

G. E. Elwell, J. E. Bittenbender., Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1886.

John Dubois the veteran millionaire lumberman and manufacturer, died at his home in Dubois city on Wednesday

Ex-President Arthur took a change for the worse last week, but his case is not considered dangerous. His weight has decressed from 250 lbs. to 130 lbs.

Dana of the New York Sun, goes to work at eleven o'clock, dictates his editorial to a stenographer, quits at tour o'clock and gets \$20,000 a year. The country editor goes to work at seven o'clock, has his editorials dictated to him by his subscribers, quits at six o'clock and gets in debt. That is the o'clock and gets in debt.

The thirty-third annual conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar, of Pennsylvania, will be held in Scranton on the last week in May. On the forenoon of Tuesday, May 29, the annual parade and review will take place. In the evening Coeur de Lion compel each taxpayer to disclose to the when Congress is distributing fifteen millions of dollars. give a reception at the Lackawanna cstate and avoid the unequal burdens Rink. On Wednesday the officers will

The New State Tax Law.

THE ACT OF 1885 DECLARED CONSTITU-TIONAL BY THE SUPREME COURT.

Supreme Court on Monday handed down a decision in the import ant case of Fox's appeal from the Common Pleas of Northampton county. The opinion is by Judge Paxson and is of considerable length. Its rulings will be of great interest and import ance to the people of the Common-wealth, as it decides the much-mooted question of the constitutionality of the new Revenue act of June 30, 1885, and incidentally passes upon some important questions of constitutional law. ing. But the act expressly provides of course looked gloomy to the family the bill was filed by Edward J. Fox, a that the taxpayer may, on or before being as they were in a strange place prominent member of the Northamp-ton County bar, and prayed for an in-the commissioners or Board of Revisjunction to restrain the assessors from mpelling him to comply with the act of 1885. It averred that the act conflicted with Section 1 and 2 of Article IX and Section 3 of Article III, of the New Constitution, because it exempts building and loan associations, manufacturing corporations and the personal property of corporations from taxa-tion while taxing similar property in the hands of individuals and similarly exempts "notes or bills for work or la-bor done." Judge Paxson, in his opinion, first discusses whether the phrase "any or all persons whatsoever," used in the act of 1885, includes corporations and therefore whether the mortgages and other moneyed securities in the hands of corporations are taxable under the new Revenue act. After an extended discussion of the authorities be concurs in the views expressed by Judge Mitchell and Thayer in recent cases in the Common Pleas of Philatothe County that the word "person"

The decree of the lower Court, which delphia County that the word "person"

The decree of the lower Court, which person to the emergency."

The decree of the lower Court, which person to the emergency."

The decree of the lower Court, which person to the soil cannot be surpassed in Penna. or any other state that I have parallely support to the soil cannot be surpassed in Penna. Or any other state that I have prove the person to the soil cannot be surpassed in Penna. Or any other state that I have prove the penna. The land is adapted to the soil cannot be surpassed in Penna. Or any other state that I have prove the penna. The land is adapted to the land is adapted to the penna. The land is adapted t mortgages, etc., in their hands are not under the act of 1885. The learned Judge then proceeds to discuss the provisions of the act and their constitutionality at length. He decides that the provision exempting from tax-ation "notes or bills for work or labor done" is unconstitutional, but holds that this does not invalidate the entire act. He further holds that the act does not impose unequal taxation; that there is no such want of uniformity in its provisions as to make the act unconstitutional, and that the provisions for its execution, and particularly the provision imposing a penalty for noncompliance with its provisions, are also

Judge Paxson, after quoting many authorities relative to the application of the terms of the act to artificial persons or corporations, holds that the act of 1885 is a supplement to the act of June 7, 1879, by the fourth section, of which a tax is impossed upon the capital stock of every company or asociation whatever, now or incorporated by or under any law of this Commonwealth, or now or hereafter incorporated by any ofher state or territory of the United States or foreign government and doing business in this Commonwealth, or having capital employed in this Common wealth in the name of any other person or corporation, association or associations, person or persons, or in any other manner except foreign insurance companies, banks and savings institu-tions, shall be subject to and pay into the treasury of the Commonwealth a

constitutional.

The tax, briefly stated, is three mills on the dollar of the appraised value of the capital stock of such corporations as declare either no dividends or dividends of less than 6 per cent, and on corporations which pay a dividend of 6 per cent or over one-half mill on the capital stock for each 1 per centum of such dividend; and where profits are made and not divided, but added to the sinking fund of such corporation, the

tax to be computed as follows, etc.:

like tax is imposed. The act contains other provisions for taxing banks, insurance companies, limited partnerships, etc., which we

need not specifically refer to. We have, therefore, by virtue of the provision of the act of 1879, a tax on the capital stock of corporations, the minimum of which is three mills on the dollar, the exact amount which this act of 1885 imposes upon mortgages, moneys at interest and moneyed capital in the hands of individuals. It has been repeatedly decided in this State, and is settled law, that a tax upon the capital stock of a corporation is a tax upon its property and assets. It would be an affectation of learning to refer to the long line of causes asserting this doctrine; it is sufficient to re fer to Commonwealth vs. Standard Oil Company, where many of the authorities are corrected. See 101, Penn. St.

The act of 1885 being a supplement to the act of 1879, the two acts must be read together, and thus read we have in the one a tax of three mills on mortgages, etc., in the hands of individual citizens, and, what is practically and legally, aithough not in name, a similar tax upon the same class of subjects in the hands of corporations. Were the tax of 1885 on mortgages extended to corporations the result would be double taxation, which, while not beyond the power of the Legislalature, is not to be presumed.

On Wednesday the officers will | which have been laid upon the shouldbe publicly installed at the Academy ers of some personn by the neglect of Music. of others to return the full amount of their property. No legal ob-jection can be made to this. If the state has the right to tax moneys at interest in hands of her citizens, and this can not be denied, she has the payer as a punishment for his deby law. If no appeal were allowed to paper. Myself and family reached the action of the commissioners in adding this penalty it would be a serious question whether the act could be sustained. It is one of the fundamental principles of English and American

> if no failure had occurred. The opinion concludes: "Our entire revenue system needs to be remodeled in accordance with the new Constitumaking its construction and enforcement, matters of no slight difficulty. To ment, matters of no slight difficulty. To recast it now in entire harmony with the organic law is a serious matter. It will require the ripest experience and the highest wisdom. Now that the attention of the Legislature has been called to it, we have no doubt that the

junction, is therefore affirmed and the appeal dismissed. A similar decree was entered in the case of Sanderson's appeal from the Common Pleas of Lackawanna County, which raised substantially the same question of law.

WASHINGTON LETTER

Washington, D. C., May 10, 1886. Some of the President's latest work has been that of carefully examining private pension bills. He was suppos ed to have work enough to do already without assuming any new burdens but it seems he feels, the necessity of taking a hand himself in the retrenchment campaign which Mr. Hewitt and some other influential Democrats have begun in the House of Representatives. Mr. Cleveland's predecessors have generally regarded life as too short to spend in examining this class of legislation with special care. They have contented themselves with the assur-ance that Congress had opportunities for investigating the claims in the most thorough manner, and that if the bills had got through both Houses there must have been some merit in them. A few days since a rumor about the Capital, to the effect that any further raids upon the Treasury would be combatted by the President's veto, created

considerable sensation. President Cleve land is the first President, it is said. who has undertaken to scrutinize private bills. But he became alarmed at the reckless way Congress was rushing the pension business. A fortuight ago the Senate alone, in one day, passed over 450 such bills, after merely reading their titles. This burried and careas eminently improper, and he began per doz. bay tront, an excellent fish, sending to the Pension Office for the for 15 to 20 cents per doz. clams 30 records in order to satisfy his mind concerning each of the cases which have thus far come before him. It is duty, but it is a duty which has rarely been performed; and the question is, where Mr. Cleveland is going to find

the time for the pursuit of his excellent policy. No speech probably has been made during the present session of Congress which has created so much of a sensation as the one delivered by Mr. Hew itt, on Thursday, when he protested against any further raids upon the Treasury under the name of bounties or other benefits of that kind to soldiers of the late war. Most of these propositions are ill considered, and although for seventy-five years to come, the South will be helping to pay pensions to the soldiers and to the widows of the soldiers of the North, a Southern Member cannot raise a question as to the propriety of any of these grabs, without rendering himself liable to charges of disloyalty, shippantly and

cheaply brought. The reference made by the gentleman from New York to the peculiar position of Southern Members, who are thus embarrassed when they would like to oppose these ruinous schemes according to their convictions, was especially relevant and timely. He declared that the limit of endurance on the part of the tax payer had been reached and that the discontent on ac count of excessive taxation was breaking out in riots, dynamite and death Those who want to dive their hands down into the Treasury," said he, "take advantage of the delicate position in

common—more common than commendable—the object of which is to favor a particular class at the expense of the rest of the community. So far as such legislation affects the question of taxation, the Constitution has put an end to it. There can be no more of it. Nor should there be. The Conbill reached everywhere, It was not stitution protects all classes alike. The poor and the rich equally enjoy name, by any obscurity of situation, or its benefits and all must share the by any difficulty of access. There was burdens which it imposes. However nothing that seemed to be too incredipopular such legislation may be, it can ble to be contained in this bill. The not be sustained under our present disfranchised citizens of the Capital join issue with this assertion, however, But for this vice we are not required to declare the act of 1885 void. It will be the duty of the assessors to assess omitted. Because of this neglect of and return such bills or notes the same their own fair river they hold the bill as other moneyed securities in the is too impudent to go unrebuked. They section of the act. It provides, as be-beuefit the property of the whole fore stated, that, when no return is made under the sixth and seventh was to insure the return of a lot of sections, the assessor shall make the Congressmen to their seats in the House return of such taxable person, "estimating the amount from the best information at his command," to which
allowed to do, you know is to pay estimated return the proper county commissioners or boards of revision ment of other people's rivers and harsnall add 50 per centum, and the aggregate amount so obtained shall be They have no representation in Contract the basis for taxation. The plain object of this particular received of the particular received of the particular received of the particular received of the particular received to do, you know is to pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the particular received to do, you know is to pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the particular received to do, you know is to pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the improvement of the pay their share of taxes for the pay their share of ject of this particular provision of this people of the United States, absolutely, act was to make the people honest and and are governed by them. That is

Letter From Dr. Ammerman.

GREENWOOD, Sussex Co., Del., May 8th, 1886. EDFFORS COLUMBIAN: Thinking that the people of Columbia Co. might be willing to peruse a few lines from the this can not be denied, she has the right to know to what extent each citi- be anxious to know how the writer and zen holds such property. The State family reached this their new home, I imposes this 50 per centum upon the take this opportunity of communicating take this opportunity of communicating to them through the columns of your this place on Thursday the first day of April, and found car with household goods horse &c. "that had been ship-ped a day or two previous" here and rinciples of English and American law that no man can be condemned in his person or property without a hearing. But the act expressly provides and among entire strangers, so far as the commissioners or Board of Revis-ion and present his reasons under oath But I wish to state right here that the satisfactory to the commissioners or Board of Revision, they shall substitute the taxpayer's return for that of the assessor, to have the like effect as home here. This place is situated in the northern part of the lower county of the state, is within thirteen miles of steamboat navigation the Nanticoke river and on the line of the Delaware Div. of the Phila. Wilmington and tion. It has been for many years a Div. of the Phila. Wilmington and disjointed system, subjected to free Baltimore R. R. This road is owned quent and arbitrary changes, in many instances loosely and obscurely worded lively business judging from the number of trains that pass over it daily all kinds of fruits, Irish and Sweet potatoes, peauuts, melons and vege tables of all kinds. Is also the finest kind of grain and grass land, I have never seen finer wheat and grass than we have in this vicinity, clover and timothy grows abundantly wherever sown, even along the road sides it grows in profusion and corn and oats re good crops here. We find some enough in the owners to improve it as Penna, farmers do. But it is now ! eing divided up into smaller tracts and men of energy and enterprise are buying it and it is wonderful to see what grand farms have been made in a few years out of lands that looked like bar

for themselves independent homes and living, but these opportunities can not remain long as men of energy and means are taking advantage chances very rapidly. Lands that sold within a few miles of this town four or five years ago have more than trebled in value and must advance rapidly in price in the future. What this country wants is northern enterprise to make it one of the finest in the ries. Fruits the whole summer through, Fresh fish every day of the finest quality, can buy a large shad for 10 to 15 cents, catfish 15 cents per string of less way of taking money out of the cents, catfish 15 cents per string of National Treasury struck the President twenty, fresh herring for 15 to 20 cents cents per hundred, oysters 50 to 65 cents per bushel prime, and other fish coming all the season, I am told at Fourth and West street. perhaps, no more than the President's correspondingly low prices. Our small cels, catfish, perch and pike. I had a four lb. pike for supper a few days ago that was caught in the mill pond by one of our townsmen, it was delicious sent the head of it to G. P. Stiner at Orangeville to make him feel bad, because he can't catch any, and if any

ren deserts. This land is kind, is easily

tilled, has a good clay subsoil and re

tains whatever is put on in the shape

of manures and fertilizers. There are

farms here yet that can be bought at

reasonable rates and northern men who

come here with small means can secure

of your readers want to feel likewise hey can call on him and see it too. By the way that is not the largest size they catch here, I am told they have been caught that weighed seven to fourteen lbs. We have had warm and be removed. dry for the past two weeks but on Thursday afternoon and evening we had fine showers and yesterday and to-day it has rained nearly all the time all vegetation looks fresh and beautiful. healthful, and everything conducive to happiness and comfort. The peach crop in the immediate vicinity will be light, though in some localities there will be a fair yield, strawberries, black- of two. berries and raspberries promise a boun-tiful crop. We visited on our way down T. W. Conner and family and John and Wilson Dresher and families. T. W. Conter was formerly from Orangeville having moved near Dover last February. The Dreshers were formerly from Stillwate: Pa. and moveed near Wyoming in March 1885.

We found them all well and flourish-

ing. They have good farms beautifully

ocated and may well be proud of them,

work or later done" is clearly a violation of the ninth article of the Constitution. This belongs to a species of class legislation that has become very which went through the House after a

I have a sixty acre farm just outside the town, within one fourth mile. Pianted this spring 20 acres in peach trees, some blackberries and strawberries, will farm balance in grain and vegetables for the present. I have located in town for the purpose of practicing my profession, and although came here an entire stranger the patronage I have thus far received has

been very gratifying indeed.

Now Mr. Editor I have hastily written what came to my mind and if any of your readers think I have exaggeras other moneyed securities in the stoo impudent to go unreduced.

ands of individuals.

We have some trouble with the ninth benefit the property of the whole The members of the family are all well pleased with the new home and we hope we may never regret our coming. The Columbian is a welcome weekly

friends I am, dear sir, very Respectfully

C. W. AMMERMAN Decoration Day.

HEADQUARTERS DE-PARTMENT OF PA. GENERAL ORDERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, No. 1202 CHEST-

PHILADELPHIA, April 27, 1886.

I. The thirtieth of May falling upon Sunday, in consequence of the preceding day having been made a ioliday by legal enactment in the Department of Pennsylvania, Saturday, May 29, will be observed as Memorial

The fitting observance of the day and of the ceremonies which hallow it, intensify in interest as the graves increase and the years multiply which separate us from the scenes which made the lives of our comrades nemorable. The fairest offerings of this bright Spring, time, we will again bring to their last resting places, to estify to the nobility of love and aflection they deserve at our hands. From the outpouring of grateful hearts, we select the words most fitting to tell the story of their lives, that posterity may read in their deaths the true virtue of loyalty to flag and country. In they offered their lives that it might and freedom, we cannot render them too much homage.

Regard our every grave as a mauso individua I soldier who sleeps within, lowever humble his sphere in life, repesents the grandest principle for world began. The maintenance of that principle in all its purity is the assurance of the perpetuity of the Regift of the soldier to the citizen should e the inspiration of the citizento do honor to the soldier.

Comrades! all rally for muster to day.

Asst. Adjutant General.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of council at seven and one-half p. m., Friday evening of themselves. To them we say: "Fall to, you have an enjoyable feast before last week; all members present.

A petition was presented signed by nearly all the citizens residing on Main street, asking that the council direct has been kept back by lands being held in large tracts and not enterprise enough in the owners to the proper officers to cause Main street other suitable material. On motion petition was received, and action de

ferred for one month. Another petition was presented signed by property holders and citizens residing on Market street, asking that branch sewer be laid from the head of Market street, at First street, and connect with main sewer on Second street. Messrs. Sharpless and Clark moved that the prayer of the petitioners be granted upon the conditions that they are to furnish the money for the construction of the same, to be repaid to the petitioners by three orders of equal amounts, payable in three years, without interest, the first of which to be paid one year after the date of the issuing of said orders. The work to be done by the commissioner of high ways, under the supervision of the superintendent of sewers. Ayes 6, nays 1.

The bond of Wm. Chrisman treas urer, was presented and ordered filed; also the oaths of the president, secre world. This is surely a land of luxu- tary, treasurer, high constable, commissioner of highways, members of town council and policemen were or-

The following building permits were granted: Peter Knapp a stable on Pine alley, L. E. Whary, addition to his house on Main street, I. S. Kuhn, addition to Central Hotel, C. M. Chrisman, building a house on corner of

The Sanitary Committee reported streams and mill ponds abound with complaints in regard to the obstruction of the flow of water in the drain on Sixth and Seventh streets. On motion Messrs. Rosenstock, Clark and Zarr were appointed a committee to take the necessary steps to effect a flow of gate water through said drain. Samuel Neyhard was unanimously

elected superintendent of sewer.

Mr. Rosenstock, chairman of the committee on road from canal to river, roports that the solictitor informed him that the grounds for complaint would

G. C. Shoemaker and Emanuel Hummel were appointed assistant police. A petition was presented by the Excelsior Electric Light Company of so the ground is filled with water and New York City asking for permission to erect poles, &c., for furnishing elec-We have excellent water, a mild climate tric light. On mo ion the petition was ordered filed for further action. A petition was presented to

Pine street and Rose Alley and grade Pine street. Referred to a committee C. G. Barkley E.q., appeared and urged the council to grade Fourth street from Market street to the Fair Ground. On motion the commissione

of highways was instructed to put the street in passable condition. On motion it was ordered that the proper officers be called on to enforce the Sanday laws in reference to the sale of merchandise, cigars, &c.

On motion it was ordered that the electric Light and Steam Heating Com-T. W. C. and family drove down on a pany be notified to level off the streets which the Southern men are placed, being subject to the charge of disloy.

The exception of "Notes or bills for alty if they resist the steal."

Which the Southern men are placed, being subject to the charge of disloy. On the following morning we all went and repair the cobbling torn up by down to visit F. S. Kinport and wife them, within ten days from notice, and

The following bills were presented

TEWKSBURY'S SPACE. Delegate Election, July 26.

Convention, July 27.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE. Subject to action of Democratic Convention,) E. M. TEWKSBURY. Of Catawissa, Columbia Co., Pa.

The people's law is habitually violated, evaded and defied " "No free government can long exist where the organic law of the State

is habitually defied." The Constitution of 1874 is not communistic. It assails no right of property, ner does it give countenance to principles which would degrade or demoralize society. The Constitution cannot wholly enforce itself, nor could is provide detailed regulations for its en-

forcement; these must be provided by the Legislature." n the selection of members of the Legislature at the next general election, select only such as are pledged to the long-neglected work of Constitutional enforcement."-From address of Consti tutional Committee, 1886.

Democrats of Columbia County: The above are my sentiments and if nominated and elected, pledge myself to la bor in all honorable ways to carry it into effect. Truly Yours, E. M. TEWKSBURY.

LOVERS FOUR AND MAIDENS FIVE: A STORY OF THE ALLEGHENY MOUNT-AINS," by JULIUS CHAMBERS. Price 25 cents. Philadelphia: Porter & Contes.

This love story of Cresson Springs reawakens all the old fascination that a visitor to that beautiful mountain resorth as experienced. The weird and roa land for which, as citizen soldiers, mantic localities are described in a gay and vivid manner; many of the lost forever exist as the home of liberty tales of the Alieghenies have been rescued from oblivion and upon the pretty thread of a love tale a valuable ollection of historical and topographic leum before which tuture generations al information has been grouped. A will stand with uncovered heads. The really novel idea is the foundation of really novel idea is the foundation of the story. Four young men go to Cresson to pass a summer month and they find four charming girls. At first void which battles were fought since the there is harmony; but a fifth girl, entirely outside the group, resents a slight that has been put upon her and succeeds in disorganizing the party to such an No. As The Union, which was the extent that only one couple marrying as they originally hoped. Some admirable pictures of clever young women are drawn, and several keen hits are made regarding the society young woman, who manages her parents. It is in every way a clever and readable volume. One can enjoy it at a sitting.

The fifteen original pictures by J. B. Sword, N. A., and F. C. Schell give it additional value. Many crisp epigrams are scattered through the pages that 270 would well repay quoting, but it would be unfair to our readers to deprive them of the pleasure they will derive in picking out the bright sayings for

A Great Victory A Terrible Case of Scrofula

Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla

"In the winter of 1879 I was attacked with Scrofula in one of the most aggravating forms. At one time I had no less than thirteen large continually exuding an offensive mass of bloody matter disgusting to behold, and almost intolerable to endure. It is impossible to fully describe my sufferings, as the case was complicated with Chronic Catarrh. After three years of misery, having been treated by three physicians, I was worse than ever. Finally, on the recommendation of W. J. Huntley, druggist, of Lockport, I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. And now, after having taken twelve bottles, within the last having taken twelve bottles, within the last twelve months, the serofulous eruptions have entirely ceased, and the abscesses have all disappeared, except the unsightly scars, which are daily becoming 'smaller by degrees, and beautifully less.' I do not know what it may have done for others, but I do know that in my case, Hoed's Sarsaparilla has proved an effective specific indeed. As an evidence of my gratitude I send these facts unsolicited, and I am ready to verify the authenticity of this cure, by personal correspondence with any one who doubts it." CHAILLES A. ROBERTS, East Wilson, N. Y.

This statement is confirmed by W. J. Hunt-

This statement is confirmed by W. J. Hunt-ley, druggist, of Lockport, N. Y., who calls the cure a great victory for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Send for book giving statements of many cures. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

CANDIDATES.

FOR HEPRESENTATIVE, F. L. SHUMAN, Of Catawissa.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

JAMES T. FOX, Of Beaver Township. Subject to decision of Democratic party. Delegate election will be held July 26, Convention July 27.

Of Bloomsburg. UDITOR'S NOTICE.

FOR REPKESENTATIVE.

A. L. FRITZ,

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Graphans' Court of Columbia county, to ascertain the liens against said estate and make distribution among creditors will sit at his office in Bioomsburg, on Friday, January 11, 1886, at 10 a. m. when and where all parties having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or to forever debarred from coming in on said rund.

B. F. ZARR,

EUREKA FOLDING CANOPY TOP.



Letby, Ephratm
Harvey
Meilen, Thomas
Millard, O. B.
McGuire, Terrance
Morris, Anna B.
Monroe, John

Young, John Breish, Robert, Walker, Lewis Mourey, John

Reichart Charles.... Hobbins Ell Hutchison Thos J...

Frick Geo A..

Kitchen, James W.

GREEN FOOD.
Albertson Miles and Bartley.

Shoup Abraham Reaver Geo & J. L. Kitni Little Robert Morris & Rughes

Skate Henry SUGARLOAP.

Bellas Wm. Buckafew James Est... Cole Ezekiel. Cole Thomas B.....

John J....

SEATED LANDS IN COLUMBIA

COUNTY, PA.

Buckalew Evan

NO. ACRES. WARRANTER OR OWNER.

Waiter, Norman..... Purseil, Elisha. CATAWISSA.

CENTRALIA BOR.

Langdon, Mrs. Thomas dec'd. CONYNGHAM.

GHEENWOOD,

erlain, Lewis.

MADISON.

MAIN.

Trombower, A. C.... Eves, Charles W.... Eves, Charles House and Krom... House and Krom... Hill, Jesse, Cox, Win. R...

21 acres Bittenbender, Conrad.

4 acres Kiefer, Jacob estate.... 10 " Price, Johas....

8 acres Keller, John W.... lot Buss, Anna

| 1 iot | Losee, J. A. agent.... | 1 '' | Maston, Wm....... | 4 lots | Barnes, Chas. R.... | 1 it | McAfee, John......

5 lots Maston, Mrs. Wm... 2 seres Alleman

TUREASURER'S SALE

Letters of Mary Walters, late of Madison trp, deed Letters of administration in said estate having been granted to the undersigned administrator, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby no-tined to pay the same, and those having claims ogainst said estate present the same to apr 23 Rev. H. C. MUNRO, Administrator, Muncy, Pa.

The firm of Yinger & Albertson, of Briarcreek, columbia county, Pa., having been dissolved, the business heretofore conducted by them will be conducted by the undersigned. Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by J. M. Albertson bereafter in the firm hame. All debts due the firm will be collected by me, and all claims against the firm paid in the contracted.

TREASURER'S SALE

OF UNSEATED LANDS IN COLUMBIA COUNTY, PENNA.

MONDAY OF JUNE A. D. 1886,

at 10 o'clock a. m. the following described pieces of land or such part thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due and unpaid against the same, and continue the same from day to day as the same may be found necessary. TEI(MS OF SALE. The amount of taxes and costs must be paid

kiline, A.
kochier, G. I.....
Lewis, Frank
Lawrence, W. K.
Mann and Milor.
Moore, Win.
Melteynolds, H. W.
Miniek, Courad
Peter
Benj
Maston, Win.
Nungesser, Geo.

Ruthford, Samuel & Co. Rechford, Samuel

Aumain, P.
Scott, Feter
Vastine, R. K.
Valkenard, C. J.
ros West B Coal'Co.

Workelser, Samuel
Wood, Augustus
acres Wareler, Wan
Jobs Prout, Margaret
Joss Prout, Margaret
B acres Miller, Adam.

HEN

HEN

BENTON to acres Albertson, Clarence

of 200 "
of 150 "
of 100 "
of 250 "
acres Evans, Francis

Fowler, Gilbert

es Freas, Wm. B... Houck, Samuei Reecer, Abraham Künger, Lizzie Stokes, Olden

Biddle Heirs. Clewell, Joseph estate Krum, Elias Perry, Wm. Hower, Moses

CENTRALIA. Hagerty, James. Heffron, Patup

Gerighty, Thomas Steel, Geo. W. McCafferty, Pat.

oughlin, Bridget ewiseney, Margaret kneff, John

Pursell, John
Quigley, Mrs, Margaret
Gerighty, Thomas
Barrett Mary
Barrett Mary
Bernan, John
Hullean, Richard
Hullean, Richard
Kelley, Win,
Kerns, Patrick
Hunley, John G.
Huney, Gon

CENTRE

& of 200 Apple, Paul

the	land is	struck off	or the sale i	nny be	35		Michael, John
					25	1000	Wastellas Tay
SE	ATED	LAND	OF COL	IIM.	58		Masteller, Jos
					23	B 10,700	Mensinger, Wm
	BIA C	OUNTY	1886.		100		Nuncester, W. J. Parks, James, H. & A. P Sutliff, Joel Schweppenheiser I. K
					排充	- 11	Parks, James, H. & A. F
		BEAVER.			85		Sutliff, Joel
CRE	W 495.000	BANTER OR	Construction of the Constr	TAXES.	123	34	Schweppenheiser I. K
CHE	Contract of the Contract of th	Annual Contract of	417.17.00-800499		. 30	44	Schweppenheiser, Horace Schweppenheiser, E. P
**	Baker, Jac	cob dec'd	week would		30.	148	Schweppenheiser, E. P
ot	Beaver, C	harles		1.74	4	(14)	Swank, S. H
	Beaver, Je	55.0		5 91	15	744	Williams, Samuel
cres	Brookway	C. R		4 10	67	44	Yohe, John H
**	14	44		10 99	197	44.	Yohe, Jacob estate
**	44	and Abbot	t	1.98	0.277		
**	44	Second Transfer		11 78	100000		MONTOUR.
	100	44		5 21	91		Creasy, Jacob
	- 10	44		3 06	18	144	Giger. Ba-bara
its.	Descriptions	CO. Dec.	*********	5 20	40	44	Neal, Wm
no.	Drock way	A. A. Albert	**********		12%	10	Ramsey estate
	But and	unger.,,,		5 20			MT. PLEASANT.
	Bogart, M.	ary	*******	1 64	10.000		
	Boyer, T.	distante program	Co	4 42	57	acres	Crouse, Hiram & Andrew jr
icres	Columbia	Conl & Iron	1 CO	94 50	10	44	Jacoby & Rupert
8	Chark, And	irew		11 34	10	44	Jacoby, Samuel
	Cox, C, S.	Ex. Tench	Cox	3 30	10	**	Shaffer, Mathias
e :	endancement	49	***********	N 78	A.07		ORANGE
16	44		*******	16 11	261	name.	Everitt, Gabriel estate
1)	**	300		15.41		100	Hagenbuch, Jeremiah
#	44.	141	****	24 76	417	44	Hess, Jeremiah
9	Charles S	lmnn	*********	1 88			ness, sereman
	Canon M	mout	**********	1 75	16,	W	Ilidiay Levi
	Property for		************	16 85	1000	lot	Coleman Geo S
CLOS	Triby Link Links	444			39	acres	Patterson M B
	D. VIS. ABI	nony		7.77	2	100	Sittler Michael
	DOWNS, M.	artin	Palitable Park	13 50	11	61	Kline Jacob dec'd
	Dallus, Jos	Mild	***********	6 07	125		PINE.
	Downs, Jo	hn		2.18	201	1980	PINE. Frick Geo A
**	Fisher, Sa	rah	***********	86	100	44	Miller & Cole
it ii.	Finnigan.	American		5 09	1200	. 11	Dreiblebts John
	Fry. W S.	ASSES MAINTAIN		5 91	1200	44	Weatherel Clark
	Gearbart.	Wm		5 21	100	44	Roberts & Cole.
	Hoftman	F 6		8 64	200	46	Roberts & Cole
	Parties and	Markete		25 20			Robbins T D
	Charmor on	d Tours		2 71	25		Greenley James
· ·	Hannit In	the state of the s	***********	4 14			ROARINGCREEK.
cres	HAUCK, JO	memm	************	5.88			Bretsch Jacob,
	Hoats, Joi	III sycapaci		11 118	12	44	
	Hoats, Ch	uries & Joh	n	5.07	60	++	Barnes Thos Jr
	44	**		5.96	375	9.6	Confair & Rice
**	Hinderlite	r, Sarah A		18 58	250	64	Cox C 8 Ex of Teach Cox
itis	Hunt, Ell	****		5 91	14	44	THE RESERVE ASSESSMENT
	Henny, Ge	()		8.46	000		

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MT. PLEASANT. ORANGE. Evans, Geo... Kline and Fatterson Mendenhall, Ellas ... do do ... Weish, Abner...... Hunyan, Ezra estate Parker, John H..... SCOTT SUGARLOAF. PETER A. EVANS. Treasurer, Treasurer, March Stilt, 1886 April 2, 1886-2m. Alexander Bros. & Co., FOR FESTIVALS SUPPLIED WITH CIGARS, TOBACCO. LOWEST Market Prices ORANGES, LEMONS, BANANAS, PEANUTS, ENGLISH WALNUTS, CREAM NUTS ALMONDS. POP CORN BALLS.

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