Postal Cards.

WHO PRINTS THEM AND HOW IT IS DONE.

The printing of postal cards for the United States government has become an industry of considerable magnitude and wonderful improvements have been made in the machinery for producing the millions of postal cards that are consumed every year. We copy from an exchange the full particulars of the methods now in vogue in producing these cards, giving the process from the rags to the finished card: In a pretty ravine back of the hill on which Castleton, N. Y., stands, ten miles below Albany, there is a cluster of brick buildings, a tall smokestack, and a little brook that takes a seventy foot tumble over the rocks. Up on the side of the hill, in the highest building, hundreds of tons of rags and paper pulp start; at the bottom come out all the postal cards and registered letter receipts used in the United States, boxed up for shipment. The larger buildings are the paper mills of the Fort Orange Paper Company, of which C. C. Woolworth, who lives in Secretary Manning's old house in Albany, is President and Treasurer. He has the contract for making all the postal cards the Government wants at 47.71 cents a thousand. Last year almost 400,000,000 were used, and the price was, 54.43 cents a thousand. This year they begin a new contract, and the company expects to make close to half a billion cards under it. The mill has the usual paper-making machinery, with a capacity of six tons a day. There are three washing engines, four beaters, and two sets of rolling machinery. One is used to make postal card paper, and the other to do book work or any other of the finer grades of paper making. From four to six tons of rags and a lot of paper pulp are consumed every day. It is an odd thing that a large proportion of the rags comes from ex-Alderman McQuade and the people of the United States every time they buy a postal card are indirect customers of the ex-Alderman. At the paper mill they give McQuade a high character for furnishing good rags and for keeping his contracts. If the jury that tried him had been made up from people in the mill he would not have been convicted. The postal cards are made almost entirely from rags, though occasionally a percentage of wood pulp is introduced. When the paper has been calendered it is taken from the paper mill a few feet to the postal card factory. In the big room of the postal card factory are a dozen men, two dozen girls, a large Campbell press, four small cutters and one large cutter, stacks of boxes, large tables and a web of gearing and belts overhead. The sheets are taken to the press, where two feeders feed forty-four sheets a minute—1,760 postal cards every sixty seconds. The postal cards are printed from steel plates so hard that there is not a file in the factory that will make an impression on them. Each card has a separate steel plate, and the eighty that are needed to make impressions on the two sheets are wedged in the bed of the press. The plates come from Washington, and last two years without renewal. When the company took the contract at a reduced rate they had in mind several new inventions, the most important of which Mr. W. H. Bunce has been working over for four years. Mr. Bunce is connected with the firm of Woolworth & Graham, who have the postal card contract. Two of his machines are in operation in an inner room under the charge of Frank Shephardson. They print from the roll, and turn out the postal cards pasted in packages of twenty-five. The machine does it all. It prints the cards in the usual way of a rotary press 300 to the minute. A set of knives cuts the cards off, and they drop out of the press four abreast in little cells prepared for them. When twenty-five have dropped out a set of steel fingers turn the package over, twines a paper band about it and pastes the band together, after a pair of knives have clipped off enough band to go around a package. A band covered with cloth buckets picks up the packages and takes them out into the main room, where the girls pack them in boxes ready for deliverly. An addition to the machine is contemplated which will do its own packing. There are two of these machines, and one man can look after them both. He doesn't need to touch them except to put on a roll of paper. They cost $1,200 but new ones can be made for half the price. Another invention which they control is a box machine, which dispenses with the separate glue pad and knife of the old style machine. The only man needed is a man to feed pasteboard. The machine cuts it, glues it, and turns out a finished box at the rate of 7,000 a day. An addition to this machine is being made that will make boxes from a roll of pasteboard as newspapers are made from a roll of paper. When all these inventions are in full working order it will not take more than half a dozen men to look after them, and the only other labor needed will be the clerks who address the boxes and packages. There will be a good profit in making postal cards then, though the price has fallen from 239 3-8 cents a thousand to 54.43 last year and 47.71 now. The chief cost is the paper, which is worth about a quarter more than newspaper. The rags to start with cost 2 to 4 cents a pound. The postal card sells to the Government for about 9 cents a pound. All the rest is paid to workmen and girls or goes as profit. Twenty-eight girls and thirteen men, at an average pay of $1.50 to $2 a day, make all the postal cards. John O'Donnell, the foreman gets $2.50.

After a highly successful career, covering a period of nearly two years, as a clerk in a Nevada, Mo., shoe store, Frank James, the ex-bandit, has gone to Dennison, Texas, to embark in business for himself. It is not true, however, as has been insinuated, that Mr. James has resumed the practice of the bandit profession, for except in the cases of men possessing great natural abilities in that line, the bandit business has been overdone. The cheapness of hemp and and the profusion of trees hav', in a great measure, crippled its usefulness, and when these have failed, the hip-pocket pistol and the Deputy Marshal in monstrous boots have intervened to render it incongenial. Mr. James will consequently engage in a general merchandise trade. His capital consists of a pretty wide knowledge of human nature, several hairbreadth escapes from death and $2,500 in money, the price received for the little cottage presented to him when he went to Nevada to live. An improved rifle, with which to persuade cowboys that his prices are reasonable, is also numbered among his stock of assets.

Pleasure seeker en route to Montreal—"Look here, my friend, four dollars is a little steep."

Coachman—"You ain't payin' it out of yer own money, are yaer?"

Franklin's Unhonored Grave.

UNNOTICED AND NEGLECTED, IT LIES IN THE BUSIEST SECTION OF PHILADELPHIA.

The bare, blank walls of a very old burying ground are frowned down upon by the towering structures of manufacture and business that surround and hem them in in one of the busiest parts of Philadelphia. Inside the burying-ground walls are trees planted by men who died from old age years ago. Birds come and rear their wide-mouthed families in this cool oasis in the great desert of throbbing city streets. One old man, bent and wrinkled, takes an occasional walk over the scarcely discernible, grass grown paths, and his are the only feet that tread this silent city of the dead.

In the Arch street wall very near the corner an opening has been made. The bricks have been taken away for a space of perhaps a dozen feet. Through an iron fence which covers this opening one can get a glimpse of the peaceful grounds within. That graveyard was made long years ago and the noisy city has grown all about it, crowding it and jostling it, but never encroaching beyond its walls. From sun up to midnight there is a constant hurrying of wagons and cars and human beings by this necropolis. Yet that grated opening has seldom a visitor, though there lies within a few feet of it the dust of a man whose profound wisdom and humanity moved the whole civilized world.

Not three blocks away stands a great institution bearing his name—an institution fostering all that is scientific and that lives to learn the hidden things of nature's laws; that fosters and encourages the genius of men and teaches industry and the value of solid learning. Less distant in the opposite direction lies a great public square, one of those beneficial breatning-spaces of the city's pent-up masses, bearing his name. By its side there runs a long, wide street bearing his name. And all over the city there are mills and printing shops and factories and founderies bearing his name, while all over the State and the country there are towns and townships and counties also bearing his name. Yet there lie his bones down in the heart of this big city, with arteries throbbing with the work and pleasures of men, beneath a thin stone slab, which grows greener and thinner year by year, obscured by the lightest snows of winter, the earliest grasses of summer and the first fall of autumn leaves. A singular end of a marvelous man!

I looked through the bars. With much oraning of my neck and much pressing of my face against the bars I made out this simple, fast-fading inscription in the thin marble slab:

BENJAMIN
AND
DEBORAH FRANKLIN.

Benjamin Franklin, after many years spent abroad enlightening men, gaining fresh wisdom and laurels, came home to live in quiet retirement with his son-in-law, Col. Richard Bache, at the old mansion, which stood in a large park on Market street, near Fourth, this city. Shortly after that he wrote a friend: "I am now in the bosom of my family and find our four little prattlers, who cling about the knees of their granpapa, afford me great pleasure. I am surrounded by my friends and have a good daughter and son-in-law to take care of me. I have got into my niche, a very good house, which I built twenty-four years ago and out of which I have been kept ever since by employments." Franklin had a small printing-press set up on one of the upper floors of the house, with which he amused himself many an hour by his experiments. But so busy a lite was not destined to be prolonged in quietness. He had been settled but a short time when his life-light went out on Saturday, April 17, 1790, when he was nearly eighty-five. Three days later, now nearly a hundred years ago, his remains were conveyed to the old Friend's Burying-Ground and placed beside those of his wife and the thin stone slab laid over them.

There was mourning throughout this and other lands. Twenty thousand people crowded the streets around that old burying-ground on the day of the funeral, and as the simple cortege passed over the few squares between the house and the grove bells throughout the city tolled and minute guns boomed mournfully. Clergymen of the city of all denominations, the Supreme Executive Council of the State, of which Franklin had been President; the State Assembly, Judges of the Supreme Court, members of the Bar, the officials of the city, printers and their workmen, the Philosophical Society, the College of Physicians, the students and Faculty of the Philadelphia College and many civic organizations attended the funeral. The pall-bearers were Gov. Thos. Mifflin, Chief-Justice McKean, Thos. Willing, President of the Bank of North America; Mayor Samuel Powell, Wm. Bingham and David Rittenhouse. Following the death and burial of Franklin came honors and eulogiums from everywhere. In Congress, Madison offered a resolution which said: "Benjamin Franklin was a citizen whose native genius was not more an ornament to human nature than his various exertions of it have been precious to science."

"Friends of Liberty" in France erected a mausoleum, but Franklin's unhonored grave rests among the turmoil and confusion of a great, busy city.—*N. Y. World.*

Beaver's Proclamation.

FRIDAY, APRIL 22, DESIGNATED AS ARBOR DAY BY THE GOVERNOR.

Governor Beaver has issued the following proclamation regarding Arbor Day:—

In pursuance of a goodly precedent and in compliance with a request of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania contained in a concurrent resolution approved the 30th day of March, A. D. 1887, I have appointed and designated and do hereby appoint and designate Friday, the 22d day of April, A. D. 1887, as Arbor Day, and I do earnestly recommend to the people of the Commonwealth that they devote the whole, or at least a portion of the said day, to the planting of trees and shrubbery wherever it may be proper and convenient so to do. Let school directors, teachers and scholars unite in making it a day for the adorning of the grounds surrounding the school houses throughout the Commonwealth. Let the people of our towns and villages make it a day for planting of trees along their streets. Let the people in our rural regions see to it that their highways are beautified by the planting of trees and shrubbery in the ground surrounding their homes. Let the farmer see to it that their waste places on their farm are turned to probable account by the planting of timber, nut and fruit trees thereon. Let all the people understand that upon the general observance of this day, and the practical results which arise therefrom, in large measure depend the continuance of regular seasons of rainfall, the tempering of our climate, the beauty of our homes and highways, the timber supply of the future, and a remunerative return for labor bestowed upon lands not otherwise productive.

The observance of Arbor Day is becoming general in many of our States. Its necessity is recognized by those who have given the greatest care and study to the subject, and its practical usefulness is attested by all who have engaged in it. In case the day hereto designated should be unsuitable in any portion of the Commonwealth, let an adjournment be made to some future day which will suit the climate and convenience of the locality.

"NEARLY CRAZED

with pain" is the sad cry of many a victim of rheumatism or neuralgia, and frequently other diseases, such as kidney and liver complaints, are directly traceable to rheumatism or neuralgia. These diseases, for some unexplainable reason, are rapidly increasing, and in many instances are the direct cause of much sickness which so hides its real origin as to be mistaken for other diseases. In curing rheumatism, neuralgia, sick headache, and in many cases of kidney and liver troubles, Athlophoros has wrought wonders. Those who have used it are best qualified to speak of its merit.

Rouses Point, New York.

I took Athlophoros and I think it helped me. I had not walked for 8 weeks when I took the Athlophoros and have walked since. I have taken nearly all medicines recommended for rheumatism, and I think that Athlophoros helped me the most of any. I am not entirely cured yet, but am going to take Athlophoros if it comes on bad again. MRS. THOS. HAYES.

Boltenville, Vt., August 18th, 1886.

I can thankfully say I believe I owe my life to Athlophoros as an instrument in the hand of God. I have had no return of those awful spells of neuralgia of the heart since I last wrote you. Hoping this may induce others to try so valuable a medicine, I remain Very respectfully yours, MRS. C. N. PAIGE.

Pawling, N. Y., August 19, 1886.

The bottle of Athlophoros I procured for Jacob Reinner's wife acted like a charm. She had been confined to her bed for three weeks or more. Could hardly help herself any. In one week she was on her feet. She had not long before given birth to a child and had inflammatory rheumatism. A. A. TOFFY.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled. 9

oct22-86-6ms.

HOW'S YOUR LAME BACK? STRENGTHEN AND RESTORE IT BY WEARING A

Hop Plaster

Why suffer with an aching back when a prompt and positive relief is at hand? The Hop Plasters completely and speedily cure Backache, Sideache, Painful Muscles, Kidney Weakness, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Pleurisy, Chest Pains, Sore Lungs, Coughs, Crick and all Sudden, Sharp or Nervous pains. The soothing, pain-killing and strengthening virtues of Hops, Hemlock, Balsams and Gums combined. Sweet and clean. Sold everywhere, 25 cts., 5 for $1.00. Mailed for price by proprietors, Hop Plaster Company, Boston, Mass.

☞ Look for the hop-vine wreath and signature of HOP PLASTER CO., on every genuine plaster. Beware of imitations and substitutions.

Ladies Enamel your Ranges twice a year, tops once a week and you have the finest polished stove in the world. For sale by all grocers and dealers. mar18d4t.

AGENTS WANTED to canvass for one of the largest, oldest-established, best-known Nurseries in the country. Most liberal terms. Unequaled facilities. Prices low. Geneva Nursery, Established 1840. W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N.Y. [apr15d4t]

CURE FOR THE DEAF.

Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums perfectly restore the hearing, no matter whether deafness is caused by colds, fever or injuries to the natural drums. Always in position, but invisible to others and comfortable to wear. Music, conversation, even whispers heard distinctly. We refer to those using them. Send for illustrated book of proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 849 Broadway 853 N. Y. apr15 4wd

Established 1866. FAY'S MANILLA ROOFING!

Takes the lead; does not corrode like tin or iron, nor decay like shingles or tar compositions; easy to apply; strong and durable; at half the cost of tin. Is also a SUBSTITUTE for PLASTER at Half the Cost. CARPETS and RUGS of same material, double the wear of Oil Cloths. Catalogue and samples FREE. W. E. FAY & CO., CAMDEN, N. J. apr 54td.

DO YOU KNOW IT?

WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE of LIME AND SODA is a matchless remedy for Consumption in every stage of the disease. For Coughs, Weak Lungs, Throat diseases and Wasting of Flesh and Appetite, and all forms of general debility it is an unequaled specific remedy. BE SURE AND GET WINCHESTER'S PREPARATION. $1 and $2 per bottle Sold by Druggists. WINCHESTER & CO., 162 William St., New York. [dapr15-4t]

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

the popular favorite for dressing the hair. Restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS.

The safest, surest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, &c. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Never fails to cure. 15 cents at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., N. Y. apr1d4t.

KIDNEY PAINS

IN ONE MINUTE, that weary, lifeless, all-gone sensation ever present with those of Inflamed Kidneys, Weak Back and Loins, Aching Hips and Sides, Uterine Pains, Weakness, and Inflammation, is relieved and speedily cured by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a new, original, elegant and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation. At all druggists, 25c.; five for $1.00; or of Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston. apr1d4t.

WANTED—WOMAN Active and intelligent to represent established business in own locality. Permanent position and good salary. References exchanged. Gay Mfg. Co., 16 Barclay St., N Y. apr1d4t.

DYSPEPSIA.—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure, being the experience of an actual sufferer, by John H. McAlvin, Lowell, Mass., 14 years tax collector. Sent free to any address. apri 4w4

DEAFNESS Its causes and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty eight years Treated by most of the noted specialists without benefit. *Cured himself* in 3 months and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City. apr1d4t.

HIRES' ROOT BEER.

IMPROVED Package, 25 cents, makes 5 gallons of a delicious, sparkling, temperance beverage. Strengthens and purifies the blood. Its purity and delicacy commend it to all. Sold by all druggists and storekeepers. apr1t d.

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Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing. A Quick Relief. A HAY-FEVER

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THE RICHEST HUMOROUS BOOK of the AGE is

Samantha at Saratoga,

by Josiah Allen's Wife. MISS HOLLY spent all last season amid the whirl of fashion at Saratoga, and takes off its follies, flirtations, low neck dressing, pug dogs, &c., in her inimitable mirth-provoking style. The book is profusely illustrated by OPPER, the renowned artist of "Puck." BRIGHT AGENTS WANTED. Address, HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. [8apr1.

MANY LAMP CHIMNEYS ARE offered for sale represented as good as the Famous PEARL TOP BUT THEY ARE NOT! And like all Counterfeits lack the Remarkable LASTING Qualities OF THE GENUINE.

ASK FOR THE PEARL TOP And Insist upon HAVING them with THIS Exact LABEL on Each CHIMNEY Pat. Oct. 30, 1883.

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For full particulars and directions see Circular in every pound of ARBUCKLES' COFFEE. mar1 1rly.

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Now when the buds begin to show, Tis time for young and old to know That *Fevers, Lassitude* and all The ills at *Indigestion* call, With every trouble, ache or pain, That follows in the *Bilious* train. Will scatter like the thieves of night Before a draught of Seltzer bright. aprlfrst.

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IT IS THE BEST.

Gold Medal and Highest Awards. Beware of imitations. If not for sale in your town, send for sample card and prices.

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Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. oct-29-1y

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	NORTH. p.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	SOUTH. p.m.
9 00	12 30	Scranton	6 10	9 15
8 54	12 26	Bellevue	6 15	9 20
8 48	12 22	Taylorville	6 20	9 26
8 40	12 15	Lackawanna	6 27	9 34
8 33	12 08	Pittston	6 34	9 41
8 27	12 03	West Pittston	6 40	9 47
8 22	11 58	Wyoming	6 45	9 52
8 17	11 54	Maltby	6 49	9 56
8 12	11 50	Bennett	6 53	10 00
8 08	11 47	Kingston	6 58	10 05
8 06	11 47	Kingston	6 58	10 05
8 03	11 42	Plymouth Junc	7 02	10 10
7 59	11 38	Plymouth	7 07	10 15
7 54	11 34	Avondale	7 12	10 20
7 50	11 30	Nanticoke	7 15	10 25
7 43	11 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32
7 36	11 12	Shickshinny	7 37	10 44
7 18	11 00	Hick's Ferry	7 50	11 1
7 11	10 54	Beach Haven	7 57	11 06
7 05	10 47	Berwick	8 04	11 13
6 58	10 41	Briar Creek	8 10	11 20
6 54	10 38	Willow Grove	8 14	11 25
6 50	10 34	Lime Ridge	8 18	11 29
6 42	10 27	Espy	8 25	11 36
6 36	10 21	Bloomsburg	8 30	11 44
6 30	10 16	Rupert	8 36	11 50
6 26	10 11	Catawissa Bridge	8 41	11 55
6 08	9 56	Danville	8 58	12 13
6 00	9 49	Chulasky	9 05	12 20
5 55	9 45	Cameron	9 08	12 25
5 40	9 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40
p.m.	am.		a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 182

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE. In effect Jan. 30, 1887. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.30 p. m.; Baltimore, 3.10 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.43 p. m.—Day express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 4.45 p. m.; Washington, 7.45 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 4.55 a. m.; Washington 6.05 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.35 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 6.15 a. m.; Washington, 8.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.55—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.52 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily, except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.20 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55. a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 12.52 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m. with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.30 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.55 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.46 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.25 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.54 a. m., Sunbury 12.45 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.50 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.19 p. m., Sunbury 5.10p.m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.16 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.45 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.39 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than anything else in this world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. de 24-86-1y

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY.

DISTILLED from selected Barley Malt and guaranteed to be chemically pure and free from injurious oils and acids often contained in alcoholic liquors. It is especially adapted to persons requiring a stimulating tonic, Consumptives being greatly benefited by its use. Recommended by leading physicians as a Diuretic, Nervine, Tonic and Alterative. For Consumptives it is invaluable. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY insures a return of vigor to the stomach, a good appetite, a rich and abundant blood and increased flesh and muscular tissue. A stimulant mild and gentle in effect. Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all wasting diseases can be entirely conquered by the use of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. It is a tonic and diuretic and a powerful strengthener to the entire system. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY has proved a medicinal protection to those who pursue their avocations in the open air and whose daily work calls it exceptional powers of endurance. Ask your nearest druggist or grocer for or PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY revives the energies of those worn out with excessive bodily or mental effort and acts as a safeguard against exposure in wet and rigorous weather. It will drive all malarious diseases from the system. Hard workers of every vocation and persons whom a sedentary life renders prone to Dyspepsia find in Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey a powerful invigorant and helper to digestion. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY without unduly stimulating the kidneys increases their flagging activity, counteracts the effects of fatigue, hastens convalescence and is a wholesome and prompt diuretic. Watch the label! None genuine unless bearing the signature

The analysis as it appears by the Label on every bottle: I have carefully analyzed the PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY made by M. & J. S. Perrine and find it entirely free from fusel oil, furfurol, metals and acids and is absolutely pure."—*Signed, Camillia Arthur Maier, Graduate of the Universities of Munich, Geneva and Weisbaden*

M. & J. S. Perrine

For sale by all druggists and grocers throughout the United States and Canadas.

37 NORTH FRONT ST.—38 NORTH WATER ST., PHILA

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND ALL DEALERS. jan 3m

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR F. F. ADAMS & CO., FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO

Sole agents of the following brands of Cigars. HENRY CLAY, LONDRES, NORMAL, INDIAN PRINCESS, SAMSON, SILVER ASH.

Alexander Bros. & Co., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CIGARS, TOBACCO, CANDIES, FRUITS AND NUTS. SOLE AGENTS FOR HENRY MAILLARDS FINE CANDIES. FRESH EVERY WEEK. Bloomsburg, Pa.

ANY ORDER FOR FESTIVALS will be SUPPLIED WITH THE LOWEST Market Prices, AS FOLLOWS: ORANGES, LEMONS, BANANAS, PEANUTS, ENGLISH WALNUTS, CREAM NUTS, ALMONDS, POP CORN BALLS.

HUMOROUS.

MUCH TO BE THANKFUL FOR.

Omaha Dame (reading)—James Rake, of Frankfort, fired four rounds of shot into his stomach, a teaspoonful at a time, as a remedy for asthma.

Omaha Daughter—Mercy me! It didn't do any good, did it?

"The account says he is suffering fearfully from lead poisoning."

"Shouldn't wonder; I'm glad we're homeopathists."—*Omaha World.*

WHY THEY SMILED.

"Yes, my hands are soft," said a dudish and conceited young fellow the other night in a small company, as he admiringly looked at those useless appendages that had never done a day's work. "Do you know how I do it?" he exclaimed, proudly; "I wear gloves on my hands every night to sleep in."

"Do you sleep with your hat on also?" asked a pert young woman.

And the young man replied in the negative, and looked wonderingly because the company smiled.—Boston *Beacon.*

HAD CAUSE TO GRUMBLE

Old Bob Brayson, just after putting on a pair of new brogan shoes, went out to chop wood. While standing on a log, chopping, his ax glanced and cut his left foot nearly off. His son came up and asked:

"Pap, what's the matter?"

"I've dun ruint my new shoe," the old fellow replied. "It beats anything I ever seed. Ben choppin' wood for a month in my old shoes an' never teethed 'em, but now that I've lammed down two dollars for a new pair I have to cut an' slash 'em all to pieces."—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

FOOLISH FEARS.

"Yes," said Mrs. De Hobson, "Clara had an excellent opportunity to visit Europe last year in company with some friends, but I couldn't bear the idea of having the ocean between us."

"It seems a pity, Mrs Hobson," responded the caller, "a European trip does give such a tone to a society young lady."

"I know it does. To those moving in the high circles that we do it is almost a necessity. I s'pose," concluded Mrs. De Hobson, half regretfully, "that I should have let her went."—*Puck.*

They tell in Lewiston, Me, of an oysterman whose "saloon" used to be on Maine street, and who was the slowest man in the stable. One day he died, and soon after a citizen said to Erastus, the oysterman's son: "Erastus, your father died rather sudden, didn't he?" "Well, yes," said Erastus, "sudden for him."

Not So Very Large.

A rather good story is told at the expense of Ira Shafer, the great legal expounder, of New York. Some five years ago Mr. Shafer had occasion to appear in one of the courts of Providence, R. I. Of course, he appeared for the defense. As a New York attorney he naturally put on a few frills, which did not endear him to the Court and the other attorneys in the least. Finally a ruling of the Judge threw the bumptious Mr. Shafer into a state of mind. He expressed his opinion as to the provincialism of Providence, and intimated that he was not receiving the consideration due a distinguished representative of the New York bar. "Look here, Mr Shafer," said the Judge, "we all understand that you are a New York lawyer of distinction. New York is a big city, too; but if all the rascals and shysters were sent to the penitentiary, it wouldn't be a bit bigger town than Providence." Mr. Shafer's respect for the Court was very much increased at this point in the proceedings.

KASKINE (THE NEW QUININE.)

NO BAD EFFECT. NO HEADACHE. NO NAUSEA. No RINGING EARS CURES QUICKLY, PLEASANT, PURE.

A POWERFUL TONIC that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, and all Germ Diseases.

FOR COLDS KASKINE HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE ALMOST A SPECIFIC. Superior to quinine.

Bellevue Hospital, N. Y., "Universally successful."

Mr F. A. Miller, 430 East 157th street, New York, was cured by Kaskine of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 175 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1886, went to work in one month, regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no go d whatever.

Mr. Charles Baxter, architect, 133 East 126th St., New York, was cured by Kaskine of dumb ague in three months after quinine treatment for