THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. E. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1883.

FOR DIRECTORS OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

WESLEY MORRIS,
OF GREENWOOD.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
OF SCOTT.

S. Davis Page has been declared Controller of Philadelphia by the city Courts.

Marshall Jewell, who was chairman of the National republican Committee in 1880, died at his home in Hartford, Conn. on Saturday ltst, of acute pneumonia.

The Western Union Telegraph Company under the management of Jay Gould, has leased the Mutual Union Company, for a term of ninety-nine years.

Remember that a vote for any independent candidate for Poor Director is a vote against the regular nominees, and may endanger the success of the ticket. Vote for Morris and Redeker.

Governor Butler has removed Warden Earle, of the prison at Concord. This action of the governor is said by those in a position to know to be a primary move against the system of contract labor in the state prison, a plank denouncing which was adopted by the last Democratic state convention.

Joseph Cook fell between two cars on a Vermont railroad the other day, and was in imminent danger of being run over. With great presence of mind he threw one of his most ponderous opinions on Oriental theology beneath the wheels and stopped the train.

The Legislature has got down to solid work, and is putting in full time. Sessions of the House are held daily from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m., except on Fridays and Saturdays when the sessions are from 10 to 12. On Monday evening the session opens at 7½ o'clock. Afternoon sessions are held on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays from 3 to 5 o'clock.

William E. Dodge dropped dead Friday morning at his residence on Madison avenue, in New York city. He was one of the well-known firm of Phelps, Dodge & Co., was a member of Congress in 1866 and 1867, held the office of president of the New York Chamber of Commerce for some time was closely identified with philanthropic measures, particularly the cause of temperance.

It is our intention to publish the votes of our representatives in the Legislature, on all measures of importance, so that the people may know just how they are being represented. As we must depend on the reports in the daily papers for our information, we shall always willingly make any correction, if misled by them. It is our duty to condemn what we believe to be wrong, and we shall cheerfully commend whatever is deserving of praise.

The daily papers reported Mr. Bryson incorrectly in saying that he voted in committee against the bill prohibiting free passes. We are informed that he was attending another committee, and was not present when the vote was taken. Mr. Vanderslice's reason for voting against it was that the bill includes only members of the Legislature and Judges, leaving members of Congress, mayor, city councilmen etc., at liberty to ride on passes. He favors a bill that will treat everybody alike.

Tax Sales.

The state Senate last Friday passed the act to permit the purchasers of bonds at treasurers' sale for taxes to issue writs of estrepement against owners and others to prevent waste pending the right of redemption. This measure was presented by Senator Bid dis, of Pike, January 10, and covers an abuse practiced in certain counties of the state, not generally understood. The vote on final passage was 27 to 7, a few senators refraining from voting.

Treasurer's sales in counties like Clarion, Clearfield, Clinton, Crawford, Pike and others have degenerated, according to the arguments adduced favoring the measure, into mere broker's courts where the leading shark captured the prize. A gentleman acquainted with the subject says that a land shark, in the accepted term, is a man who has held a county office and in the conduct of its affairs becomes familiar with the property of the county. He purchases for the value of the land owned by people who live in other parts of the state, mostly parties who have inherited the property and know little if anything about their possessions.

The bill sets forth that the purchaser or purchasers of lands, sold by the treasurers of the several counties of the state for taxes, may at any time before the same shall have been redeemed according to law have a writ or writs of estrepement against the owner or owners of the lands or other persons who may be committing waste upon said lands until so redeemed.

Another provision is that upon petition to the court of common pleas of the proper county or a judge thereof in vacation setting forth the date of the treasurer's sale, and describing the lands as described in the treasurer's deed therefor, and the manner in which waste is being committed, together with the name or names of the person or persons committing it, which petition shall be verified by affidavit, and presentation and filing therewith such security as is now required by law in cases of writs of estrepement, the court or judge in vacation shall endorse upon the petition an order for the writ and the prothonotary shall issue the same to have the same effect as if issued in an action of ejectment; and the court or judge in vacation shall have power to hear the parties in a summary manner and dissolve the writ or make such further order as may seem just and right; provided, however, that security shall not be required from the applicant for the writ unless the court or judge ordering the same shall deem it necessary.

Now that the bill has passed it is said that a crying evil from certain counties of the state will receive a wholesome check.

Free Passes.

DISCUSSION IN THE HOUSE.

When Mr. Hasson called up bill 193 in the house last Monday evening a lengthy discussion ensued. This bill makes it a misdemeanor for state officers, judges of the courts and members of the legislature to accept a free pass or pass of any description from railroad corporations. Mr. Hasson called the bill up, the committee having negatived it, and requested it be placed on the calendar. The house decided to grant the request by a vote of 136 to 34. Mr. Hasson, in support of his motion, said that the only reason urged against reporting the bill affirmatively was that it would be an act of discourtesy to those members who had accepted free passes. This he considered a fallacy. He disclaimed any criticism or censure of any one, but he wanted to know for those who considered it an act of discourtesy how they could reconcile the matter in ignoring article 17th of the constitution. All personal thought and personal considerations must be ignored. The issuing of free passes was an odious one with the people. He hoped the members would at least allow the bill to be placed on the calendar. If it is wrong or discourteous, these demerits should be shown when it is brought before the house. He said that free passes are odious and unpopular with the phople, and had some of those who opposed this measure so told their constituents there would be vacant seats in the house as far as they are concerned.

Mr. Sharpe, of Franklin, said he would cheerfully support the resolution to place the bill on the calendar. He quoted from the act of 1874 to carry out the provisions of the constitution. It had been cunningly worded. It put a prohibition only upon such railroads as had accepted the provisions of the seventeenth article of the constitution, or that might be organized after its adoption. These railroad companies said, because they say they were not within the provisions of the constitution they had not the right to issue free passes to the executive officers and members of the legislature. He did not charge that any of these officers would be under obligations for having accepted these passes. There are people, however, who think that those who have accepted these passes might unconsciously be guilty of something which they should not do. The result of the last election was not a triumph of any political party, but it was a remonstrance against certain abuses which had permeated the body politic. He did not think public virtue or private integrity the exclusive property of any political party. Woe betide the public servant or servants who will not heed the verdict of the election last fall. This was a great question of public policy and ought not be smothered in any committee.

Mr. Sponsler, Perry, was also in favor of the resolution. He thought it should be out of the committee and that it should be discussed before the house like any other measure. It ought to have a fair hearing. It is, as has been said, a great question of public policy. He quoted from the constitution to show that it was wrong. No argument can be made to make it right if it is wrong to accept a free pass. The constitution was an experiment. It was like a harp of a thousand strings, and each string was being tuned. Here was the rumbling of an earthquake on this question. The people did not believe that the man who was created by the Lord was to be bound by the constitution, but that the great railroads, canals and other transportation companies were not to be bound.

Mr. Lowrie, of Indiana, said that if any member feels himself insulted by any provision of the constitution there must be something wrong with that gentleman.

Several other members spoke on the same subject.

The Cost of Sugar and Flour.

During the debate in the Senate last week on the tariff, the question of the reduction of the tax on sugar being under immediate consideration, Mr. FRYE of Maine introduced a curious table to show that the sugar of a family costs more than its bread. The best place in the world, he said, to find out the facts about the matter is a factory boarding house, for there the exact cost of everything in the way of expenditures is carefully kept. "Furthermore," says Mr. FRYE, with well-justified confidence, "the factory boarding house keeper does not waste any sugar."

He had sent down to Maine, and obtained the following statistics as to the cost of the sugar and the bread in eight factory boarding houses:

Boarders.		Board.	Flour.	Sugar and Molasses
S. S. Ashworth	11	$4 75	$26	$39
Susan Rice	16	4 50	26	42
John Yeaton	12	4 50	28	34
R. A. Wing	65	2 70	108	109
Cottle & Gunn	18	3 00	130	256
F. A. Conant	50	2 50	108	97
C. E. Hilton	61	2 50	192	124
L. C Dunham	110	3 00	216	254
Total	372	$3 43¾	$834	$965

It will be seen that all of these boarding house keepers except two report that their sugar and molasses cost them more than their flour. And very probably it would be found by families, if they would keep an exact account of their expenditures, that the sugar bill was at least as large as that for flour.

According to Mr. MORGAN, of Alabama, who advocated the reduction of the tariff, we raise in round numbers fifty millions of dollars from sugar duties. That is a dollar a head for the whole population, including a vast number of savages and semi-savages who get no sugar at all. That tax he thought was too much, considering that sugar has become an article of necessity. And so it does seem to be.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Some time ago a large religious meeting was held in Salem township, Luzerne county, and among the audience was William H. Cooper, who became so deeply affected that he has since gone out of his mind, and become so violent that his friends resolved to remove him to a lunatic asylum at once. On Thursday of last week he set fire to an outbuilding on his premises and at night he drove his family from the house and built a bonfire on the front door steps. The neighbors entered complaint, and he was brought to the County Jail, where he was examined by a medical commission, who decided that the man was mentally deranged and should be sent to an asylum. He was taken to the Danville Insane Asylum on Monday.

A number of the most prominent iron and steel manufacturers at Pittsburg have been interviewed in regard to the tariff, and the effect of the passage of the bill now before congress. The general opinion was unfavorable to the bill, and predictions were made that its passage would prove disastrous to the iron industries of the country.

The Tunkhannock *Democrat* urges the Democratic members of the Legislature to inaugurate real reform by abolishing the Forty-fourth judicial district, which is composed of Wyoming and Sullivan counties. The *Democrat* argues that the Forty-fourth district is the smallest in the State and is a useless expense. It suggests that Wyoming county be attached to Susquehanna county and Sullivan county to Columbia and Montour.

The business in dressed meat has grown to enormous proportions in Chicago. More than 7,000,000 hogs and 2,000,000 head of beef cattle have been slaughtered there in a year. These are conveyed to the stock yards by eighteen different railroads. The killing is now usually done by shooting the animal just back of the ear, and machinery does nearly all the work of dressing. It is only three to five minutes from the time a bullock is shot until he is quartered ready for the ice box. The furnishing of fresh beef to the Eastern market began only a few years ago, when one firm undertook to send choice cuts to several hotels near Chicago, and found that the plan worked well enough to prove the feasibility of shipments to more distant points. There were delays and losses at first, but a suitable refrigerator car was soon invented, and now there are no difficulties in the traffic. After the best parts of the carcass are shipped, the course meat is canned or made into sausage, the blood dried, and the bones ground for fertilizer, the horns sold to combmakers, and every scrap turned to account in some way. "We are selling the best loins for eleven cents a pound," says a leading slaughterer, "and, adding a cent for freightage, they cost the New York dealer twelve cents. That is for the best uality, such as he sells for about twenty cents."

DELUGE IN THE WEST.

Great damage has been done and intense suffering caused by the high water in many western cities and towns. At Cincinnati on Monday the depot of of the Cincinnati Southern railroad was undermined by the bursting of a large sewer, but so far as can be learned no lives were lost. The gas and water supplies were cut off from that city, and skiffs are as thick in the streets as drays and wagons usually are. A despatch from Lawrenceburg, Indiana, dated Feb. 13th, says: This town of 5000 people has two feet of water on its highest part and the suffering is great and the destitution utter and almost indescribable. No coal can be gotten at, and there are no stoves to burn it in. Relief is being constantly sent there from Cincinnati.

All the small villages along the Ohio are in much the same situation, but particulars are not now obtainable. There are no steamboats plying now, except some small ones to local points.

Another dispatch of the same date from New Albany, Indiana says: The river rose eighteen inches last night, and is still rising. All the houses and factories along the river front are abandoned. The water got into the glass works furnaces last night, and the fires are all out. They will lose at least $100-000. About 3000 persons are thrown out of employment. From 300 to 500 families had to move, and all available room on the high ground is filled. The railroad track between here and Jeffersonville is abandoned, the ferryboats making only occasional trips to the Kentucky side of the river.

In Newport, Kentucky, two hundred and sixty acres are covered with water, 1000 houses inundated, and 2500 families homeless. Many other towns are in the same condition. The loss of property can hardly be estimated.

State Reports.

On Monday evening Senator Green introduced a bill providing for the republication of the reports of the supreme court. The bill requires the governor to appoint, within thirty days after the passage of the act, a person of known integrity and learning, who, in conjunction with the secretary of the commonwealth and auditor general, enter into a contract with a person or persons for the reprinting of the reports, which are enumerated as follows: Dallas, 42 volumes; Addison, 1; Yeates, 4; Binney, 6; Sargeant and Rawle, 17; Rawle (new edition), 4; Watts and Sargeant, 9; Grant, 3; Barr, 10; Jones, 2; Harris, 12; Casey, 12; Wright, 14; Smith, 31; Norris, 15; Outerbridge, 1. The appointee of the governor shall give security in $5,000, and the contractor $25,000. The compensation of neither is specified. The volumes are to be sold at the contract price.

STATE NEWS.

Pittston is to be illuminated with electric light.

The total estimate of taxable property in Lancaster county is for real estate $85,739,106.

Mr. Fred Smith, of Mahanoy Plane, formerly of Catawissa, will take possession of the "Danville House" in the spring.

The Butler *Citizen* calls for the passage of the act compelling railroad companies to erect fences along the roads.

A sad case of death from exposure and starvation is reported from Kingston, a whole family—father mother and three children—being the victims.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature to provide at the public expense, evening schools for the education of children of the commonwealth who from any cause are unable to attend the day public schools.

The *Miltonian* announces that Mr. C. H. Dickerman, of the car factory of that place, has succeeded in securing one thousand cars to build—enough to keep the men at work on full time until June next.

A resident of Pittston is father to his own children and stepfather to his present wife's children. He is also father-in-law to his own brother, and brother-in-law, besides being stepfather to his brother's wife. This makes him uncle and grandfather to his brother's children.—*Pittston Gazette.*

State Senator Everhart secured an affirmative report on his bill prohibiting the issuance of free railroad passes. The vote on this bill will be watched with curious interest, as it will clearly develope what Senators are willing to cut off their perquisites.

A call signed by leading anti-monopolists in all parts of the country issued at Chicago for a delegate conference for the formation of a new party. The conference will be held on July 4th. The principles enunciated in the call are opposition to confederate monopoly, public lands for actual settlers, suppression of "corners" in the necessities of life, opposition to a protective tariff and the election of the President and Vice President and the United States senators by direct votes.

Centre Notes.

The most important occasion of the past week was the Conner wedding which we will mention first.

On Thursday morning February 8th, 1883, about fifty of the relatives and friends of prospective parties assembled at the residence of Mr. George Conner to witness the marriage of his eldest daughter Mattie, to Mr. William Kirkendall of Nescopeck. Promptly at 11 o'clock the bridal party appeared and were ushered by Messrs. Scott, Laubach and C. E. Creasy into the parlors where the ceremony was performed by Rev. C. K. Canfield of Orangeville. Miss Lizzie Conner, a sister of the bride, and Miss Lizzie Creasy of Nescopeck were bridesmaids, and the groomsmen were Messrs. W. L. White and J. A. Creasy. A sumptuous repast was served at half past twelve o'clock, after which the guests, with tincups, clothespins, bells, etc., gave the newly married pair a comical serenade. All passed off pleasantly. The guests were all acquainted and the party seemed like a family gathering, which indeed it was to a very great extent. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Conner, having returned from their wedding trip, were present to see the sister married. The bridal party of six, took the evening train at Nescopeck for Wilkesbarre. Mr. Charles Conner took them to the depot in a large sled with four-in-hand, twelve of the young people going with them. This proved a pleasant feature of the occasion for the young folks, who report a jolly time. The assisting parties returned from Wilkesbarre on Friday evening, and the bride and groom went on to Philadelphia, Trenton and New York. On their return they will take possession of the Hiram Kirkendall farm near Nescopeck.

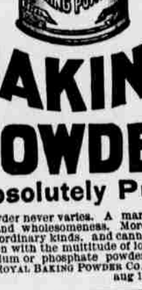
Their many friends wish them a long, pleasant and successful life.

Last Friday evening a grand time was had at Esq. Hidlay's. It appears that the fun-loving young folks had selected Mr. Hidlay's as the place for this week's sport, and at an early hour a large party had gathered and as soon as the rooms were put in order, the programme opened with a "square dance" and not until the roosters began to crow for daylight, did the music stop. While your reporter was not present, he has learned that the party was considered a grand success by all who took part.

About thirty of our people gave Mr. J. S. Hagenbuch a pleasant little surprise party on Monday evening. Although they dropped in without notice, they found Mr. H. ready to give them a social and jolly time, and make them welcome and at home in his house. They "tripped the light fantastic" till all were satisfied that the time for fun had closed when they left Mr. Hagenbuch's with their best wishes for many such pleasant occasions.

Out of justice to Mr. H. we will correct the note of last week and make it read Elisha and J. S. Hagenbuch took a sled load to Mr. Creasy's. REPORTER.

ROYAL



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ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM IVEY, LATE OF HEMLOCK TOWNSHIP, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA., DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of William Ivey, late of Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Ann Ivey and Edward Ivey, administrators. All persons having claims against said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

ANN IVEY,
EDWARD IVEY,
feb 16 Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANN P. EVANS, LATE OF THE BOROUGH OF BERWICK, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Ann P. Evans late of the borough of Berwick, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against said decedent, are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

C. B. Jackson, Att'y. J. W. EVANS, Administrator. de bonis non.
Feb 16

PENSIONS for Soldiers, Widows, Parents and Children. Any disease, wound or injury entitles. Millions appropriated and working force doubled. Prompt work and homes made happy. Fee $10. Apply now. Widows re-married, now entitled during widow-hood. Great success in increase cases. Bounty and Back Pay and Discharges procured. Deserters entitled to all dues under new laws. PATENTS for Inventors. Land Warrants procured, bought and sold. The "World & Soldier," (weekly paper) sample copy free. Send stamp for full instructions, blanks and bounty table. N. W. FITZGERALD & CO., Pension, Patent and Land Att'ys, Washington, D. C. ald feb 16-8w

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Jan 5, '83-tf.

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"There is no mistake about it," remarked Dr. M. F. Flowers, of Gallatin, Missouri. "BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are one of the neatest combinations ever produced. They have two kinds of advantages over all others, which we may call the minor and the major. First, they are clean and pleasant to use, never soiling the hands nor the linen of the wearer. Second, they act quickly and powerfully. I have tried the Capcine Plaster on myself for pneumonia, and on my patients for various diseases, such as Neuralgia, Muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Kidney trouble, etc., and in all cases relief has followed in from three to forty-eight hours."

Dr. Flower merely voices the written or oral opinion of thousands of his profession. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are the perfect external application.

CAPCINE cut in the centre. Price 25 cents.
Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.
d Jan 25 '83-4w.

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(Established in 1870.)
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Refer to Mechanics' National Bank, New York; Fifth National Bank, Chicago, and German Security Bank, Louisville, Ky.
J. S. Seymour, Member New York Stock Exchange.
J. A. Hunt, Member Chicago Board of Trade.
A. L. Seymour. r feb 9-4w

NOTICE

is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania now in session at Harrisburg for the passage of an Act of the General Assembly, the title of which is "An Act to repeal the Act of May ninth, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, entitled "An Act providing for the appointment of an inspector of steam boilers in the counties of Schuylkill, Northumberland and Columbia, by the governor of the Commonwealth.

The object of the Act to be applied for as aforesaid, as appears from its title, is the repeal of the said law of ninth of May, A. D., 1871.

C. H. TYSON, A. M. HALBERSTADT,
J. E. CHURCH, U. B. WELLS,
M. BRIGHT, GEO. T. JOHNS,
A. Fulton PATTERSON & LLEWELLYN,
Feb. 2 '83-4w.

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611 and 613 CHESTNUT STREET PHILADEL-PHIA, PA.

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Wills kept in Fire and Burglar-proof Safes without charge. Plate, securities and all other valuables securely kept at a moderate annual charge for safe return or specific indemnity.

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feb 9-4w

Silver-Plated Ware.

The great improvements during the last few years in the manufacture of silver-plated ware, have in many ways increased the desirableness of this excellent substitute for solid silver. Not only has great durability been obtained by the new methods, but pattern and finish, which formerly betrayed the difference between it and silver, now give no clue by which even an expert can distinguish.

Clumsiness of shape has given way to the lightest and most artistic forms, and the production of a meritorious pattern in the solid metal is quickly followed by its appearance in the less costly material.

Even such elaborate decorations as repoussé and hammered work—long confined to solid silver—are successfully produced in plated ware with a delicacy and beauty leaving little to be desired in respect of appearance.

It is, however, only in the higher grade of electroplated ware that these excellencies of the designer are attempted to be wrought out, such perfection of workmanship and dainty finish being impossible in the inferior varieties, in addition to the vital deficiency of these in durability.

BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE limit their assortment to the best makes, which they can fully guarantee. Particulars will be furnished promptly as to patterns, qualities and prices, on application, and any goods desired will be sent by express on approval, to anyone known to the house or furnishing reference.

Bailey, Banks & Biddle

PHILADELPHIA.

Public Sale!

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

The undersigned executor of the last will and testament of John Sands, late of Greenwood twp., Columbia County, deceased, will expose to public sale upon the premises on

Tuesday, March 6th, '83

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate situate in Greenwood township Columbia county, Pa., bounded by Green Creek, and lands of A. H. Kitchen, the heirs of John Reece deceased, Jacob Gerrard, Samuel Albertson and others, containing

78 ACRES,

and sixty-six perches, more or less, on which are erected a large story Falling Mill in good running order, a new FRAME HOUSE, barn as good as new, and all necessary out-buildings, water at the house and Green Creek runs along the edge of the farm and supplies the mill with water. A young orchard of choice fruit on the place.

TERMS OF SALE—10 per cent of ¼ of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the ¼ less the 10 per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining ¾ in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

D. K. SLOAN.
EXECUTOR.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

ESTATE OF W. J. BUCKALEW, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of W. J. Buckalew, late of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administratrix without delay.

DORA BUCKALEW,
Jan. 5 '83-6w. Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH WALTER LATE OF MONTOUR TOWNSHIP DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Walter late of Montour township Col. Co., Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Robert Buckingham Esq. administrator. All persons having claims against the said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

ROBERT BUCKINGHAM,
Feb. 9. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS J. WILLIAMS, LATE OF BOROUGH OF CENTRALIA, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Thomas J. Williams, late of Centralia Borough Columbia county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

LAFAYETTE FETTERMAN,
Centralia January 2, '83-6w. Administrator.

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the peace of Columbia county, their petitions for license, which will be presented to the said court, on Monday, the fifth day of February, 1883, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Gilmore P. M.,	Bloomsburg,	Restaurant.
Robbins Cortez B.,	do	Liquor store.
Tubbs W. H.,	do	Hotel.
Mann Jno. S.,	Centre,	do
Hagenbuch Samuel,	Orange,	do
Heckman George,	do	do

Bloomsburg, WM. KRICKBAUM,
Jan. 12, '83. Clerk Q. S.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership between C. C. Trench and James M. Shew, under the firm name of C. C. Trench & Co., in Scott township, was dissolved on the 8th day of January, A. D., 1883, by mutual consent, all debts due and owing said firm are to be paid to C. C. Trench, and the business will be continued hereafter under the firm name of Maize & Shew.

C. C. TRENCH,
Jan. 12, '83-4w*. JAMES M. SHEW.

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D.

Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.

Invalid's Home.

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

Devotes special attention to Chronic Maladies including Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, Diseases of Women, and to

Cancer,

in all its varied forms.

Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.

NEW Vegetables — GREGORY'S SEED CATALOGUE — A Specialty.

Mr. Vegetable and Flower Seed Catalogue for 1883 will be sent FREE to all who apply. Customers of last season need not write for it. All seed sent from my establishment warranted to be both fresh and true to name, so far, that should it prove otherwise, I agree to refill the order gratis. My collection of vegetable seed is one of the most extensive to be found in any American catalogue, and a large part of it is of my own growing. As the original introducer of Early Ohio and Burbank Potatoes, Marblehead Early Corn, the Hubbard Squash, Marblehead Cabbage, Pilmoy's Melon, and a score of other new Vegetables, I invite the patronage of the public. In the gardens and on the farms of those who plant my seed will be found my best advertisement. James J. H. Gregory, Marblehead, Mass.

ald feb. 9, 1m.

Special from Private Office of Mr John Wanamaker February 1883

Six Paragraphs to Out-of-town Customers.

City residents are in the store every day and know what is going on. This is to give some of the same information to those who are not in town every day.

¶¶ No. 1. Reductions are made since stock-taking, in
Linens,
Ladies' Dresses and Coats,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hosiery,
Little Boys' Clothing.

¶¶ No. 2. 56 pieces of the same Black Silks that a few weeks ago were good at $1.35, open this month at One Dollar per yard.

¶¶ No. 3. Muslins have been lowered in price—almost all the makes.

¶¶ No. 4. The Dress Goods part of our business compels, in addition to the Eleven counters, two more of 140 feet. This Spring's Stock will be the best we have ever shown.

¶¶ No 5. We are enlarging the Store by adding another on the Chestnut Street front.

¶¶ No. 6. In answer to many inquiries as to the size of the Store: Its floors and galleries now occupied cover Nine acres; the highest number of people employed is 3,292.

It is the largest Store in the United States.

We *do* send Samples and Goods by Mail.

Address,

John Wanamaker,

Philadelphia.

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

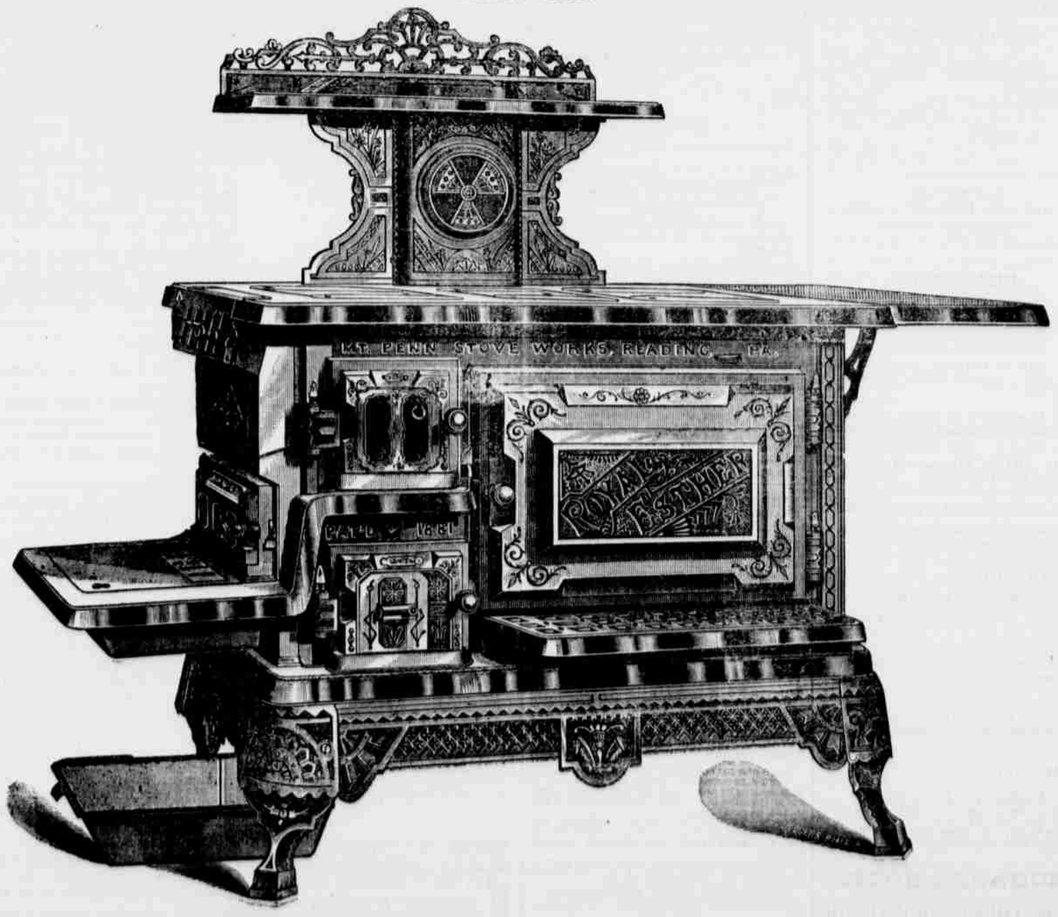
Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WE DON'T BELIEVE YOU EVER SAW A HANDSOMER RANGE THAN THE



ROYAL ESTHER,

And we are sure you never used a BETTER BAKER.

It Has La Rue Automatic Grate, Which is Warranted.

WITH OR WITHOUT WATER BACK.

Come and see it at C. C. GALIGNANS, Bloomsburg, Pa.