THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1883.

Rev. Dr. Nicholson of St. Mark's church, Philadelphia, has declined the election as Bishop of Indiana.

The Republican congressional apportionment bill gives that party sixteen districts and the Democrats twelve. The Democratic bill makes fifteen republican and thirteen democratic districts.

One of the soldiers on guard at the tomb of Garfield, has gone crazy and been removed to an asylum. It is said the guard do not like the constant watch in a graveyard and make all sorts of excuses to be relieved.

There has been too much time wasted in the Legislature over the free pass discussion. The constitution says that no free passes shall be issued. Why should legislators who are sworn to obey that instrument longer delay in enforcing its provisions?

Governor Pattison has been sustain- again by the courts again. The Phila. judges have decided that the Governor is the only appointing power so, far as the office of Recorder is concerned and that he therefore has the power to remove that officer. Recorder Lane must go.

Republican majorities in the Legislature have never failed to pass apportionment laws giving their party a larger proportion of representation than they were entitled to. But now, when a Democratic House proposes to make a fair apportionment that will give each party a fair representation according to the votes of the respective parties, it is called gerrymandering. Its a poor rule that wont work both ways.

A newspaper that would suit everybody would be read by nobody. If never criticized, it would be because it expressed no opinion worth criticizing. An editor who has views of his own, and does not fear to print them, cannot expect to have smooth sailing always. His views must run counter to those of somebody else. If all men thought alike there would be an end to religious denominations, to political parties, and perhaps to matrimony. The only way to get along in this world is to do what you believe to be right, and stick to it until convinced you are wrong.

After much delay and litigation the Passion play of Salmi Morse has at last been performed on the stage at New York. The characters represented are Jesus, the Virgin Mary, the High Priest, Joseph, Herod, Salome, Herodias, the Disciples, Pontius Pilate, and others of that time. The scenes represented were the Presentation in the Temple, the Massacre of the Innocents, Death of John the Baptist, Jesus at the Brook of Hebron, and the Crucifixion. The play has been prevented by the police for a long time because of alleged sacrilegious tendencies, but from the reports there was nothing of the kind beyond the representation of sacred characters on the stage.

The correspondent of an esteemed contemporary in the West has been making a study of our nice, well-dressed President. He concludes that the President's only constituency is "a parcel of young, marriageable women and an old society matron, who remarks after the President has gone away, that he has not committed a single mistake in point of etiquette during the evening." The conclusion is reached that the government could stand Jackson's clay pipe and Jefferson's woolen socks, but it is questionable if it will long retain much strength if it is to be dressed in a new bonnet with fancy strings and paraded on Easter morning as the best-dressed administration that has yet been exhibited. Perhaps they are expecting too much of Mr. Arthur. It cannot be expected that when a man gives a great deal of time to the cut of his trousers and the color of his button-hole bouquet that he wants to bother about anything else. The President's duty is to look pretty; if he succeeds in that he has no time to waste.—*Times.*

A priest known as Brother Frank, at Buffalo, N. Y. was convicted on Saturday of committing an assault on a little girl seven years old. He took her to his room to give her candy, and it is alleged there committed the outrage.

In passing sentence the court reviewed the case and stated that other offenses of the kind had also been committed by the defendant, who was not an ignorant man, but one enjoying all the advantages of education and access to refined society. He could not but feel compassion for the fallen man but, nevertheless, upon the finding of the jury he had a judicial duty to perform. He, therefore, imposed a sentence of five years in the state prison at Auburn, the maximum allowed by the statutes. The prisoner was composed throughout. The convicted man has been president of St. Joseph College, a strong Catholic institution, for a number of years, and was formerly a teacher in eastern cities and has borne a good reputation in all but the question of temper. Those charitably disposed urge that he must be insane. He has a sister in the asylum for the insane. At the time of his arrest he was suspended from his position in the college.

The appointment of a new Treasurer has rendered necessary the counting of the money in the United States Treasury. There is one billion of dollars, and counted dollar by dollar at the rate of $200 a minute, day and night, it would take ten years to count it. As it is not all one dollar bills, and many hands are engaged in counting, the work will take but a few weeks.

The method of working will be simple. The paper money lies in neatly wrapped piles in the vaults, with the amount of each pile stated. The band is removed and the money given to a counter, who, with deft fingers, finds the sum and reports the result. A strict watch is kept to prevent bills slipping up sleeves or under aprons. If the report of the counter agrees with the record the band is put back and an entry made, and it would greatly astonish the committee, no doubt, if a difference were to be found and proven on a second and more careful count. Probably not one such incident will disturb the monotony of the examination, as the system of checks in use renders a false count in a package delivered to the Treasury almost an impossibility, and no one hints that the vaults have been tampered with.

Ten Years Ago and Now.

Ten years ago Stephen W. Dorsey, William Pitt Kellogg and George F. Spencer were prominent and powerful Republicans. Two of them sat in the United States Senate as representatives of Commonwealths which despised and detested them. One of them was Governor of Louisiana and not even a popular revolution could overthrow him. These men seemed then to be at the height of prosperity.

But they were simply adventurers. They went into politics just as a professional gambler sits down at the card table. There was nothing so infamous which they were not prepared to stoop to in order to accomplish their purposes. With no strong intellectual quality except that of quick shrewdness, with not a particle of moral pride, destitute of all sense of patriotism they reached the highest stations in public life by bribery and brute force, and there were no doubt many people who envied their rapid "success."

But their prosperity was simply a debauch that had to come to an end. The country could not long stand the sight of such creatures as these revelling in the places reserved for its most faithful and most gifted. The moment they were hurled out of the Senate they lost their friends and the rascality which they so long practiced is now familiar to every one.

Dorsey stands desperate and well nigh broken down within the shadow of the penitentiary; Kellogg is about to go through the same experience, and Spencer is virtually a fugitive from justice, not daring to remain in his own country. These three men were associated together in the Star route job bery, and they are universally looked upon as public thieves, whose presence is to be shunned and dreaded.

Nor is there a single one of their old carpet bag associates of ten years ago who is not either ostracized for his infamy or driven into obscurity. Patterson, Conover, Moses, Ames, Sawyer and all the rest of that famous and powerful crowd of only ten years ago are either dead, insane, in the Penitentiary, or worrying out a precarious living. The political plunderer may have his day, but it does not last long.—*Phila. Chronicle-Herald.*

Jefferson's Ideas.

The Young Men's Democratic Association of Philadelphia gave a reception at their rooms on last Saturday evening, which was attended by many distinguished men. Lieutenant Governor Chauncy F. Black delivered an address, of which the following is a synopsis.

"I acknowledge Jeffersonian Democracy as my hobby," said the youthful Lieutenant Governor, as he unfolded the manuscript of his elegant, eloquent and highly ornamental address. Jefferson he regarded as the most conspicuous champion of the idea of power derived from the people, and his aim was to bring all government as near the source of power as possible. Opposed to him was Hamilton who labored for a more centralized representative government. Washington's administration, excepting in its external observances was in accordance with the Democratic theory. It was under Adams that the principles of Hamilton, a Government with patronage enough to control expression of popular will and based on the idea that the people were unfit to rule themselves, that distinct departure was first made from republican simplicity. Under it grew up the personal rule and bossism, the principle that to the victor belongs the spoils, which has popularly been attributed to the Administration of Jackson. The Democratic idea as represented in the Republican party of the day, ever the vigilant sentinel of liberty, perceived the centralizing tendencies, and in 1879 elected Jefferson and compelled return to honest administration, cheap government and republican simplicity. Continuing in power through the administration of Madison, it became merged in the Democratic party and has ever opposed centralization in all its forms and consequences, "the result of the theory of the West Indian adventurer, who was not American by birth nor aught but aristocratic in sentiment or action."

Paternalism in government, Mr. Black continued, was the natural enemy of Jeffersonian Democracy. It reached its height when it sought to force its representative into the White House for a third term. Vulgar bosses, by virtue of organization, controlled the nation in the higher and lower fields of administration. Expenses were swelled to increase the corruption fund. A banking system was inaugurated, which furnished uniform currency and a plentiful contribution to the treasury of the party in power. Loose interpretations of the Constitution gave rise to manifold expressions of individuals and the tendency toward monocracy. Its insolence reached its highest pitch when, in 1877, it did what the Federal party contemplated in 1800—inaugurated a president who had been defeated by a quarter of a million majority. This Federal Republican party is now confronted only by the Democratic party. Strong and powerful as it is, it may be overcome in one way, "and this is my hobby," the speaker said: "Form clubs in every ward and township of the country, Jeffersonian clubs, in which the principles of true Democracy shall be discussed. Let the primary power of the people radiate thence, and even the insolence of officialism will yield to its power. Governor Black was frequently applauded. At the conclusion of his address the guests and hosts were entertained with an enjoyable collation.

Dukes Deranged.

THE CHARITABLE VIEW ADVANCED IN EXCUSE FOR HIS RECENT DEEDS.

Dukes is still at the house of Struble, his stepfather, in German Township, Fayette county. His few friends try to make the public believe that he did not leave Uniontown until Tuesday evening, after the twenty-four hours' notice to leave had expired. But in reality Dukes left about midnight Monday, within twelve hours of the notice. A gentleman who lives near the Strubles, says that Dukes is now in German Township, but that he expects to return to Uniontown shortly and end his days there. The gentleman thinks Dukes is partially insane, an opinion which is gaining ground. The theory is also advanced that he was desperately in love with Miss Nutt, and was inspired to write the terrible letter from jealousy at the attentions she was receiving from other young men. After his acquittal it was supposed that he would be glad to get out of the country, and spend the rest of his days in unknown parts; but his declaration to remain in Uniontown where he is utterly loathed, strengthens the theory that he must be deranged.

Alleged Death-Bed Confession.

The murder of Joe Miller, near Shafferstown, Lebanon county, which occurred about seven years ago, for which offense a man named Risser was tried and acquitted, is again revised by the Myerstown correspondent of the Lebanon *Courier* as follows: Rumors have been circulated in our town for several days that a young man by the name of Miller, who died lately in Kansas, has made a death bed confession that he and two other men murdered ex County Commissioner Miller several years ago, in Heidelberg township, Lebanon county, and divided the money emong them.

A Woman Hanged.

POISONING A LITTLE GIRL AND HIDING HER BODY IN A SWAMP.

Mrs. Lucy Emiline Meaker was executed at Windom, Vt., on the 31st ult. She mounted the scaffold with a firm step. "May God forgive you for hanging me," she said, as the hangman was about putting the noose about her neck, 'I am innocent.' The trap fell and Mrs. Meaker died scarcely with a struggle and without a friend in the world. Even her son, Almon, who is serving a sentence in the State Prison for complicity in the crime for which his mother was executed, had turned against her.

THE LAST SCENE.

Mrs. Meaker ate a hearty dinner. Her son, Almon, was left in his cell. The spectators were admitted at one o'clock. Mrs. Meaker's arms were pinioned before she left the cell and the procession moved to the gallows, where she was seated in a chair. After prayer by the chaplain, the Sheriff handed her a paper with these words:

Emeline Meaker: If you have anything to say why the execution of your sentence should not take place you have now an opportunity.

This was done on account of her deafness. She was calm and pale and sat with closed eyes. She then said: "Good bye, Mr. Hall. I have nothing more to say, only I forgive you for hanging me." Her legs were then tied, she standing all the time. She showed no signs of fear or trembling, but said: May God forgive you all!" After hanging thirty minutes the body was taken down. Mrs. Meaker died with scarcely a struggle. She was buried in the prison cemetery in the afternoon.

HISTORY OF THE CRIME.

The story of this crime is one of cold-blooded murder by a woman who was nothing less than a fiend in human form. In the early hours of morning of April 27, 1880, the dead body of Alice Meaker was discovered by Sheriff Atherton, of Waterbury, lying in a dark swamp in the outskirts of the adjoining town of Duxbury, under a mass of muck and brush. The news of the murder created great excitement throughout a large section of country. The atrocity of the crime aroused intense public indignation against the perpetrators.

THE MEAKER FAMILY.

For a year previous to the time of the murder there lived on a rugged and barren slope of the Green Mountains, in the town of Duxbury, in a small, weather beaten tenement, the Meaker family, comprising six persons. Horace and Emeline L. Meaker were husband and wife, aged respectively 50 and 42 years. Louis Almon and Nellie Meaker were son and daughter, of 19 and 21 years of age. The family were poverty stricken and unlettered. The old man and woman were both deaf and the boy was dull and stupid. Into this household in the winter of 1870 were ushered two little orphans—Henry and Alice Meaker, half-brother and sister of Mrs. Meaker, who had been from the Poor Farm in Charlotte to find a home. Alice, with flaxen hair, delicate complexion and bright eyes, was 11 years old and precocious for her age. She was a sad and melancholy child and never played with the children of the neighborhood. As she was capable and smart Mrs. Meaker kept her home to do the household drudgery. The neighbors seldom saw Alice, but frequently in passing the house they were alarmed by hearing the shrill cry of a child. Stories of brutal treatment of little Alice by Mrs. Meaker was noised about, and on several occasions the girl had escaped from the Meaker house in a half-starved condition and called on neighbors for food.

THE MISSING GIRL.

Suddenly Alice was missing. This was on the 24th day of April. The next day was Sunday, and several neighbors, suspecting that the child had been foully dealt with, went down next day to Waterbury village and informed Sheriff Atherton of the circumstances. Meanwhile a report reached the officer that Almon Meaker had bought some stychnine of the village druggist, and on inquiry it was ascertained that young Meaker had bought forty grains of the deadly poison on the Friday previous, telling the druggist he wanted to kill rats. The suspicion of the officers were strengthened by the contradictory stories told by Almon Meaker when questioned by them as to his whereabouts on the Friday night in question. It was further ascertained that he hired a livery team that night, as he said to carry his sister to Stowe. To Sheriff Atherton he stated that he and his mother took little Alice and carried her to the Richmond depot and that she had gone to Canada on the cars. On being closely questioned, however, young Meaker broke down and refused to answer any more questions. This was on Monday night.

ALMON MEAKER'S CONFESSION.

Taking Almon in a room alone, and after bringing a great pressure to bear on him, Sheriff Atherton forced a confession of the murder from the lips of young Meaker. He first said that the terrible crime was committed by himself; and that Alice had gone to a better land, and that her troubles were all over. The self-confessed murderer offered to accompany the officer alone to the swamp where he said the body of the poor girl was buried. Thereupon at midnight Sheriff Atherton and his prisoner set out on his dreadful mission. They drove seven miles through a mountainous road until arriving at a desolate spot, when the murderer suddenly said: "Stop; this is the place." Alighting from the team, young Meaker led the way through a dismal swamp some ten rods, and, pointing to a heap of muck and underbrush said: "She is under there. Now I have done as I agreed to." The officer and the murderer carried the body of the dead girl to the team and drove back to the village. While returning from the swamp Almon briefly told the story of the murder.

The rubber factory operated by William A. Krouse, in Williamsport, was destroyed by fire last week. It was fully insured.

The Legislature.

In the Senate the following bills have passed finally during the past week:

Extending the provisions of the general corporation act so as to include the chartering or rechartering—where their charters are about to expire—of savings institutions for the receiving of moneys on deposit and loaning the same on real estate security or otherwise; also, for the purpose of furnishing motive power by cable traction to street passenger railway companies, provided the latter do not charge more than five cents fare.

Authorizing the publication of 20,000 copies of state agricultural reports.

House bill granting a gratuity of $40 and an annuity of $120 to soldiers and widows of soldiers of the war of 1812 without regard to their pecuniary circumstances.

To permit foreign executors or administrators to issue scire facias to preserve and revive the lien or liens of judgments in favor of descendants and before letters of administration have been taken out.

To authorize the sentencing of convicts in Lancaster county to the penitentiary. To place bill to place the collections of the second geological survey in charge of the Academy of Natural Sciences, while house bill granting gratuities and annuities to soldiers and widows of the soldiers of the war of 1812 was amended on third reading so as to make it apply to persons without regard to their pecuniary condition.

House bill requiring each assessor and assistant assessor to keep an account of the several days by him actually employed in the performance of his duties and to make return to the commissioners of the county verified by oath or affirmation; and allowing such person for each day necessarily employed $2.

Senate bill giving an appeal to the supreme court for special injunctions granted by the orphans' court was passed finally

In the House the following have passed finally:

The bill for the better protection of the wages of servant girls, washerwomen, clerks and others.

The bill enabling tax collectors to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same.

The bill amending the game and fish law was called up on second reading. Mr. Sponsler, of Perry, opposed the passage of the bill. Messrs. Davis, of Forest, and Shafer, of Cameron, advocated its passage because of the necessity of protecting the deer in the northern part of the state. Mr. Colborn opposed its passage. It provides that deer shall be killed only from the 1st of October to the 30th of November in each and every year, instead of from the 1st of October to the 31st of December.

The bill amending the act for the incorporations, so as to include companies incorporated for the purpose of floating and driving logs, timber, etc.

The bill authorizing the commissioners of the several counties to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws.

The bill permitting the reduction of the capital stock of certain corporations.

The bill repealing the act relative to the expense of maintaining children committed to the Western house of refuge from the county of Lawrence.

The Senatorial and Legislative Apportionment bills.

ITEMS.

A club of Chinese base ball players has been organized in Philadelphia. The players are selected from Philadelphia, New York and St. Louis.

Florida is a glorious state, says a Boston man, who has just returned from that section. You can raise beans there all the year round.

Between four and five thousand brick layers went on a strike in Chicago on Monday morning for their demand of $4 a day. Work was stopped on all the principal buildings.

Over 5000 people from the North are said to have visited Florida this season, and some of them learned for the first time that oranges are not dug out of the ground with a hoe.

It costs England about forty million dollars yearly to keep up her army. Please don't get frightened at these figures, as it costs the United States about twice as much to keep up its politicians.

A petition signed by a large number of capitalists of Buffalo was presented to the Common Council on Monday April 2, asking that the right of way be granted to build a tunnel under Niagra river, the city to receive 25 per cent. of the profits of the same when completed.

The next general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America will meet at Saratoga Springs, New York on Thursday, the 17th of May, 1883. About five hundred divines, elders and other officials will be present. Two weeks are usually spent at these assemblages.

A Granite monument is to be erected to the memory of the late Col. George W. Scranton, founder of the city of Scranton, on the family lot in Dunmore cemetery. The Lackawanna *Democrat* suggests that his statue be placed in the new Court House building.

Doris' Great Inter-Ocean museum, menagerie and circus, twelve shows combined in one, is announced for Williamsport. The Doris' show exhibited two years ago under the name of Batchellor & Doris and gave universal satisfaction. Since Mr. Doris purchased full control he has expended $60,000 in improvements and has imported some rare collections of animals, attractions &c., making the show double its former size.

In accordance with the request of the Governor, the Auditor General has prepared a list of seven hundred and seventy-five oil, pipe-line, bridge, insurance, turnpike, coal and iron and other companies incorporated since 1855 that have failed to make any report to the State since 1879, in compliance with the corporation act of 1874. Only about fourteen of these concerns now exist. The Governor will declare the charters forfeited.

The revolutionary party has issued a proclamation announcing that their preparation for action to be taken during the coronation of the Czar are completed. They have, the leaders assert, every hope of success and warn all persons valuing their personal safety to keep at a distance from the Czar during the ceremonies. In conclusion they state: "We will strike once more for the freedom of Russia." The proclamation is printed in red letters, and the paper is bordered with stripes of same color.

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This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

THE MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE.

NO PART OF THE BUSINESS of Bailey, Banks & Biddle is conducted with greater perfection of detail or more general satisfaction to purchasers than that of selecting and sending goods in response to requests by mail.

WHETHER THE ORDER IS for costly or inexpensive articles—whether for an assortment to enable a purchaser to decide at home which article suits best, or for something to be shipped directly to a third person as a present, the purchaser relying upon the house for a good choice—the selection is invariably made by an expert of well-tried taste, possessing thorough knowledge both of the goods and the changeful fashions.

DIRECTIONS ARE INTELLIGENTLY followed; the least hint of preference is carefully noted, and in every instance the newest and most desirable goods are sent, excepting when an article not quite so new presents such inducements in price as to make it seem best to inform the customer and await further instructions. Full explanations are given whenever the interest of the customer requires them.

GOODS MAY ALWAYS BE RETURNED if not entirely satisfactory.

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AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years. W. H. MOORE."

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF JOSEPH HELWIG, DECEASED.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to David Helwig, Locust township; Peter Helwig, Catawissa; Eliza Brobst, Catawissa; Mary Fenstermacker, Catawissa; William Helwig, Catawissa; Peter Helwig, guardian *ad litem* of Ida Knecht, Charity Knecht and Charles Knecht, minor children of Hester Knecht, deceased, Catawissa; Edwin Helwig, Rock Town, Schuylkill county, Pa.; Sophia Helwig, Catawissa; Nathan Helwig, Catawissa; Rebecca Helwig, Catawissa; Eliza Helwig, Catawissa; Hester Barndt, Catawissa; Emanuel Helwig, Wm. Elwood Helwig and Ida Helwig, Catawissa; David Geist, Wilkesbarre; Joseph Martz, Catawissa; Eliza Thomas, New Philadelphia, McDonnah county, Illinois; Savilla Reitz, Catawissa; Mary Gillinger, Catawissa; Millie Clewell, Catawissa; Catharine Hartman, Catawissa; John Martz, Jacob Martz, David Martz and William Martz all at Catawissa; Joseph Martz, Allentown, Lehigh county, Pa.; David Winner, Bloomsburg; Daniel A. Hess, Mifflinville; Harvey C. Hess, Mifflinville; Mary Pohe, Lime Ridge; Amelia Eck, Newark, New Jersey; Charles Pohe, Joseph Pohe, Alice Pohe, Frances Pohe and George Pohe, all of Lime Ridge; Daniel A. Hess, guardian *ad litem* of John A. Brown, Harvey C. Brown and Minnie Brown, minor children of Hannah Brown, deceased, all at Mifflinville; and Edward Kostenbauder, at Catawissa, Pa., lineal descendants of Joseph Helwig, deceased, and to all other persons interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphan's Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the first Monday of May next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Joseph Helwig, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest, duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff, or show cause why it shall not be sold. And hereof fail not.

ZARR, Atty. JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.
Apr 6

OPERA HOUSE,

Monday Evening,

APRIL 9.

WALDRON'S

M'Liss Combination

will present, by special permission from Mr. ROBERT FULFORD, the powerful and ever popular sensational drama in four Acts, entitled

M'LISS;

Or, The Child of the Sierras.

MISS JENNIE CALEF as M'LISS. | C. W. CHARLES as YUBA BILL.

Supported by a cast of unusual excellence. During the performance Miss Calef will introduce a choice selection of songs and dances.

The scenery, which is new and elegant, is a special feature, having been painted from the original models, expressly for this company. The performance will be under the personal supervision and direction of Mr. ANDREW WALDRON, late stage manager of a MADISON SQUARE THEATRE COMPANY in Hazel Kirke.

The New York *Evening Telegram* says: Andrew Waldron's M'liss Combination, which is authorized by Robert Fulford, possesses all the requirements necessary to success, namely, a fine play, new and elegant scenery, and a strong cast."

Popular prices 75, 50 and 25 cents. Reserved seats on sale at F. D. DENTLER'S.

JUNIUS A. HOWE, Agent.

THE

Columbian

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

A full line of Stationary is kept in stock, including ENVELOPES, single, in packs, boxes, or by the thousand, all sizes, shapes, and colors. PAPETERIES, boxes containing one quire of writing paper and a pack of envelopes to match, from 15 cents to 75 cents a box. All kinds of WRITING PAPER Billet, Note, Packet, Letter, Fools Cap, Legal Cap, Account, Long Bill, &c., by the sheet, quire, or ream. FINE CALLING CARDS, white and cream, plain or gilt.

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THE COLUMBIAN

still continues to be the leading paper, with the largest circulation, constantly increasing, and the only paper of the size that puts its subscription at $1.50 a year. Compare it with others, then call and subscribe.

ELWELL & BITTENBENDER,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, to distribute the proceeds of the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Samuel Bowers among the lien creditors entitled thereto, will sit in the discharge of the duties of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday the seventh day of April, 1883 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, where and when all parties interested in said fund must appear and present their claims or be forever debarred. PAUL E. WIRT, Auditor.
mar 16

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JARED HARRISON, LATE OF FISHINGCREEK TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county to distribute balance in the hands of H. F. Chapin, one of the executors of said decedent, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, April 9th 1883, at ten o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in said fund must appear and present their claims or be forever debarred. C. W. MILLER, Auditor.
mar 16

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM IVEY, LATE OF HEMLOCK TOWNSHIP, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA., DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of William Ivey, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Ann Ivey and Edward Ivey, administrators. All persons having claims against said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay. ANN IVEY, EDWARD IVEY, Administrators.
feb 16

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANN P. EVANS, LATE OF THE BOROUGH OF BERWICK, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Ann P. Evans late of the borough of Berwick, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against said decedent, are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. C. B. Jackson, Atty. J. W. EVANS, Administrator, de bonis non.
Feb 16

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH WALTER, LATE OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Walter late of Montour township Col. Co., Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Robert Buckingham Esq. administrator. All persons having claims against the said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. ROBERT BUCKINGHAM, Administrator.
Feb. 9.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LLOYD KRESSLER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Lloyd Kressler, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. WILLIAM HOUGHTON, Administrator.
Pine Summit, mar 23-6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LOUIS SCHUYLER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Louis Schuyler, deceased, late of Madison township, Columbia county, Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Cyrus Wellver All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay. CYRUS WELLIVER, Executor.
Jerseytown, Col. Co. Pa. mar 23 6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ISAAC SNYDER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Isaac Snyder late of Mifflin town-ship, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by Register of said County to J. E., and I. E. Snyder All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay. J. E. SNYDER, I. L. SNYDER, Executors.
mar 23-4w

EXECUTOR'S SALE!

By virtue of the last will and testament of George Shuman, late of Mifflin township, deceased, the undersigned executor of said estate will expose to public sale on

TUESDAY, April 24th 1883.

At one o'clock p. m., upon the premises, a valuable

Timber Tract,

of land, containing

60 ACRES,

more or less situate in Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded north by lands of heirs of Daniel Shuman, deceased; east by lands of Harman John; South by lands of —— ——; west by lands of heirs of Samuel Shuman, deceased.

The tract is heavily timbered with good

Rock Oak and White Oak

car timber, and is located near the Bloom ferry, and line of the North & West Branch railroad, and is convenient to good market.

Parties wishing to see the property before day of sale, can call upon Harman John, who lives near the tract, and will give any desired information.

Terms easy, and will be made known on day of sale. ALLEN MANN, Executor.
3-23

BRIDGE ELECTION.

On May 7th, 1883, an election for officers of the Catawissa Bridge Company for the ensuing year, will be held at the house of Hester Kistler in Catawissa between the hours of 1 and 6 p. m., on that day. J. B. ROBINS, Secretary.
4-6-3w

FOR SALE,

A valuable business location in the village of Espy, Scott township, Columbia county, where is already located the Pennsylvania Canal Company's boat yards and docks, paying out a sum of $36,000 annually, in cash. The property is located in the centre of town—on Main street and Light-street road; with a good store house and Ware house. Just the place for doing a general mercantile trade. ROBT. S. HOWELL, Agent.
4-6 3w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CASPER RHAWN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Casper Rhawn, late of Catawissa, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Clinton Ellis. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. CLINTON ELLIS, Administrator.
apr 6-6w

FOR SALE.

One billiard and pool table, combined, for sale. Good as new, only been in use a short time. Two sets of balls go with the table. For terms, call or address G. M. BAKER, Espy, Col. Co., Pa.
mar 30-4w

APPEAL NOTICE.

Appeals will be held on the assessment of 1883, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. of each day as follows, to-wit:

April 9th—For Hemlock, Montour and Mt. Pleasant, at our office in Bloomsburg.

April 10th—For Greenwood, Madison and Pine, at the house of Humphry Parker, in Millville.

April 11th—For Orange, at the house of Samuel Hagenbuch, in Orangeville.

April 12th—For Benton, Jackson and Sugarloaf, at the house of Hiram Hess, in Benton.

April 13th—For Fishingcreek, at the store of Moses McHenry, in Stillwater.

April 14th—For Centre, at the election house in Centre.

April 16th—For Berwick and Briarcreek, at the house of J. H. Hoyt, in Berwick.

April 17th—For Mifflin, at the house of Aaron Hess, in Mifflinville.

April 18th—For Beaver and Main, at the house of J. E. Longenberger, in Mainville.

April 19th—For Locust and Roaringcreek, at the house of Daniel Knorr, in Numidia.

April 20th—For Centralia and Conyngham, at the house of D. F. Curry, in Centralia.

April 21st—For Catawissa and Franklin, at the house of J. B. Kistler, in Catawissa.

April 23rd—For Bloom and Scott, at our office in Bloomsburg.

The assessors are required to give each taxable a notice of his or her valuation 5 days before the appeal

CHARLES REICHART, B. F. EDGAR, JOSHUA FETTERMAN, } Comm'rs. of Columbia Co.

Attest, J. B. CASEY, Clerk.

Commissioner's Office, Bloomsburg, March 26, 1883.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the private alley in Greenwood township near William Beishline's, and P. E. Welliver's.

Among the records of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county it is *inter alia*, thus contained: And now, February 5th, 1883, on reading petition and motion of Geo. E. Elwell, a rule is granted to show cause why the said alley, described in the petition, shall not be closed up and vacated. And it is directed that said rule be published in one newspaper in the county for four successive weeks, and that all persons having interests or rights in said alley, who are not petitioners, shall have notice thereof in writing duly served upon them. Returnable the first Monday of May, 1883. BY THE COURT.
3 23-4w

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 980 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.
Mar 7-4w

WANTED Energetic, Reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. Salary and expenses paid. Full instructions given, so inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LECLAIRE, BRIGHTON, N. Y., (1 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.)
apr 6-4w d

OF ANOTHER AGE.

Gradually Supplanted by a Better Article, Certain old things are Done away.

"In the general reception room of the Western Union Telegraph building on Broadway, New York, are exhibited the coarse, crude and clumsy instruments of the infancy of the telegraph. They are only relics now. More perfect machinery has superseded them.

Years ago what is now styled the old-fashioned porous plaster did some good service. There was then nothing better of the kind. Now all that is changed. Science and study have gone deeper into the secrets of medicine and produced BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER, which embodies all the excellencies thus far possible in an external remedy. The old plasters were slow—the Capcine is rapid; they were uncertain—the Capcine is sure. Cheaper articles bear similar names. Be careful, therefore, that some thrifty druggist does not deceive you. In the centre of the genuine is cut the word CAPCINE. Price 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.
mar 23-4w d

WATER PROOF BUILDING MANILLA

Resembles tar paper, is used for roofs, outside walls of buildings, and under plaster. Catalogue and samples free. (Established 1866) W. H. FAY & CO. Camden, N. J.
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ENGINES, THRESHERS SAW-MILLS, Horse Powers Clover Hullers

(Suited to all sections.) Write for SHEET Illus. Pamphlet and Pillow to The Aultman & Taylor Co., Mansfield, Ohio
mar 23-4w

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. march 31-1y

C. C. GALIGNAN,

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DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.