The Columbian.

C. E. Elwell, J. E. Bittenbender., } Editors.

FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1890.

Abraham Lincoln, only son of Robert Lincoln, Minister to England, died Wednesday morning, aged 17 years. His death was from gangrene, caused by carbuncle under the left arm.

To The County Commissioners.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN.

DEAR SIR—We call the attention of the County Commissioners to the unequal and unjust valuations of Benton towship as compared with the border townships. For years we have contended that the valuation of Benton townships were 20 percent higher than equitable and just valuations. Every effort to remedy this evil, or to equalize this unjust valuation by triennial assessments has been ignored and defiantly set aside by the Commissioners, regardless of the protests of the injured and over taxed citizens of Benton. An analysis of the subject shows the following results—According to the census of 1880 the population of Benton township was 1062. The county tax assessed to Benton last year was $898,-08 ,or 84½ cents per capita. Fishingcrreek with a population of 1446 was assessed $1164.01, or 80½ cents per. capita. Sugarloaf with a population of 872 was assessed $447.96, or 51½ cents per. capita. Greenwood with a population of 1710 was assessed $1279. 93, or 75 cents per, capita Jackson, with a population of 675 was assessed $295,10, or 44 cents per. capita, Pine, with a population of 911, was assessed $408,97, or 45 cents per, capita. Location with regard to the commercial world favors Fishingcreek and Greenwood so far as relates to valuation. Fertility, improvements and physical features are decidedly in favor of Fishingcreek which pays only 95 per. cent per capita assessed to Benton. Sugarloaf pays 61 per cent, Greenwood 88 per cent. Jackson 52 per cent and Pine 53 per cent of Benton, entire population per capita assessments. The rate of county tax on real estate and personal property was 2½ mills on the dollar valuation. The amount of county taxes assessed to the several townships above named shows an aggregate and per capita valuation as follows, viz: Benton, aggregate valuation $359,232; per, capita $338.25, Fishingcreek, aggregate valuation $465,605; per capita $322. Sugarloaf aggregate valuation $179,185; per capita $205,50. Greenwood aggregate valuation $511,993; per capita $299.-41. Jackson, aggregate vauation $118,040; per capita $170. Pine aggregate valuation $163,508; per capita $180, nearly. Benton has an assessed valuation per capita $16 25 more than Fisningcreek, $132.75 more than Sugarloaf, $38.84 more than Greenwood $163.25 more than Jackson and $198.50 more than Pine. Other valuations assessed to the above townships for state purposes was 3 mills on the dollar. This valuation is not here annexed to the valuation of real estate and personal property, but is distributed in the following order; money at interest Furniture &c Benton $21,180. Fishingcreek $32,160. Greenwood $103,273. Sugarloaf $6,586. Jackson $12,920, and Pine $8,026. The entire population of Benton has an assessed valuation for county purposes of $17,268, more than an equal population of Fishingcreek, and pays $43,-17 more county tax. The same has $41,259 more assessed valuation than an equal population of Greenwood and pays $103.15 more county tax. The entire population of Sugarloaf has an assessed valuation of $115.769 less than an equal population of Benton and pays $289,42 less county tax. The entire population of Jackson has an assessee valuation of $110.298, less than equal population of Benton and pays $275.75 less county tax. The entire population of Pine has an assessed valuation of $114.557, less than an equal population of Benton and pays $361,39 less county tax. The aggrigate taxes of the above six townships last year were $4493.85, an average of $748,98. Benton paid $149,10 above the average. We very much regret that we have not the area of the several townships, but Benton is much the least in area of the above townships, under consideration. We did not have acces to statistics or records other than the county statement, and the county population in detail. We challenge the commissioners and their clerk to examinen and investigate the above statement and comparison, and if correct, we demand in the name of justice a revision and fair reduction of our assessed valuations, and that before another tax is levied, as such gross injustice shuld not go uncorrected for a single day. If the commissioners refuse to make the desired reduction we hope that they will give a public reason for such refusal. If they neglect this important duty we counsel every taxpaying citizen of Benton of all parties, to support no candidate for commissioner either at the primary or geneasl election, who will not pledge himself in written bond, to give us a fair and equitable valuation. The people of Benton have paid extortionate taxes for years, and no one but the commissioners will say that the people of Benton are in better financial circumstances than the people of Fishingcreek and Greenwood, or that there is so much difference in actual valuations between Benton, Sugarloaf, Jackson and Pine.

JOHN C. WENNER,
Cambria.

The Cosmopolitan.

Do you read THE COSMOPOLITAN, that bright, sparkling young magazine? The cheapest illustrated monthly in the world; 25 cents a number; $2.40 per year; enlarged October 1889 to 128 pages. THE COSMOPOLITAN is literally what the "New York Times" calls it, "At its price, the brightest, most varied and best edited of the Magazines." Subscribe—an unusual opportunity—subscribe. For new subscribers, for one year only: THE COSMOPOLITAN, per year, $2.40; THE COLUMBIAN, per year, $1.00; price of the two publications, $3.40. We will furnish both for only $2.50. This offer is only to new subscribers to THE COSMOPOLITAN, and only for one year.

"It has more articles in each number that are readable, and fewer uninteresting pages, than any of its contemporaries."—*Boston Journal.*

THE COSMOPOLITAN furnishes for the first time in magazine literature, a splendidly illustrated periodical at a price hitherto deemed impossible. Try it for a year. It will be a liberal educator to every member of the household. It will make the nights pass pleasantly. It will give you more for the money than you can obtain in any other form. Do you want a first-class Magazine, giving annually 1535 pages by the the ablest writers, with more than 1500 illustrations, by the cleverest artists—as readable Magazine as money can make—a Magazine that makes a specialty of live subjects?

"The marvel is how the publishers can give so much for the money."—*Philadelphia Evening Call.*

Send $2.50 to this office and secure both THE COSMOPOLITAN and THE COLUMBIAN. tf.

Seed Thoughts on Farming.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN.

To your question "Does farming pay &c" I send you for publication a few seed thoughts for the farmers to thresh out. I think farming does not pay a profit at the present price of produce, because there are too many tax eaters for the taxpayers; *office holders farm the farmers too much.*

Consumption of produce is limited while production is unlimited. During the last nine years the expansion of the crop area of wheat, corn, oats &c has been about 31,000,000 acres in United States. At this time produce from the Southern Hemisphere is coming in market while wheat on hand after a certain time in Calfornia is taxed. Farmers to save paying the tax are now showing it on the market; all this with railroads and combines of capitalists in their greed for grain cause low prices and help wreck the farmers. Farmers must farm less land and make it more productive and thereby save more expense of farming and taxes. Farmers should tax themselves for good roads and *get* them. It costs too much to get to market with their produce. Bad roads is a tax on what is hauled from the farm as well as what is hauled to it, and farmers pay it, every time they pass over them in horseflesh, repair to wagon, &c. It costs 180 times more to haul a ton by wagon than by railroad and that is why the West competes with the East.

Overproduction throughout the country makes prices low, but it is over-production of inferior products that hurts farming as there is never enough of the best. The farmer is a consumer and he must keep close to the producer. He must sell at wholesale and should so buy his supplies. He must learn what, when and where to sell as how to produce.

The farmer has too pay too high a rate of interest for necessary money. The Government for the past 28 years have loaned to bankers some $350,000,000 that didn't cost them one percent which they loan to farmers at 10 percent. The Government should loan this money direct to farmers at say 4 per cent, and take a mortgage on the land and produce as do the money sharks In the one case the government would be receiving income at a fair rate of interest in the other it is being premium taxed to pay the interest on the bond. to get these bonds held by capitalists.

Scarcity of money' or *dear* money, makes *cheap* produce and it is the contraction of the money at the present time that is hurting the farmer as much as over production. The coinage of silver should be unlimited so that money can become plenty and produce dearer by enabling more consumption Taxation is unequal. Capitalists, valuable unseated lands in large tracts are held for speculation and rated low; while farmers are taxed nearly full value on the land and *improvements.* Clear case of blessed be nothing. Railroads pay no tax on "right of way" no matter how valuable. Railroad and corporate property should be no more sacred than farm property.

Unjust and discriminating legislation against the farmer by officials who when running for an office promise anything but do nothing for interest of farmer after elected.

Did the honest farmer give him his vote with the understanding that if elected, half of their time would be spent in drawing visionary bills and voting for repeal of fence and other laws in the interest of railroad and other corporations, and the other half drawing their salary and riding on free passes? Farmers must know how to vote as well as a *two dollar bill.*

Farming interests cannot expect to prosper under legislation of legislators whose only qualification is is "boodle" and ability to steal themselves rich.

Vote for men whose heads do not have to be split open to let light in, and who are all show, but no go when the interest of the people are at stake.

Speculators and trusts keep down the price of produce to nearly cost to producer but there is no corresponding price to the consumer, and scarcely an article the farmer consumes but what is doubled in price from the time of leaving the manufacturer. They say, "your necessity our opportunity," and corner the produce of the farmer and rob him of his profit on his wheat, &c and the consumer they starve and freeze unless they pay an exorbitant price for flour and fuel. The few are robbing the many right and left, robbing them in the name of commerce and civilization. Industrial warfare and corporate forces are all arrayed against the farmer. He must fight fire with fire.

Manufacturers, railroads and corporations can get all the legislation they want, why not the farmer? The government can do anything it chooses; it can make the cormorants who have fattened for years upon the farmer take the poor pasture field awhile. It can exercise police control of thieves in purple and fine linen as well as farmers and laborers rags. It can help agriculture much by passing revenue laws for the "greatest good of the greatest number" instead of for some particular industry. It must protect the farmer first of all, even if it has to take its taxes in produce, as in old en times. I must stop or you will think I too am farming the farmers.

C. M. BLAKER.

Reformity From Bright's Disease.

S. D VanBuskirk, of Demarest, N. J., says Aug. 20, 1888: "Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., has cured our daughter of Bright's Disease, after all other means had failed. She was so swollen that she measured 45 inches around the waist, and 18 inches below the knee. To say that we feel thankful for such a boon as Favorite Remedy is but a poor expression of the feeling of grateful parents.—3 7 1-m.

Why Farming Does Not Pay

EDITORS COLUMBIAN.

We are glad to see the columns of your valuable paper thrown open to free discussion of so imporiant a subject as the above. The farm is the germ, the origin, the sustaining power of all trade and commerce and as such should be protected by our Government.

Here is where the great secret lies, in our legislation.

The protection that our Governmental laws of to day offer to the farmers is that kind of protection or relief that a horse Jockey might offer to a sick baby; both ignorant and indifferent to the cause of complaint neither can apply an efficient remedy.

The reason of this is obvious, we elect lawyers for our representatives, lawyers for our congressmen and it is lawyers for the cabinet. We elect men from farming communities who, you might say have never seen a farm but *they* know it all, they know what we need, they have learned it from books, but sir! there is a vast difference between farming on paper and, on a side hill farm. What we want is good solid sensible farmers to compose a part of our legislators, that we may have laws enacted to benefit ourselves and the whole people. To do this there must be a union of the farmers into one grand solid body, regardless of partisan lines trying to perform the greatest good to the greater number of people.

Nearly ten million of people engaged in agriculture and not directly represented in our legislative halls, is it any wonder that we cry out from oppression; is it any wonder that we are oppressed when we will not unite? In union there is strength and in strength there is defeat for Railroad corporations, for syndicates for trusts and *death to high protective tariff* which does not protect any thing or any body except the syndicates and the capitalists.

Is this the proper form of government for the welfare of our people? to lay heavy import duties on the actual necessaries of life, that we are compelled to have shipped from foreign ports? To protect the Railroads to protect the Goulds, the Vanderbilts, the Mechanics and leave the farmer to his fate? The man who toils from day light until after dark is left to battle against the combined agencies of wealth position and power.

If the railroad demands a higher freight they get it or they won't haul the goods. This is Tariff protection. If the Sugar trust wants 2 cents more on a pound of sugar, we are compelled to pay it, for the trust is backed, aided, fostered and protected by *"our high Protective Tariff"*

If the Mechanic demands higher wages, or shorter hours he invariably gets them, or a strike will be the result in which they are generally victorious on account of their vast strength. Now we will see how the farmer is protected; he takes a load of grain to the market composed of wheat, rye, corn and oats. He cannot fix his own price like the merchant, the trust, and the mechanic, but will be *offered* 80cts. for his wheat, 50 for his rye, 40 for corn and 28cts. for his oats if it is very clean. The only alternate is for him to take what he can get or starve. The idea of a farmer forming a trust or causing a strike among the farmers would be laughed at and hooted at with the reply to strike if you want to, we can import wheat from India where they raise it for 50cts. per bushel and *pay six cents a day for labor.*

This is the kind of steel trap protection, that the party now in power offers the farmers; we have accepted; the trap is sprung; we are fast for three more years. Then the spring of the trap will be broken a grand, resurrection will take place and Grover Cleveland will once more take his seat.

We would like to hear from others on this subject.

Yours Respectfully.
A FARMER.

Two Years Ago

I was a sight to behold and was unable to enjoy life at all. Now I am the picture of health and can eat anything. What did it? Sulphur Bitters cured me of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, after suffering two years.—*W. H. Bowman, Manchester, N. H.* 2-28 2t.

WHAT IS

SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

DAY'S HORSE POWDER

Prevents Lung Fever!
Cures Distemper, Heaves, Glanders, Loss of Appetite, Founder, Fevers, &c.
1 lb. in each package. Sold by all dealers.

DR. BULL'S Cures Dysentery, and Diarrhœa.

Cures Wind Colic, &c. **BABY SYRUP**

Relieves Griping and Summer Complaint.

Facilitates Teething! Regulates the Bowels!

Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

25¢ A BOTTLE
SALVATION OIL
KILLS PAIN

BULL'S COUGH SYRUP
"THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY"
For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, Asthma, Incipient Consumption
Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, and for the relief of Consumptive persons. For Sale by all druggists. 25 cents.

SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

For County Superintendent.

The undersigned announces himself as a candidate for the office of County Superintendent, and respectfully asks to be supported for said office at the election next May.

J. S. GRIMES.

For County Superintendent.

The undersigned announces himself as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public schools of Columbia County, and respectfully asks to be supported for that office at the coming election in May next.

W. C. JOHNSTON,
Jerseytown, Pa.

INVENTORS are invited to consult MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, the oldest established patent firm in the United States, having their home office at Washington, D. C. Reference, R. W. Oswald and Dr. L. A. Shatzuck. tf.

Free Education For Girls.

HOW GIRLS CAN GET A COLLEGE EDUCATION WITHOUT COST.

A most praiseworthy movement is about to be set on foot by THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL of Philadelphia. It proposes to give to any young girl of 16 years or over who will send to it, between now and January 1st, 1891, the largest number of yearly subscribers to the JOURNAL, a complete education at Vassar College or any other American college she may select. The education offered includes every branch of study, with every expense involved. To this is also pinned a second offer which guarantees to any girl of 16 or over who will secure 1000 yearly subscribers before January 1st, a full term of one year at Vassar or any other preferred college, with all expenses paid, thus making it possible for any number of young girls to receive free educations at the best colleges. Any girl can enter into the competition, and any such can be thoroughly posted by simply writing to THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL at 435 Arch Street, Philadelphia. The management says that it has been led to its generous offers by the fact that there are thousands of parents throughout the country anxious to educate their daughters, and yet who cannot afford the expense. This step helps to a comparatively easy solution of the problem, since it throws a free education into the hands of any bright and active girl. The JOURNAL's movement is one that certainly cannot be too highly commended and praised.

BRIGGS'
HEADACHE - TROCHES
—FOR—
SICK HEADACHE
—IN ITS—
Nervous, Bilious, or Congestive Forms.

This Remedy is the prescription of one of the leading physicians of Paris, France, and was used by him with unparalleled success for over thirty years, it was first given to the public as a proprietary medicine in 1878. Since which time it has found its way into almost every county on the face of the globe, and become a favorite remedy with thousands of the leading physicians. Medical societies have discussed its marvelous success at their annual conventions, and after their official chemists have analyzed it and found that it contained no opiates, bromides or other harmful ingredients placed it among their standard remedies.

TESTIMONIAL.
L. R. BROWN, M. D.,
23 West Jersey St.,
ELIZABETH N. J. June 28, 1889.

This is to certify that I have used for some months with much satisfaction, the combination of remedies, for Headache, known as Briggs' Headache Troches. The remedy cures more headache, especially such as affect Nervous Women, than anything I am acquainted with, and if this certificate will be the means of bringing it to the favorable attention of sufferers from that trouble, I shall feel that I have done them a service.

L. R. BROWN.

PRICE; 25 CENTS.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by Mail on Receipt of Price.

Briggs' Medicine Co.,
ELIZABETH, N. J.
9-27-1y.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale in the Sheriff's office at the Court House, Bloomsburg Pa., on

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1890,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all the right, title and interest of the defendant in a certain tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Briarcreek, Columbia Co., Pa.; bounded and described as follows, Beginning at a stone in line of land of Jas. Lemon, thence running by other land of James Evans north eighty-five degrees. west fourteen perches to a stake; thence north eighty-nine and one-half degrees; west one hundred and eight perches and seven tenths to a stone; thence along the land of Abram Martz or rather by a road running along by said line of Abram Martz, north three degrees east one hundred and forty-three perches and five-tenths to a stone; thence by land of George Zaner, north seventy-five degrees east one hundred and eight perches to a stone; thence running along the aforesaid land of James Lemon, south three degrees, west one hundred and seventy-three perches and four-tenths, to the place of beginning. containing

NINETY-SEVEN ACRES,

and fifty-eight perches, strict measure, whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE,

barn, wagon shed and outbuildings, all improved, with fruit trees, etc.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Harry Hakes vs. Mary Brader, and to be sold as the property of Mary Brader.

HAKES, Attorney.

ALSO:

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at the same time and place, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Centralia, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the south-east corner of Locust Avenue, and second street, thence along said Locust Avenue, south seventeen degrees, east twenty-five feet to a stake; thence north seventy-three degrees east one hundred and forty feet to an alley; thence along said alley north seventeen degrees west twenty-five feet to Second street, and thence along said Second street South seventy three degrees, west one hundred and forty feet to place of beginning, it being Lot No. 1, in Block No. 143, containing Twenty-five Feet Front and One Hundred and Forty Feet in depth, whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE,

and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of The Citizens Building and Loan Association of Centralia, Pa., vs. Bridget Clark, and to be sold as the property of Bridget Clark.

BARKLEY, Attorney.

ALSO:

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at the same time and place, all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stake on the east side of Locust Avenue thence along said Avenue, north three degrees west, twenty-five feet; thence north eighty-seven degrees, east one hundred and forty feet to an alley; thence along said alley, south three degrees, east twenty-five feet; thence south eighty-seven degrees, west one hundred and forty feet to the place of beginning, containing Twenty-five Feet in front and One Hundred and Forty Feet in depth, whereon are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Stable and Outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Henrietta Grosser admr'x of August Grosser, deceased vs. Robert Farrell and Margaret Farrell his wife and to be sold as the property of Robert Farrell and Margarett Farrell, his wife.

MASS, Attorney.

ALSO.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at the same time and place, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Mifflin township, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of Samuel Kaecht on the east by land of L. B. Kohler, on the south by land of E. P. Schweppenheiser, and on the west by public, road, containing one-third of an acre of land, more or less, whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE,

and Outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Schweppenheiser & Snyder vs George Hufnagle, and to be sold as the property of Geo. Hufnagle

ELWELL, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY,
3-7-'90. Sheriff.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The stockholders of the North Mountain Lumber Company are hereby notified and requested to meet at the office of the Company, in the town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday the 18th day of March, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of voting for or against an increase of the capital stock and transaction of said company.

By order of the Board of Directors
SAMUEL WIGFALL,
Bloomsburg, Pa., Secretary.
Jan. 14, 1890.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF
BLOOM POOR DISTRICT,

From Jan. 14, 1889 to Jan. 13, 1890.
JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer.

DR.

To Bal. in Treasurer's hands Jan. 14 1889.		$ 352 24
To cash Rec'd on Bloom dup. 1888		400 00
" " " " Scott " "		250 87
" " " " Green'wd dup. 1888		463 45
" " " " Sugarlf " "		184 50
" " " " Bloom " 1889		1580 00
" " " " Scott " 1889		840 18
" " " " Green'wd " "		899 26
" " " " Sugarloaf " "		54 53
" " " " unseated lands		66 45
" " " " Long property		230 00
" " " " Mrs. C. Brown's acc't		85 04
" " " from Hester Sterner (paid for A. Sterner)		97 75
To cash Rec'd from Thos. McBride		101 51
" " " on Dr. Fullmer's acc't		2 25
" " " " Relief Refunded		48 00
" " " " John C. Hedden's acc't		105 50
To amt. due treasurer		420 39
		$ 5300 32

CR.

By old orders redeemed	$ 98 72	
" orders for 1889 redeemed	5102 50	
" commission	103 10	
" postage	20	
		$ 5300 32

STATEMENT OF ORDERS.

DR.

Orders outstanding Jan 14, 1889	$ 184 49	
" issued from Jan. 14, 1889 to Jan. 13, 1890	5151 26	
		$ 5335 75

CR.

Orders outstanding Jan. 14, 1889 redeemed	$ 93 72	
Error in outstanding orders Jan. 14, 1889	55 77	
Orders of 1889 redeemed	5102 50	
" " 1887 and 88 out. standing	$ 5 00	
Orders of 1889 outstanding	44 74	
Total outstanding orders	53 76	
		$ 5335 75

EXPENSES FOR YEAR ENDING, Jan. 14, 1890.

Provisions and Supplies		208 80
Fuel and Light		72 13
Clothing, Including shoes		51 08
Furniture, Bedding and Dry Goods		85 95
Medicines and Medical Supplies		42 48
Ordinary Repairs		41 77
Travelling expenses		1 25
Grain Drill		90 00
Farm Expenses		94 85
Smith Work		56 94
Incidental Expenses		1 00
Patent Vermont Bake Oven		71 65
Thomas McBride, Steward	$626 00	
Jacob Schuyler, Director	100 00	
L. M. Pettit, "	100 00	
J. M. Larish, "	75 00	
C. A. Kleim, Secretary	100 00	
L. B. Rupert, "	16 67	
Dr. McReynolds	50 00	
Dr. Redeker	75 00	
Mrs. Thomas McBride, Matron	50 00	
Auditors and Clerk, Jan. 1889	25 00	1216 67
Total current Expenses		2036 19
Buildings and Improvements		184 39
Orders Relief		22 73
Printing Statement of 1888		45 00
Printing order books and rules for Poor House		9 50
Expenses on brown house		2 88
Support of Robert Cook, Scott twp		10 33
Tramps		8 07
Mare and Colt		200 00
E. R. Ikeler, Attorney's fees		178 00
Costs in George Samuel's Case, Bloom		8 46
Coffin for Wilson Dodson's Child, Bloom		5 00
Coffin for Tramp		15 00
Coffin for Mrs. Wm. Shoemaker, Bloom		12 00
Coffin and expenses of digging grave, Aaron Shafts, Sugarloaf		21 44
Coffin for Hannah Tyke, Scott		8 00
Digging grave for James Leacock's child, Bloom		1 25
Expense in Carrie Turrell case and car fare Alleghany Asylum		75 00
Expenses in William Lennon case, Bloom		3 00
		2847 16

INSANE IN STATE HOSPITAL, DANVILLE, PA.

George Fox, Scott, 52 1-7 weeks @ $2 00 and $1 75 per week	97 75	
Jesse Kelly, Bloom 52 1-7 w'ks @ $2 00 and $1 75 per week	97 75	
L. Z. Kahler, Bloom, 52 1-7 w'ks @ $2 00 and $1 75 per week	97 75	
John Boyer, Scott, 52 1-7 weeks @ $2 00 and $1 75 per week	97 75	
Alza M. Sterner, Bloom, 52 1-7 wk's @ $2 00 and $1 75 per w'k	97 75	
H. Lee Patterson, Greenwood 52 1-7 w'ks @ $2 00 and $1 75 per week	97 75	
Wm. Fry, Bloom 52 1-7 wk's @ $2 00 and $1 75 per w'k	97 75	
Carrie Turrel, Greenw'd 10 4-7 w'ks @ $2 00 and $1 75 per w'k	18 50	702 75

OUT DOOR RELIEF.

M. May, Bloom	52 00	
Carolina Smith, Bloom	54 20	
Hester Bomboy, Scott	176 70	
Mrs. George Vannatta, Greenwood	123 60	
Eph Parks, Bloom	39 00	
Mrs. M. Dawson, Bloom	54 35	
Jacob Adams, Sugarloaf	27 21	
Hiram Long, Bloom	34 50	
Fred C. Hess, Sugarloaf	92 18	
Mrs C. Cook, Bloom	20 00	
George Jacoby, Bloom	77 82	
Amanda Robbins, Greenwood	2 25	
Albert Cadow, Bloom	98 15	
Frank Rhodenmyer, Bloom	10 80	
Samuel Farver, Bloom	2 01	
Daniel Ingold, Bloom	24	
Wm. Shoemaker, Bloom	6 [illegible]	
John Kramer, Bloom	118 86	
Ann Muffley, Scott	102 35	
Mrs Whitmore (car fare to Sullivan Co., N. Y.	5 00	
Eph Ebner, Greenwood	1 47	
Mrs. Wm. Ingold, Scott	11 15	
Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Swisher, Greenwood	23 80	
Levi Hall, Bloom	14 50	
Mrs Penrose, Bloom	60 01	
Fred Weimer, Bloom	12 00	
C. Van Lew, Scott	11 00	
Hannah Randall, Bloom	4 0	
John Vanderslice, Scott	75	
Catherine Horn, Bloom	32 50	
Harry Hartman, Bloom	41 25	
James Leacock, Bloom	1 50	
Mrs. Ann Evans, Greenwood	11 18	
Mrs. M. Walters, Bloom	5 00	
Samuel Mill s, Bloom	6 00	
George Samuels, Bloom	102 00	
		1489 25
Al. Cadow; Flour from Farm		15 00

We the undersigned Auditors of the townships comprising The Bloom Poor District met at the Alms House on the second Monday in January 1890, that being the 13th, examined the accounts of the Treasurer and Directors from January 14th, 1889 to January 13th 1890, and the vouchers for the same find them correct as set forth above.

S. F. PEACOCK,
Wm. BOGERT,
HENRY C. HESS } Auditors.
C. H. DILDINE.

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to "The Bloom Poor District" January 14th, 1890.

Balance due on Duplicates.

	Amt dup.	Paid.	Due.
Bloom, 1888	$1992 10	$1994 03	$868 07
Bloom, 1889,	2969 45	1800 00	1169 45
Scott, 1888	1004 42	575 87	430 55
Scott, 1889,	1035 57	340 18	695 39
Greenwood	895 32	882 26	6 8 06
Sugarloaf	313 84	54 83	254 99
			$4025 51
Less estimated exoneration and commissions			$ 500 00
			$3525 51
Farm and buildings			13500 00
4 horses			375 00
1 colt			60 00
9 cattle			220 00
15 shoats			50 00
4 turkeys			8 00
98 chickens			30 00
180 bushels of wheat @ 85c			147 60
349 " " oats			108 80
320 " " corn ears			80 00
20-6 lb pork @ 6c			120 00
400 lb lard @ 12½c			50 00
16 tons of hay			208 00
400 lb beef			24 00
150 bushels potatoes			75 00
5 " beets			2 50
10 " turnips			2 50
5 " onions			5 00
20 " rye			12 00
80 lb packed butter			16 00
1 bbl. sour krout			5 00
3 " vinegar			12 00
1200 sheaves corn fodder @ 1c			60 00
12 bundles rye straw @ 25c			3 00
Farm implements			700 00
Furniture in Alms House			250 00
" " Stewards house			200 00
16 acres grain in ground			100 00
2 tons coal			6 00
			$19,953 21

PRODUCTS RAISED ON FARM 1889.

261 bushels wheat	$213 02	
504 " oats	161 28	
847 " corn ears	271 75	
24 " rye	14 40	
12 " turnips	3 00	
6 " beets	3 00	
6 " onions	6 00	
3 " beans	6 00	
140 " potatoes	105 00	
22 tons hay	286 00	
31 bundles rye straw	7 75	
957 heads cabbage @ 40c	382 28	
315 lb butter	126 75	
420 doz. eggs	73 50	
2935 lb pork @ 6c	176 10	
420 lb lard	50 40	
412 lb beef @ 6c	24 72	
1800 sheaves corn fodder @ 5c	90 00	
3 Calves	32 00	
10 shoats	70 00	
30 chickens	15 00	
1 bbl sauer Kraut	5 00	
15 bushels tomatoes	7 50	
5 turkeys	6 25	
Flour by Cadow	15 00	
9 guineas	9 00	
		1742 83
No. paupers remaining in Alms house last report	12	
Admitted during year	7	
		19
No discharged during year	5	
No. died during year	2	
		7
No. persons in Poor House, Bloom	8	
No. Persons in Poor House, Greenwood	8	
No. Persons in Poor House, Scott	1	
No. remaining Jan. 1st, 1890		12

JACOB SCHUYLER,
J. M. LARISH, } Directors.
L. M. PETTIT,
Attest: C. A. KLEIM, Secretary.

THRESHING MACHINES
A SPECIALTY.
Simplest, Most Durable, Economical, and perfect in use—wastes no grain; cleans it ready for market.
THRESHING ENGINES and HORSE POWERS.
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Send for Illus trated Catalogue. A. B. FARQUHAR CO., Limited. Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
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If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor, manhood and health if you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliances on trial.
1-31-7-1y. VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

I. MAIER,
BLOOMSBURG, - - - PA.

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CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Just as low as before, and lower. I am determined to keep up the Reputation of being the CHEAPEST and BEST CLOTHIER. Satisfaction Always Guaranteed.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

I. MAIER.

The largest stock and choicest line of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks and Gents' Furnishing Goods in Columbia, Montour, and Northumberland Counties, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Joseph G. Keller, late of the township of Greenwood, County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, will offer at public sale, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of said county, on the premises on

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1890,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate, being the mansion house and farm of the said deceased, to wit:

A tract of land situate in the said twp of Greenwood, bounded by lands of J. H. Johnson, B. F. Redlioe, heirs of E. R. Albertson, Augustus Stander, A. H Kitchen, M. J. Kline, Ellis Young, and Joseph Watts, containing one hundred and seventeen acres and four perches, more or less, on which are a

FRAME HOUSE, BARN,

and other outbuildings; partly cleared and partly timber land.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent of one fourth of the purchase money at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

DAVID T. KELLER, Adm'r.
3-7-3t. Orangevile, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

Estate of William Hippenstiel, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to distribute the balance in the hands of the accountant, will sit at his office over the First National