not a member of the present Congress and therefore there is no one who takes his candidacy in earnest.

The East, with its great financial interests, should be entitled to the office, as the West now has the Presidency and the "Bloody Shirt" is still being waved too much for the South to get the honor without and receive the credit. Should the East combine on Mitchell, as now seems probable, he would be a formidable candidate as he would have fifty-five votes to start with.

Aside from this, Mr. Mitchell has many friends among all the old members, as he is very popular with them. In every way he is adapted to the position. He is a good parliamentarian, level-headed and with a perfect control of his temper. His position on the tariff is that of his party, and his selection would give the business world a guarantee that no rash measures would become laws. Although Mr. Mitchell has not announced his candidacy, his friends have taken the matter in hand and are determined to secure his election.

The McKinley Bill and the Election

The argument for passing the McKinley bill and for pressing debate upon it in the House was that the country in the election of 1888 had issued its "mandate" for the enactment of a high tariff. If that view was correct, it follows that the country has now receded and receded its mandate by electing a House representing the most positive opposition to the McKinley bill. This is not surprising. No close observer can have failed to remark the deep discontent produced by the general course of the administration, and especially by the passage of a bill which actually increased the price of necessities in a time of general peace, and at a session of Congress which began with a surplus in the Treasury. Harper's Weekly.

ALLENSTOWN, Nov. 26.—Three weeks ago yesterday it was 218 days that Mrs. Adam Wucher, of White Hall, had fasted. Dr. C. W. Sieger, her attending physician, said yesterday that she was now better than a faster. She had spent the greater part of the past week in defending herself against the attacks of the local newspapers, which have told her that she no longer believes the woman or herself. The doctor says: "I will say nothing that I cannot prove, and will not be shaken from my foundation until it is demonstrated that I am wrong. I cannot say how the woman retains her endurance. She does not eat. Lately a few drops of orange juice have been placed on her tongue. She retains a small piece of bread in her mouth and then permits it to drop out. I have resorted to tests, but cannot get her to swallow. Her heart beats 120 times a minute. A pulse cannot be found. The convulsions are again returning. The finger nails are now grown the one hundred part of an inch since her fast began. A pin can be run through her skin without being felt. Her right arm is as if it were a solid bone without joints. The sight of one eye is entirely destroyed. With the other she can only distinguish light from darkness. The woman is a great sufferer, and every day she lives is a miracle."

They Are Liable. The doctors are all liable to be mistaken. They were in my case. I cost me \$200.00, because they said I had Heart Disease, and then told me I must die. Grandmother said it was Liver complaint, and \$2.00 worth of Sulphur Bitters cured me—Jennie Poor, Rockport, Mass. 11.28.24.

Ballot Reform. Both parties in this state at the recent election pledged themselves to ballot reform. Now that the session will soon be called—members of both parties should consider which will be the best way to bring about this reform. The following taken from the Harrisburg Patriot of the 26th shows how this reform may be brought about in the most speedy manner. Let the constituents of both parties press upon their members the necessity of voting for this measure. Some of the republican organs seem very much exercised over demands made by The Patriot and other democratic journals that the legislature at its coming session shall pass a ballot reform law and provide for an absolutely secret ballot. All manner of reasons are advanced to show that the legislature cannot pass a ballot reform law within the next year, but there is no

reasons. The only proper way to remove the marked ballot feature of the constitution is by means of a constitutional convention, and this also can be provided for. Between the opening of the legislative session and the spring election there will be nearly six weeks. This will be plenty of time in which to pass a ballot reform law and provide for the assembling of a constitutional convention. This question can be voted for at the February election, and as their is no doubt of its being adopted by a large majority the delegates to the constitutional convention can be elected at the same time, as was the case in 1872, when the question of amending the constitution was voted upon at the same election at which the delegates to the constitutional convention were elected. There will then be plenty of time for the convention to meet and amend the constitution by removing the marked ballot clause so that the amendment can be voted upon by the people at a general election next November.

There is no doubt of the fact that the people generally favor the adoption of a secret ballot law. They want it to be enacted as soon as possible and are not in favor of waiting five years for it, as would have to be done if an attempt were made to amend the constitution by having the amendment adopted by two successive legislatures and then voted upon by the people. The simplest way is always the best way, and in this case the simplest way is to call a constitutional convention. The legislators heed the wishes of the people.

Lutherans Statistics

AN INTERESTING TABLE SHOWING THE FIGURES OF THE SEVERAL COUNTRIES.

Rev. J. N. Lenker, the present Western Secretary of the Board of Church Extension of the General Lutheran synod was recently well occupied yesterday addressing the Lutherans of the city and South Side, making five speeches in all. Mr. Lenker has spent several years in church extension and mission work, not only in the United States, but in Germany, Russia and other countries, in other words he is posted in the statistics and general strength of his church, and in his eloquent discourse gave the following figures which shows the Lutheran church to have nearly as large a communicant membership all the other branches of the Protestant church combined:

Table with columns: Countries, Lutherans in all lands, and various regional statistics.

Lutherans in all languages. The Lutherans is a church of many languages. The latest statistics show that of her baptized membership throughout the world 32,000,000 speak German, 5,000,000 Swedish, 2,500,000 Norwegian, 2,500,000 Danish, 2,048,000 Finnish, 1,250,000 English, 1,000,000 Hungarian, 624,000 Livonian, 480,000 C. arishian, 272,000 Esthonian, 70,000 French, 70,000 Icelandic, 48,000 Bohemian, and that in every other civilized tongue she is well represented. In the United States, there are 1,100,000 members, 28,000 educated ministers, 88,881 church edifices, and 50,061,200 baptized members. This church, though taking its origin in Germany, seems to know no fatherland or mother tongue. She is at home everywhere.

Literary Note

The Christmas edition of the Cosmopolitan Magazine is one hundred thousand copies. The order as originally given to the printers, was for 85,000 copies, but while on the press it was thought advisable to increase the number to 100,000. It contains a feature never before attempted by any magazine, consisting of 123 cartoons from the brush of Dan Beard, the now famous artist, who did such wonderful illustrations in Mark Twain's book "The Yankee at the court of King Arthur." These cartoons are placed at the bottom of each page of the magazine, and take for their subject, "Christmas during the Eighteen Centuries of the Christian Era," with variations, showing the way in which the modern Christians carry out some of the chief texts of the Christian Gospel.

Defaces Hair? Be Cured. by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound for imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed for ever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

What's in a name? asked Biggs, the other day, in the course of conversation. "I guess your wife can tell you," replied Boggs. "What do you mean?" "Why everything you've got is in her name, isn't it?"—Puck.

Catarrah

It is a constitutional and not a local disease, and therefore it cannot be cured by local applications. It requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and effects a permanent cure. Thousands of people testify to the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh when other preparations had failed. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system, and makes you feel renewed in health and strength.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

Census of the Big Cities

TWENTY-FIVE CENTRIES OF POPULATION OVER THE 100,000 MARK. The census takers last June shows twenty-five cities in the Union that average above the 100,000 mark, and three with more than a million. Chicago by judicious annexation—one of its wards being a simple matter of twenty-eight miles from the City Hall—takes second place, and New York crosses the half million line three times. St. Louis, Boston and Baltimore press each other hard in the race and in another decade Cincinnati must give way to Cleveland, in Ohio, according to the latter's ratio in growth. Not a city stands credited in the 300,000 column. The West exhibits wonderful progress, while the South has but two great centres. Annexed are the figures for three decades:

Table with columns: Year (1870, 1880, 1890) and various city populations.

Protection to American Industries. Forty ingrain carpet weavers employed by Thomas Taylor, Howard street and Leigh avenue, and thirty-six of the employees of Edward R. Ad's carpet mill on Trenton avenue are on a strike against a reduction of a half cent per yard. The men say a half a cent seems like a trifle, but at the end of the work it amounts to considerable, and they cannot afford to work for starvation wages.

Patent Granted. To citizens of Pennsylvania during the past week, and reported for this paper by C. A. Snow & Co., Patent Attorneys, opposite U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C. G. W. A. Shattuck, Bloomsburg, Fountain Pen. C. H. Miller, Erie, Stove door opener. A. T. Moss Tunkinook, Car coupler. J. B. Hutchinson, Columbia, Wagon brake. A. Haaland, Allegheny, Flushing tank for water. W. A. Brown, Erie, Carriage. S. L. H. Curran, Susquehanna, Gage. S. L. H. Curran, Chesapeake, Car. R. C. Allen, Grove City, Singletree support. E. D. Becker, Leesport, Gun lock.

"A Merry Christmas!" is the cheery greeting shining from every page of that idyllic monthly, Danvers's Family Magazine, the December number of which—a genuine holiday number—is just at hand. What one will not know about preparing for Christmas, about trimming the tree and the gifts and good cheer, how to heartily enjoy the merry Christmas-tide, after reading this charming Magazine, is not worth knowing. "Lighting the Way for Santa Claus" is the very appropriate introductory water-color, and the page engraving that follows—"Raphael Painting the Virgin and Child," is from a noted painting, and will be appreciated for its historic value as well as its beauty. Besides these, there are at least two hundred and fifty other handsome illustrations, for this representative Family Magazine is noted for the quantity and good quality of its pictures.

There are splendid stories and poems, and every department is brimful of just what you want to know in its special line. But our adv'ce is, subscribe for this splendid Magazine, and you can have a rare treat each month. It is only \$2 a year, and is published by W. JENNINGS DEMAREST, 15 East 11th Street, New York.

SALESMEN WANTED. Travelling and local to sell our choice Nursery Stock. Part selling specialties in hardy fruits, etc. Goodly fees. Steady employment guaranteed. Your pay weekly. Write for terms. W. JENNINGS DEMAREST CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y. Nov. 4, Jan.

What's in a name? asked Biggs, the other day, in the course of conversation. "I guess your wife can tell you," replied Boggs. "What do you mean?" "Why everything you've got is in her name, isn't it?"—Puck.

If the Republican Senators wish to destroy the last vestige of hope their party has for 1892 they will pass the Foran bill this winter. They haven't much to build hopes on any way.

Stealing United States Senatorships is a very dangerous practice, and some body had better be extremely careful. "A word to the wise" etc.

Senator Sherman thinks the "wild silver men" and the wilder Farmers Alliance will have something to say about future legislation in this country. Fight you are, Senator. They will, they will.

Representative Flower has been poking the World's Fair managers with a sharp stick. He thinks, and rightly too, that the honor of being a member of the board of managers should be sufficient compensation, and that they should not expect or receive salaries for their services.

Mr. Parnell probably thinks that the old adage should be changed to read: "Woman is the root of all evil."

Claims enough under the pension law, passed at the last session of Congress, have already been filed to cost the Government \$40,000,000 a year and they are not all in yet. This is, of course, exclusive of the nearly one hundred millions of dollars that have been paid out by the Government annually for some time past. Truly there is something radically wrong in our present pension system.

Laxador An infallible regulator of the Human System. Cures Laxador Cures Bilious Liver Complaint, Laxador Price Costiveness, 25 Cts. Dyspepsia, Giddiness, Laxador &c. Sold by druggists.

The Leading Perfume. DREXEL'S COLOGNE Fragrant & Lasting! Price 25 Cents. AT ALL DEALERS.

D'IBULL'S COUGH SYRUP CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 25 C.

SALVATION OIL Price only 25 cts. Sold by all druggists. Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sore, Burns, Wounds, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Gout, or any bodily pain or ailment.

NEW LAMBS' FLUID. The Great Tobacco Cure. Cures Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, etc. Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER. The Great Urinary Cure. Cures Catarrh of the Bladder, Stricture, Hematuria, etc. Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

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COLLARS AND NECKWEAR. In Great Varieties.

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OVERCOATS! OVERCOATS! CLOTHING of all sorts for comfort at surprisingly Low Prices. At

I. MAIER'S, THE RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

Advertisement for 'THE YOUTH'S COMPANION' magazine, featuring a calendar and various prizes.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF CARPET, MATTING, OR OIL CLOTH, YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT W. H. BROWER'S 2nd Door above Court House. A new lot of Window Curtains received this week.

J. G. WELLS, JEWELER & OPTICIAN. Be sure and look at the display of JEWELRY, WATCHES, &c. Finest line in the County, before purchasing your Xmas PRESENTS. HAVE YOUR EYES FITTED FREE OF CHARGE AT J. G. WELLS. ALL GLASSES GUARANTEED TO FIT. Prepared to turn out fine Watch and Jewelry Work of all kinds on short notice. All work guaranteed.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of writ of F. P. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co. Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold in the Sheriff's Office in the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1890, at 10 a. m., all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Millin Township, Columbia County Pa., bounded as follows: to wit: on the north by public road and land of W. B. Goodhart, on the east by land of N. B. Durbin, on the south by land of E. F. Schaeffer, on the west by lands of Samuel Knott, J. P. Aton and E. Schweppesinger, containing 78 Acres of Land, more or less, whereon are erected and other dwellings.

Ready Made Clothing! Newest Styles, Latest Cuts! Lowest Prices! WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST STOCK OF Fall and Winter Clothing for Men, Youths' and Children. Ever Brought to This County. Children's Suits of all Styles. Come and See for Yourself. We are not offering old stock—but they are the latest goods, just received, and more on the way. Our large store room is filled, and we invite you to call and see and make selections from the latest styles. Suits sold for \$3.50 and upwards. We have also, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods. In our Merchant Tailoring Department we can furnish you the Best Goods at Low Prices and guarantee satisfaction. —Call at once at— EVANS & EYER, CORNER MAIN AND IRON STREETS.

REGISTERS NOTICE. Notice is hereby given to all legators, creditors and other persons interested in the estate of the late John H. Knecht, late of Orange Twp., Col. Co., deceased. The following is a list of the legators and creditors who have filed in the office of the Register of Columbia County and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphan's Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, December 1st, 1890, at 10 o'clock p. m. of said day. No. 1. First and final account of Jeremiah Fahringer and Michael Fahringer, administrators of the estate of Harman Fahringer, late of Locust Twp., Col. Co., deceased. No. 2. First and final account of Louisa Wolf, administratrix of Henry Wolf, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Col. Co., deceased. No. 3. First and final account of Levi Michael and F. P. Goshart, administrators of Daniel Goshart, late of Beaver Twp., Col. Co., deceased. No. 4. The account of Frank Starr, executor of Catherine Ritter, late of Catawissa, Col. Co., deceased. No. 5. First and final account of Wesley Rowland, executor of Sarah Kinn, late of Orange Twp., Col. Co., deceased. No. 6. Second and final account of Wesley Rowland, executor of John Kinn, late of Orange Twp., Col. Co., deceased. No. 7. First and final account of Eva Ripper, administratrix of E. B. C. & S. of Mary Ripper, late of Bloomsburg, Col. Co., deceased. No. 8. First and final account of Mrs. Susan Ripper, administratrix of E. B. C. & S. of Mrs. Ripper, late of Bloomsburg, Col. Co., deceased. No. 9. First and final account of C. W. Miller, executor of Frederick Miller, late of Beaver Twp., Col. Co., deceased. C. E. CAMPBELL, Register.