

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender. | Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1886.

WHAT OTHERS THINK.

From the Philadelphia Times. Charles R. Buckalew's unanimous nomination for Congress by the Eleventh Congressional District Democratic Conference yesterday is an event on which the citizens of Penusylvania are to be congratulated without regard to party. Buckalew is one of the few men of public note who are bigger than any mere partisan can be, and his return to public life is a distinct gain not only to his State and his party but to the country at large. As a Democratic nomination in the Eleventh district is equivalent to an election, unless the incumbent dies before election day, Buckalew's success is assured by harmonious conclusion of what threatened at one time to be a bitter faction-

From the Scranton Republican. tour without dispute. It is believed that he had also the duly and legally chosed conferrees from both the Lacks-

strength to the delegation from the State. With his large and varied experience in public life, as a State legislator, a foreign minister and a Senator curs with ours in the demand for enlator, a foreign minister and a Senator of the United States, Charles R. Buckalew ought to make a strong and useful member of the National House of Representatives. For a number of years he has been in comparative retirement and it is not generally known to which wing of the Democratic party he adheres, nor is it probable he with the Freetrade majority, as did

when the emergency presents itself.

Mr. Buckalew's ability is admitted by all, and on that account, certainly, he will prove a valuable acquisition to the Pennsylvania delegation. The Democrats of the Eleventh district as suredly deserve credit for having nominated by all odds the ablest and best qualified man among the lot of aspirants that presented themselves.

From the Philadelphia Ledger.

Ex-Senator Buckalew has been nom nated for Congress in a strong Democratic district, and is, therefore, reasonably sure of being elected. The signs are that the Democrats of Pennsylvania intend to put their best men for ward for Congress this year—and, though their Pennsylvania delegation may be small, it will be exceptionally strong.

From the Philadelphia Becord.

The nomination of Mr. Charles R. Buckalew for Congress in the Eleventh district yesterday is a matter for congratulation throughout the country. Mr. Buckalew is more of a statesman than of a partisan. He has those intellectual qualities which make his entry into Congress a matter of State pride. Pennsylvania never has had reason, and never will have reason, to be ashamed of him. It will be a remarkable political occurrence—if Mr. Wal-lace be sent to Congress from the Twentieth district-that the two last Democratic United States Senators from Pennsylvania should simultaneously be chosen to represent the State in the House.

# GREENBACK CONVENTION.

The Greenbackers held their state convention at Harrisburg last week Wednesday, and made the following nominations: For governor, Robert J. Houston of Lancaster; lieutenantgovernor, John Parker of Schuylkill auditor-general, Daniel S. Early of Dauphin; Secretary of Internal affairs Seth Hoagland, of Mercer; Congress-man-at-large, Dr. Thompson of Venan-The platform is long and breezy. It sets forth that the evils which brought about the organization of that party continue to exist, and that the two old parties have ignored these evils; it denounces the policy of contraction pursued by the government, and demands that every acre of uncarned railroad land be forfeited, and that all settlers only; it demands that after 1900 the government shall obtain pos-session by purchase of all lands held by alien non-residents, and that after Jan. 1 1887 aliens shall not be allowed to acquire title to lands; it demands absolute protection to American labor; it declares the present system of taxation to be wrong in theory and vicious in practice; it demands the immediate repeal of the conspiracy law, favors a practical eight-hour law, the prohibi tion of the employment of children under 15 years of age, and of convict the betterment of its condition, with labor contracts, and favors granting of the redress of wrongs known to exist the independent action of a great num-

MR. BLACK'S ACCEPTANCE

A BOLD DELIVERANCE ON STATE

The following is Lieutenant Gover-nor Black's letter of acceptance of the Democratic nomination for Governor: Your, Pa., September 16, 1886. Gentlemen: I desire to acknowledge

again, in this more public manner, the courtesy with which you have discharged the duty imposed upon you by the Democratic Convention. It was understood, when you presented the official notification of my nomination for Governor, that I would at a later period make a more formal response.

I am the nominee of the Democratic

party for Governor. The questions of be resolved by the election relate .o. the management of the State government exclusively, and I am concerned now, as I would be if elected, about

THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION. Pennsylvania has a Constitution. All her officials take a solemu obliga-tion to support and defend it. Shall it be enforced in all its parts and upon all persons alike? None of its pro-visions are openly resisted and defied by any respectable number of persons, except those contained in Articles XVI. and XVII. Their scope and purpose are well known. They were framed to secure to the people their equal and lawful rights upon the highways of the Commonwealth. Their due enforceal fight. The Democratic minority of the Pennsylvania delegation in the Assembly would injure no honest busi-Fiftieth Congress promises to be particularly strong team.

Prom the Scranton Republican.

The Pennsylvania delegation in the pess and disturb no legitimate interest. On the contrary, it would promote the welfare of the entire people, including that of the shareholders of the transportation companies themselves. Their For once the Democratic Eieventh District Congressional Conference dispatched its business with commendable promptness. This is such an unusual event that it is worthy of remark.

There was a few days ago, every evi. There was, a few days ago, every evidence of a protracted and bitter fight and at one time it seemed possible it Constitution to seize a wrongful adwould be kept up until close to election vantage to day, invokes it to-morrow

day. The conference was not a very for his own protection. Least of all harmonious one, but with half a dozen candidates in the field, each hoping that the lightning would strike in his ford to disregard its wholesome restriction. direction, this was not to be expected. tions. To do so is almost necessarily Buckalew's friends proved themselves to arouse among freemen a spirit which good managers, as was well known they would, and the result is his nomination. As a matter of fact the evidence that appeared on the surface all law and vested rights as those which tended to show that Buckalew was provoked it. We propose to hold the entitled fairly to the conferrees from shield of the Constitution over all alike four of the seven counties or parts of and behind it there is no place for extorcounties. He had Columbia and Mon- tion on the one hand or for confiscation on the other. The articles in question must be enforced. The peochosed conferrees from both the Lacka-wanna and Luzerne portions of the dis-and that the abuses which they were intended to correct shall cease. On Since it is apparent to all that the this important subject there has never Eleventh district must be represented been any doubt about the attitude of in Congress by a Democrat, it is a the Democratic party, and I believe I gratification to know that the repre- am its nominee to-day, principally be-sentative is a man who will add cause there is no doubt about mine.

pass the "appropriate legislation." LABOR AND CAPITAL The enforcement of the articles of the Constitution relative to railroads. telegraphs and canals would in itself afford a large measure of relief to the will pending an election, throw any light on the subject. Whether he will as a representative in Congress, go off the manual laborers employed in them. But the latter require more by a species of legislation which has them. But the latter require more by a sp than this. They have special griev-Messrs. Storm, Scott and Swope at the recent session, or stand up with the more conservative tariff-reform minority spoke freely and unequivocally, and in spoke freely and unequivocally, and in the remains to be seen to accepting the nomination I, of course and with it a train of illicit crimes and accept the platform. Should I be ruinous disorders. I cannot better elected, I would invite the cordial co-conclude this paragraph than by the operation and the considerate advice of following passage from the hand of the duly appointed representatives of the illustrious Tilden: all labor organizations of the State, "Such legislation s with reference not merely to the rights misconception of the proper sphere of but to the needs of the people. Through government. It is no part of the duty

forcement of those provisions, and the election of a Legislature which will

has scarcely been preceptible in our legislation. While the lobbies swarm with the well-paid and expert agents of other interests, the laborer labored on in his vocation, trusting to the honor of his official representatives. The result is a mass of laws in which every reason and conscience, trusts nothing interest but his is carefully provided to self-culture and substitutes the wisthe most important concern of his life. Others may combine to limit production and suspend his employment; to of society consists in learning how to raise the price of the necessaries of life attain, by the independent action or or to lower the wages which purchase them; but should he combine with his fellows to market his labor at better rates he is too frequently charged with disorders for which he is not primarily legislation and enlarging that of the responsible; prosecuted under laws individual reason and conscience. Our responsible; prosecuted under laws which are but a slight modification of the barbarous conspiracy laws; confronted by police representing the em-ployer, instead of the public authority; and not unfrequently he is cast adrift while imported laborers, aliens to his blood and country, are brought for-ward to take his job and eat the bread of his children. He sees the wealth of the country increasing in a ratio almost appalling; but he also sees it concentrating in the hands of a very few, and he knows there is something essentially wrong in those laws which permit such a division of the common produce of capital and labor. What he wants principally is a free field and a fair one; a repeal of the laws which circumscribe him, with a careful revis-ion, followed by a vigilant enforcement

health while at work and insure him the regular payment of his earnings in honest cash. Some time since I was appealed to by miners in the Monongahela Valley to aid them in securing the appointment of coal and iron policemen, who might be employed in the interests of the men, to protect them against syste-matic swindling by Ialse weighing on the tipples. They said that such plun-dering of the workmen was systematic and extensive, and was the main cause of the disastrous strike then prevailing in that region. But when I came to examine the law I found that the railroad land be forfeited, and that all Governor might appoint any number public lands be reserved for actual of those pecular coal and iron policemen, at the instance, in the pay and for the exclusive purposes of the em-ployers, but not one for the benefit of the men, however clear the necessity or urgent the appeal. This is a prac-tical illustration of what I mean when I say that the laborers' interests have been studiously and cruelly subordina-

of those which protect his life and

ted to the interests of others. During the past year Pennsylvania, n common with many other States, has felt profoundly, and to her sore blessing in just so far as it has been cost, the throes of labor madly seeking respected and obeyed, and the Demothe betterment of its condition, with the war of 1861-5, and demands sufficient appropriation to improve all streams and make them free. There is nothing new in it.

The Greenback party will be run this year as a republican side show.

The remedies for which are but vaguely understood. The losses inflicted by these inflicted by these inflicted by these recurring struggles are simply these recurring struggles are simply in such case now go to the polls and deliberately decree a relapse to the servitude of the past. The personal characters of canthis year as a republican side show.

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The personal characters of canthis year as a republican side show. liberal pensions to all who served in the remedies for which are but vaguely ber of citizens has given us an honest,

ever † Such wide tumults among men ordinarily sober and industrious, such vast sacrifices of bread and peace by multitudes of intelligent and orderly ditizens are not without grave cause.

I believe they will cease, and cease only when the wage-carner is placed upon the dead level of legal equality with the wage-payer, at every stage and in every particular of the several

and in every particular of the several transactions between them. Men of conservative minds have witnessed the beneficial results of the progress of labor in self-organization, with intense satisfaction. Such organization, with intense satisfaction. Such organization, com-pleted and perfected, promises appar-ently justice, order and repose to all the interests concerned. Why not give to it the sanction of the law and the protection of the State?

Incorporation may prove to be the simple but beneficent expedient of which all modern society appears to be in common search. The remedy for all public and private wrongs must be the law that is given to capital, would find its own safety in the just restraints of the law, which make the rights of person and property sacred under our free institutions.

THE BURDEN ON REAL ESTATE. Like the men who work for daily or weekly wages, the agricultural people, with even less excuse for the derelic tion, have neglected the care of their own interests, and by reason of pro-tracted failure to employ the necessary instrumentalities of mutual organization and representation in the govern-ment they find the burdens of the State resting more heavily upon their fields than upon any other form of property of equal value. While their lands are depreciated and their produce under old in their own markets in conse quence of discriminations against local freights, the revenue and tax laws are made to bear upon them with undue and excessive exactions.

THE PROHIBITION ISSUE. There is, I believe, but one other listinct question of State policy involved in the election of this year. One of the political parties has avowed its purpose to pass through two successve Legislatures and submit to the people a Constitutional amendment for-bidding the manufacture and sale of wealth. A third party, constituting in | short time ago. themselves that "respectable portion of the people" referred to by the others in their platform, insist upon immedi-ate and total prohibition by legislative enactment, without waiting upon the needless and tedious process of amendment. Neither of these parties looks toward indemnification for the large amounts of private property which must be measurably destroyed by the enactment of such a law or the adoption of such an amendment. The Demo cratic party has, on the other hand, from its formation, consistently opposed sumptuary laws, "which vex the citizen and interfere with individual liberty. But this denial of the right of pro

ibition implies the duty of regulation: and though the just power of the State does not extend to the prescription of the drink, diet or dress of the individual man, it does extend to the prevention of any abuse of his private right afand I favor the enactment of any laws, however stringent, which may be necessary to that purpose, and, in any event, the rigid enforcement of those

"Such legislation springs from a long series of years their influence of the State to coerce the individual principle leaves no room for individual or, while he is cunningly restricted in dom of the Senate and Assembly for the plan of moral government ordained by Providence. The whole progress voluntary association of individuals, those objects which are at first attempted only through the agency of govern-American institutions have recognized this idea more completely than it has yet been recognized by the institutions of any other people, and the Demo to cratic party has generally been the faithful guardian of its progressive development.

To-day, while

it is in favor of sobriety and good morals, it disowns a system of coercive legislation which cannot produce them but must create many serious evils, which violates constitutional guarantees and sound principles of legislation, invades the rightful domain of the individual judgment and conscience, and takes a step backwerd toward that barbarian age when the wages of labor the prices of commodities, a man's food and clothing, were dictated to him by a government calling itself paternal. AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE.

These appear to me to be the defi-Inese appear to me to be the definite issues to be determined by the election. They are none of them partisan questions. They concern deeply and vitally the most important interests of society, and each of them involves the permanent welfare of entire classes of our people. Will the voters permit merely partisan considerations to determine their actions upon them? I can not think so. They have heretofore shown that when parties have fallen under corrupt or reckless control, and a supreme puolic necessity arose, they knew how to assert the sovereign power of an enlightened people. They did so when the Constitution was adopted, notwith standing the resistance of the same monopoly interests which now obstruct its enforcement. They did so four years ago, when they found it imperatively necessary to rescue the Common-wealth from unworthy hands. They have had no occasion to regret the largely nonpartisan decisions then rendered. On the contrary, the new Constitution has proved an unmixed blessing in just so far as it has been respected and obeyed, and the Demonite issues to be determined by the Constitution has proved an unmixed blessing in just so far as it has been cratic executive brought into power by

able, should be but lightly weighed against questions of such gravity. The best of men are sometimes sunk into abject helplessness by adverse surroundings. The last governor of Pennsylvania but one, the intellectual Pennsylvania but one, the intellectual peer of any one who ever occupied the place, moved by a sense of "self-respect" and patriotic duty, sounded "a note of warning to the whole people" against the choice of a Chief Magistaken for rately costing to the company of the choice of a Chief Magistaken for rately costing to the company of the choice of a Chief Magistaken for rately costing to the ch

trate owing allegiance to any power but that of the people, and especially against any one under the malig in-fluences which, in spite of his nobler instincts, had succeeded in obstructing and perverting his administration. It was a warning to be remembered.

Very sincerely yours, Chauncey F. Black.

The Philadelphia Press calls Mr. Buckalew a Free Trader. Will the Press kindly point to a single speech or expression of Mr. Buckalew's that in the law; and industry organized undicates that he is a Free Trader! the law, and with the protection of The Press cannot do this, but then it indicates that he is a Free Trader? calls everybody a Free Trader who is not in favor of maintaining the present high and unjust tariff, though both parties have promised in their platforms

East Benton-

A copious rain, accompanied by a heavy wind, thunder and lightning, passed over this place last Friday at-ternoon, during which Charley Good's barn, near Waterton, Huntington township, Luzerne county, was struck by lightning and wholly consumed with contents—a large crop of hay and grain and a very fine colt. A light in-surance, on building only.

Bendertown has now a pair of capi tal blacksmiths, store, shoeshop and a croquet plat occupied almost day and night. Happy, prosperous Bender-town! U. S. mail deposit box, fastened to outside door jamb of shoe shop-branch office of Van Camp.

Mrs. Michael Beishline, of Bendertown, had a paralytic stroke last Sun day a week, from which she is slowly recovering. She was at the time on i visit to her daughter's, Mrs. Seibert, of

Clell Shultz, of Benton township, bidding the manufacture and sale of young man about 21 years of age, intoxicating liquors in this Common-also had a slight attack of paralysis a For Secretary of Internal Appairs

Rev. Wm. R. Campbell, formerly of Orangeville was married to Miss Agnes Horne of New York City on

The buckwheat crop is better than the corn crop. Blasting on the B. & S. can be

heard almost daily. Now who says we Buckalew for Congress and Freeze for State Senator, hurrah!

The Camb a and Iola base ball clubs played a game at Benton last Saturday afternoon, and again the Iolas went home rejoleing, at being slightly left The fair will be the all absorbing topic from this on till after its conclu-

The "Fox chase" will not be an exciting one this fall as he is too far in advance of the Republican "hounds. fecting his neighbor or society at large He can't be "hol'd" short of the Legis lature. A tracking snow is always de-sirable for a good chase, but all conditions will be supplied when we get Freeze fairly on the track. Fox, Fritz, now in existence. Conscious of the and Freeze will make a strong legisla-

secies of legislation which has were visiting their son James, at Cam never failed to increase them, but bra, last Saturday and Sunday. Wesley

Stanley McHenry, son of Hon. James and with it a train of illicit crimes and McHenry, of Cambra is an excellent musician. He displayed some splendid music on the piano in the parlor on last Sunday evening. He and his sister Eva jointly played a choice piece en-titled "Artist Life Waltz." The family also sang a couple of pieces to the tune of that instrument.

# 100 Doses

One Dollar. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which this can be truly said; and it is an unanswerable argument as to the strength and positive economy of this great medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is made of roots, herbs, barks, etc., long and favorably known for their power in purifying the blood; and in combination, proportion, and process, Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself. "For economy and comfort we use Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. C. Brewster, Buffalo. "Hood's Sarsaparilla takes less time and quantity to show its effect than any other preparation I ever heard of. I would not be without it in the house." MRS. C. A. M. HUBBARD, North Chill, N. Y. 100 Doses

# One Dollar

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, salt rheum, all humors, boils, pimples, general de-bility, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, catarrh, rheumatism, kidney and liver com-plaints, and all affections caused by impure blood or low condition of the system. Try it.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and for over a year had two running sores on my neck. I took five bottles of Hood's Sarsap rilla, and consider myself entirely cured."
C. E. LOYEJOY, Lowell, Mass. "Hood's Sarsaparilla did me an immense amount of good. My whole system has been

built up and strengthened, my digestion im-proved, and my head relieved of the bad feel-ing. I consider it the best medicine I have ever used, and should not know how to do without it." MARY L. PERLE, Salem, Mass. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass 100 Doses One Dollar.

OTICE OF SCIRE FACIAS.

No. 75 December Term, 1885. Willard H. Datly, adm'r of Eleanor Lockard, de-to the use of the heirs of Eleanor Lockard, de-

# LIVER COMPLAINT

pain in the back, sides or joints, often mistaken for rheumacism; sour stomach; loss of appetite; bowels after-nately costive and lax; headache; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; debility; low spirits; a thick, yellow ap-pearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough, often mistaken for consump-

### How Cured.

"I have been afflicted many years with dyspepsia, sick headache and affection of the kidneys caused by torpid liver. I have tried a great many remedies and physicians prescriptions without success, health inling all the time. During last Fait and Winter I was obliged to suspend the most of my labor in my field of Home Missionary work on account of my health. Farly this Spring I was induced to try sin anons laver Regulator, and have had more real good health since then than for years before. I use the nedicine to relive me when, by exposure or over-exertion, I discover the symptoms of my disease returning. The Hegulator relieves me a once, and is more satisfactory in its effects than anything of the kind I ever tried. I have also used it with good success in my family to ward of billous attacks."—"Osc. E. Wasstan Cumberland Pres. Minister, Lebanon, Mo.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, CHAUNCEY F. BLACK. of York.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, R. BRUCE RICKETTS. of Luzerne.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, WILLIAM J. BRENNAN. of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS AT-LARGE, MAXWELL STEPHENSON. of Philadelphia.

J. SIMPSON AFRICA. of Huntingdon.

COUNTY.

For Congress, CHARLES R. BUCKALEW. Subject to the decision of the Conferees of the

FOR STATE SENATOR, JOHN G. FREEZE. Subject to the decision of the Conferees of the

> FOR REPRESENTATIVES, A. L. FRITZ, Of Bloomsburg.

> > JAMES T. FOX.

Of Beaver Township.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES, JAMES LAKE, Of Scott Township. C. G. MURPHY, Of Centralia.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

BEAVER—Levi Michael, George Dreisbach, Isaac Klingerman, Moses schilcher, J. P. Fry, Jesse Rittenrouse.

BERWICK, E.—A. D. Seely, Freem. n. Stiler, Jacob W. Campbell, Hram W. Bowe.r

BBRWICK, W.—John Prantz, George A. Carey, Will T. Sryder.

EENTON.—Emanuel Laubach, Benton; Frank T. Shultz, Raven Creek; George Gibbons, Cambra; Reuben slefried, Bento; Prank T. Shultz, Raven Creek; George Gibbons, Cambra; Reuben slefried, Bento; Prank T. BLOOM, E.—John B. Casey, C. B. Robbins, C. H. Campbell, Chas, R. Housed.

BLOOM, W.—Guy Jaco., David Girton, John Welliver, Jass Milride.

BRIARCHEEK.—George Gibbons, Cambra; William Levano, Cyrus Smith.

CATAWISSA.—Wid.—Geo. W. Miller, William Levano, Cyrus Smith.

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CENTRALIA.—Michael W. Breman, David Walsh, John Hennessy.

CENTRE—G. F. Hink, John Wanich, Sanderson Hagenbuch, Arthur Creasy, A. J. Kocher, Albert Keichver, Levi Remiey.

CONYNGHAM, N.—Gohn P. Hannon, Patrick Healy.

CONYNGHAM, S.—John P. Hannon, Patrick Healy.

Sheriff. BEAVER-Levi Michael, George Dreisbach, Isaac Klingerman, Moses schilcher, J. P. Fry, Jesse

CONYNGHAM, N.—Robt Cunneld, Patrick J. Cain, William Callagy;
CONYNGHAM, S.—John P. Hannon, Patrick Healy.
FISHINGCREEK.—Amos Hartman, J. M. Ammerman, No man Wilenry, Samuel Coleman.
FRANKLIN—R. S. McHenry, Jonathan Loreman, Jacob Artley.
GREENWOOD—A. J. Derr, Derr's P. O.; John Leggot, Iola; Jacob Welliver, Eyer's Grove; Win.
Black, Robrsb. 'y; Phil. Young, Millyille.
HENLOCK—Matt's Girton, Simen Reichard,
Lawrence L. Hartman, Jacob Martz.
JACKSON—Frank Trivelplece, J. W. Ritchen,
Frank Fritz. Frank Fritz.
Frank Fritz.
LOCUST—A. M. Johnson, Christian Small, Charles
Beaver, Adam Dimmick.
MADISON—Charles H. Fruit, Baltis Sterling, John
M. Smith.
MAIN—Gilbert Shuman, Freas Bowman, George
Breich. Hreish. MIFFI IN—Isaac Andreas, C. W. Hess, E. Schwep-

penheiser. MONTOUS—James Quick, hupert, Henry Lazarus, Grovania; I. W. Baylor, Catawiesa. MT. PLEASANT—Sam'i Harrizei, lightstreet, Mack ikeler, Mordansville; Isaac Appleman, Welli-Refer, Mordansville; Isaac Appleman, Wenn versville. ORANGE—L. M. Sieppy, Theodore Rush, Mile-Leancer Fetterman.
PINE—D. R. Gordner, Pine Summit, J. R. Fowler,
Pine Summit; Daniel Robbins, Derris,
SCOTT, W.-L. M. Kelchner, A. C. Hidlay,
SCOTT, E.-B. F. Reighard, Ell Schneidman, Wm.
Savans. Savage, SUGARLOAF — Alfred Cole, Daniel Steadman, Aaron Fritz, E. F. Laubach.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

te of Wilson A. Thomas, late of Greenwoo Letters of administration on the estate of Wilson A. Thomas, late of Greenwood Twp., deed having been granted to the undersigned admr. all persons indebted to said estate are hereby no third to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to A. P. YOUNG, Millville, Pa., Administrator

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Orphans Court of C umbla county, and will be presented to the sai court on the fourth Monday of september, A. D 1886, and confirmed hist, and uness exception are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute. WM. H. SNYDER, Clerk of O. C. Bloomsburg, Sept. 3, 1856.

THARTER NOTICE.

Notice is bereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county on Monday the with day of September A. D. 1888 at three o'clock in the alternoon, under the corporation act of 1874 and the supplements thereto, by Edward Williams, B. F. Dyke, John Lamnet, John Lewis and John E. Davis for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Odd Fellows Temple and Hall Association of the Borough of Centralia, Columbia Ce., Pa "the character and object of which is for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a public hall in said Borough of Centralia, and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, beweits and privileges conferred by the said act and its supplements.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

when for days increases the solute;
Tracy Michael Est., dec'd, Bloomaburg, personalty, \$30.00.
Billig Chas. Est., dec'd, Locust, personalty, \$30.00.
Rostenbauder, Geo. 1. Est. dec'd, Catawissa; personalty, \$500.00.
Miller John Est., dec'd, Hemlock; personalty, \$300.00.
Pealer Eli Est., dec'd, Hemlock; personalty, \$42.66; realty, \$255.54.
Stiler Wm. Est., dec'd, Briarcreek; personalty, \$40.57; realty, \$255.78.
Mellenry Shas Est., dec'd, Frahingereek; personalty, \$40.57. Worman Samuel A. Est., dec'd, Scott; personalty, \$100.00. oreman, Samuel Est., dec'd, Franklis; personalty

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SATURDAY, October 2, 1886, 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain lot ofground, situat In the town of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pabounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the alley and right of way of the Catawissa Railroad Co., on the south by land of George Stricker, and on the west by Front street, in said town, whereon are creeted a two-story frame dwelling house with a two-story frame kitchen annexed and other out ALSO.

All that other certain lot of ground situate in Roberts' addition to the town of Catawissa afore-sald, bounded on the north by property of Wm, McNeal, on the east by an alley, on the south by Watnut street, on the west by Third street, whereon is erected two two-story frame dwelling houses and outbuildings. Scized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of M. V. B. Kline.

RHAWN, AUS.

All that certain messuage, piece of land, situate in the township of Mt. Pleasant, in the county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania. Bounded on the north by land of Godfrey Melick, on the west by land of Peter Jacoby, on the south by west by land of Peter Jacoby, on the south by land of Hiram Thomas and on the east by land of Joseph Crawford, containing seventy-six acres of land, more or less, on which are erected a traine dwelling house, a barn and outbuildings. Selzed, taken in execution, at the suit of William Masters and to be sold as the property of C. C. Pea-cock, admr. of John Beogle, dee'd and Mary Hea-gle, wife of said John Heagle, dee'd, for the debt of

ICALER & HERRING, Attys. Lev. Fa. SAMUEL SWITH, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALES. By virtue of sundry write, issued out of the

Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa. and to me directed, with be exposed to public sale MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1886, at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain tract of land, situate in Hemiock township, Columbia county. Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Be-ginning at a bickory, thence by lands of Wm. J. lands of the heirs of John Ballor south eightyseven and one-fourth degrees east thirty-eight
perches to a stone. Thence by land of John
Rausch and Peter Heinbach south three degrees
west twenty-six and eight-tenths perches to a
white oak in line of land of Henry Gelger, thence by land of Henry Geiger north eighty-two degrees east sixty-one and three-tenth perches to a stake. Thence by land of John and Sylvester Purcel

north two and one-half degrees east ninety-six and four-tenths perches to a white oak. Thence by land of John and Wm, Beauch, lands or Wm. ivey, lands of John Gallagher, north eighty-eight and one-half degrees west one hundred and ninety-nine and two-tenths perches to a lickory, the place of beginning, containing one hundred and seven acres and ninety-eight perches, strict measure, whereon are erected a dwelling house. barn and out buildings.
Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Eliza

beth Cueber, wife of Thomas Cueber, vs. Emma L. Wands and John A. Wands, her husband, and to be sold as the property of Emma L. Wands and John A. Wands, her husband. SCARLET & ANGLE, ALLYS.

ALSO.

All that certain piece or parcel or land, situat in Scott township, Columbia county, state of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the Cormick & Angle, on the east by A. Snyder, or the south by lands of Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad Co., on the west by lands of A. Snyde and \_\_\_\_\_ containing in width along the property of the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad Co., three hundred and eighty feet, more or less, and in depth one hundred and ten feet, more or less, on which is erected a two-story frame building, fermerly used as a planing mill and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of W. J

Espy Mfg. Co. terre tenants and to be sold as the property of J. M. Stookey & Espy Mrg. Co. ter SCARLET & ANGLE, Attys.

ALSO, All that certain messuage and lot of ground sit nated in the Town of Bioomsburg bounded and described as follows to-wit; Beginning at a corner

### COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELT
President Judge of the Court of Oyer and
Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quar
ter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common
Pleas and Orphans' Court in the win Judgetal Dis rices and offpunas the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and P. L. Shuman, Asswelate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 18th day of May it the gear of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and cighty-six, and to me directed for the county and the columbia and cight and and ci building a Court of Oyer and Terininer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphanis' Court, in Bioomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the fourth Monday, being the 27th day of Sept. Lext. to continue for two

ecks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the J to Moes of the Peace, and the Constables of the sall County of Columbia, that they be then and therein their proper person at to clock in the forence of said 27th day of Sept. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And nose that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the fall of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there o prosecute them as shall be just. Jurers are re-uested to be punctual in their attendance, greeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg L. S. Lord one thousand eight bindred and the logist of the logist six, and in the one bindred and tenth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff Soffice, SAMUEL SMITH.

Fire. POLICE!

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA CATARRH

REMEDY.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Having struggled 30 years between life and death with ASTHMA or IFFILISTO, treated by eminent physicians, and receiving no benent, I was compelled during the last A years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath My sufferings were boyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and Inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this Wondersyll, CURF FOR ASTHMA AND CATARIRII, warranted to relieve the most stubbern case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the petient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Please read the following condensed extracts from unsuiteited testimonials, all of recent date:

Oliver V. R. Holmes, Sam Jose, Cal., writes: "I find the remedy all and even more than represented. I receive instantaneous reiter."

E. M. Carson, A. M., Warren, Konsas, writes: "Was treated by eminent physicians of this country and Germany, tried the climate of different states—nothing afforded reiter like your preparation."

T. E. Gates, County Treasurer, Philadeiphia, this country and Germany, tried the climate of different states—nothing afforded relief like your preparation."

T. E. Gates, County Treasurer, Philadeiphia, Miss, writes: "Have used the Remedy, Would not live without it. Every one that uses it resonmends it."

I. B. Phelips, P. M., Griggs, Onlo, writes: "Surfered with asthma 40 years. Your medicine in a minutes does more for me than the most eminent physician did for me in three years."

H. C. Plumpton, Jollet, Ill., writes: "Send Catarrh Remedy at once. Cannot get along without it. I and it to be the most valuable medicine I have ever tried."

Geo, W. Brady, Nelson Co., Ky., writes: "I am using the remedy. Gained's potudis in 3 weeks, would not be without it."

Martin Fox, Little Falls, N. Y., writes: "Find liemedy excellent. Could not live without it."

We have many other hearty testimonials of cure or relief, and in order that all sufferers from Asthma, Catarrh. Hay Fever, and kindred diseases may have an opportunity of testing the value of the Remedy we will send to any address TRAL PACK AGE FREE OF CHARGE. Address.

J. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Proprietora, Wholesale Druggists, Wooster, Wayne Co., O., Full size box by mail #1.

When you want a new suit of clothes what do you do? Why, go where you can be well fitted, get good cloth, and have ginning at a hickory, thence by lands of wm. 4. Hartman and the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, south three and one-fourth degrees west eighty perches and one-half to a stone, thence by the lands of the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, south three and one-half to a stone, thence by the lands of the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, south three and one-half to a stone, thence by the lands of the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, south three and one-half to a stone, thence by the lands of the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, south three and one-half to a stone, thence by the lands of the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, south three and one-half to a stone, thence by the lands of the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir south three heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir so that the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir so that the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir so that the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir so that the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir so that the heirs of Jacob Hartman deed, so the heir so that the heir so the heir so that the heir so that the heir so that the heir so that

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Mr. C. Rhodes, have been secured, and we will guarantee satisfaction as to fit and price. Should you want a

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