The Columbian.

C. E. Elwell, J. E. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5, 1890.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ROBERT E. PATTISON,
of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
CHAUNCEY F. BLACK,
of York.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
CAPT. WM. H. BARCLAY,
of Allegheny.

County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. S. P. WOLVERTON.
Subject to decision of Congressional Conferees, Seventeenth District.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
GRANT HERRING.
Subject to decision of Senatorial Conferees, Twenty-Fourth District.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
WM. KRICKBAUM,
E. M. TEWKSBURY.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
MORDECAI MILLARD.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
WILLIAM CHRISMAN.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS.
G. M. QUICK.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
C. H. CAMPBELL.

FOR TREASURER,
JOHN L. KLINE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JESSE RITTENHOUSE,
B. F. EDGAR.

FOR AUDITORS,
JERE B. NUSS,
CYRUS ROBBINS.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
SAMUEL NEYHARD.

The independent republicans opposed to Delamater have opened headquarters at 931 chestnut street, Philadelphia. George E. Mapes is chairman of the committee. They will soon begin an aggressive campaign.

Hon. S. P. Wolverton has been named for congress by Northumberland county, which with Columbia, gives him half the district and makes it certain that he will be nominated. We expressed our preference for Mr. Wolverton some time ago, and urged his nomination in the event of Mr. Buckalew's not being a candidate. He is a man of ability and activity, and he will represent this district with great credit to himself and his constituency.

Some of our esteemed contemporaries outside the county are predicting warm times in Columbia county politics this fall. They seem to be under the impression that there is to be a revolt of some kind, and that things are going to be turned topsy-turvy, but we are at a loss to know upon what their surmises are based. The whole ticket nominated by the Democrats will be elected by at least the usual majority. There were a few disappointed ones, as there always is after the convention, but there has been no intimation from any reliable source of a bolt, or an independent candidate for any office. Where, then, are the "warm times" coming from? There will be great enthusiasm here over the Democratic state ticket, as the campaign progresses, and the local ticket will be warmly supported, with perhaps a little cutting here and there, but Columbia will come up to the polls in November with her usual majority for the Democratic ticket.

For Congress, Hon. S. P. Wolverton of Sunbury, was nominated. This gives him two of the four counties of the district and he will be nominated by the conference, as he is the second choice of Montour county and will probably receive the instructions of Sullivan when they hold their county convention. The district is from three to four thousand democratic, and of his election there can be no doubt. Senator Wolverton is so well-known to the people of this county that it is not necessary to tell our readers who he is as he is acquainted, personally, with a majority of the people of the county. For many years he has been one of the most prominent attorneys in this section of the State. For ten years he served in the State Senate, leading the Democratic side of the house. He is in everyway qualified for the position and we predict his election by the largest majority ever given in the district and his holding a position in Washington among the leaders of his party.—*Sunbury Democrat.*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Sept. 1, 1890.

Senator Edmunds has exposed the cloven republicans foot by his resolution for a Congressional recess, instead of adjournment, from September 19, to November 10. Having by various methods succeeded in getting a date set for the disposal of the tariff bill—the most unjust financial measure of the age—the republicans now propose that Congress shall meet again after the Congressional elections in order that it may proceed to do what it does not dare to do before those elections. This action of Mr. Edmunds was taken because Mr. Harrison refused to assume the responsibility of calling an extra session for the sole purpose of enacting odious political laws and making unnecessary appropriations.

First and foremost, if the republicans are allowed to carry out their programme, and they will not, unless the united legitimate efforts of the democrats shall fail to prevent it, will come the force bill, upon which the republicans are already banking to carry the Presidential election of '92—their leaders expect to loose the next House; but are raising a large fund to try and save themselves from defeat by the aid of the electoral votes of four Southern States which they calculate can be carried with all of the election machinery in the hands of unscrupulous Federal agents.

Next will come the Congressional and Electoral college apportionment under the new census, which is to be manipulated in the interests of the republican party. If only the question of right and precedent were considered this apportionment would be left for the Fifty second Congress to deal with—so it has been since the foundation of our government—; but the republican party has never been in the habit of letting little things like right and precedent stand in its way, and it is too late to expect it to reform now.

Incidentally it is proposed that a large number of bills carrying large appropriations which the shrewd leaders of the party temporarily side tracked early in the present session are to be railroaded through and in order to carry his programme out successfully a quarum of republican Senators have, according to Senator Frye, who ought to be good republican authority, agreed to adopt a gag rule for the Senate similar to the one with which Speaker Reed has bound the House hand and feet.

Another nice little scheme in connection with this recess business is, that the pretense is to be made that the measures in which Farmers Alliance and the Labor organizations are interested, similiar to the compound lard bill, the amendments to the eight hour law, and to the alien contract law already passed by the house cannot be acted upon unless those extra three weeks are made use of. The object in this pretense is to try and make it appear to the farmers and workingmen that the democrats in opposing the Edmunds resolution are opposing the consideration of their interests.

Mr. Harrison has signed the meet inspection bill, thus giving himself greater power in a commercial sense, than is possessed by any European sovereign, with the possible exception of the Czar of Russia.

There is a rumor that the River and Harbor bill, which is now in the conference, is to go over until after the Elections, in order to keep down the present Congress.

Wall street pressure has made Secretary Windom issue a call for $20,000,000 more 4½ per cent bonds which will mature in September 1891. He offers to pay par and accrued interest to date of maturity.

Senator Morgan has presented to the Senate a resolution adopted by a mass-meeting of colored men at Birmingham, Alabama, against the passage of the Force bill. This added to the fact that a meeting of negroes at Philadelphia adopted a resolution declaring the passage of the Force bill to be impolitic shows that the negroes are not hankering after the "protection" which the republicans in Congress are so anxious to give them.

To day is "labor day", and it is being generally observed by the labor organizations of the city. They want Congress to make a national holiday.

The preliminary farce of depriving another democrat of his seat—Breckinridge, of Arkansas—is going on in the House to-day. It is hoped that his constituents will see to it that he comes back to the next House with such a big majority that even a republican election committee will not dare to question his right to represent his people.

Representative Cannon, whose vulgarity precipitated the rumpus which ended in a slugging match on the floor of the House last week, has thereby so endeared himself to Speaker Reed that he has been asked to go up to Maine and make some speeches in his district. It is to be hoped that he will not use the same language he did in the House.

Black and Barclay Accept.

LETTERS FROM TWO OF THE CANDIDTES ON THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

YORK, Aug. 31.—Hon. Chauncey F. Black has accepted the democratic nomination for lieutenant-governor in the following letter:

"YORK, Pa., Aug. 29.—*Gentlemen:* I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your official notification of my nomination by the late democratic state convention for the office of lieutenant-governor, and to thank you for the curtesy with which you have performed your duty.

"In accepting a second nomination for this important office, under almost similar circumstances, I deem it necessary only upon the occasion to add that the record of my previous service furnishes the measure of fidelity to the constitution, the laws and the public interests with which I will endeavor to discharge its duties should I be again elected.

Yours very truly,
"CHAUNCEY F. BLACK,

"To Messrs. W. H. Sowden, Charles Broadhead, Pearson Church, P. Foley and George Ross, committee."

Captain Barclay's letter

PITTSBURG, Aug. 31.—Captain W. H. Barclay, of this city, who was nominated by the Scranton convention for secretary of internal affairs, has written the following letter of acceptance:

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25.—Gentlemen: I am in receipt of your letter of the 19th. inst., notifying me of my nomination for secretary of internal affairs.

"In accepting the same I desire to convey through you to the democracy of the state my high appreciation of the great honor thus conferred upon me. Should the result of the election be such as to call me to the office, I will discharge its duties to the best of my ability and with fidelity to the public interest.

"I am very respectfully yours.
"W. H. BARCLAY.

"To Messrs. W. H. Sowden, Charles Broadhead, Pearson Church, Patrick Foley and George Ross, committee."

Scrofula All His Life.

I consider my cure by S. S. S. one of the most wonderful on record. I had the worst type of Scrofula from my infancy until I was 22 years of age. My whole young life was embittered and made miserable by the loathsome disease. I not only suffered from the Scrofula, but was so marked that I was ashamed to associate with, and was avoided by, playmates and fellow workmen. I tried every known patent medicine and was first treated and attened by more than a dozen reputable physicians, but in spite of all, the disease continued to grow worse. About four years ago a friend from Pittsburg advised me to take S. S. S., which I did after taking seven bottles I was cured sound and well. The old skin peeled off and was replaced by a new skin, as smooth and free from blemish as any person. I have had no return or symptoms of the disease.

HENRY V. SMITH, Belmont, W. Va.

Treatise on Blood and skin diseases mailed free SWIFT SPECIFIC Co., Atlanta, Ga.

AN APPEAL TO VOTERS.

ISSUED BY THE STATE DEMOCRATIC SOCIETIES OF PENNSYLVANIA.

THE NEED OF REFORM IN POLITICS.

THE MANY WRONGS OF THE WORKINGMEN

The following circular has been issued by President Chauncey F. Black, of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania:

To the Democratic Societies:

At the meeting of the executive committee of the Democratic society of Pennsylvania, August 13, the next annual general assembly of the Democratic societies was called to meet on Wednesday, September 16, at the city of Reading the place having been determined by the last general assembly.

The annual general assembly of the Democratic societies at Philadelphia in October of last year, was one of the most imposing representative meetings ever held in the state. It was composed of nearly 1,000 duly selected deputies of the primary societies—the flower of the earnest and aggressive Democracy of Pennsylvania. The proceedings of that great body and their influence upon the Democratic sentiment and organization, need not be recited. It was a day to be long remembered in the political history of our state. The first representative assemblage of popular Democratic socities, instituted under due authority of the regular organization of the party, and brought together but a year previous under the constitution adopted at Harrisburg, it exhibited, in the most striking manner the devotion of our people, not only to the political principles but to the political methods of the Democratic party.

THE PARTY'S PAST RECORD.

The Democratic society is but the open parliament of the democratic people in their several neighborhoods. When the federalism of the last century, seeking centralized, corrupt extravagant and splendid government, at the expense of the masses of the people, threatened subversion, more or less complete, of the constitution, then but recently established, the Democratic Societies sprang up in every part of the Union and by concerted voice and effort saved American institutions for that time. They elected Mr. Jefferson; they saw him seated, in spite of a corrupt and lawless plot to count him out and the popular triumph of that day was followed by half a century of constitutional governments peace and prosperity, under Jeffersonian policies, administered by Jeffersonian statesmen. Such societies are the natural resort of freemen whose liberties are endangered. They are open to all who accept the immortal principles enunciated by Mr. Jefferson and illustrated by his administration. They would preserve the rights of the many, not the privileges of the few. In them the people meet, uncorrupted by money, unawed by bosses to defend their own rights and to protect their own interests.

The political situation in Pennsylvania to-day, more than ever before, invites, if, in truth, it does not require, the voluntary organization of the people for self-defense in the form which descends to us from our forefathers along with the principles of free government which they employed it to protect. If ever there was a time when every good citizen owed it to himself, his state, his country and his posterity, to repair to the Democratic societies and to enroll himself among the organized defenders of popular liberty, that time is now upon us.

WAGE EARNERS' WRONGS.

Systems of taxation, states and federal, grossly unequal in their operation almost avowedly designed to pillage the many and to enrich the few, to grasp the hard earnings of the scattered and unorganized masses and turn them over to the incorporated, or otherwise closely associated, classes, are not only boldly maintained by the party in power, but we are threatened with specific aggravations of them. At Harrisburg, as at Washington, the rights and the needs of the great multitude of wage-earners and land tillers are disregarded. The same political rings, which have pushed aside our state constitution, denied every petition of land and labor, strangled every measure of reform, promoted every scheme of oppression and corruption, and inflicted upon this commonwealth every wrong and shame it has endured for more than a century, is again seeking, under circumstances of special and wanton insult, a further lease of power. It is expected and believed that the great concourse of independent citizens and deputies at Reading, on September 16 and 17, will present the unmistakable answer of the body of the people to this remarkable assumption on the part of the common enemy.

While elections are free, the people retain the power of defense and redress in their own hands. But are they free here? Is he a freeman who approaches the polls in fear of another at the supreme moment in the year when his will is to be made potential by his vote? Is he a freeman, who, when he comes to deposit his balot, must pause to consider whether or not an honest vote will cost him bread and home, and, casting his family into the road, make him, instead of a respectable labor, a wonderer in search of work?

A SECRET BALLOT FAVORED.

Many thousands of Pennsylvania electors vote under this dreadful apprehension at every recurring election, and it is upon his power that monopoly and bossism principally rely in their struggles to maintain themselves with their special privileges, against the true interests of the people. Shall this continue? From every quarter of the state we hear the stern demand of labor, organized and unorganized—the multitudinous victims of this shameful correction—that it shall not continue. They asked to be enfranchised, that the right to a free vote shall be restored, with ample safeguards, so that every man in Pennsylvania shall be as independant as every other in the exercise of the sacred right of suffrage. To be free, the ballot must be secret, and to that end the odious marked ballot provision of our existing constitution must be removed. While it remains, while we have permanently incorporated in our system of voting a plan expressly designed for the identification of ballots—the very principle of exposure as against the principle of secrecy—there can be no such thing as elections, pure or free, in the state of Pennsylvania.

This is necessarily the great issue of the day. The bosses, realizing its tremendous force and the irresistible appeal which it makes to the better instincts of our race, confess the absolute necessity of the remedy, and, in the same breath, ask us to forego it and to submit meekly to the wrong for a further period of at least five years, when they vaguely engage that the Republican machine and the legislature may possibly grant some relief.

A CALL FOR REFORM.

But the wrong being acknowledged, the remedy obvious, the cause nothing less than the restoration of the whole people to their right of self-government with free choice of public servants, shall we abide the grace of the boss, and the pleasure of monopoly, or will we take and enjoy our rights at once? The road is open and straight. No one can mistake it, and no one does mistake it. The election of the reform candidates for the state offices and of a majority of the reform candidates for the legislature will produce a call for an immediate constitutional convention to eliminate the marked ballot provision from our constitution, and to establish the Australian system of secret voting, making every man his own master at the polls.

With this free and secret ballot we need have no fear for the future. Whether Pennsylvania thereafter shall be Democratic or Republican, or neither, it will, at least, be a free state, and the Democratic societies, inspired by the faith of their forefathers, may look forward with confidence to the completion of their selfimposed mission, when there shall be no longer either a political or an industrial slave within the board limits of our commonwealth.

CHAUNCEY F. BLACK, President.
JOHN D. WORMAN, Secretary.
1416 South Penn Square, Philadelphia.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCUS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each, and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
A. W. GLEASON,
(SEAL) *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c. 8-15-4-t.

THE MINERS REVOLT.

WHY THEY REJECT DELAMATER AND SUPPORT PATTISON.

Interview of Hugh McGarvey, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the Knights of Labor in the *Ledger.*

The sentiment there and in the immediate vicinity is strongly in favor of Pattison. I have been in Carbon, Luzerne, Schuylkill and Lackawanna counties since the nominations were made, and found the feeling intense. My correspondence with friends and labor men is very much to the same effect. I have yet to hear a working man, who knows "how many beans make five," stand up and defend Delamater. On the other hand, I have heard hundreds—and Republicans at that—denounce him and advocate the election of Pattison. It is not all love of Pattison, to be sure, as it is opposition to Delamater. Still, Pattison is extremely well liked by the mine workers and would receive a handsome vote from them, no matter whom the Republicans nominated.

The smallest part of the opposition to Delamater is the matter of what is called "Quayism." The greatest is concerning Delamater himself and the failure of the party which nominated him—and he personally and officially included—to give the relief and protection asked for by the working people of the State. Besides the more intelligent among the miners are satisfied that the charges made against Delamater in connection with the ore plug bill in the session of 1887 are true. This strengthens their belief in the further charges made against him by Senator Emery.

The key of the situation, however, is Mr. Delamater's record on labor measures last session. First he failed to vote for the factory inspection bill, giving protection and relief to the working women and children of the State. Next he voted against the employers' liability bill, but when he discovered that it had passed the Senate by two votes he changed his, because it is believed that, as a candidate for Governor, he saw it would never do to have the bill pass with his vote against it. Before that, as chairman of the labor committee, I went once or twice to Mr. Delamater's place and talked with him, but did so no more after this exhibition of statesmanship.

It must be noticed that Mr. Delamater's votes on the most important labor bills tally exactly with those of Mr. Watres, the Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor. This may be a mere coincidence, and I believe it is, as far as the first two votes on the factory inspection and employers' liability, but believe that Mr. Watres, who is by far the brainiest, ablest and boldest man of the two, did in some measure lead Mr. Delamater in the vote against the anti-company store bill and the miners' dockage bill. Mr. Watres fought both those bills before the Senate, and, I say it fearlessly, in opposition to the will and best interests of the large majority of his constituents in Lackawanna county. Besides all this, Messrs. Delamater and Watres were both members of the Senate judiciary general committee that smothered the Farrell store bill and the semi-monthly pay bill, after they had passed the House by an almost unanimous vote.

The mine and mill workers of this State have their eyes open to the fact that Delamater and Watres, as leaders of their party in the Legislature, not only failed to have long prayed for legislation enacted, but they opposed it. No sane man will for a moment think that the miners will support candidates who so bitterly and heartlessly voted against bills that were to protect them against the extortion of company stores, the robbery of the dock boss and the relief that would come by the enforcement of a semi-monthly pay. As I said, there is a strong love for Mr. Pattison among the miners particularly, as well as among the working people generally, but after all it is not with us Delamater vs. Pattison, or the Republican party vs. Democratic party, as much as it is opposition to the men and the machine who had the power to give us the relief and protection asked for, but who denied our every plea, petition and prayer, and went even so far as to sneer at organized labor while opposing our bills on the floor of the Senate.

I have been a labor reformer, politically and otherwise, ever since my first vote, twenty years ago. I have never voted for a Democratic candidate—as such—in that time. I have, however, on several occasions supported the Republican State ticket, and frequently in local matters; but like thousands of those among whom I have spent my life, we have no more time for men or parties who preach us protection against foreign competition and then by their official acts, and against the expressed will of their constituents, subject us to the competition of foreign labor at our own doors, and the rule of monopoly.

Two Years Ago!

I was a sight to behold and was unable to enjoy life at all. Now I am the picture of health and can eat anything. What did it? Sulphur Bitters cured me of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, after suffering two years.—*W. H. Bowman, Manchester N. H.*

WHAT IS

SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be **CURED**

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

The Great Benefit

Which people in run down state of health derive from Hood's Sarsaparilla, conclusively proves that this medicine "makes the weak strong." It does not act like a stimulant, imparting fictious strength, but Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up in the perfectly natural way all the weakened parts, purifies the blood, and assists to healthy action those important organs, the kidneys and liver.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rebecca Helwig, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in said estate will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., on Saturday, September 6th, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

SALESMEN WANTED

to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock. SITUATIONS PERMANENT, SALARY and EXPENSES FROM START. Quick selling specialties. No experience necessary. OUTIT FREE. Write for terms, stating age.
H. E. HOOKER CO., Nurserymen, Rochester N. Y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the first and partial account of C. K. Adams Exr. of the last will and testament of Enos. L. Adams, late of Briarcreek Twp., deceased.

The undersigned appointed auditor to pass upon the exceptions filed to the confirmation of the account, of the executor in said estate, and to make distribution of the balance now in the hands of the said executor, and also to report whether the trusts, created by the will of the testator can be divided, and if so into how many, and what parts, without prejudice to the rights of parties, beneficially interested therein; Will meet the parties interested in said estate for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Wednesday the 10th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons interested shall be required to make their claims, before the auditor, or be debarred from coming in upon the said fund.
J. H. MAIZE,
8-15 Auditor.

CHANGE OF NAME.

State of Pennsylvania, County of Columbia, ss.

Among the records and proceedings of the Court of Common Pleas of the County and State aforesaid, it is *inter alia* thus continued.

Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 1, May Term, 1890, C. P.

In the matter of the application of Charles H. Fisher to have his name changed to Charles Conner, made at May Term, 1890, of this Court.

And now, August 7th, 1890, it appearing to the Court that three months have elapsed since the presenting of the petition in this case to the Court and that the prayer of the petition should be granted, the Court hereby makes decree that the name of the petitioner be changed from Charles H. Fisher to Charles Conner, and direct that notice of this decree shall be published in the COLUMBIAN a weekly newspaper published in Bloomsburg, for four successive weeks.

BY THE COURT.
Certified from the records this 18th day of August, A. D. 1890.
WM. H. SNYDER, Prothy.
8-12-4t.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following widows' appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia County on the fourth Monday of Sept., A. D. 1890, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute:

Joseph Carl Fst, Locust, personalty $400.00.
John G. Quick, Est, Montour, personalty $300.00.
Charles B. Troy, Est, Beaver, personalty $400.00.
George Hassert Est, Bloomsburg, personalty $400.00.
David Kocher Est, Sugarloaf, personalty $800.00.
George Brown Est, Mifflin, personalty $500 00.
Peter R. Knapp Est, Bloomsburg, personalty $300.00.
Benjamin Zigler Est, Scott, personalty $257.75, realty $42.25—$300.00.
Michael Stiler Est, Orange, realty $300.00.

Clerk's Office, Sept. 1. WM. H. SNYDER, Clerk O. C.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Chester Stiltz, Edward P. Dickinson and Frederic W. Corcoran of Jamison City, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, copartners doing business in Jamison city aforesaid, under the firm name of Stiltz & Co., made a voluntary assignment of all and singular, their copartnership and individual estate, to John P. Hill of said Jamison City in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said Stiltz & Co., and Chester Stiltz, Edward P. Dickinson and Frederic W. Corcoran. All persons indebted to the said firm and to the individuals thereof will make immediate payment to the said assignee, and those having claims or demands will present the same without delay.
JOHN P. HILL, Assignee.
8-26-90. Jamison City, Pa.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of writs of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold in the Sheriff's Office in the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 27, 1890,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the following: All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Conyngham township, Col. Co, Pa., bounded as follows to-wit: On the north by lot of Mrs. Patrick Lavell on the east by lands of Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Co., on the south by Park street, and on the west by Pattison street, containing Twenty-five feet in front and One Hundred and Forty in depth whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE, BARN

and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Andrew Lenihan vs. Patrick Lavell and Bridget Lavell and to be sold as the property of Patrick and Bridget Lavell.
MAIZE, Atty.

ALSO:

At the same time and place, all that certain lot or piece of land situate in Conyngham twp., Col. Co., Pa., bounded as follows to-wit: On the north by Park street, on the east by lot of Michael Tighe, on the south by the land of the Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Co., and on the west by lot of John Haffy, containing

TWENTY FIVE FEET

in front and One Hundred and Forty feet in depth whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE

and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of the People's Building & Loan Association of Girardsville, Pa., vs. Richard Joyce, and to be sold as the property of Richard Joyce.
MAIZE, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

YOU can get the best education at CLARK'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Erie, Pa., and make money. Write for circulars. Mailed free. 5-3 d 4t.

I. MAIER

THE RELIABLE CLOTHIER,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Comes to the front with a Complete new FALL and WINTER stock of the MOST SELECT CLOTHING for

Men, Youths, Boys, and Children.

QUANTITIES OF

Overcoats of all Kinds, Latest Styles of

HATS! CAPS! SHIRTS!

COLLARS AND NECKWEAR.

Trunks, Valises and Underwear

IN ABUNDANCE.

PERFECT FITTING CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

Respectfully Yours,

I. MAIER.

The largest and choicest line of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks and Gents' Furnishing Goods in Montour and Columbia Counties, Pa.

DR. GROSVENOR'S
Bell-cap-sic PLASTERS.
ARE THE BEST POROUS PLASTERS IN THE WORLD.
They cure Rheumatism, Kidney Pains, Backache, Pleurisy and all lameness brought on by exposure or over-exertion. If you want
Quick Relief from
pain, insist on having Grosvenor's BELL-CAP-SIC PLASTER with a picture of a bell on the back-cloth, for there is no plaster, liniment, or lotion that has such complete mastery over
ALL ACHES AND PAINS.
Dr. Grosvenor's Bell-Cap-sic Plasters are Purely Vegetable and Harmless. Relieve instantly and never fail to cure.
SAFE, QUICK AND SURE.
Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of 25c.
GROSVENOR & RICHARDS, Boston, Mass.
8-29-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Helwig, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds in said estate will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., on Saturday, September 6th, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Nellie Helwig, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in said estate will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Col. Co., Pa., on Saturday, September 6th, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
C. W. MILLER,
Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David Lewis, late of Sugarloaf twp dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of David Lewis, late of the township of Sugarloaf, county of Columbia, and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Oscar Lewis and D. J. Lewis, of Sugarloaf, Columbia county, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to
OSCAR LEWIS,
D. J. LEWIS,
Administrators.
Farrx, Atty.
8-15-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Kline, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed an auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of H. W. Kline, executor of Elizabeth Kline, late of Fishing creek township, deceased, will meet the parties interested at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, the 9th day of Sept., 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties having a claim against said fund will appear and present the same or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
WM. CHRISMAN,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of William A. Robbins Deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators of said estate, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, September 8, 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
Aug. 6, 1890. B. F. ZARR, Auditor.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, surviving executor of the last will and testament of Ezekiel Cole, late of Sugarloaf township, in Columbia county, Penna., now offers at private sale a large body of the most desirable real estate to be found in the township.

It consists of a tract of land lying upon both sides of the Fishingcreek, and comprising in the whole about

280 Acres.

That portion of it which is upon the west side of the creek has the following improvements and advantages, to-wit. A large frame

DWELLING HOUSE,

formerly kept as a hotel, a frame Building erected for and occupied as a country store, a large frame building erected and occupied as a tenant house, and also outbuildings, Saw mill, &c. It is well wooded and has a considerable quantity of excellent fruit. It is accessible by two public roads and a county bridge, and also by the Bloomsburg & Sullivan railroad, and it contains about

111 Acres.

The remainder of the tract lying upon the east side of the creek, is also accessible by two public roads and a county bridge across Fishingcreek to the railroad. The improvements are a large barn &c., the whole tract having been occupied as the homestead farm. This piece contains about

170 Acres.

It will be sold together or in parcels as may be deemed most expedient. The sale will be by the acre. A draft of the land with the improvements roads, &c., can be seen in the hands of the executor at the banking house of the Bloomsburg Banking Company, where also inquirers may learn terms of sale, &c.
Aug. 1-1890. H. H. GROTZ, Executor,
M Bloomsburg, Pa.

SALESMEN WANTED. LOCAL OR TRAVELING. to sell our Nursery Stock. Salary, Expenses and steady employment guaranteed. CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY, mos. 9 & 11 '90. Rochester, N.Y.

OPENING!

Pattern Hats and Bonnets,

Wednesday, September 17th.

MISS H. E. WASLEY,
Main Street,
Bloomsburg Pa.

NEXT DOOR TO I. W. HARTMAN & SONS.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A new lot of Window Curtains received this week.

EASTMAN COLLEGE POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., offers both sexes the best educational advantages at the lowest cost. Thorough instruction in Arithmetic and other English Branches, Bookkeeping, Banking, Correspondence, Commercial Law, etc.; Penmanship, Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphing, etc. The College is open all the year, and is a live, practical school. Medal awarded at Paris Exposition (World's Fair, 1889) for best course of study and plan of operation. Business houses supplied with competent assistants on short notice. No charge for situations furnished. For information and catalogue address as above **EASTMAN COLLEGE**

WHAT IS SAPOLIO?

It is a solid handsome cake of scouring soap which has no equal for all cleaning purposes except in the laundry. To use it is to value it.

What will SAPOLIO do? Why it will clean paint, make oil-cloths bright, and give the floors, tables and shelves a new appearance. It will take the grease off the dishes and off the pots and pans. You can scour the knives and forks with it, and make the tin things shine brightly. The wash-basin, the bath-tub, even the greasy kitchen sink will be as clean as a new pin if you use SAPOLIO. One cake will prove all we say. Be a clever housekeeper and try it.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. THERE IS BUT ONE SAPOLIO.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS CO., NEW YORK.

TIME SAVED
MONEY MADE

Come direct to the manufacturers for your Fall Suit and Overcoat. Two of the largest stores in Philadelphia stocked with Men's and Boys' Clothing from our own workshops. The best qualities at the lowest prices.

A. C. Yates & Co.

6th & Chestnut. Ledger Building. 13th & Chestnut. New Store.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Charles B. Troy, late of Beaver township, will be exposed at public sale on the premises in said township on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 6, 1890,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described

Real Estate,

situate in Beaver township, in said county of Columbia, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Northwardly by lands of Mrs. Margaret Davis, eastwardly and southwardly by lands of heirs of Isaac Davis and westwardly by lands of Garret Vanblarigan, containing

85 ACRES,

be the same more or less.
R. H. LITTLE, Atty. JOHN H. DAVIS, PRISCILLA TROY, Adm'rs.

FARM FOR RENT

A farm of 100 acres, with handsome new house and barn, and supplied with abundant water, will be rented at a low rent for the term of five years, to a good tenant who can furnish his own stock and equipment. The farm is in the Catawissa Valley on the Townsend road from Frandonville to Audenried, two miles from Brandonville and near Girard Manor. References requested. Address HERER S. THOMPSON, Engineer Girard Estate Pottsville, Pa. Nov. 1-1y.

Handsomely framed life size Crayons, photographs all sizes, in correct styles and perfect finish, colored photographs, large or small, frames and moulding.

M'KILLIP BROS., Bloomsburg.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the first and final account of the Bloomsburg Bridge Company has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on the fourth Monday of September, A. D., 1890, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

Prothonotary's office. WM. H. SNYDER, Proth.
8-29-'90.

NOTICE.

Whereas letters testamentary in the estate of Catharine Louis A. Brown, late of Scott twp. deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent will make known the same without delay to

J. M. C. RANCK, Attorney. JOSEPH R. ROBBINS, Executor, Lightstreet, Pa.
8-8.