The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL,
J. E. BITTENDENDER, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Sept. 2, 1881.

Democratic County Ticket.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.
FRANKLIN L. SHUMAN,
of Columbia.

JAMES LAKE,
of Scott.

PROTHONOTARY,
WILLIAM KNICKBAUM,
of Bloom.

REGISTER AND RECORDER,
G. W. STEINER,
of Bloom.

COUNTY TREASURER,
A. M. JOHNSON,
of Locust.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
CHARLES REICHARD,
of Main.

B. F. EVANS,
of Fishingcreek.

AUDITORS.
C. W. HESS,
L. J. ADAMS.

THE PRESIDENT.

On Friday last the wounded President had another relapse, and sank so rapidly that, on Saturday, even the physicians despaired of saving his life. He rallied, however, and has, if not improved, at least held his own. He is now able to partake of solid food and his pulse is lower than at any time since August 8th. The swollen parotid gland has discharged large quantities of pus and is reduced in size. It was feared that the lungs had become affected, but careful tests have proved this not to be the case. The wound is slowly healing, but it is thought will do better now that the bullet has changed its position. The President is still a very sick man, but there is a ray of hope that he may recover. It is in contemplation to remove him from the White House and, when he can bear the fatigue, to his home in Mentor.

Mr. Jay Gould is of the opinion that, in event of the President's death, an Eastern man should be appointed Secretary of the Treasury. A better reason for the retention of Mr. Windom could not be given.

The *Philadelphia Press* suggests that Jerry Black be the next Democratic candidate for President. Bob Ingersoll should certainly run against him as an independent candidate.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Why independent? Let him run as the candidate of his own party of morality, of which he is so distinguished an ornament. He is now and always has been a Republican. Let the party support him.

Ex-Surgeon General Hammond is a remarkable man and is, in his own estimation, the greatest surgeon now living. He has never seen the President since he was shot, but knows more about his condition than those who see him daily. Nobody pays any particular attention to his criticisms of abler men than himself, and it is surprising that the big newspapers consent to print his utterances.

Our impecunious ex-President, Gen. Grant has scraped together a little money and bought himself a house in New York. It is a modest little brown stone edifice four stories high and cost the insignificant sum of $99,000. What are those New York bankers thinking of, that they allow the poor man to live in such a hovel? Another subscription is in order—and p. d. q. too.

The Williamsport *Gazette & Bulletin* advocates the election of a Republican for County Commissioner on the ground that he lives in the city and, therefore, would have no bill for mileage. That argument is as novel as it is weak. If the man in question were elected, ten to one his mileage account would be the biggest of all. The *Gazette* is too utterly too saving of the people's money—from party motives.

The accident record of the *Railroad Gazette* shows that there were 102 railroad accidents in the United States in July. Thirty-eight persons were killed and 122 injured. Of the 102 accidents 20 caused the death of one or more persons and 24 caused injury but not death, leaving 58, or 56.9 per cent. of the whole number, in which no injury to persons is recorded. Compared with July, 1880, there was an increase of 24 in the number of accidents, of 17 in the number of killed and of 22 in that of injured.

The country is certainly without a president except one in name, who in the language of the constitution is unable to "discharge the powers and duties of the said office," when by the same article they "shall devolve upon the vice president." Mr. Garfield is not only not in a condition to be disturbed with cares of state or even the manual exercise of signing his name, but his mind is only occasionally lucid and he is not in a condition in which any court would approve a will made by him. If the constitution means anything his powers and duties now devolve upon another.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

The Chicago newspapers last Sunday contained the following:

'Americans and friends of Ireland are hereby warned against embarking on any vessel flying the British flag after Thursday, September 1. Many may reach their destination, but none are safe. Per order of the Central Committee."

It was at first thought that this was a hoax, but O'Donovan Rossa says that it is probably the work of a Chicago dynamite club and is perfectly proper. Is it not about time that the police took the matter in hand and after ascertaining who are the members of the "Central Committee", arrest them and lodge them in jail? There is something frightful in the idea that innocent men, women and children are even threatened with such a terrible death.

The unfortunate town of Milton was visited by another fire on Sunday last. The saw mill of Murray Dougal & Co's car shops, and a large amount of lumber were consumed. The flames burnt fiercely and but for the vigorous efforts of the firemen and the steam fire engine, a large conflagration would have ensued. The asphaltum roof covering the boiler works of the car shops was on fire, but was extinguished. The planing mill of D. Clinger was in great danger, but was saved. The loss is estimated at $7,000; and the insurance, two-thirds of that sum. This fire started about eighty rods west of where the big fire of 1880 started. Its origin is unknown. A large crowd of citizens were present, and great excitement prevailed.

A correspondent of the Williamsport *Sun and Banner* writing from Wilkes-Barre at the time of the encampment, says: "The general opinion of "the boys" is that Wilkesbarre is no such a place for a good time as either Bloom or Philadelphia. Thus far the interest of the people in the military display has amounted to nothing. While at Philadelphia nearly every dress parade was witnessed by thousands, but here only a few hundred citizens have, as yet, come out. It is generally believed that the people of the coal regions have no love for the military arm of the government."

The prices charged by the post-offices for small postal orders savors more of exorbitant money-making than of accommodation to the public. The business has no risks in it to the Post-office Department, and the fees charged are positively burdensome to poor people. If the object is money making on the part of the government it is all right, but if it is for the accommodation of the public who have small bank accounts then reform is needed.—*Chicago Inter Ocean* (Rep.)

One of the results which is almost sure to follow the Republican control of the House of Representatives at Washington is an increase in the expenditures for various incidental purposes. Before the Democrats obtained control of the House $15,000 was the annual expenditure for furniture and repairs. It was reduced to one-half. The reckless extravagance of Republican Congresses received no check until a Democratic majority took the matter in hand. There are many other similar matters which received the attention of the Democratic Congress and a saving aggregating millions of dollars was effected, but the same old methods of plundering the people will be resorted to by the horde of public thieves whose operations were suspended during Democratic rule but who will again assume their old places under Republican control of the House.—*Chester County Democrat.*

MOVING OF THE BULLET.

It is reported that the indications are such as to lead to the belief, that the bullet in the President's body has moved a distance of about three inches from its original position. The movement was in a downward direction and the bullet is now believed to be in a place where it can be readily removed, if indeed it does not leave the body in a natural way. Another important fact disclosed by this new discovery is that the ball was not encysted, as from the outset has been claimed; for if it had been encysted, it could not have fallen three inches and have found its way to the position where Dr. Hamilton is now understood to claim that it is; and of it was not encysted, it has been and is a constant source of irritation. The theory, if correct, would explain the continued high pulse and temperature of the wounded man during the past sixty days. The bullet is thought to have moved since the relapse of Friday, and would seem to account for the sudden change for the better that followed the almost hopeless condition of the President on Saturday.

THE STATE FAIR.

On Monday next the state fair will begin in the exposition building at Pittsburg, and from present indications will be one of the best exhibitions ever given by the society. It will continue until the 17th inst, thus giving ample time for visitors to attend from the most distant points in the State. The exhibits will be more numerous than on any previous year. Very liberal premiums will be offered and among others, may be mentioned those for butter, which are as follows:

The first premium for best creamery butter, not less than 100 pounds in quantity, made outside of Pennsylvania, $22; second prize, $20; third prize, $15. Best creamery butter, three packages, not less than 100 pound, made in Pennsylvania, $25; second prize, same quantity, $20; third prize, $15. Best dairy butter, three packages of not less than 100 pounds, $25; second prize, $15; third prize, $10. Best dairy butter print, 10 pounds, $20; second best same, $10; third best same, $5.

Excursion tickets will be issued by the Pennsylvania R. R. Co., and there is no doubt that thousands of visitors will travel over the road.

THE YORKTOWN CENTENNIAL

The legislative committee appointed to arrange for the representation of Pennsylvania, at the Yorktown Centennial, next month, met at the Wyoming Valley Hotel, Wilkes-Barre, last Friday afternoon. There were present, Gov. Hoyt, Ex Gov. Hartranft, Adjutant General Latta, Senators George Handy Smith and A. Wilson Norris, and Representatives Voeghtly, Coolbaugh, Feurth and Woodruff. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the committee, the representation of Pennsylvania at Yorktown, contemplated by the resolution of the General Assembly, approved 24th of March, 1881, will include the heads of the Executive and Judicial Departments, and the Legislature of the State, and the officers of the established historical and representative societies, State and local and companies of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, including not less than 1 500 officers and men, and such invited guests as the Committee may deem it expedient to indicate.

Resolved, That a sub-committee of three, of which the chairman shall be one, be appointed to make all necessary arrangements for transportation, and that the expenses be kept within the limits of the appropriation made by act of June 29th, 1881.

The committee will hold an adjourned meeting at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, on September 15th.

Messrs. Smith, Norris and Feurth of the general committee were appointed the sub-committee mentioned.

THE THIRD BRIGADE.

The encampment of the Third Brigade at Wilkes-Barre, broke up on Monday and the soldiers returned to their homes. In a military sense, it was entirely successful. The companies were nearly all full and the men well drilled and soldierly in bearing. Competent judges pronounce the brigade to be superior to the First, which is composed of city troops. It is a genuine surprise to the people, as well as to military men, that country regiments are superior to the crack city organizations in the points that constitute good soldiery. The brigade review on Saturday afternoon was witnessed by an immense crowd of spectators, many of whom were ladies. After the review the troops marched to the city and were again reviewed by the Governor and staff in front of the Wyoming Valley Hotel. The heat was almost unendurable and the roads were covered with dust to the depth of three or four inches. The soldiers looked liked veterans on a long march so covered were they with dust. The hot weather was the great drawback to the enjoyment of the encampment. Excellent discipline was preserved and nothing more serious occurred in the infraction of camp rules, than running the guard at night to secure an evening's amusement in the city. Had the heat been less intense and the roads less dusty there would have been more visitors to the camp, but the soldiers escaped the troubles and annoyances they would have had to endure if storms had visited them. There can be no doubt that such training in camp duties is of much benefit to the troops and will fit them for active service should exigencies arise.

CHARLES R. BUCKALEW.

An editorial in the Philadelphia *Press* of August 29th, contains the following words of praise for our townsman, Mr. Buckalew. As the *Press* is the leading Republican paper of the State, it is fair to assume that it reflects the opinions of the best men of its party:

Charles R. Buckalew of Columbia county, who served in the Senate from 1863 to 1869 as the successor of the famous David Wilmot, is a man of different stamp. He has in him the elements of a statesman, and is one of the few men in Pennsylvania who have taken part in public life during the last fifty years who has possessed an idea. Mr. Buckalew had one—the principle of minority representation—which he developed into the theory of cumulative voting, and so enforced it in the Constitutional Convention of 1872–73, of which he was a member, that it is now a part of the organic law of the Commonwealth. The theory was applied to the election of delegates to the Convention itself, and the Convention afterward applied it to the choice of Police Magistrates in Philadelphia and to the election of the directors of railroad corporations. When Mr. Murphy says Mr. Buckalew was an indolent Senator it is evident that with all his acuteness he does not know where to draw the line between indolency and modesty. Mr. Buckalew, since his disastrous campaign for the Governorship in 1872, when he was ostensibly the reform candidate, has been neglected by his party. Nevertheless, and despite his politics, he is a man whom the people of the State, without regard to party, honor and for whom they cherish a proud feeling as one of the few modern American politicians or statesmen, whichever they may be, who has risen above the petty contentions of party, and neglecting the battle for the spoils, has developed an iden. The high estimation of his eminent abilities is shown by his recent appointment by Governor Hoyt as a member of the Tax Commission created by the Legislature at the late session.

A TERRIBLE STORM.

A terrific tornado burst upon the city of Savannah on Saturday evening. In a few minutes the city was in darkness and the parks, streets and squares were rendered impassable by falling trees and houses. Every wire leading out of the city was prostrated, fully one hundred dwelling houses, stores and warehouses lost their roofs and many had their walls blown in. One house containing six persons was blown into the river and five people were drowned. Every person living on Shad Island is reported to be drowned and there has been great loss of life among the negroes on the rice plantations and in the neighborhood of the city. The total loss of life, so far reported, is thirty-five, and there are many more wounded. The ships in the river broke loose from their moorings. Several were sunk and a large number damaged. On Tybee Island, nearly every house was blown away. One house took fire after it fell, consuming Mrs. Georgia Wolffe, her child and her little brother. Other dreadful scenes are reported at various river resorts. In Savannah the depots, wharves, elevators and large buildings suffered great damage. The Savannah *Morning News* building was unroofed and the printers set up the paper in six inches of water. The beautiful trees for which the city is noted are greatly damaged. Business is paralyzed and over $1,000,000 loss has been incurred.

A large portion of the city was under water for several hours. The Central Railroad wharves were badly damaged. The Georgia Infirmary was wrecked, and the patients barely escaped, a number being bruised by falling bricks and plaster. Numerous vessels were damaged by collision and otherwise. A house was swept down the river and three of its occupants—Mrs. Stokes and her two children were drowned. Mr. Stokes barely escaped. Engineer Richard Fitzgerald, of the steamer H. B. Plant, was drowned. The family of David Bowens, colored, comprising seven persons, were drowned. At Fort Pulaski the officers' quarters were flooded.

At Port Royal S. C. a ferry house was washed away by the high tide, and a number of persons, variously estimated at from twenty to forty, were swept away and drowned. Seven bodies were subsequently recovered. The high water was caused by the hurricane, which at an earlier hour prevailed at Savannah.

The Forests of Pennsylvania.

The maple and hemlock forests of Pennsylvania have never had the benefit of the right kind of enterprise to render them as important and productive as their real value ought to produce for them. The maple wealth of Pennsylvania is as valuable as that of her black walnut, if properly handled, because the wood is hard and can be utilized to as beautiful effects in building and furniture as that of walnut or ash. This wood grows to enormous abundance in this State, and will sooner or later become one of the most profitable sources of industry by those who know how to put it on the market.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

The Cigarette Vice Needs Attention.

That something ought to be done to diminish the consumption of cigarettes seems clear. Considerations of public health are sufficient to warrant government action. It is a notorious fact, well known to all dealers in tobacco, as well as to many medical men, that, with few exceptions, the cigarettes sold are, both in the wrapper and in the filling, made of deleterious substances. It is because they are so made that they can be sold so cheap. Thus tens of thousands who would be unable to purchase cigars use cigarettes because they cost so little. If cigarettes were made of unpoisoned paper, and the filling was of tobacco, it would be impossible to make them for the price at which they are now sold. If Congress has the right to prevent the adulteration of food and drink and of drugs, it has an equal right to check the sale of these fraudulent things called cigarettes, which are not at all what they pretend to be.—*New York Evening Mail.*

Rev. E. Bowen, a Welsh clergyman of Gibson, Pa., fell under a moving passenger train at the Delaware and Hudson and Erie railroad depot, Carbondale, on Saturday and had one leg taken off and the other badly bruised. He is in a critical condition. He was at one time pastor of a church at Wilkes-Barre and was one of the earliest settlers of Carbondale.

George B. Fill, of Solesbury, Bucks county, in putting Paris green on potatoes, absorbed some of the poison in a small cut on his hand, inflammation ensued, followed by erysipelas and gangrene, from which he died in a few days.

News Items.

Yellow fever has appeared at Key West.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound revives the drooping spirits; invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions; gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of beauty the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

No human agency can so speedily cleanse the blood, clear the complexion and skin, restore the hair and cure every species of itching, scaly and scrofulous humors of the skin, scalp and blood as the Cuticura Remedies.

Corn in Chicago has risen several cents per bushel, on account of the continued drought in Illinois and other states. The corn and potato crop will not be a half one this year.

ART AND OIL.

The Norfolk *Virginian* of January 16, 1881, refers to the remarkable cure effected by St. Jacobs Oil in the case of Prof. Cromwell,—known the country over for his magnificent Art Illustrations—who had suffered excruciating torments from rheumatism, until he tried the Oil whose effects he says were magical.

A fire at Beaver Falls, Pa., on Monday destroyed Mellon & Son's flour mill, the Pittsburg hinge works and Beaver Falls steel works. Loss $140,000.

A number of collieries in and near Shenandoah, Schuylkill county, have suspended work for want of water.

Two large fires in Chicago on Saturday destroyed property valued at $1,000,000. Fires in Montreal, Buffalo and Plano, Texas, caused losses aggregating about $200,000.

The large brewery of Henry Mueller, Philadelphia was destroyed by fire on Friday morning. Loss $150,000.

Lieut. Commander B. L. Edes and Lieut. L. G. Spalding, U. S. Navy, were killed at Newport R. I. on Monday, by the premature explosion of a torpedo.

The steamboat State of New York, plying between Hartford and New York, struck a rock on Sunday night near Goodspeed's Landing and was sunk. All the passengers escaped but their baggage was lost. The loss to vessel and freight is $40,000.

George W. Riggs, the well-known Washington banker died last week, leaving an estate valued at $4,000,000.

Heavy forests fires caused by the winter berry pickers are devastating the lumber region of Carbon county. It is estimated that $10,000 worth of logs in the White Rock ridge and Kidder township are destroyed. Hundreds of men are out fighting the fire. William Getz has already lost $3,000 worth of logs.

Barney Hopper, aged 16, whilst playing with a revolver on Saturday, shot his companion Albert Kepler, aged 10, the bullet lodged in the skull. This at Sunbury.

Raymond & Shaffer's saw mill at Dallas, Luzerne county, with 150,000 feet of lumber, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday evening. Loss $10,000.

The Democrats of Schuylkill county have nominated Hon. James B. Reilly for president judge. He has served two terms in Congress and is an excellent lawyer.

The steamer Teutonia was wrecked near Queen Point, recently, and 175 lives lost.

The drought has caused the failure of two-thirds of the tobacco crop in Lancaster County, involving a loss of over $1,000,000.

The West Chester *Jeffersonian* contains the following item, of interest to all owners of horses. We have not heard that the disease has been observed in this vicinity, but it may make its appearance later in the season.

There is an epidemic prevalent among horses the first symptoms being a tight cough, and the seat of the disease being confined to the throat and one or both lungs. Dr. Young, of Media, says that it differs somewhat from other epidemics, and if not speedily checked runs into a malignant stage of putrid sore throat or diphtheria, and results in pyæmia or blood poison, at which stage it is contagious. The Doctor thinks it was the disease that was a few months ago prevalent in the western part of the State where the mortality was great. He has had several cases recently under treatment, one of which was fatal, and hopes that to have the disease successfully treated the veterinary surgeon must be employed in its early stages, and the animal must be properly nursed. There are indications that horses during the coming autumn will be afflicted with this disease in a malignant and epidemic form.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.—Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue.
March 18 40-w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS,

J. W. RAEDER,

PRACTICAL BOOK BINDER

No 110 WEST MARKET STREET,

WILKES-BARRE, PA.

Binds all the current publications in any style you may desire. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Correspondence solicited P. O. Box 150.

P. S.—Careful attention given to all LAW PUBLICATIONS.
Sept 2, tf

Valuable Real Estate
AT
PRIVATE SALE!

The undersigned Administrator cum testamento annexo of Peter Appleman, late of Benton township, deceased, offers the following described premises at private sale. All that portion of the following described TRACT OF LAND, in Benton township, bounded as follows: On the north by lands of R. L. F. Colley, J. F. Chapin and A. Wilkinson, on the west by lands of Eli McHenry, John E. Appleman and Peter Laubach, on the south by lands of William Hulme and Margaret Dildine, and on the east by lands of Reuben H. Davis and Stott R. Colley, containing EIGHTY-EIGHT ACRES, more or less, whereon are erected a two-story FRAME HOUSE, Bank Barn, wagon house and other out-buildings. Only that portion lying on the west side of Fishingcreek will be sold.

Also, all that tract of land situate in Benton township, bounded on the west by lands of Rebecca Conner, on the north by lands of the heirs of Thomas Davis, deceased, and J. F. Chapin, on the south by lands of Ezekiel Cole, containing EIGHTEEN ACRES, more or less, unimproved land. Will be sold as a whole or in parcels to suit purchasers.

Terms made known on application to

I. K. KNICKBAUM,
Administrator, &c.,
aug. 5-tf Cambra, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOSHUA SAVAGE, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on exceptions to to the account of the Administrator of said decedent, will sit in the discharge of the duties of his appointment at the office of Knorr & Winterstein in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Friday, August 26th, inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

I. S. WINTERSTEIN,
July 29-4w Auditor.

CUTICURA Permanently Cures Humors of the Scalp and Skin.

Cuticura remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of CUTICURA, a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP, 25c. Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15c.; in bars for barbers and large consumers, 50c. Principal depot.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

All mailed free on receipt of price.

Cuticura

THE GREAT SKIN CURE,

INFALLIBLY CURES

Itching and Scaly Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Ulcers, Old Sores and Mercurial Affections when all other Human Agencies Fail.

THE CUTICURA TREATMENT, for the cure of Skin, Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the Great Skin Cures.

For Sunburn, Tan and Greasy Skin use Cuticura Soap, an exquisite toilet, bath and nursery sanative, fragrant with delicious flower odors and healing balsams.

SALT RHEUM

Will McDonald, 2542 Dearborn Street, Chicago, gratefully acknowledges a cure of Salt Rheum on head, neck, face, arms and legs, for seventeen years; not able to walk except on hands and knees for one year; not able to keep alive if for eight years; tried hundreds of remedies; doctors pronounced his case hopeless; permanently cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

PSORIASIS.

H. E. Carpenter, Esq., Henderson, N. Y., cured of Psoriasis or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by the Cuticura Resolvent internally and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The most wonderful cure on record. Cure certified to before a justice of the peace and prominent citizens. All afflicted with Itching and Scaly Diseases should send to us for this testimonial in full.

SKIN DISEASE.

F. H. Drake, Esq., Detroit, Mich., suffered beyond all description from a skin disease which appeared on his hands, head and face, and nearly destroyed his eyes. The most careful doctoring failed to help him, and after all had failed he used the Cuticura Resolvent internally, Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, and was cured, and has remained perfectly well to this day.

SCROFULA.

Hon. William Taylor, Boston, says: "After three months' use of the Cuticura Remedies, and 12 years of as constant suffering from humor of the face, neck and scalp as was ever endured, I can say that I am cured, and pronounce my case the most remarkable on record. I have been so elated with my success that I have stopped men on the street who were afflicted and told them to get the Cuticura Remedies and they would cure them.

SKIN HUMORS.

Mrs. S. E. Whipple, Decatur, Mich., writes that her face, head and some parts of her body were almost raw. Head covered with scabs and sores. Suffered fearfully and tried everything. Permanently cured by Cuticura Remedies.

CUTICURA,

Cuticura Remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of Cuticura a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes 50 cents; large boxes $1. Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Medicinal Toilet Soap, 25 cents. Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15 cents, in bars for barbers and large consumers, 50 cents. Principal depot,

WEEKS & Potter, BOSTON, MASS.

All mailed free on receipt of price.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRO PLASTERS

The COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRO PLASTER, costing 25 cents, is superior to every other electrical appliance before the public. They instantly relieve Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Malaria, Fever and Ague and Kidney and Urinary Difficulties, and may be worn over the pit of the stomach, over the kidneys or any affected part. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass. d sept 2, 1-m

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

In pursuance of and in accordance with the directions contained in the last will and testament of Joseph Pohe, late of Centre township, Columbia county, deceased, the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises in said case in Centre and Mifflin townships, on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

Sept. 22nd, 23rd and 24th, 1881,

SIX GOOD FARMS OR TRACTS OF LAND,

as follows, to-wit: The 1st, 2nd and 3rd tracts will be sold on THURSDAY, the 22nd, commencing at 10 o'clock with the 1st, at 1 o'clock with the 2nd and at 3 o'clock with the 3rd. The 1st tract is situate in Centre township, along the public road at the foot of the Lime Ridge, now occupied by John Waters, containing

145 Acres of Land,

more or less, whereon are erected two sets of Good Frame Buildings, one set the larger, especially calculated for the farm, with a large spring of never-failing cold water at the door, connected with a large spring house, out summer kitchen, a large wagon house, hog pen and corn cribs under cover, combined. The other set of buildings are better calculated for tenants, being a good large barn and a small tenant house, wagon house, blacksmith shop, cider press, hog pen, oven house at each place, well and fountain, pump at the door, and this farm with the two sets of buildings will be sold separately by a division line and survey which will be exhibited on day of sale or together, as may best suit purchaser, and the interest of the estate. There is also on this farm ten or twelve acres of the very best White Oak Timber adjoining and sloping toward the public road. The land is of the best limestone soil, and in a high state of cultivation, a Good Apple Orchard in good bearing order. There is on this farm also, about fifteen acres of Good Limestone Ridge, some uncovered and ready for working.

The second tract is situate in Centre township, near the Lime Ridge, occupied by Stephen Pohe, and containing

135 Acres of Land,

more or less, in a high state of cultivation, well timbered, and of the best limestone soil; fruit of all kinds. Excellent Spring of Cold Water connected with a large spring house. The build buildings on this farm are all new, large and commodious, consisting of a NEW BANK BARN, with a well of good water at the door, a wagon house and corn crib combined. There is also a hay shed, and a LARGE NEW HOUSE, with good well of water at the door, and a beautiful yard surrounding the house, oven house, summer house, and all out-buildings belonging to a first-class modern farm. There is a limestone quarry, two new kilns in running order and new lime house on same.

The third tract is also situate in Centre township, near Lime Ridge, and is occupied by Joseph Giger, containing

111 Acres, More or Less,

of the choicest limestone soil and bottom land whereon are erected

A Good Large Brick House,

with a good well of cold water at the door, a large and handy summer house, a spring house, oven house and a new coal house, a large Bank Barn with good straw and cattle sheds over the yard, a large hog pen with corn store-house above, a large wagon shed and corn cribs combined. An orchard is situate near the dwelling which is in good condition and covers about three acres of ground. This piece will be sold subject to a dower of five thousand dollars to Anna Miller, widow of George P. Miller, deceased. There is about ten acres of the very best Lime Stone Ridge on this farm.

The 4th and 5th tracts will be sold on Friday, the 23rd, commencing with the 4th at 10 o'clock a. m., and with the 5th at 2 o'clock p. m. The 4th is situated in Centre township, near Lime Ridge, along the river road, leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick, occupied by Philip Hess, and containing

118 Acres, More or Less,

of the best bottom land, in a very high state of cultivation, whereon are erected large and convenient farm buildings, consisting of a

LARGE FARM DWELLING,

with a good well of cold water at the door, another dwelling of smaller dimensions suitable for a tenant house, near a large and never failing spring of water connected with a good spring house. A good oven house stands near the farm dwelling; also a smoke house, a large barn, and a new wagon shed, hayshed and corn crib combined, and a good large hog pen conveniently arranged. This place is well supplied with all kinds of fruit, including an Apple Orchard, composed of choice and rare trees, in good condition and yielding largely every season.

The 5th tract is also situate in Centre township, near Lime Ridge, occupied by John Shuman, and containing

90 Acres of Land,

more or less, whereon are erected a large New Barn, new hay sheds, corn cribs, and horse stable, with water at the door, a

Good Large Farm Dwelling,

conveniently arranged with a large summer house with a good well of cold water at the door, oven house and all other necessary out-buildings. This farm is supplied with fruit and the land is bottom, in the very best state of cultivation.

The 6th and last tract will be sold on Saturday, the 24th, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and is situated in Mifflin township, near Mifflinville, occupied by William Gooding, and contains

101 Acres of Land,

more or less, in a high state of cultivation, whereon are erected a large barn with the appropriate sheds, a good wagon house and corn cribs, hog pen, chicken house, a good large FRAME DWELLING, summer house, with go d, never-failing water at the door out-buildings, &c. On this place is some very fine timber land and fruit of every description.

Possession of the above to be given to the purchaser or purchasers thereof, April 1, 1882. Deeds to be at the expense of the purchasers and will be delivered when the final purchase money shall be paid or secured by bond and mortgage. All grain in the ground and personal property on the premises reserved.

TERM OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. before taking possession on April 1st, 1882, one-half of the balance with interest on the amount remaining unpaid from April 1st, 1882, to be paid on April 1st, 1883. The balance with interest to be paid on April 1st, 1884. No timber shall be cut except for use and improvement of the farms, until at least one-half of the purchase money shall be paid or secured as aforesaid.

STEPHEN POHE,
JOHN WOLF,
August 18, 1881. Executors.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at two o'clock p. m., on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1881.

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Orange township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner of Jesse Coleman's land, thence by the same north eighteen and a half degrees east fifty-two perches and seventenths to stones, thence by lands of John Megargle and Isaac Hagenbuch south sixty-seven and a half degrees west five perches to a stone, thence by land of the estate of Conrad Adams north six and three-fourth degrees west sixty-seven perches, thence by land of the estate of Samuel Conner east five perches and two-tenths to a pine, thence by the same north eighty-three degrees east thirty-seven perches to the place of beginning, containing seventeen acres and one hundred and twenty-one perches strict measure; the above tract being improved farm land.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Martha Adams against Joseph Henrie and the Orangeville M. S. F. and L. Association terre tenant, and to be sold as the property of Joseph Henrie and the Orangeville M. S. F. and L. Association terre tenant.

SMITH, Attoyneys. Vend Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain piece of ground situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of John Aten, east by land of H. Schweppenheiser, south by lands of Thomas Aten and on the west by lands of Charles Klingerman, containing one hundred and ten acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO.

One tract of land situate in said township of Mifflin, bounded on the north and east by lands of Thomas Aten, on the south by lands of Michael Grover's heirs, on the west by lands of William Parr containing twenty four acres more or less, on which are erected a two story frame house and outbuildings.

ALSO.

One tract bounded on the north by lands of I. K. Schweppenheiser and Samuel Snyder, on the east by lands of Lawrence Waters, on the south by land of Abraham Schweppenheiser and on the west by land of John Aten, containing thirty-four acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn, and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One tract of land bounded on the north by land of Stephen Gearhart and others, on the east by other lands of I. K. Schweppenheiser, on the south by land of John Aten and on the west by land of Joseph Gearhart, containing one hundred acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One lot of ground situate in the town of Mainville Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of J. E. Longenberger and two public roads being a corner lot in said town, on which are erected a two story brick store house with the appertenances.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Beck assigned to the Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against I. K. Schweppenheiser and the Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association, and to be sold as the property of I. K. Schweppenheiser.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys. Al. Vend. Ex. Al. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of land situate partly in Franklin township, and partly in Catawissa township, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: on the north by Catawissa creek, on the east by lands late of George Scott and the Danville, Hazleton and Wilkes Barre Rail Road company and on the south by Sarah A. Murray and on the west by the Susquehanna river, containing four acres more or less on which are erected a small frame building and sheds.

ALSO,

All that certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the south west side of Main street and lot No. 2 and running thence along said street south fifty-three degrees east fifty-five feet to an alley, thence south thirty-seven degrees west one hundred and ninety-eight feet to back alley, thence along said alley north fifty-three degrees west fifty five feet to lot No. 2, aforesaid and thence along the same north thirty-seven degrees east one hundred and ninety-eight feet to the place of beginning, containing one-fourth of an acre be the same more or less on which are erected a two story brick dwelling house, a frame dwelling house, a stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of I. W. McKelvy against A. R. Graul and to be sold as the property of J. R. Graul.

MILLER, Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain three tracts pieces or parcels of land situate in Orange township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania. Tract number one bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a pine tree, thence by lands of Jacob Shellhorn deceased, south fifteen degrees east seventy six perches to a stone, thence by lands of John Remly deceased south seventy-four and one-half degrees west one hundred and three-tenth perches to a stone thence by lands of Phoebe Whitmoyer north fifteen degrees west fifty two perches to a stone thence by lands of same north sixty-one degrees east one hundred and three perches to a pine the place of beginning, containing thirty seven acres and one hundred and two perches and allowances of land with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, it being the same tract of land which Isaac Hagenbuch dated A. D. 1822 conveyed to John Stiner. Tract number two bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a stone heap corner of John Conner thence by his land north fourteen degrees west twenty-eight and seven-tenths perches to a post thence by land of Levi Aikman south forty-six degrees west seventy-six perches to a post thence by lands of George Whitmire north seventy eight degrees east sixty and two-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing five acres and ninety two perches more or less with all the appurtenances, the same being a part of a larger tract surveyed in the name of David Dumon. Tract number three bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone in the line of land of John Stiner thence by land of Frederick Bork and along a reserved road by lands of Benjamin Achenbach, Joseph Whitmoyer and Levi and J. E. Aikman north twelve and one quarter degrees west seventy eight and seven-tenth perches to a stone, thence by lands of Peter Fifer north 77 and three quarters degrees east thirty five perches to a stone thence by land of John Conner south twelve and one quarter degrees east thirty-nine and two-tenth perches to a stone thence by land of John Stiner south forty eight and three-fourth degrees west forty perches to the place of beginning containing fifteen acres and four perches of land strict measure being the same tract of land which Jacob Seigfried conveyed to John Stiner.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Orangeville Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against John Stiner and to be sold as the property of John Stiner.

MILLER, Att'y. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

A certain lot or piece of ground situate in the township of Conyngham in said county of Columbia on the westerly side of the Catawissa road (so called) leading from the borough of Ashland in Schuylkill county to the borough of Centralia Columbia county, said lot being known as lot No. sixty-three (63) upper shanties, as laid out by the Locust Mountain Coal & Iron Company, on which is erected a one and a half storied frame building fourteen (14) feet wide and sixteen (16) feet long.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of William Clever against Anthony Gerrity owner or reputed owner and contractor, and to be sold as the property of Anthony Gerrity owner or reputed owner and contractor.

SPINNEY, Att'y. Lev. Fa.
U. H. ENT,
Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SHADRECH HESS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of