THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1883.

Niles' majority for Auditor General is 16,732, and Livsey's majority for State Treasurer is 19,705

Stay-at-Homes.

From the Harrisburg Patriot, Dem.

It seems to have been a question between the two parties which could leave the greater number of voters at home on election day and at the same time elect its ticket. The Republicans did their level best in refusing to vote, but the Democrats were resolved to beat them at that game, and they succeeded so well that they left the Republican ticket in a majority. When it comes to a match of malingering on election day it is always safe to bet on the Democrats, especially those resident in the city of Philadelphia. They are particularly certain to win the match if their party is in a hand-to-hand conflict with its antagonist and when their presence at the polls is needed the most.

The New York *World* prints a pyramidal forecast of the vote of the several states for president next year. It looks rather gloomy for the republicans. The *Tribune* could not have seen these pyramids when it said that "republican success next year is possible." The *World's* take this shape, and the two together look like the coffin of the republican party:

THE DEMOCRATIC COLUMN.

OHIO.
TEXAS.
NEVADA.
FLORIDA.
GEORGIA.
OREGON.
VIRGINIA.
ALABAMA.
INDIANA.
MISSOURI.
ARKANSAS.
LOUISIANA.
DELEWARE.
KENTUCKY.
MISSISSIPPI.
MARYLAND.
TENNESSEE.
CALIFORNIA.
NEW YORK.
NEW JERSEY.
WEST VIRGINIA.
SOUTH CAROLINA.
NORTH CAROLINA.

Twenty-three states, with 250 electoral votes. Necessary to a choice, 201.

THE REPUBLICAN COLUMN.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
MASSACHUSETTS.
CONNECTICUT.
PENNSYLVANIA.
RHODE ISLAND.
MINNESOTA.
WISCONSIN.
COLORADO.
NEBRASKA.
VERMONT.
MICHIGAN.
ILLINOIS.
KANSAS.
MAINE.
IOWA.

Fifteen states, with 151 electoral votes.

Final Adjournment.

When the House was called to order on Tuesday morning Mr. Ziegler offered the following: *Resolved* if the senate concur, that the Legislature will adjourn *sine die* on Wednesday, December 5th at 12† o'clock, noon.

Mr. Nicholson moved to postpone the resolution for the present, and nearly every republican voted for postponement. The resolution was finally agreed to, after some discussion.

In the evening the committee on appropriation reported the following bill.

Pay and mileage of senators	$94,449 00
Stationary for senate	500 00
Pay of officers and employes, including clerks	20,020 00
Mileage for officers	871 50
Pay of pages	1,820 00
Pay of chaplain	300 00
Postage on record	80 00
Contingent expenses senate	3,640 00
Indexing journal	60 00
Total	$121,740 50
Pay and mileage of members	$378,028 43
Stationary	2,020 00
Pay and mileage of officers	20,839 80
Pay of pages	1,688 00
Pay of chaplain	300 00
Postage on Record	160 00
Contingent expenses	5,450 00
Indexing journal	100 00
Legislative Record	6,560 00
Indexing Record	150 00
Total	$415,236 28

Included in the total charged to the house are the items of the Legislative Record and indexing same amounting to $6,710, which are joint expenses. In addition the bill covers items of $11 for the sergeant-at-arms of the house for serving subpœnas and $30 for the same officer of the senate for similar services.

The aggregate sum embodied in the bill is $536,946.73.

Washington Claimants.

FLOCKING TO THE CAPITAL TO PREPARE FOR THE COMING SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—One could tell that the meeting of Congress was not far off from the way certain persons begin to make their appearance. For ever so many years they have besieged Congress with claims of nearly every description, and for amounts ranging from a thousand dollars to a million. Some of them have been here twenty years, if not longer. The ranks are kept good by new cases as one after another drops out. Favorable action by Congress in one case will inspire all the rest with hope and the determination to stick. Not one of them doubts but that his turn is bound to come yet. Claims growing out of the war are the more numerous class. These grow with time. A war claim is equal in value to the average of mining plants. It depends quite as much how such a claim is worked as on the character of the proof supporting it. Some claims ripen with age; the older they are the better. A large claim stands a far better chance than a comparatively small one. A claim that is not large enough to divide up and create the promise of a good thing for several parties has a poor show unless it has an independent money backing. A claim that is large enough to divide up is a self-propelling power. It will find friends. A claim is often farmed out to a ring of lobby brokers which includes one or more able lawyers familiar with all the intricacies of that sort of practice. They go at it systematically, and are content if the first time they can get the claim before a committee, even though no action is taken. That much is counted as progress, and so it is. The next time a report, with or without a recommendation, is obtained, and nothing more comes of it for that time. Next time it gets a set back from an unfavorable report. But that does not discourage the syndicate, who are prepared for that. The next time the attempt is made to have the matter referred to a select committee. If it succeeds, it is a piece of good fortune; it is a favorable method. By this time some new proof has probably been discovered.

Papers heretofore missing have been found. After a while a bill is reported, which, however, is not considered for want of time, or through persistence of some objector at the only time when it could be got up. But no one is discouraged yet except the poor claimant who has spent his time and money hanging around Washington winter after winter, until he can do it no longer, and yet not knowing what else to do. And so he comes and goes year after year, and so do the contracting syndicate, who, with a number of jobs on their hands, manage to make a business of it and pay expenses. But the poor claimant, the victim of hope deferred, having no such arrangement, is getting poorer every year, though the syndicate assure him that the prospect is brightening. And so it is in one view; for now and then a claim of this description does go through, either by the direct and conclusive action of Congress, or by being referred to the Court of Claims. After that there is another and peculiar experience. Managers of claims consider the Court of Claims a good place to be. The reasons are various and familiar to those who have gone through the mill. How inadequately the government is represented in this Court outsiders little understand. Claims that have been pushed in the lobby by women have had exceptionally good luck. Women are believed to be more persistent than men. Cases are cited of claims abandoned by experienced lobbymen after a faithful trial, that have been put through by female influence. There is one such case before the Court of Claims at the present moment for a large amount, which owes its success, after repeated failures, to this character or effort and influence. Few claims are totally abandoned. A claim for cotton or other property destroyed in the war has ever been regarded as good property. Men have lived for years on a claim of this description, obtaining money from time to time by pledging an interest in the claim. One case is given where the original claim, which was spread over every inch of fact drawn out to its utmost capacity, has been enlarged and pledged to pay expenses and enlarged again. One such claim was put through a few years ago after the original claimant had, little by little, sold himself out. The syndicate that floated it got the money and made a good thing by the operation. It would not be right to infer that all claims, or even a majority of them, are fraudulent. Some of them, many perhaps, are founded in justice. What heartaches have attended the failing endeavor to push them year after year! But for professional claimants the prospect this time is not a good one. The House is largely Democratic.

Fraudulent Pension Attorneys.

THE MANNER IN WHICH THEY CONDUCT THEIR BUSINESS AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12—Commissioner Dudley has sent a letter to Secretary Teller presenting the case of Roux & English, pension attorneys, for disbarment, which really covers nearly all the case thus far made up. Its prompt approval by Secretary Teller practically carries with it the disbarment of nearly all the firms yet reported for suspension.

In the letter Mr. Dudley says the charges against Roux & English are "false and fraudulent representation pertaining to the Pension laws, records in their extraordinary facilities for the prosecution of pension claims." He says there has arisen a class of claim agents who have solicited business by the most flaunting and disreputable methods of advertisements, and adds that they admit having surreptitiously obtained a copy of the executive document called "Printed Pension List" from an employee of the Senate.

The members of the firm are two boys, scarcely of age, who sign the circulars fraudulently as members of the Grand Army of the Republic, "Yours in F., C. and L.," when, in point of fact, it is doubtful if they were born when the war begun.

Martin Luther.

The celebration of the four hundreth anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther, which took place last Saturday, November 10, has awakened a new interest in his history and the work he accomplished.

He was born on the 10th of November, 1483, of humble parentage, at Eisleben, Saxony. There was little remarkable about him as a boy. Others were as studious and capable, and when he attended the University at Erfurt it is doubtful if he was any more proficient in his studies than is many a young collegian of to-day. But he was a conscientious student, who wanted an original knowledge of all things, and there was a mighty energy and determination about him which could not be put down when once aroused. While in the Augustine Convent at Erfurt, he conceived an idea but for which he might have passed his life in the seclusion of the cloister. He went through a spiritual crisis, revolving in his mind the teachings of the church and poring over the old books in the library, and it was then that a conviction took root in his soul that sins could be forgiven through the grace of God.

It was little thought by the people of Wittenberg that the young man in sacerdotal robes who advanced such strange ideas, in lecturing at the University, was to make the town famous in history, and change the thought of the world. It was in Wittenberg that he nailed the ninety-five theses against the sale of indulgences upon the gate of the church, and offered to maintain them in the university against all impugners. At Wittenberg he published those famous addresses and treatises about the year 1520, which sewed the seed of reformation abroad in the land. It was there, too, that he burnt the theses of Tetzel and the Pope's bull at the gate of the city. All Germany was convulsed with excitement, and Luther was summoned before the diet at Worms. With heroic courage he resolved to obey the summons. In spite of the threats of enemies and the anxiety of friends he attended the diet and defined his position to the assembled sovereigns. He closed his speech with these famous words: "Here I take my stand. I can do no otherwise, so help me God. Amen." Despite the awful menace of the Pope and the Priests, Luther continued to scatter the seeds of reform, and his eloquence, courage and power, displayed on many famous occasions, determined the fortunes of the Reformation. About the last important act of his life was the maintenance of his peculiar views in regard to the sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the famous conference of Marburg, and in February, 1546, sixteen years after, he died.

The people of Wittenberg held a celebration in advance of the official commemoration on the 12th of September. It was a great day for this old town, where Luther first made public his convictions and defended them. About fifteen thousand people were present, among whom were the Crown Prince Frederick William, Prince Albrecht and Herr Von Gossler, Minister of Ecclesiastical affairs.

In America his birthday was celebrated everywhere, and in some cities the celebration continued two or three days.

On the 13th of April, 1525, Martin Luther married Catharine de Bora, a nun in the Cisterian convent of Nimptchen, which she had entered at an early age. She was born on the 30th of January, 1499. After she had become acquainted with the doctrines of Luther she was no longer content with monastic life, and determined to withdraw from it. Her relatives refused to permit such an action, and with eight other nuns she applied to Luther for assistance. He secured their liberty in 1523, and coming to Wittenberg, Catherine became an inmate in the house of a burgomaster. Through his friend Nicholus Von Amsdorf, Luther offered her the hand of a pastor in Orlamuende. She declined this offer, but declared herself willing to marry Van Ormsdorf or Luther himself. Soon after this the great reformer took her for his wife despite the protest of both friends and enemies. His will left her all his possessions so long as she remained a widow, which, as it seems, was not a very liberal power, for after Luther's death the Elector of Saxony and Christian III. of Denmark contributed from time to time to her support. Her death occurred at Torqua on the 20th of December, 1552.

Imprisoned too Long.

THE CONFESSION OF A LAWYER THAT SECURED THE PARDON OF TWO LIFE PRISONERS.

In the summer of 1865 Thomas Howard and James E. Sherwood entered the house of an old man living in Livingston county New York, and beat and robbed him. They were overtaken and arrested on charges of housebreaking just as they were on the point of boarding a Panama steamer in New York harbor, but before they could be lodged in the Livingston County Jail the old man, the victim of their robbery, died. The charge was then changed to murder in the first degree and the prisoners were sentenced to life imprisonment. Recently the District Attorney who prosecuted them wrote to Governor Cleveland, stating that when the case came before him he was a young lawyer with few briefs. Flushed by recent political preferment and being ambitious of making a record he did these men a wrong which he does not hope to expiate in this world. The physician who made the post-mortem examination, he wrote, reported to him that the old man died of lingering consumption, and the slight violence that he suffered at the hands of Sherwood and Howard had not the remotest connection with his death. The Prosecuting Attorney requested the physician, who was his personal friend and an irresponsible quack, to never make the result public, and immediately drew up papers charging the prisoners with murder in the first degree.

The two men, ignorant of the innocence of the charge and frightened at the prospect of the gallows, went before the Judge and pleaded guilty and were hustled off to Albany prison in the fall of 1865, precisely eighteen years ago, and locked up for life.

No one connected with the case now lives excepting the Prosecuting Attorney, who confesses that his action has "harrassed him in nightmare and clouded his days" and who professes to be anxiously desirous now in his old age of wiping out the "damned spot" as nearly as possible. The Governor was instantly moved by the pitiful and plausible story and to-day liberated the two men who unjustly were imprisoned. Long confinement had stamped out their hopes, bent their backs and silvered their hair. They are again permitted to walk out into a strange land and among strange people. One left this evening for the western part of the State, where he joins his little family, and the other goes to Washington Territory. The men served full fifteen years more than they would had they been justly prosecuted on the charge of house-breaking.

ITEMS.

The funeral of ex Senator Randolph, of New Jersey, took place at Morristown, Saturday afternoon.

A lump of coal weighing hundreds of pounds rolled down a schute in the North Ashland colliery and crushed Herman Grunner so badly that it was thought he would die.

In the case of Chang, the Chinese giant, who arrived at New York from Europe Friday, Collector Robertson has decided that he was not a Chinese laborer within the meaning of the law, and could therefore land.

E. B. Haines, publisher of the Altoona *Call*, has been held under $500 bail to answer in court the charge of publishing lottery advertisements.

During the celebration of a Moorish festival at Tangier, a stone thrown by a Moor struck a French charge de affairs. The latter demanded punishment of the offender and the payment of £200 for the benefit of the poor, and the dismissal of the governor of Tangier as satisfaction for the insult.

The bi-centennial celebration committee, at Stapleton, Long Island, have arranged to place all available historical data concerning Staten Island, in a strong copper box which will be kept sealed in the county clerk's office, and opened the 1st of November, 1983, at the tri-centennial.

A human skull has been unearthed in West Virginia which measures forty inches around the head. The skeleton is supposed to have been fourteen feet high.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THERESSA BAYLOR, DECEASED.

In the Orphan's court of Columbia county.

The undersigned auditor appointed by said court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator, arising from the sale of real estate in proceedings in partition will sit in the discharge of the duties of his appointment at his office in Bloomsburg at ten o'clock in the forenoon upon the twenty-seventh day of November 1883, where and when all parties interested in said fund are requested to be and present their claims, or be debarred from any share of the same.

PAUL E. WIRT, Auditor.

Nov 9

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

A HOME DRUGGIST TESTIFIES.

Popularity at home is not always the best test of merit, but we point proudly to the fact that no other medicine has won for itself such universal approbation in its own city, state, and country, and among all people, as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The following letter from one of our best known Massachusetts Druggists should be of interest to every sufferer:—

RHEUMATISM. "Eight years ago I had an attack of Rheumatism, so severe that I could not move from the bed, or dress, without help. I tried several remedies without much if any relief, until I took AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by the use of two bottles of which I was completely cured. Have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, and it still retains its wonderful popularity. The many notable cures it has effected in this vicinity convince me that it is the best blood medicine ever offered to the public. E. F. HARRIS."

River St., Buckland, Mass., May 13, 1882.

SALT RHEUM. GEORGE ANDREWS, overseer in the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years before his removal to Lowell afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLEMAN Business COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.

20 minutes of New York. More positions for graduates than all other schools combined. Life Scholarship, $40. Write for circulars.

Nov 16-4w r

OIL WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, ETC.,

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,

86 & 88 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Nov 16-4w r

FREE! FREE!! FREE!!!

This Season's New Descriptive Catalogue & Price List of

Plays, Dramas, Farces, Guild Books, Scenery (Paper), Speakers, Ethiopian Dramas, Tableaux Lights, Colored Fire, Pantomime, Burnt Cork, Wigs, Beard, &c.

Including many Novelties! Largest Assortment in the World.

In fact, everything for Amateur Theatricals. SAMUEL FRENCH & SON, 38 E. 14th St., New York.

Nov. 16-4w r

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE OUR NEW Fancy work at their homes, in city or country, and earn $6 to $12 per week, making goods for our Fall and Winter trade. Send 15c., for sample and particulars. HUDSON MFG. CO., 265 Sixth Ave., New York.

Nov 16-4w r

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Magazine begins its sixty-eighth volume with the December Number. It is the most popular illustrated periodical in America and England, always fully abreast of the times in its treatment of subjects of current social and industrial interest, and always advancing its standard of literary, artistic, and mechanical excellence. Among its attractions for 1884 are: a new serial novel by WILLIAM BLACK, illustrated by ABBEY; a new novel by E. P. ROE, illustrated by GIBSON and DIELMAN; descriptive illustrated papers by GEORGE H. BOUGHTON, FRANK D. MILLET, C. H. FARNHAM, and others; important historical and biographical papers; short stories by W. D. HOWELLS, CHARLES READE, &c.,

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the *Magazine* begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current number.

The last Eight Volumes of *Harper's Magazine*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to *Harper's Magazine*, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4 00.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chances of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer who will send me their express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

Nov 16-4w d

POETS Burns, 50c., Byron, 50c. Mrs. Brow'ng, 50c., Campbell, 40c., Chaucer, 60c., Coleridge, 60c., Cowper, 60c., Dante, 50c., Dryden, 50c., Goethe, 70c., Goldsmith, 50c., Hemans, 50c., Iliad and Odyssey, 70c., Hood, 50., Ingelow, 50c., Keats, 40c., Meredith, 50c., Milton, 50c., Moore, 60c., Pope, 50c., Poe, 40c., Schiller, 40c., Scott, 50c., Tennyson, 60c., Virgil, 45c., and others. Fine cloth binding. Sent for examination before payment on evidence of good faith. Catalogue free. NOT sold by dealers. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 18 Vesey St., New York.

Nov 16-4w d

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SIMON FRY, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Simon Fry deceased, late of Centre township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executor. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

SAMUEL HEIDLAY,
Light Street, Col. co., Pa. Executor.

Nov 16-6w*

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN, $1.50 A YEAR

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 29th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 3rd day of Dec. next, to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 3rd day of Dec. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 2nd day of Nov. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three and in the one hundred and eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

(L. S.)

Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg, Nov—2 to

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

Monday, Dec. 3, 1883.

At 2 o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece or parcel of ground situate in Fishingcreek township Columbia county Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the North by public road leading from Orangeville to Jonestown, on the East by public road leading from Huntington creek to State road, on the South by lands of the estate of Cornelius Coleman, and on the West by lands of C. E. Price, containing one-fourth acre of land more or less, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house and stable.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Cyrus Robbins at the suit of the Fishingcreek School District.

Miller Att'y. Fi Fa.

ALSO

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Market and Sixth streets of the said Town, thence by the south side of said Sixth street south sixty-five degrees west four hundred and fourteen feet to the line of Jefferson street produced, thence southwardly along said east line of Jefferson street to the right of way of the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company, thence along the right of way of said Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company to the west side of Market street aforesaid, thence by said Market street aforesaid, north twenty-six degrees west one hundred and fifty-five feet and six inches to the place of beginning, upon which are erected two large three-story brick buildings, occupied as a dwelling and Sanitarium, and a two-story brick stable, with frame stable attached, with other improvements and outbuildings. On the said premises are fruit and other trees and vines, and the buildings are fitted up with water and gas pipes.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Albert L. Turner, at the suit of Peter Baldy, *et al.*, against said Turner.

Barkley, Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO.

All that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situated in Locust township Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: beginning at a stone and running from thence by lands of F. Helwig & Co., South fifty-three degrees, East 16 perches, four tenths, along a road thence along the same, South fifty degrees East, six perches and two-tenths to a stone on Peter Helwig's land, thence by the same North, fifty and one-fourth degrees East eleven perches to Roaring Creek, thence down the same to lands of Jeremiah Beringer, North twenty-seven degrees West twenty perches, North twenty-four and one quarter West eleven perches, North fifty-four degrees, West three and four tenths, North fifty degrees and three quarters, West ten perches and eight-tenths, North sixty-five and a fourth, West six perches in the middle of Roaring Creek and thence by land of John Yeager, South fifty-one degrees, West thirty-one perches, and three-tenths to the place of beginning. Containing eight acres and one hundred and forty-six perches, strict measure, whereon is erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house, good barn and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution, at the suit of Mary Snyder vs John Derr, and to be sold as the property of the said John Derr.

Ikeler, Att'y Vend. Ex.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

Nov 9

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

To all my creditors and whomsoever concerned, notice is hereby given that I have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county for the benefit of, and discharge under, the insolvent laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and that the said Court has appointed the first day of next term (being the first Monday of December 1883) for the time of making my application for final discharge and hearing before the said Court at the Town of Bloomsburg, in said county, when and where you may attend if you think proper. W. G. CREVELING.

Nov. 7, 1883. nov 9-3t

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK THE GREAT ENG-TRADE MARK LISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

BEWARE of advertisements to refund money, when druggists from whom the medicine is bought *do not refund*, but refer you to the manufacturers, and the requirements are such that they are *seldom, if ever*, complied with. See their written guarantee. A trial of one single package of Gray's Specific will convince the most skeptical of its real merits.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or 6 packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Bloomsburg by all druggists.

Nov 9-1y

IT WILL PAY YOU

To call, inspect and compare our large and complete stock of

CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS

FURNISHING GOODS,

TRUNKS, VALISES.

LADIES' COATS, &c.,

Before purchasing.

HANDSOME PRESENTS

To every Purchaser.

No trouble to show goods.

Every person purchasing of us will receive a numbered ticket, entitling them to a chance in any of the handsome prizes which can now be seen in our windows. Prizes to be awarded on Christmas day. Call and see these prizes and tell your neighbors about them.

Don't forget the place.

M. LEVY & CO.

Successor to M. A. LOEB.

Kings of the Clothing Trade,

122. WEST FRONT STREET. 122.

BERWICK.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH DELONG, LATE OF ORANGE TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Elizabeth DeLong, deceased, late of Orange township Columbia county, Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Thomas McHenry. All persons having claims against the estate of said decendent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned with out delay.

THOMAS McHENRY, *
Orangeville, Col. county, Pa. Executor.

Oct. 26

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF C. F. HARDER, LATE OF CATAWISSA, DECEASED.

The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of Clinton Ellis committee of C. F. Harder a lunatic, will meet the parties interested at the office of Rhawn & Robbins in the town of Catawissa on Saturday November 24th, A. D. 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all parties having claims upon said fund will appear and present the same, or be debarred from coming in for a share of the same.

R. BUCKINGHAM
Nov. 2-ts Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HANNAH PIATT, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's court of Columbia County to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, November 17, 1883 at 10 o'clock a. m. when and where all parties interested in said estate must appear and present their claims or be thereafter debarred from any share of said fund.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Auditor.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF RICHARD KILE, DECEASED

Letters testamentary in the estate of Richard Kile, deceased, late of Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Penn., have been granted by the Register of said county to Zephaniah L. Kile and Katurah A. Herlinger. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

ZEPHANIAH L. KILE,
KATURAH A. HERLINGER,
October 12-6w* Executors.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between McHenry & Krickbaum, of Benton, has been dissolved by mutual consent. And all persons having accounts with said firm will please call on the undersigned and make settlement. The business will hereafter be carried on by McHenry & Carey.

Nov, 2-3w IRA MCHENRY.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HENRY DEICHMILLER DECEASED.

And now September 26th 1883 on petition of Henry Deichmiller a son and heir of said deceased and by agreement of all parties in interest, C. G. Barkley, Esq., is appointed auditor to make distribution of said estate to and amongst the parties legally entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the Records this 9th day of October 1883.

W. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

In pursuance of said appointment the undersigned will sit at his office in Brower's building, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, November 20, 1883. At ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested must appear and present their claims, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

C. G. BARKLEY, Auditor.

Oct., 26-4w

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

IN THE COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Joanna Kemerer by her next friend, &c., vs. George Kemerer. Sur libel in divorce.

To George Kemerer, respondent above named: Whereas upon the libel of the said Joanna Kemerer a subpoena was issued out of the said Court commanding you to be and appear at the next regular term of said court to show cause why the said libellant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony contracted with you; and whereas upon return of said subpoena due proof was made that you could not be found in the bailwick of the Sheriff of said county, whereupon an *alias* subpoena was awarded by said Court commanding you to appear at the then next term of said Court to answer as aforesaid, to which the same return was made by the Sheriff. You are therefore required to be and appear on the first day of the next term of said Court to be held at Bloomsburg for said county on the first Monday of December next, A. D. 1883, to answer said complaint. JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

November 5th, 1883.
Rhawn & Robins, Att'y. nov 9

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county the undersigned administrator of Milton Mosteller, deceased, will expose to sale on the premises on

Saturday, Dec. 1st, '83.

At 9 o'clock a. m., the following tract of land situate in Briarcreek township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows to-wit: On the east by land of J. W. Bowman, on the south by the road leading from Berwick to Rittenhouse's mill, on the north by road leading to Berwick, containing

4 Acres,

on which are erected a FRAME DWELLING, STABLE and outbuildings. A good blacksmith shop on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

A. B. CROOP,
Nov 9 Administrator.

GRAND JURORS

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Bloom—Harrison Shaffer, N S Tingley, John D Jones, W M Rhoadamoyer, Charles Hauck, Geo. Hassert.
Berwick—Levi Bredbenner.
Briarcreek—Daniel Pursell.
Catawissa—Fred Pfahler.
Center—I J Hess.
Centralia—John Moran.
Fishingcreek—Hiram Karns, Geo. Heath.
Hemlock—H B Hartman.
Locust—Rolandus Herbine, Amandus Billig.
Madison—James Kisner, Amos Johnson, Baltis Sterling.
Main—Charles Fisher.
Mt Pleasant—Henry Kitchen.
Orange—M B Patterson, Silas Conner.
Scott—M C McCollum.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Beaver—Daniel Singley, Jr.
Berwick—David Baucher, Oxley Smith, Wm. Hagenbuch, Daniel Reedy.
Bloom—Henry Rosenstock, S W Shutt, George Warr, F S Moyer, Charles Hendershott, L D Kase.
Catawissa—Wm Berkheimer.
Centre—Benjamin Sterner, H A Sweppenheiser.
Greenwood—E L Eves, A J Derr.
Hemlock—Mathias Whitenight.
Jackson—F M Parker.
Locust—Jonas Roup, Isaac Dyer, Isaiah Hower.
Madison—Chester Johnson, David Philips.
Main—Wm Mensinger, Elias Shuman.
Montour—Isaac Mowrey, Daniel Fry.
Roaringcreek—Henry C Helwig.
Scott—F P Kelley, S W Boone, H C Kelchner, Abraham Snyder, J H Townsend.
Sugarloaf—Richard Kile, Chas D Carpenter.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—John Rice.
Bloom—Jacob Hartzell, S D Boone, Z R Shultz, Augustus Friend, John Gordner, Wm Dietterich, J W Fry.
Benton—Evan Buckalew, James Long.
Catawissa—Wm Hartman, D W Walter, E B Gule.
Conyngham—Edward Hughes.
Franklin—Jerry Kostenbauder.
Greenwood—G R Thomas, James Lockard, T S Christian, A P Heller.
Fishingcreek—George Labor, Benjamin Golder, Frank Jones.
Jackson—John Rantz.
Locust—Jeremiah Snyder.
Madison—John Reichard, D C Welliver, Cyrus Denoott.
Main—David S Brown.
Mifflin—K Sweppenheiser, Samuel Drum.
Orange—B F Bartch.
Pine—Luther German.
Roaringcreek—David Long, Jacob Longenberger.
Scott—John Grob.
Sugarloaf—Wm B Peterman.

TRIAL LIST.

FOR DECEMBER TERM 1883

Sarah A Hinterliter vs Charles D Kaler.
S P Kase & S P Wolverton use, vs D H & W Railroad Co.
J J Evans vs Charles Krug.
Orangeville M S F & L Association vs Joseph A Henrie, et al.
William F Bibby vs Isaac Seesholtz, et al.
Catharine Schnick's use, vs Wm F Bibby.
Z S Robbins vs G M & J K Lockard.
J M Smith assignee vs Calvin Clark et ux.
W G Yetter Ex vs William Yeager.
George Bevan vs L A Riley & Co.
The Singer M'f'g Co vs Martha Bellas.
John Sheatter vs Philip Springer.
Casper Rhawn's admr vs N & W B Ry Co.
Isaac Weckerley's Exr vs Daniel B Fredericks.
Fred Smith et al vs N & W B R'y Co.
Ephraim Kramer vs N & W B R'y Co.
C B Brockway's assignee vs N & W B Ry Co.
D A Hess vs N & W B R'y Co.
Daniel Walter vs J P Lewis.
Chas S Reichard vs Chas Klingerman.
Aaron Bogart vs Peter Bogart.
Lloyd Shuman vs N & W B R'y Co.
Henry Harner et ux vs N & W B Ry Co.
Andrew Creveling vs William Thomas.
Levi Kurtz vs Joseph Benn et ux.
Daniel F Seybert vs George Brelsch.
Gideon Stecker's Adm vs Thomas Hickey.
Stephen Wolf vs Jno M Miller.
Allias Cole vs Sarah Hess.
Jacob Haines vs N & W B Ry Co.
H H Yetter vs N & W B Ry Co.
H V Garret vs Geo K Hess.
Jane Moyer vs James S Lewar's Adm.
City of Philadelphia Trustee vs Abraham Billing et al.
John Shuman vs N & W B Ry Co.
H M Wier vs Richard Angel et al.
Lydia Robbins vs Jacob S Stoker's Adm.
Peter Helwig's ex vs Peter Helwig.
D