THE COLUMBIAN AND DEMOCRAT, BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Dittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1883.

The clerks in the Controller's office at Philadelphia on Friday last presented Mr. Pattison with a handsome gilt frame containing the portraits of the employees of the department. The recipient responded in his usual happy manner.

The following letter has been sent to the Senators and Representatives in Congress from Pennsylvania.

DEAR SIR:

The thanks of the Philadelphia Civil Service Reform Association, and of the public, are due to you for your favorable vote in Congress upon the Pendleton Bill.

While that measure can only be regarded as a beginning, because its operation is restricted to offices in the several departments at Washington, and to others employing fifty or more persons, and it therefore removes from politics only about 10,000 of the 111,000 government employees, yet the great majority by which it passed each House augurs well for the eventual attainment of the object in which the people of the country at large seem so much interested; and it is creditable to Pennsylvania that the first step towards removing patronage from politics should have commanded the affirmative vote of her Senators and Representatives in Congress, with the single exception of the gentleman from Schuylkill County, representing the Thirteenth District.

Yours. Very Respectfully

WAYNE MACVEAGH, AND OTHERS.

Governor Pattison's Inauguration.

On Tuesday last at 12 o'clock noon, Henry M. Hoyt laid down the reins of the state government, and Robert E. Pattison was sworn in as Governor of Pennsylvania for the next four years. In deference to the wishes of Mr. Pattison there was no military display, but the city was thronged with people, and a number of political organizations, bands and fire companies made an imposing procession which paraded the streets before the inaugural ceremonies at the Capitol. Soon after twelve o'clock, Governor Hoyt and staff and Governor Pattison and staff made their appearance on the portico of the legislative hall, and after prayer by Rev. Dr. Robison, the oath of office was administered by Justice Trunkey of the Supreme Court. The inaugural address was then delivered, but it was inaudible but to a few in close proximity, owing to the confusion of the dense crowd of many thousands of people.

At the conclusion of the inaugural address the senate and house proceeded to their respective chambers. The house immediately adjourned. In the senate Lieutenant Governor Stone announced that the governor had been inducted into office, and his address would be placed upon the desks of members.

Hon. Chauncey F. Black was then qualified as lieutenant governor by Judge Trunkey.

Upon taking the chair the lieutenant governor delivered the following dignified, well-timed and non-partisan address to the senate.

SENATORS: It can hardly be necessary for me to say that I assume the duties of this chair with extreme diffidence. The rules which govern your proceedings are, in great part, the garnered fruits of the long experience of our race in free parliamentary business. Their just observance is essential to the proper dispatch of your affairs, to the due order of your deliberations, and, in some instances, to the protection of the constitutional rights of the freemen of the state. But they constitute a distinct body of law, and a kind, which you of all men, best know, can be acquired only by patient application, accompanied by practical experience.

My predecessors in office were, both of them, distinguished senators before they were called to the high place which I now approach without previous training in this or any other legislative body. This circumstance will, I trust, be generously reckoned to me in partial extenuation, at least, of the sharp contrasts which must presently appear between their administrations and mine. I shall be content, however, if, while failing totally to rival their efficiency in many important duties of the office, I shall be able to command the approbation of the senate for the simple integrity of purpose which I intend shall be the sole inspiration of my conduct. In this chair I shall conscientiously endeavor to forget not merely personal attachments, but political distinctions, and remember only my duty to the state and the senate. Upon this candid declaration of the spirit which actuates me in assuming my constitutional relations with you, I do now most earnestly bespeak your patience and forbearance in the many difficult situations which doubtless await me.

Although president of the senate in virtue of the office to which I have been called by the will of the people, I am not unmindful of the restrictions upon this function of the lieutenant governor. He presides, but he has save one neither privilege nor power, unless it be comprehended by a fair interpretation of that word. He has no voice in debate and no vote, but in the rare case of a tie. In my reading of the constitution, he has no right whatever to be heard in this chamber except in necessary explanation of his rulings, and he has no more right on the occasion of his taking the oath than he has on any other to abuse your courtesy by indulgence in the discussion of topics beyond these limits. Believing that what I have already said is admissable, because it is in the nature of such an explanation, and therefore proper to this ceremony, I feel that I have no further claim to your attention.

Senators: I am ready to proceed with the business of the state.

The senate then adjourned until four o'clock.

Vanderbilt's Latest.

The Chicago *Tribune* says that Mr. Vanderbilt tired of paying the Illinois Central railroad company a heavy rental for the use of its tracks into the city by the Michigan Central, and desiring also free entrance for his new acquisition—the "Nickle Plate"—is contemplating the purchase of the Illinois Central, and, in fact, has been quietly buying its stock, evidently expecting to get the aid of the Holland stockholders of that road.

Democratic State Committee.

At the meeting of the Democratic State Committee at Harrisburg last Monday, W. U. Hensel, Esq., was re-elected chairman. The office of secretary was left open for the present.

Nominations were then made for members of the executive committee. While Secretary Sloan was having the ballots printed, the meeting proceeded to fix the time for holding the state convention. After the first ballot the first Wednesday in August next was agreed upon. After a spirited but good-natured discussion between the respective merits of Harrisburg and Allentown as the place, a resolution was passed leaving the matter of place to the executive committee. On the first ballot Hon. R. A. Packer, of Bradford; Hon. B. F. Meyers, of Dauphin, and William F. Harrity, Esq., of Philadelphia, were elected. On the second ballot Hon. Robert P. Allen, of Lycoming, and General Richard Coulter, of Westmoreland, were elected. On the third ballot W. J. Brennan, of Allegheny county, was elected, and on the fourth ballot Nicholas Isenberg, of Huntingdon, was elected.

On motion of Geo. E. Elwell, it was resolved that whenever a vacancy shall occur by resignation, removal or death in the membership of the state executive committee the vacancy shall be filled by a majority of the remaining members called together by the chairman for that purpose.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Harrity that when the committee adjourn it adjourn to meet the evening before the first Wednesday in August next.

It was also resolved that the basis of representation in the next state convention be made according to the present representative apportionment.

On motion of Mr. Charlton, of Washington, section two, of rule one, calling the state committee, was recommended to be changed by substituting the Wednesday, after the third Monday of January at 4 o'clock p. m.

On motion of Hon. H. J. McAteer, of Huntingdon, it was resolved that a majority of the members in attendance at any stated meeting of the state committee shall constitute a quorum.

Nearly all the members of the committee were present in person or by substitute and the democrats of the state were well represented.

Legislative Postage Stamps.

Mr. J. McDowell Sharpe, a member of the House, has called attention to the fact that members each receive one hundred dollars worth of postage stamps and fifty dollars extra for the purchase of stationery. It is under the act of 1870 that such an amount of postage stamps is drawn. Section nine of the act of June, 12, 1879, provides that each senator and member of the house shall be entitled to receive fifty dollars for every extra session in lieu of stationery now allowed by law, and that no stationery, printed matter used as stationery, nor any perquistes whatever shall hereafter be furnished to the members of the legislature by clerks at the expense of the state. Mr. Sharpe held that these two laws conflicted and that the latter repealed the act of 1870. The matter was referred to a committee of inquiry which has reported that the law granting members one hundred dollars in postage stamps is perfectly sound.

We endorse the view of the matter taken by the Harrisburg *Patriot* which is as follows:

There can be no doubt that this postage stamp business is an abuse. There are few if any members who send through the post office anything like a hundred dollars worth of mail matter. The banks and business men of this city know what becomes of the bulk of legislative postage stamps. It is nothing unusal for postage stamps to become plenty and cheap in Harrisburg after the adjournment of the legislature. The subject will certainly bear investigation and the point raised by Mr. Sharpe should be submitted to a committee of lawyers of the two houses. If such a committee decides that the two acts referred to do not conflict, then the first duty of the democrats should be to introduce a bill forbidding entirely the distribution of postage stamps. The state could thus be saved in the neighborhood of twenty-four thousand dollars at every session of the legislature. Here is an opportunity to cut down expenditures which should not pass unimproved.

General Palmer's Report.

The Attorney-General's report, presented to the General Assembly, gives in detail the transactions of his department during the past two years, including the names and amounts of claims placed in his hands for collection, the amounts collected and commissions received. He states that the proceedings instituted under direction of the Legislature against the bogus diploma colleges have been successfully terminated and all known institutions of that character broken up; that the charters of upward of 200 graveyard insurance companies have been forfeited by legal proceedings, and that other questions of interest and importance have been settled at the suit of the Commonwealth. His total collections during two years were $426,305; commissions, $16,384,41; excess paid into the Treasury, $2,384,41; total collections during his term, $897,010,64. He calls attention to the fact that William M. Singerly, Esq., furnished the necessary funds to prosecute the bogus colleges, and that he has not been reimbursed, no appropriation having been made by the Legislature for that purpose.

The Western Union Suit

Attorney General Palmer has announced his decision in the matter of an application for a writ of quo warranto against the Western Union Telegraph Company. In a paper addressed to Messrs. Brewster and Swayne, counsel for the company, he says: "After giving the case the consideration demanded by the magnitude the public and private interests involved (and the difficulty of the question is suggested in very able arguments of of counsel), I am of opinion that it ought to be submitted to the courts for determination, and in coming to this conclusion I have considered the justice and propriety of inaugurating the litigation, as well as the possibility of final judgment in favor of the Commonwealth. I do not see that a formal explanation of the reasons that have led to this conclusion can serve any useful purpose. I shall immediately cause a bill to be filed in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania substantially in the form of that presented to you and praying that contracts and consolidations entered into by the Western Union Company with other companies in the State of Pennsylvania in violation of the Constitutional provision and the general statutes may be declared void and that the said companies be perpetually restrained from operating under them.

Pattison's Cabinet.

THE APPOINTMENTS SENT TO THE SENATE AND CONFIRMED.

Governor Pattison, at a special session of the senate Tuesday afternoon, sent in for confirmation the appointment of Wm. S. Stenger, to be secretary of the commonwealth; Lewis C. Cassidy, to be attorney general; Pressly N. Guthrie, to be adjutant general and S. Davis Page, to be controller of the city of Philadelphia. The senate at once went into executive session and the nominations taken up in order for confirmation. There was not a single vote against Mr. Stenger or Mr. Guthrie. When the name of Senator Kennedy was called on the confirmation of Mr. Cassidy, the youthful senator took the floor and made a ten minute speech against the appointment. Mr. Kennedy's vote was the only dissenting one.

The nomination of Mr. Page was referred to the judiciary general committee on motion of Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Wallace, to ascertain whether the governor or Philadelphia councils have the power to make the appointment of controller.

Death of Dr. Mudd.

THE PHYSICIAN WHO SET BOOTH'S LEG AFTER PRESIDENT LINCOLN WAS ASSASSINATED.

Dr. Samuel A Mudd. who served a term at the Dry Tortugas for harboring and assisting John Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, to escape, died on the 10th inst., at his residence, near Bryantstown, Charles county, Md. Dr. Mudd came of an old Maryland family of prominence and influence in Southern Maryland. After the assasination Booth and Harold rode to his home and he dressed Booth's injuries. He found that Booth's right leg was fractured, the bone being broke clear through just above the ankle. The leg was much swollen, and Dr. Mudd insisted on Booth remaining at his house all day and into the next night. He gave him the necessary surgical attention, but the pursuit of the assassin being fierce at midnight Booth was guided to the Potomac, when he rowed over in a boat to the place where he met his death and where Harold was captured.

Dr. Mudd was at once arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced by the court to be confined for life at hard labor, and President Johnson ordered him and others to be sent to the Albany Penitentiary. He was subsequently sent to the Dry Tortugas, where, during a yellow fever epidemic, he rendered such valuable services that, after a few year's confinement, he was pardoned by President Johnson. About a year or two ago he brought a claim for those services before Congress but it was not allowed.

There has been organized in New York a society for the preservation of Niagara Falls, whose object will be to promote by legislative and other measures the restoration and improvement of the scenery of Niagara Falls in accordance with the plan which was approved by Gov. Robison, which passed the Assembly in 1880, but was not put through the Senate because of the opposition of Gov. Cornell.

James T. Gardner, who, in company with Frederick Law Olmstead, made an inspection and survey of the Falls at the request of Gov. Robinson, and on whose report the bill of 1880 for the preservation of the Falls was based, addressed the meeting. He said that Goat Island had thus far been preserved as a primeval forest by the owners, the Porter family. Within two years, however, a partition of the property must be made, and Goat Island must be sold. Various projects have been suggested for the future uses of the island, most of which involve the destruction of the primeval forest, which includes trees 250 years old The plan at present most likely to succeed appears to be to cut a canal through the island, and build a row of mills to use the water power. There is not a place where the Falls can now be seen from the American side without going on private property. It is proposed to have the State purchase enough land about the Falls to preserve the natural scenery, and to co-operate with Canada for that purpose. Gov. Cornell opposed the appropriation of State money for the purpose, and said he had no objection to the erection of a row of water power mills on Goat Island.

NEWS ITEMS.

A lady of San Antonia, Texas, has 40,000 silk worms at work in her yard.

There are nineteen life saving stations along the coast of North Carolina.

For dressing the hair and beautifying when gray, nothing is satisfactory Parker's Hair Balsam.

The Girard estate, college and all is now valued at about eighteen million dollars.

Jonathan Meck, merchant, residing at Tremont, Schuylkill county, has brought civil suit for libel against the *Miners' Journal* Publishing Company, claiming $5,000 damages.

Ice men on the Penobscot river say that they have harvested some 189,500 tons, and they had about 50,000 tons left over from last season.

If General Porter is a traitor, as some vicious republican newspapers wildly assert, then General Grant and several other very prominent northern military men are guilty of approving his treason.

Patterson, N. J., is supposed to possess more one-eyed men than any other city in the United States except perhaps Pittsburg. Nine-tenths of those thus afflicted are workers in iron and steel, and have been struck in the eye with the metal chippings.

The federation of all the bituminous coal miners of this country has been seriously considered. The organization would have a constituency of 170,000 men. Pennsylvania furnishes employment to 70,000 bituminous coal miners.

All the employees engaged in laying the track on the new railroad from Frazer to Phoenixville are colored men. These men are from Virginia, and they have all worked at putting down track in this state.

THE SEARCH FOR SILVER ORE.—The parties who have been prospecting for silver and other valuable minerals near the Wind Gap, on the lands of E. P. Searls, in the Blue mountains, but who for a time had suspended work will soon resume operations and push their work vigorously. They have made two tunnels, one 240 feet in length and tha other 275. In one of these a cave thirty feet long and from six to eight feet in width was struck. Traces of silver, copper and other minerals have been discovered by the explorers.

Valuation of Real Estate and Personal Property of Columbia County at triennial valuation in 1882.

DISTRICTS.	Dwgs.	Total value of all Real Estate.	Horses and Mules.	Cattle over 4 years old.	Money at interest.	Saw Mills.	Furniture above $100.	Pleasure carriages, and four wheels.	Occupation.	Aggregate value taxable for County purposes.	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.
Beaver	139	$167921	$5425	$1850	$2550	.....	.....	$425	$12097	$188818	...	...	...
Benton	191	148831	6665	2547	1700	.....	.....	160	7110	164976	...	...	...
Berwick	161	987155	5420	440	9200	.....	4700	3640	72995	874350	6	4	5
Bloomsburg	131	690115	10405	1450	19000	.....	3000	2225	85170	793365	4	12	4
Briarcreek	184	191923	781	2480	500	7000	.....	1185	11470	216669	...	...	...
Catawissa	197	183950	5950	1940	13980	.....	1000	1950	63350	356740	4	5	1
Centralia	...	144930	1660	43	.....	.....	.....	335	26 00	174944	...	...	...
Centre	147	296531	13030	2610	2400	.....	.....	2175	12170	328516	2	...	...
Conyngham	17	501685	8530	440	.....	.....	.....	100	34150	544305	...	...	...
Fishingcreek	166	196583	12790	3670	2885	.....	.....	1510	9600	224153	...	...	...
Franklin	73	100845	2935	1590	500	.....	.....	205	3018	108593	1	...	...
Greenwood	169	219014	14465	3940	5590	.....	.....	1745	12560	251754	2	...	...
Hemlock	96	191915	6245	2160	1100	.....	.....	295	7625	208950	...	...	...
Jackson	88	59079	3618	1790	.....	.....	.....	320	2170	59097	...	...	...
Locust	224	212125	8345	4740	3600	.....	.....	695	16070	239975	...	...	...
Madison	140	189959	9685	3060	.....	.....	.....	1285	5760	209634	...	...	...
Main	199	119928	6045	1950	3000	.....	50	1460	5200	137607	1	2	...
Mifflin	139	187590	8955	1970	.....	.....	.....	1370	11190	211025	3	...	...
Montour	96	168888	5790	1190	2570	.....	.....	320	7415	181590	2	1	...
Mt. Pleasant	117	108946	6446	2080	400	.....	.....	615	3720	121 97	...	...	...
Orange	103	154745	4965	1660	7491	.....	.....	570	11845	173215	...	...	...
Pine	120	76.45	4225	2163	.....	.....	.....	450	4600	87843	...	...	...
Roaringcreek	95	75210	3650	1240	50	.....	.....	690	2940	83660	...	...	...
Scott	185	204659	7110	1610	11650	.....	.....	1580	26650	281619	13	4	...
Sugarloaf	118	74800	4010	2090	.....	200	.....	.....	4220	85320	1	...	...
Total	2918	$5070939	$172958	$49073	$86026	$1200	$8750	$24510	$456782	$5784906	23	39	19

The above statement shows the amount of each kind or class of taxable property in each of the several districts of Columbia county as returned by the triennial assessors of 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners, sitting as a Board of Revision, will attend at their office, in Bloomsburg, for the purpose of finally determining whether any of the valuations of the Assessors have been below a just rate, according to the intent and meaning of the Act of July 27th, 1842, and to raise, reduce and equalize the same according to law: January, Monday the 22nd, for all districts on the south side of the river, Tuesday the 23rd, for all districts west of Big Fishingcreek and Wednesday, the 24, for balance of districts, being those through which said creek passes and those wholly on the east side; at which time and place all persons for themselves and districts, desiring to be heard, can attend. The returns will be open for inspection until said revision is completed.

JOSHUA FETTERMAN, CHARLES REICHART, B. F. EDGAR, } Commissioners.

Attest: JOHN B. CASEY, Clerk.

Commissioner's Office, Bloomsburg, January 9th, 1883.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St., N.Y. aug 11-1 y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JANE KITCHEN, DECEASED.

And now January 13, 1883, on motion of L. S. Wintersteen, L. S. Waller Esq., is appointed auditor to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on February 3rd, 1883, at 10 a. m., at which time and place all parties having claims against the said estate will appear and present the same or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

L. S. WALLER, Auditor.

jan 19-ta

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS ATEN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Thomas Aten, late of Mifflin township, Col. co., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to William H. Aten and Mary Aten. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

WILLIAM H. ATEN, MARY ATEN, Administrators.

Dec. 8-6w.*

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

From Jan. 9th, 1882, to Jan. 8th, 1883.

JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer.

DR.

To Bal as per Settlement Jan 9th '82		$ 80 00
" Cash rec'd Bloom duplicate '81	$ 949 31	
less exoneration '79 '82, Commission '81 07	100 89	848 42
" cash rec'd of Bloom dup '82		769 38
" cash of J M Rote, col of Greenwood dup '81	348 02	
less Ex 5 79 Com 34 38	40 17	307 85
" cash on dup of 182		355 75
" cash H N White col of Scott '81	596 41	
less Ex 4 04, Com 37 52	41 56	554 85
" cash on dup of '82		247 00
" cash S L Hess col of Sugarloaf '81	976 69	
less Ex 4 61 Com 31 20	94 81	181 88
" cash on dup of '82		60 00
" cash on dup '78 J K Miller dup of Greenwood		157 90
" cash on judgment Nancy Kahler		200 00
" cash rec'd Mt Pleasant twp overseer		10 50
" cash rec'd Thos McCullough		287 33
" cash rec'd of E H Little Orange twp		94 25
Total		$4178 11

CR.

By order of 1880 redeemed	140 00	
" interest paid on same	13 74	
" orders of 1881 redeemed	718 60	
" " " 1882	3212 20	
Commission	81 69	
Bank stamps and postage	2 08	
Bal. in Treasurer's hands	9 71	
Total		$4178 11
Amt. outstanding orders Jan 9 1882	858 69	
Amt. orders issued from Jan 9 1882 to Jan 8 1883, both days inclusive	3229 95	
Total		$4088 64
Amt orders redeemed to Jan 8 1883	4070 89	
Amt. orders outstanding Jan 8 1883	17 75	
Total		4088 64

STATEMENT OF TAXES UNSETTLED IN BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

DUP. 1882		AMTS PAID	
Bloom,	2091 35	762 38	1328 97
Scott,	751 89	247 00	504 89
Greenwood,	498 01	355 75	342 26
Sugarloaf,	206 99	60 00	146 99
	3548 67	1425 13	2323 94

STATEMENT OF EXPENSES OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT FOR YEAR ENDING JAN. 8 1883.

Auditing accounts Jan 82	15 00	
T. J. Morris for orders of relief	11 50	
L B Rupert postage in '81	2 27	
W Kreckbaum costs	2 80	
L B Rupert auditor's clerk Jan '82	4 00	
Smith bills for '77 to '82	55 93	
Drs Kreiss and McReynolds	90 00	
Dr J. L. Edwards attending —— Adams	81 00	
Dr Harter attending Sarah Smith	10 00	
State Hospital Mary Hughes	156 65	
" " Geo Fox	171 20	
" " L Z Kahler	426 05	
Coal for poor house	1 1 19	
Chairs do	25 00	
Iron bedsteads for poor house	47 81	
Columbian advertising account	15 00	
Columbia county Republican account	15 00	
Sentinel account	15 00	
Total		45 00
Lime for farm		27 75
Terwilliger coffin for Mrs Kempton		10 00
		10 00
Farman coffin for J. Archie		1 00
" " " Archie's child		6 00
" " " "		8 00
" " " Mr Holter		12 00
Correll " " Jos J Fry		14 00
E Jones graves for Vanhorn and child		3 00
Harris constable		10 00
Howell bal Road tax 1881		5 83
Tramps		3 94
Salary steward to Jan 1883		687 50
Wolever lumber on farm		31 81
Brower roofing bed room and kitchen		35 24
Little retaining fee		10 00
" fee on loan case		5 00
" writing agreement with Wharf		1 00
Allerson removing Chesey Parker		3 00
Wharf for heating fixtures		275 00
Terwilleger orders of relief		5 50
A Snyder repairing pump		4 00
Maize orders of relief		5 00
H R Albertson salary		75 00
R Fairman "		15 00
C Barton "		15 00
L B Rupert Sect. "		50 00
Buckalew Bros taking Dr Dickinson to poor house		4 00
Sheriff Kof expense and keeping L Z Kahler		4 50
Making duplicates		12 87
Small pox bills		10 00
Sundry bills for house for family and paupers		16 10
		863 50
		9789 60

OUTSIDE RELIEF SETTLED TO JAN 1883.

Mrs G Joan of Espy	39 16
Hannah Johnson Bloom	61 56
Hiram Long "	44 45
Ida Reckenbeck "	19 25
L J Reaser "	98 05
Sarah Pegg "	15 58
James Archie and family Bloom	29 25
L Reidle Lebanon	3 50
I Holter and family Bloom	12 00
Sarah Jones "	10 75
Abby Forman Espy	4 00
Elizabeth Wade "	2 00
Caroline Dennis Bloom	24 30
Jacb Adams Sugarloaf	1 40
Ephraim Park Bloom	2 00
Margaret Bowers "	35 00
William Lewis "	11 70
Lavina Giger "	3 18
Anna Maria Zimmerman Bloom	24 00
Jno Kramer Bloom	12 00
	506 35

We the undersigned auditors of the townships composing the Bloom Poor District, met at the Poor House, on Monday, January 8th, 1883, of said District, examined the accounts of the Treasurer and Directors from January 9th '82 to January 8th '83, and the vouchers for the same and find them correct as set forth above.

A B WHITE, THOS. WEBB, JOS. W EVES, J M LARRISH, } Auditors.

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY BELONGING TO BLOOM POOR DISTRICT JANUARY 1883.

Farm and buildings	13100 00
Judgment on Dennis' property	100 00
Bal. on Bloom dup. 1882 less com and Ex	1328 97
Bal on Greenwood dup 1882 less com and ex	342 28
Bal on Scott dup 1882 less com and ex	504 89
Bal on Sugaralaf dup 1882 less com and ex	146 99
3 horses	450 00
10 head cattle	270 00
14 shoats	42 00
112 chickens	28 00
Furniture in Steward's house	212 00
Long property	400 00
Furniture in poor house	250 00
18 acres winter grain	126 00
9 0 bushels corn ears at 37½	337 50
130 bushels wheat at 1.00	130 00
105 bushels potatoes at .50	52 50
20 bushels rye at .75	15 00
3 bushels clover seed at 6.00	18 00
2700 lbs pork and lard at .09	243 00
1 bbl vinegar	6 00
75 lbs packed butter	15 00
14 tons hay at 14 00	196 00
2250 sheaves corn fodder	87 00
30 bundles rye straw	5 00
Farm implements	600 00
300 head cabbage	12 00
2 breeding sows	20 00
9 bbl apples at 2 50	22 50
200 lbs beef	40 00
2 bushel beans at 1 50	3 00
14 shoats	42 00 1920 4

PRODUCT RAISED ON FARM.

205 bushels wheat at 1.00	205 00
26 bushels rye at .75	19 50
180 bushels potatoes at .50	90 00
350 bushels oats at .50	175 00
1185 bushels corn ears at 37½	444 37
3 bushel clover seed at 6.00	18 00
2266 lbs. pork and lard at .09	203 74
1½ bushels timothy seed	4 50
960 head cabbage at .04	36 00
2½ bushels beans at 1.50	3 75
430 lbs beef at .10	43 00
6 bbl cider at 2.00	12 00
10 bbl apples at 2.50	25 00
6 bushels turnips at .30	1 80
4 bushels beets at .50	2 00
5 bushels onions at 1.50	7 50
20 tons hay at 14.00	280 00
60 bundles rye straw at .70	12 00
2550 sheaves corn fodder	102 50
3 calves at 10.00	30 00
459 lbs butter at .25	114 75
200 dozen eggs at .20	56 00
68 chickens at .20	13 60
14 shoats	42 00 2010 21
No paupers remaining last report	8
No. admitted during the year	11
No. paupers removed	1
" " left	5
" " died	2
	—8
" " remaining Jan 8 '83	11

CALEB BARTON, REECE FAIRMAN, } Directors.

1883.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

This popular journal is a rare combination of literature art and fashion. Its stories, poems and essays are by the best writers of Europe and America; its engravings possess the highest artistic excellence; and in all matters pertaining to fashion it is universally acknowledged to be the leading authority in the land. The new volume will contain many brilliant novelties.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS

PER YEAR:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO, above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 50
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE }	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the BAZAR commence with the year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of his order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume,) for $7.00 each

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittance should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Jan. 19, '83.

THE WEEKLY STAR,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Established Thirty - Two Years.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

A DOUBLE PAPER OF FIFTY-SIX COLUMNS.

THE WEEKLY STAR is a large, independent, double or eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns. It contains reports of Congress and all the Government Departments, U. S. Courts, Washington News and Gossip, Political, Personal, Society, and Local Affairs, New York Correspondence, Stories, Sketches, Home Articles, Fashion, Religious, and Literary Notes, Telegraph News, having its own direct wire to New York, the Markets, Etc., Etc.

It is published in a spacious building of its own, and printed on the latest and fastest printing and folding machines in the world.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. TRY IT.

Address: THE WEEKLY STAR, Washington, D. C.

Jan 19 '83-1y

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

ESTATE OF W. J. BUCKALEW, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of W. J. Buckalew, late of Bloomsburg Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administratrix without delay.

DORA BUCKALEW, Administratrix.

Jan. 5 '83-6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS J. WILLIAMS, LATE OF BOROUGH OF CENTRALIA, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Thomas J. Williams, late of Centralia Borough Columbia county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

LAFAYETTE FETTERMAN, Administrator.

Centralia January 9, '83-6w.

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF THERESSA BAILOR, DECEASED, COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

To the following, heirs of Theressa Bailor deceased. Daniel Bailor, a brother, residing in Cooper township Montour county, Pa. Eli Bailor, a brother, residing in said Cooper township, Peter Bailor, a brother, residing in Mahoning township in said Montour county, Pa. Jonathan Bailor, a brother, residing in said Cooper township. Samuel Bailor, a brother, residing at Howe Post-Office, in the state of Ohio. Elizabeth Heimbach, a sister, intermarried with Peter Heimbach, residing in said Montour township, Columbia county, Pa. The following sons and daughters of David Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Albert Bailor a minor, who has William Sunday as his guardian, residing in said Mahoning township. Josiah Bailor a minor, Robert Bailor a minor and Jane Bailor a minor, who have for their guardian Jesse Armmerman, residing in said Cooper township. The following sons and daughters of John Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Daniel E Bailor, residing in said Montour township. Isaiah Bailor residing in the same place. Hannah Fry, intermarried with Daniel Fry, residing in the same place. Elizabeth Wertman intermarried with Eli Wertman, residing in Northumberland county, Pa., and Noah Bailor and John Bailor, each residing at Howe Post-Office, in the state of Ohio. The following sons and daughters of Jacob C. Bailor, a deceased brother, viz: Leander Bailor, John Bailor, Daniel T. Bailor, Rachel M. Bailor and Mary M. Bailor, all residing in Indiana, in Indiana county, Pa., and the following son and daughters of Sarah Heimbach, a deceased sister, viz: Adam Heimbach, residing at New Clarf, Wisconsin. Elizabeth Betz, intermarried with David Betz, residing at Pottsgrove, Northumberland county, Pa., and Emeline Irwine intermarried with James Irwine, residing at Milton, in said Northumberland county, and the descendants of Theressa Bailor deceased, and to all other persons interested, Greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bloomsburg on the First Monday of February next, then and there to accept, and to take the real estate of said Theressa Bailor deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest, duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff, or show cause why it shall not be sold. And hereof fail not.

U. H. ENT, Sheriff.

Jan 5

EPISCOPAL BURIAL GROUND.

TO ALL PERSONS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Quarter Session of the county of Columbia, on the 6th day of October, 1882, made a decree, declaring the said burial ground a public nuisance, and ordered the dead therein buried to be removed therefrom to Rosemont Cemetery in said town by the first day of April, 1883 by the President and Town Council of the town of Bloomsburg. And said Court did also further order and direct as follows: "In cases where the relations of any of the dead shall procure a lot in said Rosemont Cemetery, and desire that the remains of their dead shall be removed thereto, the request shall be complied with by the said authorities. In cases where no such request shall be made and the friends of persons buried therein shall not, after four weeks public notice, themselves remove their dead, the municipal authorities of the aforesaid town shall cause the dead to be removed