Hawaii's Mountain Fiend.

THE KING'S SISTER SACRIFICES HERSELF TO THE GODDESS PELE.

There is weeping and wailing among the mild-eyed Kanakee in this far off kingdom of the Sunset Sea, Hawaii. All that is mortal of the well beloved Princess Like Like, the youngest sister of His Majesty King Kalakaua, will be disposited on the 28th inst., side by side with those of the other personages who have gone before to their last resting place in the royal mausoleum.

The princess was a woman of more than ordinary intelligence, and had improved herself by much reading and study. Her manners were easy and graceful. She was the wife of A. B. Cleghorn, at one time a member of the king's cabinet, and by him had one child, a little girl now nine years of age. This little miss, provided she lives, will in all probability take an important stand in the affairs of the kingdom, she being in the line of succession to the throne.

But notwithstanding the intelligence of Like Like—the constant intercourse she had had with the foreign population for years and years—there was yet a strain of natural superstition in her composition of which she could not rid herself, and to this, if reports be true, we may now attribute her untimely taking off. For centuries back, or as far as run the Hawaiian annals, there has been a belief among the people that the eruptions of Mauna Loa and Kilauea were the means taken by the goddess Pele to show her displeasure of mortal events. It was also held—and the resurrected order of Kahunas and soothsayers encourage the belief—that the only means to appease the goddess' wrath was by the sacrifice of some of the royal family. Time and again, when those awful volcanoes have deluged the surrounding country with their fiery flow and shaken the coral islands to their centre, has this human sarifice taken place, whether with the desired effect or not the chronicles say not.

The volcano of Mauna Loa recently broke out, as dispatches to the *Herald* have already stated, into a violent eruption. This eruption, the first in twenty-five years caused the superstitious natives to believe that Pele had put her war paint on and was showing her anger at the things that be. The natives from their huts watched the lurid light that shone upon the mountain top and knew that the goddess was reaching out her fiery arms for a victim of the royal blood. The Kahunas, who have lately gained once more the favor of the king, declared that Pele must be appeased to arrest the fearful doom which they said must come.

They had not far to search for one who would make the fearful sacrifice, and while the rumbling of the volcano made awful thunder the Princess Like Like announced to the people that she, the sister of the king—the nearest to the throne—would lay down her life to stop the awful flow. She openly proclaimed that she gloried to make a martyr of herself for her country and her people; and though in the prime of life and with the prospect of a crown before her, she made her final preparations and lay down to await the end. It is said that in this final proceeding the Kahunas played no unimportant part, and that while acting as her guardians and advisers they were, in fact, practicing their dark arts upon her and hurrying her onward to the end.

For days and days she lay among these people, and during all that time not a particle of food was allowed to pass her lips. Death was not speedily coming to one so full of life and vitality as she had been, but starvation did its work at last, and while Kahunas sat about and their incantations went on the spirit of the princess left her body and the sacrifice was at an end. For twenty days her remains are to lie in state, and on the 28th the iron portals of the mausoleum close in upon them them forever.

That this good woman was cruelly sacrificed to the superstition of the Kahunas is an open secret at the islands but the strangest part to tell is this, that upon the day of her death Mauna Loa the Awful ceased to belch the lava forth, and for days after was in perfect quiet, and then the hoary old soothsayers went about among the people with many a nod and mystic sign, as who should say, "Didn't we foretell all this?" and to day their power is greater in the land than since the days when Captain Cook laid bones upon their sandy beach.

Betrayed by His Horse.

The Chicago *Herald* tells this St. Louis story:—"A horse has played an important part in Frank Bowman's domestic drama," said a man from St. Louis at the Grand Pacific last night. "Mr. Bowman once owned a horse which his first wife was very fond of driving. One day Mrs. Bowman rattled down a quiet street in her coupe. The old horse trotted along at a good gait until he came in sight of a little brown cottage sitting well back from the street, when he suddenly swerved out of the roadway without any guidance from the reins, and came to a dead stop before the gate. Mrs. Bowman thought this rather strange, and, whipping up the old horse, started home.

"Three or four days later she was driving along the same quiet street when the horse again swerved out of the roadway and stopped before the little cottage. Her curiosity became thoroughly aroused. Mrs. Bowman alighted from her coupe, walked up the pathway to the house and rapped at the door. A very pretty woman responded to the knocking.

"'Will you be so kind as to tell me who lives here?' asked Mrs. Bowman, surveying the pretty cottager from head to feet.

"'Oh, certainly,' replied the woman. 'Mrs. Bowman lives here.'

"'Oh, is that so?' said the first Mrs. Bowman, turning to leave. 'Pardon my intrusion.'

"A few months later the Mrs. Bowman who rode in the coupe got a divorce from her husband and now the Mrs. Bowman who lived in the cottage has been making things torrid for the St. Louis lawyer."

Dr. Riegler of Pesth has just made a very curious experiment in photography, and one that to many people will appear almost incredible. He has photographed a bullet after it had been fired from a rifle, and while it was proceeding with a velocity of 440 metres—rather more than a quarter of a mile—a second.

A Werndl infantry rifle was the weapon used for the purpose of conducting the experiment, which was in every way successful, a perfect reproduction of the bullet being the result. A horse at full gallop, a swallow in its flight, and even a flash of lightning, have succumbed to the photographer's art; but his last triumph is still more marvelous.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A Rounder's Life.

I was asking a "rounder" the other day how he managed to keep his head above the water, and after a moment spent in reflection he replied:

"To be a successful vagrant and dead beat requires twice the planning it does to get rich. I divide my life off into two portions, as it were. The first idea is to get clothes. These I beg of old time friends. The next is to get money. I must have about $2 per week to run me, and I do more scheming and planning to get that amount than any workingman does to get $10. I can live on twenty cents per day. Ten of this must go for the night's lodging, and two nickles will get me two glasses of beer and two free lunches. The third idea is to conceal my identity. Not my name, but my character. I am just as anxious to prevent strangers from looking upon me as a dead beat as a man can be. By hook or crook I see the daily papers every day, and I post myself on all the news. I can talk therefore intelligently. I make fifty excuses per day for not being better dressed, and for having no overcoat."

"I should think you would be collared by the police."

"I take precautions against that. I have made it a point to give away 'shady' people when I can do so, and the police would be ungrateful to run me in. I have to patronize the poorest lodging houses and am obliged to hang out at disreputable places, and I keep my eyes open. I can tell a 'fly' man as soon as the next, and I lose no time in tipping some detective the wink."

"If a situation paying, say $10 per week, was"——

"No, sir! I have no one dependent upon me, and all I care for is to get through the day as it comes. In spite of the occasional suffering and kicks and contempt, I get along first rate. I shall be found dead some morning, the city will bury me, and my tramp will be o'er. That's all, and if you could lend me ten cents until Saturday, I'd"——"Certainly."—*Detroit Free Press*

Persian Musical Criticism.

In Persia, story telling or poetical recitations take the place of our spelling bees and acting charades, says a writer in London *Society*, and often as soon as the repast is finished music commences, or, perhaps, a vocalist will vary the programme by favoring the company with a song. His repertory may consist of one song only; but no matter, he will sing it over and over again, with as much pride as though he could boast of an unbroken descent from Orpheus himself; over and over again, without any apparent sign of weariness, and what seems more strange, to the unflagging interest of the listeners, although it sounds weird and uncanny to the unaccustomed European ear.

"Bah, bah, bah, good in the extreme," is echoed from one to another, while the singer pipes from the very top of his high voice, and shakes his head to bring out the quavering sounds to their fullest extent.

"Exactly like the bulbul" (nightingale), says the host,

"When it sings to the roses in the spring," puts in a third.

"Yes, Allah's works are wonderful," exclaims the first, sententiously, as he puffs away at the kalian, his turn having by this time come around.

In Persia, a loud, high voice being equivalent to a good voice, the singer who can sustain a note the longest is pronounced the best, for the skill of the vocalist depends upon the length of time upon which he can trill a note.

He Was Married.

WHY AN OMAHA MAN SEARCHED HIS GROCER'S STORE FOR COOKED THINGS.

Customer—Have you any corned beef?

Fancy Grocer—Best kind, Mr. ——; any thing else?

"Any canned tongue already boiled?"

"Yes."

"Canned chicken, already cooked?"

"Yes."

"Let's see. They don't put up broiled beefsteaks, do they?"

"Oh, no."

"Nor roast beef?"

"No."

"By the way, what are these: look like fried potatoes?"

"That's what they are—Saratoga chips."

"Well, I'll take a bushel of them. Hello! What's that?"

"Canned corned beef hash."

"Just the thing. Gimme a lot of it. Got any baked beans?"

"Yes. Boston baked beans; three different brands."

"Let's see what else there is here. How are these used?"

"Those are soup essences, and need nothing but thinning with hot water."

"Well, I'll try those, and throw in a lot of other things you think good, no matter what, only so they're cooked. I'm tired of starving."

"Is your mother sick, Mr. ——?"

"No, she's well, but I don't live with her now. I'm married."—*Omaha World.*

Slave-Hunting in Africa.

There seems to be reason to fear that slave-hunting is again largely on the increase in central Africa. That was, of course, foretold as a certain consequence of the abandonment of the Soudan. Now we hear that the station at Stanley Falls, on the upper Congo, has been abandoned under the pressure of Arab hostilities, instigated, it is believed, by the veteran slave-hunter, Tippu Tib, whose operations in this very region have been described by Mr. Stanley. That gentleman came up with a single caravan of 3,300 slaves, mostly women and children; and he calculates that for every slave caught six had been killed in the foray. The terrible sufferings of the desert marches, which the caravans have commonly to make, cause, of course, a frightful waste of life. Still the difficulty remains as to what becomes of these vast droves of human beings. One gentleman states that 20,000 slaves passed his house on their way to the east coast in a single year. The east coast is closely watched by our ships, and only a chance cargo is supposed to escape their vigilance. Where did the 20,000 go to?—*St. James Gazette.*

According to the Washington *Critic* ex-Congressman Harris of Virginia recently employed a brick mason to whom he remarked one day: "I say, John, you are not laying those brick in a workmanlike manner." "I aint, aint I!" replied the mason. "Well, I don't make no claims for velocity nor niceosity, but fur substantiableness an' durability I don't turn my han' to no mason in the whole State of Virginny, Jedge, and ef you don't like my stylishness you better git somebody else." The Judge accepted the apology and watched the work a little closer.

Costly Peace.

From a financial point of view the cost of maintaining the armed peace now existing in Europe is almost as calamitous as actual war would be. According to the statistics of the *Almanac de Gotha* the expenditure of the governments in Europe in 1884 for their armies and navies was double the annual expenditure of thirty years ago. In 1884 this war expenditure amounted to $915,956,000. It is estimated that in consequence of the recent increase of fleets and armies the annual expenditure of Europe for war purposes is already more than double this amount.

Since it is impossible to extort these enormous sums from the people every year by the most elaborate system of custom house taxation, it is necessary to borrow more money; and it is shown by the authority already quoted that the debts of the governments of Europe are rising with the increase of expenditure required to preserve the public peace. The total debts of the European nations amounted in 1884 to the gigantic sum of $24,000,000,000, which is more than double their total debt of thirty years ago. It is estimated that the present public debt of Europe is about $25,000,000,000. The amount seems to be increasing at the rate of $1,000,000,000 a year. At 3 per cent. the annual interest on the present debt of Europe amounts to $760,000,000, and much of it pays a higher rate.

The people of the United States can be thankful that they are so situated that the peace they enjoy is not an armed peace. That sort of tranquility is rather expensive.

Care of the Teeth.

An experienced dentist directs his patients to care for their teeth as follows: Always brush them in the morning before breakfast—first with water only, then with powder. Powder should be used at least once a day; without it teeth cannot be kept clean. To brush effectually place the upper and lower rows of teeth parallel to each other, the points of the fronts touching, then use your brush up and down the teeth between the gums, brushing the gums as well as the teeth, thereby toughening the one and cleansing the other. Your back teeth need more brushing than your front ones. You will be wise to show a partial care for the back and outsides of the rearmost teeth above and below. After each and every meal use a quill toothpick or waxed floss silk, and rinse the mouth with moderately cold water. The intention is to remove food from among the teeth. Decomposed acidified food, animal or vegetable, is the worst enemy of the teeth.

Bill Nye on Southern Climate.

This is a great country for lung diseases. People with fractional lungs come here from every quarter of the globe. There are so many people here with lung diseases that a man who is simply baldheaded does not at once obtain recognition. The water is very good for drinking purposes and I have always heard it highly spoken of. The weather is sometimes variable and then again for a little while it will be very uniform. One day you will see me playing lawn tennis in a jaunty suit of flannel, which shows to great advantage my easy movements and heaving chest, and on the following day you may find me coiled around a red-hot stove, waiting till the clouds roll by.

A School Boy Who Knew too Much.

One day recently the following amusing incident occurred in one of our district schools, unfortunately at the teacher's expense: A class in the second reader unapt in ornithology was reading about the "golden robbins" and their peculiar habits. After they had finished reading the teacher asked the class if anyone could tell her the color of the golden robin. All were silent. Thinking to enlighten them upon the subject she took a handsome and apparently costly ring from her finger, and, holding it up before the class, said: "What does this look like?" Up jumped a precocious youth of seven years and shouted: "Brass!"—*Erie Observer.*

Prof. Getkie, writing on earthquakes in *Good Words*, says: Undoubtedly the most curious earthquake district in the British Islands is that of Comrie of Perthshire. It lies on the southern edge of the Highland Mountains, which are marked off from the region of the low-lands by a great line or fracture in the earth's crust that runs across the island from sea to sea. Toward the close of last century the earliest recorded underground movements of that locality were observed. In the year 1839 the shocks began to be more frequent and violent, and they continued with such vigor that no fewer than 247 were counted in the two years that followed the 3d of October, 1839. Since that time there has been comparative quiescence, though every now and then another tremor occurs to remind the inhabitants that the rocks below have by no means come to a final condition of equilibrium."

The Detroit *Tribune* says: Dear Canada: Don't be foolish. Don't talk about licking the blarsted Yankees, for they cawnt be licked, you know. Just stop and think for a moment. Canada's entire population in 1881 was 4,325,810 souls, big and little. You may have added a dozen or two since. The census of 1880 gave Pennsylvania 4,282,891 and her population now far exceeds yours in 1881. We can name three good fighting states near by with a combined population nearly three times that of Canada. This you see leaves a great many back towns to hear from. Then don't be foolish. Hand over our fish like a little man, and promise hereafter to play fair. That's the way to do.

At the siege of Steenwick, in 1581, leaden cannon balls were used, each weighing about five pounds. These were hollowed out on one side; and a letter or other missive was placed in the cavity, which was afterward closed with a lead capsule. To the other side of the ball was attached a piece of tarred rope. When one of these balls was fired from a cannon into the town the blazing rope, as a messenger from the camp of their allies, informed the inhabitants that the ball contained letters; and it was then opened. Similar projectiles were used to convey messages during the siege of Turin, A. D. 1640.

Learning a trade: Blacksmith (to young man)—You think you possess the necessary qualifications for a blacksmith? Young man—Yes, sir. I was a member of the foot-ball team at college. Blacksmith (dubiously)—You may be strong enough, young man, but this business demands brains as well as strength.—*Chicago Journal.*

"It's a solemn thing, young man," said the broken-hearted father, to come into the home of an old man and take away his only daughter, the light of his household and the prop and solace of his declining years; but you have my blessing, and I wish you every joy and ——" "But I won't take her away, sir," interrupted the young man, inexpressibly affected; "we'll both stay right here."

Young husband (to wife).—"Didn't I telegraph you not to bring your mother with you."

Young wife.—"I know. That's what she wants to see you about. She read the telegram."

HEARTLESS CRUELTY

It is to delude a poor sufferer into the belief that some worthless liniment will cure rheumatism and neuralgia. Honesty is the best policy in the manufacture of proprietary articles as in all other matters, and the fact that the proprietors of Athlophoros have never claimed for it even all its merit would warrant has not a little to do with its wonderful popularity, and the thousands of grateful testimonials received by them show that their policy has been wise as well as right.

Experience has amply demonstrated that mere outward applications are worthless. The disease has its seat in the blood, and any remedy to be successful must deal with the obstructive acid which poisons and inflames it.

Athlophoros acts on the blood, muscles and joints directly. It takes the poison out of the blood and carries it out of the system; it invigorates the action of the muscles and limbers the stiffness of the joints. It reaches the liver and kidneys, cleansing them from irritating substances, and, if followed up after the rheumatic conditions cease, it will restore these organs to regularity and health.

West Chazy, N. Y., Aug. 19, 1886.

Yours of August 14th, is at hand, and in reply would say that Athlophoros proved the most effectual remedy for neuralgia in the case of my son that I ever tried. After using half a bottle he was not troubled any more for six months.

HENRY HARRIS.

Mt. Pleasant, Pa., Aug. 10, 1886.

I am thankful that I tried Athlophoros. I had rheumatism seven years, part of the time could not move; but to-day I am well and hearty. I write this hoping some other sufferer may try it.

W. S. FLEMING.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled. 9 oct22-86-6ms.

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The Best Cure for Coughs, Weak Lungs, Asthma, Indigestion, Inward Pains, Exhaustion. Combining the most valuable medicines with Jamaica Ginger, it exerts a curative power over disease unknown to other remedies. Weak Lungs, Rheumatism, Remote Complaints, and the distressing ills of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are dragging thousands to the grave who would recover their health by the timely use of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It brews life and strength to the aged. 50c. at Druggists. Hiscox & Co., 163 William Street, N. Y. mar4d.

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AGENTS WANTED (samples free) for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful ELECTRIC CORSETS, BRUSHES, BELTS, ETC. No risk, quick sales. Territory given, satisfaction guaranteed. DR. SCOTT, 841 Broadway, N. Y. m ar4d4t.

Ladies Enamel your Ranges twice a year, tops once a week and you have the finest polished stove in the world. For sale by all grocers and dealers. mar4d4t.

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USE WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA. For Consumption, Weak Lungs, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, and General Debility It is an acknowledged Specific Remedy. TRY IT. Price $1 and $2 per bottle. Prepared only by WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists, 162 William St., New York. Sold by Druggists. [dm18-4t] Send for Circular.

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DR. PARDEE'S REMEDY, (The Only Reliable Blood Purifier.) A SPECIFIC FOR RHEUMATISM, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Neuralgia, Ring Worm And all other Skin and Blood Diseases. IT REGULATES THE LIVER AND KIDNEYS. Cures Indigestion and all diseases arising from an enfeebled condition of the system. Ask your Druggist for DR. PARDEE'S REMEDY and take no other. Price $1. per bottle or six bottles for $5. Manufactured by the PARDEE MEDICINE CO., Rochester, N. Y. ROCHESTER, N. Y.

GENTS:—For the past Winter I have been very badly afflicted with rheumatism. About six weeks ago was confined to my bed, and whenever I was able to get around was obliged to use crutches. All the time I had the best medical attendance.

After one week's use of Dr. Pardee's Remedy I was able to walk with a cane. I continued its use and can now move around without assistance of any kind, and am better in health than I have been for years. It has effected a permanent cure and I take pleasure in recommending it.

C. R. FINNEGAN. Supt. Fire Alarm Telegraph, City building, Front street. nov. 26 86 1y.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 05	
8 54	12 26	8 26	.....Bellevue....	6 15	9 20	2 10	
8 48	12 22	8 22	...Taylorville...	6 20	9 26	2 15	
8 40	12 15	8 16	.. Lackawanna..	6 27	9 34	2 22	
8 33	12 08	8 10	....Pittston.....	6 34	9 41	2 30	
8 27	12 03	8 03	..West Pittston.	6 40	9 47	2 36	
8 22	11 58	7 58	.....Wyoming....	6 45	9 52	2 41	
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Maltby.....	6 49	9 56	2 44	
8 12	11 50	7 50	....Bennett.....	6 53	10 00	2 47	
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50	
8 03	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50	
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth Junc	7 02	10 10	2 55	
7 59	11 38	7 38	....Plymouth....	7 07	10 15	3 00	
7 54	11 34	7 34	....Avondale....	7 12	10 20	3 05	
7 50	11 30	7 30	....Nanticoke...	7 15	10 25	3 10	
7 43	11 25	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 27	
7 30	11 12	7 12	..Shickshinny...	7 37	10 44	3 39	
7 18	11 00	7 00	..Hick's Ferry..	7 50	11 11	3 52	
7 11	10 54	6 54	..Beach Haven..	7 57	11 06	3 58	
7 05	10 47	6 47	....Berwick....	8 04	11 13	4 05	
6 58	10 41	6 41	..Briar Creek...	8 10	11 20	4 12	
6 54	10 38	6 38	..Willow Grove..	8 14	11 23	4 16	
6 50	10 34	6 34	...Lime Ridge...	8 18	11 29	4 20	
6 42	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 36	4 27	
6 36	10 21	6 21	....Bloomsburg...	8 30	11 44	4 34	
6 30	10 16	6 16	.....Rupert.....	8 36	11 50	4 40	
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawissa Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 46	
6 08	9 56	5 56	.....Danville....	8 58	12 18	5 04	
6 00	9 49	5 49	....Chulasky....	9 05	12 30	5 12	
5 55	9 45	5 45	.....Cameron....	9 08	12 35	5 17	
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35	
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt. Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1887.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE. In effect Jan. 30, 1887. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 3.10 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.43 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.35 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 7.45 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 4.35 a. m.; Washington 6.00 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run: on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie arrival intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.55—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.52 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (dell, except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.20 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 12.52 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY. (Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.55 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.46 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.25 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.54 a. m., Sunbury 12.45 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 3.50 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.19 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p. m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.16 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.45 a. m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 3.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 4.39 p. m., Sunbury, 5.30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

YOU can live at home, and make more money at work for us, than anything else in this world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both sexes; all ages. Any one can do the work. Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. de.24-86-1y

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY.

DISTILLED from selected Barley Malt and guaranteed to be chemically pure and free from injurious oils and acids often contained in alcoholic liquors. It is especially adapted to persons requiring a stimulating tonic, Consumptives being greatly benefitted by its use. Recommended by leading physicians as a Diuretic Servine, Tonic and Alterative. For Consumptives it is invaluable. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY insures a return of vigor to the stomach, a good appetite, a rich and abundant blood and increased flesh and muscular tissue. A stimulant mild and gentle in effect. Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all wasting diseases can be entirely conquered by the use of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. It is a tonic and diuretic and a powerful strengthener to the entire system. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY has proved a medicinal protection to those who pursue their avocations in the open air and whose daily work calls it exceptional powers of endurance. Ask your patent druggist or grocer for or out with excessive bodily or mental effort and acts as a safeguard against exposure in wet and rigorous weather. It will drive all malaria or diseases from the system. Hard workers of every vocation and persons whom a sedentary life renders prone to dyspepsia find in Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey a powerful invigorant and helper to digestion. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY without unduly stimulating the kidneys increases their flagging activity, counteracts the effects of fatigue, hastens convalescence and is a wholesome and prompt diuretic. Watch the label! None genuine unless bearing the signature

The analysis as it appears by the label on every bottle: I have carefully analyzed the PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY made by M. & J. S. Perrine and find it entirely free from fusel oil, furfurol, acids and acids and is absolutely pure.—*Signed, Camillo Arthur Maier, Graduate of the Universities of Munich, Geneva and Wiesbaden.*

For sale by all druggists and grocers throughout the United States and Canadas.

M. J. Perrine

37 NORTH FRONT ST.—38 NORTH WATER ST., PHILA

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND ALL DEALERS. jan 8ym.

Farm Notes.

An English gardener advises trapping ants with bones upon which some meat has been left, and dipping occasionally in hot water. For "slugs and wine-worms" he uses pieces of potato or carrot.

It is a mystery to many farmers how a crop grown on a soil can impart to it more than it takes from it. To understand this it is enough to state that but a small portion of the clover plant comes from the soil.

It is folly to use poor mares for breeding purposes, mares that are not well developed or have vicious tendencies, or are lacking in common sense, as they, as well as their sires, have the power of transmitting such qualities to their offspring.

Parker Earle thinks there has been yet no absolute overproduction of good fruit, but the cause of low prices is defective distribution. When fruit, by cheap and rapid transportation, is brought within the reach of everybody, there will be none too much.

All good breeders make it a point to test the capacity of their cows, and do not depend upon color marks or other outward indications. If dairymen would pursue the same plan they would soon weed out all the unprofitable stock, and in a few years the whole herd would improve and the average yield increased.

One of the most satisfactory methods of growing young vegetables or flower plants is to plant one seed in a half egg shell or in a hallowed piece of turnip or beef filled with a little earth. The plants can be transplanted by simply breaking the shell, or, if in turnips, the receptacle will rot away, supplying nutriment to the plant. This practice is followed to a considerable extent among small gardeners. Plants grown in this manner are sure to live when transplanted.

If the farmers of the country who own worthless dogs—curs without any breeding—could be induced to destroy them, and substitute one well bred shepherd pup, not more, to each farm, the wealth of every farming community would be vastly increased in many ways. Farmers soon find the collie saving them many a step. Eager and anxious to learn, the young dog needs only a wise and patient restraint and intelligent direction to become the most useful hand on the place.

A correspondent gives the following about the peach tree borer. "The beautiful blue fly, resembling a wasp, which lays its eggs just at the surface of the ground in the stem of the trees, may be seen occasionally at this time pursuing its alloted task. The simplest remedy, or rather preventure of its attack, is a piece of stout wrapping paper a foot wide wound around the stem of the tree just above the ground. A little dirt should be drawn around the bottom of the paper, while the top can be tied with a cotton string."

Colored Financiers.

"Abraham Johnsing" had possessed enough thrift, that quality so seldom present in his race, to purchase a small grocery in a southern town and run it on his own account.

Harrison Smiler hasn't a very good reputation for paying his bills. The colored grocer is quite familiar with his failings, to his sorrow.

Harrison walked into the store last week and with a very courteous bow

"Good day Mistah Johnsing."

"Good day yer self."

"Got any rale nice bacon?"

"Reckon I hab."

"How much yo' cha'ge fo' dat bacon? I's t'inkin 'bout buyin' bacon to day."

"Bacon hab bin goin' up fur de las' ten menutes, so dat it's wuf eighty cents a pound, s'curity required ef bought on credit."

Harrison was staggered, but after thinking a minute inquired:

"Any discount for cash?"

"Yes, sah."

"How much?"

"Bout 60 pussent."

"Gimme half a poun'," sighed Harrison, as he scraped through his clothes for the necessary four cents."

KASKINE. (THE NEW QUININE.)