THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1884.

Dr. Diller Luther has resigned his position as secretary and general agent of the Board of Public Charities.

Ex-Attorney General George Lear died at Doylestown last Friday. He was one of the leaders of the independent republican movement in 1882.

After all the talk about the nomination of Tilden, it may be assumed that he will not decline if the mantle should fall on him. The present indications are that Tilden and Hendricks will be named.

At the beginning of the present session of Congress a number of bills were introduced providing for the abolition of the internal revenue tax, and the redemption of trade dollars. What has become of them?

John M. Greer, the Butler county *ultimatum* senator, has been nominated for president judge of the courts of that county over the present incumbent, Judge McJunkin. An associated press dispatch says that Greer's nomination is due to the support he received from the liquor element. Let every body shout for the grand old party of great moral ideas!

When the Republican party stoops to methods that soil the ermine of the judiciary, they should be careful in making charges against their opponents about the use of liquor in elections.

The great reputation made by U. S. Grant as a soldier was not benefited by his administration as President of the United States, and if the statement of Mr. Fish of the broken Marine Bank, to the effect that he has letters from General Grant bearing upon the contracts which Ward said the firm of Grant & Ward had with the government, and which influenced him (Fish) in his transactions with the firm, be true, then General Grant should take the floor at once and make an explanation. If he wrote such letters as Fish says he did, he can no longer screen himself behind the plea of ignorance of Ward's transactions. The country is waiting anxiously for the ex-president to clear himself of all suspicion of fraud.

The *Republican* of last week says, "The average Democratic local leader requires something to whiskey up the boys." There may be too much truth in this, but the *Republican* should not attempt to make it appear that all political corruption is confined to the Democratic party. Whatever may be the methods of politicians in this county, they cannot begin to compare with the leaders in Republican counties. Unfortunately, too much whiskey is used by the majority party in every county in the state, and for the dishonest practices all over the nation, the Republican party is responsible. They have countenanced the stealing of the vote of a whole state, they have made it heroic to steal from the Government, and they have secured the acquittal of rogues in high places in their own ranks, because of the service rendered the party. Let those that are without blame first cast a stone.

In the year 1876 Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks were elected President and Vice President of the United States, standing on the following tariff platform:

"We denounce the present tariff, levied upon nearly four thousand articles, as a masterpiece of injustice, inequality and false pretense. It yields a dwindling not a yearly rising revenue. It has impoverished many industries to subsidize a few. It prohibits imports that might purchase the products of American labor. It has degraded American commerce from the first to an inferior rank of the high seas. It has cut down the sales of American manufacturers at home and abroad and depleted the returns of American agriculture—an industry followed by half of our people. It cost the people five times more than it produces to the treasury, obstructs the processes of production and wastes the fruits of labor. It promotes fraud, fosters smuggling, enriches dishonest officials, and bankrupts honest merchants. We demand that all custom house taxation shall be only for revenue."

Such was the tariff plank upon which were chosen the only Democratic President and Vice President that have been elected since 1856—twenty-eight years ago. The people rallied to it then and succeeded, although their elected officials were cheated out of their rightful positions by the infamous conduct of the Republican leaders. What the tariff did then, it is still doing, robbing the people of their hard-earned money. Will they rally to the same tariff plank now?—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

Congressman Storm made a good speech in Congress in opposition to the Morrison bill. He thus briefly illustrated the defects of the bill:

"If this bill should become a law our tariff system would become one of the most complicated specimens of legislation which the ingenuity of man ever contrived. Take one of the simplest items for calculation affected by this—pig iron. This bill provides in the first place for a 20 per cent. reduction of present duties. We then refer to the present law and find it to be on pig iron three-tenths of 1 per cent. a pound; three-tenths of 1 per cent. on 2,240 pounds gives the duty of $6.72. Reduce this 20 per cent. which is $1.344, and it leaves $5.376. But this brings us below the grade line of the "Morill tariff," which is $6 per ton. So we must throw away the $0.624 excess and reduce only $0.72. Here it is made necessary to refer to three distinct acts to find a single duty on a simple item. Is this the feast that revenue reform invites us to partake of?

All laws relating to our revenue ought to be as simple as it is possible for human skill and science to make them. As little as possible should be left, in their administration, for experts and revenue officers to guess at, whereby importers are robbed and the Treasury plundered. Departmental construction in many cases has defeated the intention of Congress, and has opened a wide door to frauds, litigation and confusion."

In closing Mr. Storm said:

"Mr. Chairman, if the bill before us is amended so as to conform to the views indicated in these remarks, and a repeal of all internal taxes except those on spirits distilled from grain be included, I will vote for the bill; if not, I shall oppose it; and in doing so I can not be considered as opposed to a just revision and reduction of customs duties, nor as indorsing the errors, wrongs, and inequalities of our existing tariff laws."

The Supreme Court has recently decided in McDermott's appeal, from Luzerne county, that the deposit of money arising from a husband's business, by the wife, in a bank in her own name, even though it be with the husband's consent, is not presumptively a gift of the money to her. The wife's possession of such money in bank is the husband's possession, and is not of itself sufficient evidence of her ownership. The fact that the account is kept in her name is no evidence of her ownership.

The Republican Party ought to Go.

A great many republicans who are preparing to go to Chicago this week to labor in behalf of certain candidates will tell inquiring delegates from the northwest and Pacific slope that there is no trouble about New York: any good republican can carry it, and with the particular republican they are electioneering for there will be no sort of trouble. Most of these gentlemen are ordinarily intelligent and clear-sighted, and not without political experience. We can account for their amazing blindness to the true situation in the state of New York only on the theory that they believe it would be a good thing for the republican party to go out of commission for four years. Worse things might happen. The timbers of the old ship are as sound as ever, but it has been evident for a good many years that she ought to go into the dry dock and get rid of her barnacles.—*New York Times (rep.)*

The Record of a Broken Oath.

In the office of the secretary of the United States senate there is carefully preserved this record of a solemn oath:

"I, George F. Edmunds, do solemnly swear that I will impartially examine and consider all questions submitted to the commission of which I am a member, and a true judgment give thereon, agreeably to the constitution and the laws, so help me God!"

The commission was the electoral commission of 1877. The form of the oath, there is reason to believe, was devised by George F. Edmunds himself. It is absolutely certain that he subscribed to it.

Among the questions submitted to the commission of which George F. Edmunds was a member were two of supreme importance: Was the vote of Florida cast for Tilden or for Hayes? Was the vote of Louisiana cast for Tilden or for Hayes?

Instead of impartially examining and considering these questions, the commission refused to examine or consider them at all. Eight members steadily voted to violate the oath which they had just taken. George F. Edmunds was one of the eight. His vote shut the door in the face of justice and right.

When George F. Edmunds swore in the name of God, did he swear to the truth or to a lie?—*New York Sun.*

Butler in the Field.

THE LOWELL STATESMAN WILLING TO BECOME PRESIDENT.

General Benjamin F. Butler, who was nominated by the national anti-monopoly organization for president of the United States at their late New York state convention, has accepted the nomination and sent the following letter of acceptance:

LOWELL, Mass., May 21, 1884.

Gentlemen.—I have the honor to receive your courteous note giving me the action of the convention held on the 14th inst., of representatives of the anti-monopoly political thought of its members and the public sentiment which was there represented. The honor of the designation by such a body as candidate for the presidency of the republic cannot be too highly appreciated. Concurring in each measure of public policy set forth in the resolutions of the constitution, I need only add that if the votes of the electors shall entrust me with the executive powers of that high office each of them shall be fully, justly and energetically used to make every measure of relief to the people and reform in the government pointed out by your platform of principles, realities of administration.

Accept for yourselves personally my most grateful consideration.

BENJ. F. BUTLER.

Making Sheridan Pay.

A PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY CONDUCTOR OBEYS ORDERS.

"Nothing happened until the conductor came around. Here's where the joke comes in. Shortly after entering, the ticket puncher reached the quarter of the two travelers, and politely accosted them with: 'Tickets, please.' The little, bullet-headed, red-faced gentleman, who seemed to be master of ceremonies, produced his wallet, and handed the conductor an envelope. The conductor said:

"'No passes are taken on this train.'

"'The passes are regular. They are signed by the president,' replied the little fellow, growing redder in the face.

"'I have my orders and I am compelled to obey them,' calmly replied the conductor.

"'Perhaps you don't know who I am. I'm General P. H. Sheridan!'

"'Well, General Sheridan, I must obey orders. You and your friend must pay your fare before you reach Rochester, or I will be compelled to stop the train and put you off there.'

"By this time the passengers within ear-shot of the trio had become interested and the word passed until all knew that the bearers of the pass were none other than General Sheridan and secretary of war Lincoln. The conductor passed on through the car, and the distinguished dead-heads probably thought everything was settled. But for once in his life little Phil met a man as stubborn as he is. In a short time the train slacked, and before it came to a dead stop the conductor reentered the car, walked up to General Sheridan, gently tapped him on the shourder, and said:

"'Well, General, we are at Rochester!'

"Sheridan was taken back and Lincoln looked annoyed. The General tried to argue the case with the conductor, but the official cut him short with the curt statement:

"'We have no time for argument, General, this train is compelled to be on time. Please pay your fare or leave the car.'

"By this time Sheridan's face was crimson. He muttered something, but finally produced his wallet and paid the fares. After settling he asked the conductor for his name. The ticket-puncher complied with the request, and watched the angered warrior make the memorandum.

"'I'll report this matter to the President, sir.'

"'Very well, General,' replied the train pilot, as he gave the signal to go ahead and resumed the duties of his office.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

Presidential Timber.

A BATCH OF WHICH ONE IS LIKELY TO BE PRESIDENT.

John A. Logan is 59, wears long, straight black hair and a fierce moustache. He drinks most everything, but has an abhorrence of Porter.

Chester A. Arthur is 53, wears nobby clothes, impresses the ladies and is one of the handsomest of men.

Abraham S. Hewitt is 62, fine looking, with full beard tinged with gray. He is impulsive but honest as the day is long, and will fight to reach the right.

Henry B. Payne is 74, but still active in business. He wears specs and his check for $4,000,000 would be good.

Benjamin F. Butler is 66, and has a bad eye, which gives him the look of one ready to fight. He don't want to be President unless he can be nominated and elected.

James G. Blaine is 60, but looks younger. His hair is white, but his eye is brighter than his record and his step firmer than his hold on scrupulous men.

Samuel J. Tilden is a bachelor of 70. He is not so strong as he used to be, physically, but his mind is not at all enfeebled and what he writes and what he says, carries with it the weight of wisdom and unsullied rectitude.

George F. Edmunds is 56 and has a giant frame. He appears as cold as a clam, but he likes cold tea—of the Senatorial sort.

Ulysses S. Grant has recovered from his recent lameness, physically speaking, and has gone lame financially. He is stouter in body but not in pocket book. He is graver than he was and some people think, should know more about margins than he did.

Walter Q. Gresham is tall and strong, has dark hair and whiskers, and is about 50.

Benjamin Harrison is 50, short, with large head and full, rather long, whiskers. He is the first choice of the Hoosier Republicans.

John Sherman is not quite 61. He deals in the bloody shirt, has a large fortune, is related to the Camerons and Chris Magee is his friend.

Congressman Samuel J. Randall is 56. He recently wrote to a Philadelphia firm that had asked his support in a certain measure: "I think heretofore I have supported the proposition which you write about, but my rule is never to commit myself on any legislative subject in advance, and I don't want to do so in this case."

Joseph R. Hawley is nearing 58, is a Nutmeg State favorite and a promising dark horse. His hair curls. He has a little bang, a heavy moustache and a short white chin beard. He dresses plainly, and as an editor writes vigorously.

Robert Todd Lincoln is the son of his father, parts his whiskers in the middle, is 5 feet 8 inches high, voted with the 306, and is either a stalwart or a half breed, according as the Chicago Convention shall decide. He doesn't show up well in the proceedings of the Swaim court martial.

Grover Cleveland is 47, stout and big headed, wears a moustache and has the pluck to say what he thinks and acts from his convictions every time. As was remarked the other day: "Cleveland, if Tilden won't," is getting to be a popular cry all over the country.

Thomas Francis Bayard is 55, pleasant and pleasant looking, a gentleman and a statesman. He is one of the biggest men, from one of the smallest states, in the country.

John Griffin Carlisle is not yet 49, tall and straight, and wears no hair on his face. He has no personal vices, but is no saint. He never meddles with small matters and is never out of his depth with great ones. He would make a good President now or twenty years from now.

William R. Morrison is 59. He is stout, is not an orator, but is a powerful and unyielding debater. He was elected to Congress as a revenue reform Democrat through carrying his principles into the workshops of his district and there won the votes of the workingmen.

The Good Templars.

The grand lodge of Good Templars representing 350,000 members in all parts of the world, convened at Washington on the 27th inst., in its 30th annual session. About 400 delegates and ex-delegates were present. Right Worthy Grand Templar Geo. B. Katzenstein, the presiding officer, read his annual report reviewing the history and growth of the order, and declaring that unless one or both of the great political parties take a stand in favor of temperance the tempernce people of the country will support the presidential candidate to be nominated at the convention which will be held in Pittsburg July 23.

ITEMS.

A vein of iron ore was discovered while digging a cellar in Easton.

For the week ending May 24th, 1884, 13,000 emigrants had landed at Castle Garden, New York.

The Penn Bank of Pittsburg has closed its doors. It is said that the assets are sufficient to cover all liabilities.

Lightning struck in the oil tanks of the Atlantic Refining Company at Point Breeze, on last Friday night. The oil immediately took fire, causing a loss to the company of about $500,000.

Judge Holman of Indiana, was renominated by his Congressional district last week. There were five other candidates, but Mr. Holman's record of over twenty years made him the unanimous choice.

The last Republican Congress unseated a number of Democrats who were elected. Since the Democrats have unseated Peele of Indiana, there can be but little chance for complaint. It is only returning the compliment of the Republican Congress.

Wheatland, the residence for many years of James Buchanan, one mile west of Lancaster, was purchased on Saturday last, by George B. Wilson, of Harrisburg. The family of Mr. Wilson will occupy the mansion house and the farm of twenty-three acres connected with the property will be cultivated. The price paid is said to have been $20,000.

Michael Toveny of Watsontown, aged fourteen years, was sentenced on Saturday last by Judge Rockafeller of Sunbury, to four years' imprisonment for attempting to wreck trains on the Pennsylvania & Erie Railroad. He placed several ties on the track and the obstruction was discovered by a trackman just as a train approached.

Columbia county Sunday School Convention.

The fifteenth annual convention of this society was held in the M. E. Church at Mifflin, Tuesday and Wednesday, May 27th and 28th. There was present eighty delegates, representing forty schools from the various townships in the county.

The session was called to order by its president, Rev. A. Houtz.

Rev. J. Horning the pastor of the M. E. Church of Mifflin gave a few impressive welcome words, which were responded to by the president. The secretary in making his report gave the following statistical information:

Number of Sunday schools in the county, 118; number of schools kept open all the year 76; number of adult scholars, 2625; intermediate scholars, 3430; primary, 3510; total, 11565. Number of teachers and officers 1845; total membership, teachers, officers and scholars, 13,410; number of schools holding devotional meetings, 5; schools holding meetings for lesson study, 15; weekly services, 25; monthly, 10; quarterly, 40; annually, 17; schools having concerts, 10; schools using blackboard and charts, 20; schools using international series of lessons, 103; number of teachers and scholars received into church from the Sunday school during the past year, 300.

Rev. U. Myers of Catawissa gave a very fine address on the topic, "The S. S. as a sphere of labor and education for church members." The general idea he advanced was that all newly converted members of the church should enter a Sunday school class taught by some competent person who regularly prepares the lesson before trying to teach his class.

Rev. G. B. Dechant of Catawissa, on the subject of Sunday school worship—said all scholars should be taught to worship from infancy. That the repeating of the apostles' creed should be engaged in by the entire school in a reverential manner.

Rev. Horning of Mifflin was called upon to respond to the topic, "Relation of Sunday school to the church," and gave as the one great difficulty in securing the attendance of Sunday school scholars at church, was first the neglect of the parents at their homes, who were not strict enough; and second, the fault of the teacher in not urging the class to attend worship in the sanctuary.

The subject of "S. S. Treasury and the congregation," was opened by B. F. Zarr, who took the position that the church should defray all the expenses of the Sunschool, collections should be for benevolence only. He was met with considerable opposition, and the subject was well discussed, showing followers on both sides of the question.

The subject of temperance in the Sunday school was introduced by Aaron Smith who was followed by several speakers who thought temperance ought not to be restricted to the use of intoxicating drink alone, but to the use of tobacco as well.

Rev. D. M. Henkel D. D. of Catawissa, on the theme "Prayer and excercise of Faith by Teachers," said reading the Bible is God speaking to us, prayer is we speaking to God. God will grant those things unto us through prayer that he would not grant did we not ask for them.

On the subject of teachers meetings Mr. A. W. Spear said it was an excellent place to awaken new suggestions from individuals that could not be brought out otherwise. The different qustions asked and answered would call forth new ideas. At such meetings questions should be freely asked. Some even thought a question box a good plan to adopt at such meetings.

In considering the question of "Lesson Helps and how to use them." The most prominent suggestion was that we should not confine ourselves entirely to the lesson arranged for each Sabbath, but should vary the questions, and each sabbath give a short review of the preceding sabbath's lesson.

The committee on choice of place for convention next year, reported that of Espy, May 26th and 27th.

While discussing the subject of festivals the following resolutions was made. "That in the sense of this convention the holding of festivals for the raising of money for the Sunday school tends to evil." Upon a standing vote being called it resulted, 46 yeas to 6 nays.

Rev. J. Horning, F. P. Manhart, G. B. Dechant, C. K. Canfield and A. W. Spear were elected to assist the District Vice Presidents in organizing institutes in each township in the county.

The treasurer gave his report showing a balance of $20.05. The collections of the delegates and otherwise were $49.73, making a total in the hands of treasurer of $69.78.

The committee on resolutions being called to report, gave the following which were unanimously adopted.

1. That we have heard with pleasure from some of our Vice Presidents that successful institutes have been held under their auspices, and that the number of schools that are open during the year have been largely increased; and that we trust that this important work will be continued until every township is organized and every school open during the whole year.

2. That the report of the secretary showing a membership of 13310 in the Sunday school, or about 40 per cent. of the population of the county, is most gratifying, and that the thanks of the convention are due our secretary for his diligence and success in collecting the statistics.

3. That it is the aim of the Sunday school to promote the knowledge of Biblical truth, and to engage in acts of divine worship, and that it is no part of its aim to impart instruction in secular studies, neither is it intended to take the place of home training on religious topics.

4. That no church member, young or old, can afford to neglect Sunday school work either on account of the benefit to himself or others.

5. The church is a divine institution, and attendance at its service is of first importance to both old and young; therefore the securing of attendance of the Sunday school at the service of the sanctuary demands the hearty co-operation of pastor, superintendent and teacher.

6. That Sunday schools be taught and encouraged to abound in the grace of liberality.

7. That temperance be taught in the Sunday school whenever and however possible.

8. That preparations, best secured by teachers' meetings, constant prayer and the exercise of faith are essential to the success of Sunday school work.

9. That it is a duty as well as a privilege of every Sunday school in the county to send delegates to the annual convention.

The Convention then, by a standing vote, adopted the following: *Resolved*, That the thanks of this convention are due to the people of Mifflinville for their unbounded hospitality, and for the interest they have shown in the meetings.

Philadelphia and Reading's Earnings.

The statement of business of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company for April shows the gross earnings to have been $4,093,752; expenses, $2,082,801; net earnings, $1,410,951; an increase of more than $800,000 over the net earnings of March, and nearly $600,000 more than for April, 1883; net earnings for the year to date, $4,008,586, against $3,658,672 for the corresponding period of last year. The statement for April includes the operations of the Jersey Central, as follows: Gross receipts, $971,886; working expenses, $505,260; net earnings, $466,626; rental, $514,643; loss for the month, $48,026, against a deficit of $282,311 for March, $180,681 for February and $292,074 for January.

Centre.

Our Supervisor Mr. F. Hagenbuch commenced working the roads Monday last with a large crowd of laborers. Fred. has no trouble to get men to work, all he needs is to set the time and place of working.

Mr. Levi Aikman has his tenant house about completed.

Mr. Elisha Hagenbuch lost a valuable horse last week and Mr. A. C. Creasy a cow.

Mr. Emanuel Sitler has taken pride enough in his poultry to build them a fancy house.

The Hidlay U. S. S. elected Misses Lizzie Conner and Mary Aikman delegates to attend the S. S. Association to be held at Mifflinville.

Mr. J. D. Creasy killed a black snake last week which measured five feet one inch and a fourth.

Messrs. Jno. Delong and Simon Sitler are busy clearing the forest.

Mr. J. S. Hagenbuch while at work last week caught and killed a large groundhog. J. S. said it made an excellent roast, of course we take his word for it.

Among the visitors present at the Hidlay S. S. last Sunday, were Mr. H. V. White and wife, and Mr. Chas. and Miss Minnie White.

CANDIDATES.

All persons whose names are announced as candidates, in this column, are expected to abide by the action of the Democratic county convention, to be held on Tuesday, August 12th 1884.

The price for announcing names in this column is $3.00 for any office, and must be paid positively in advance.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WM. G. GIRTON,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
G. A. HERRING,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WILLIAM BRYSON,
OF CENTRALIA.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. B. CROOP,
OF BRIARCREEK.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
A. L. FRITZ,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
DR. L. J. ADAMS,
OF BRIARCREEK.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
U. H. ENT,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
P. A. EVANS,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
DAVID LONG,
OF ROARINGCREEK.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
G. W. STERNER,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR PROTHINOTARY.
W. H. SNYDER,
OF ORANGE.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
C. H. CAMPBELL,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
W. S. FISHER,
OF MAIN.

I will not make a personal canvass of the county to solicit votes, but, if elected, I pledge myself to conduct the office in the best interests of the people.

FOR REGISTER & RECORDER.
M. F. EYERLY,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
OF CATAWISSA.

I will not travel the county to solicit votes, but will cheerfully visit all publicly, to discuss the issues before the people, if desired.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weakness and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Juandice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility.

A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by all medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eleven languages. Price, $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, Buffa'o, N.Y.

H. G. Eshleman,
Plumber and gas fitter. Rear of Schuyler's hardware store.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

All kinds of fittings for steam, gas and water pipes constantly on hand.
Roofing and spouting attended to at short notice.
Tinware of every description made to order.
Orders left at Schuyler & Co's., hardware store will be promptly filled.
Special attention given to heating by steam and hot water.
May 9-1y

A positive Cure for Dandruff, Falling Hair, and all Scalp Diseases
CAPILLARIS
Will give you a luxuriant Head of Hair.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS & PERFUMERS.
T. HILL RAKEFIELD Prop., Portland, Maine.
May 30-4wd

TOWN BONDS FOR SALE.
The Town of Bloomsburg offers $5000 of 4½ per cent bonds for sale. Interest payable semi annually. Any further information can be obtained at the Secretary's office.
A. L. FRITZ, Sec'y, Town Council.

STAFFORD'S EXTRA BLACKING
Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER.
IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.
S. S. STAFFORD, New York.
Rus 16 4w d

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL
The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.
furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.
ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS
furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman
CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER
I could hardly speak it was almost impossible to breathe through my nostrils. Using Ely's Cream Balm a short time I was entirely relieved. My head has not been so clear nor voice so strong in years. I recommend this admirable remedy to all afflicted with catarrh or colds in the head. J. O. Tichenor, Merchant Elizabeth, N. J.
I was afflicted with catarrh and cold in the head. I used Ely's Cream Balm which cured me.—W. H. Hilliard, Dentist, Bordentown, N. J.
Ely's Cream Balm causes no pain. Gives relief at once. Cleanses the head. Causes healthy secretions. Abates inflammation. Prevents fresh colds. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. A thorough treatment will cure. Not a liquid or snuff. Applied with the finger. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. Mailed for 50c. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.
May 23-4w d

The Science of Life, Only $1
BY MAIL POST-PAID

KNOW THYSELF.
A Great Medical Work on Manhood.
Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man. Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail post-paid. Illustrative sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.
The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all.—*London Lancet.*
There is no member of society to whom The Science of Life will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*
Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases and that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully HEAL THYSELF without an instance of failure. Mention this paper.
May 30-4wd

BRIDGE LETTING
Will be let at Commissioners' office on Monday the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1884, at two o'clock P. M. A new bridge to be erected over Huntingdon creek near Elizabeth Paden in Fishingcreek township; to be a wooden brace covered bridge 60 feet long between abutments, 16 feet wide from out to out; abutments to be built by contractor so as to admit of skewback three feet from top of wall plate, and 8 feet high above low water mark to top of wall plate, wing walls and filling to be done by contractor. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the County Commissioner's Bloomsburg, Pa.
CHARLES RICHART, B. F. EDGAR, JOSHUA FETTERMAN. } Commissioners.
Attest: JOHN B. CASEY, Clerk.
Commissioners office Bloomsburg, May 19, 1884.
May 23

A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. Dec 21-1y

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of a writ of alias fieri facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

Saturday, June 7th, 1884.

at 2 o'clock p. m.
All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Montour township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: beginning at a black oak and running thence by land of Lloyd Paxton, (late Joseph Paxton), north sixty degrees east sixty-four perches to a stone, thence north nineteen degrees west twenty-six perches to a red oak, thence north fifty-four degrees east forty-six perches and seven-tenths to Big Fishingcreek, thence up the same north thirty-five degrees west thirty-one perches to a stone, thence by lands of Maria Evans (late Peter Appleman), south sixty-four degrees west one hundred and twenty perches to a pine stump, and thence by land of John Mensch (late John Richards), south thirty-six degrees east fifty perches to the place of beginning, containing thirty-two acres and one hundred and four perches strict measure, be the same more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and out buildings.
Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of Jane B. Scott vs. G. M. Quick and to be sold as the property of G. M. Quick.
JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.
Vanderslice atty
May 16 ts.

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May 2-3mos

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