BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, July 23, 1880.





Gen. W. S. HANCOCK,



Wm. H. ENGLISH OF INDIANA.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE. GEORGE A. JENKS, Jefferson county

AUDITOR GENERAL, ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

Delegate election will be held on Saturday, August 7th between the hours of three and seven o'clock in the afternoon. Some cards have been printed by mistake announcing the 14th as the day. Democrats will please take notice that the 7th is the correct

In the selection of members of the stand ing committee this year, it is specially urged upon the Democratic voters to select active and energetic men. There will be plenty of work and there must be some one to do it. In former campaigns it has too often been the case that when meetings were appointed PARTIALLY EXAMINE AND CONSIDno arrangement had been made for them, ER ALL QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO and the speakers have been obliged to find a hall and hunt up an audience after their arrival. There must be no such negligence

CONGRESSIONAL CONFEREES.

The convention of conferees for the eleventh congressional district, in 1878 ended in a solit, and resulted in the nomination of two eandidates for congress, one of whom was elected by a very small majority over our favor, there ought not to be a repetition of what occurred in 1878, and in order to and in a late interview says: prevent this there are several matters that should be looked after. One of these is, what representation should be allowed each county in the conference? The split in 1878 was caused by the refusal of Columbia, Carbon and Monroe counties to admit delegations of three members each from Luzerne and Luckawanna. Montour and Pike joined with Luzerne and Lackawanna and formed a conference of their own, and subsequently one delegate from Columbia went into that conference. Taking the past as a guide, the party should adopt such measures this year as will prevent the occurrences of 1878

Are Luzerne and Lackawanna each entitled to three conferees? Previous to the division of Luzerne that county was satisfied with a representation equal to the other counties in the district. When Lackawanna was formed the Democratic vote was no increased, but the portions of the two counties came knocking at the door of the confer ence asking to be admitted with a delegation double that of any other county having as many democratic votes as both the Luzerne and Lackawanna portions of the district. This is no bold assertion. It is based on figures and here they are. In 1878 the vote for congress stood as follows: Athelekt Klotz Brockway, Orvin

The second second		20.00		4 (1/2/2)
Columbia	1523	1083	1930	1277
Montour	784	940	433	478
Carbon	2819	2051	131	898
Monroe	655	2230	237	445
Pike	463	596	556	89
Luzerne	1924	1293	618	1297
Lackawanna	448	18	434	739
	8116	8211	4339	5193
Counting	the ve	te for	Orvis as	mostly

tak	en from the	Democrac	y, We I	MANG
In	Columbia Montour	county	4290 1851	Democra
-	Carboa	44	3080	#4
33	Monroe	147	2912	14
36	Pike	46	1241	44
46	Luzerna&	Lackawn's	4369	64

Now, while that portion of the district originally located in Luzerne has been divided by the erection of a new county, there is no reason why its representation should be doubled. The two parts together form only one section of the district and should be so represented. This was the view taken by the congressional delegation to the State convention, which adopted the following:

convention, which adopted the following:

Resolved, That we commend the adoption of the following rule as the guide for the present and future conferences of this nature, to-wit. That the territory of Luzerne county lying within the 11th district shall be allowed one representative from the 4th (Legislative) district, and the territory of Luzerne the county lying within it shall be allowed one. The said representatives to be chosen by the delegations of the counties respectively, without regard to residence in the district.

This gave the two sections three representatives in the State convention. Why ould they have more in the congres

Hancock's record proves him to be a patriot statesman, while Garfield's proves him to be on'y a bitter partisan.

General Hancock ought not to be elected, secause he is nothing but a soldier, so say organs and their party elected Grant twice, ad attempted to nominate him for a third time, because he was a soldier. It is a poor rule that works only one way.

The reunion of the Pennsylvania Reserve Jorps at Harrisburg last week, was largely attended. There was a bacquet and speech s and a general good time. Ex-Gov. Curin and General Robert Patterson were mong the prominent personages present.

General Arthur, the republican candidate or Vice President, has written a letter accepting the nomination. He does not think much of Hayes civil service reform which turned him out of office because he was unfit for the position.

In looking over the fille of this paper of al effect. 1878 we notice that Mr. J. M. C. Ranck was named at the Scranton Congressional conference as a candidate for Congress from live any way?

Mr. Garfield voted in Congress to repeal the duty on foreign coal; For which the coal miners will be duly thankful, and for which they will give their vote to General Hancock. A British Free Trade Cobden Clubist is not likely to be a pet among the coal miners. Most of them have had enough ance. of English government,

The acting President of the United State another Ohio man President. Isn't there nish a fit occupant for the White House ? Pennsylvania is, and the man she prope es make President is named Hancock.

ssumed the voluntary task of fasting forty than to attempt it. lays in New York. He is now on his fourth reek without tasting food of any kind, hough he drinks water freely. His strength sounds in weight. A committee of doctors are watching him day and night and it is pretty certain there is no sham about it. Just what he expects to prove by this experiment does not seem quite clear.

One of Mr. Hayes' Secretarys, Thompso by name, went out to Indiana and made a peech for Garfield in which he "Warned he Democrats that the army and navy would take a hand in this election and that Hayes cill be equal to any emergency." Thus the raudulent protector of thieves, forgers and

rmy to carry the elections. Democrats! Your fathers were known the "unterrified democracy" who seated Gov. Parker in spite of the army and Stephen's Wiconisco bullies. Hancock will be Memphis. Strong hopes are felt that the London. A more detailed account of the Hayes to Collector Arthur, January lected and seated.

Democrats, don't forget that James A. Garfield was a member of the Electoral Commission and voted with the eight, ch ating Mr. Tilden out of the office of President to which he had been legally elected. Of that fact no honest man now has a doubt. And don't forget also that before he sat he rook and subscribed the following oath:

"I, JAMES A. GARFIELD DO SOL-EMNLY SWEAR THAT I WILL IM-A MEMBER, AND A TRUE JUDG-MENT GIVE THEREON, AGREEABLY TO THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS; SO HELP ME GOD."

And all the world now knows how that oath was falsified. How he voted to sustain what Judge Black calls "a shameless swindie; not merely a fraud, but a fraud detected and exposed."

Hon. E. Joy Morris of Pulladelphia, the republican candidate. In a district that life long Republican, an Ex-Congressmen can give a majority of several thousand in and U. S. Minister to Turkey agrees with our friend Forney about General Hancock,

"Of General Hancock's patriotism and loyalty to the Union there can be as little question of his civic abilities and his official and private integrity. His honor is as unassailable as his valor. If he should be elected President I have no doubt he would endeavor to promote the interests of the country, to revive good feeling between the North and South, and in every contingency to uphold the dignity and rights of the republic. His statesman record would be as honorable as his military career. I am a Republican but this is no reason why I should refuse to recognize the illustrious service and

What Justice Swayne Said about the DeGolyer

the well-earned fame of a man like General Matter. Washington, July 18 .- A decision render-States Supreme court, has been called into uestion of General Garfield's position in the DeGolyer matter beyond a doubt, and exposes the weakness and absurdity of the arguments employed by his adherents in to all my convictions of duty and principle the vain hope of purifying his record upon No friend of American system of revenu the \$5,000 fee matter. The case in which and finance has ever been complimented this opinion of Justice Swayne was render- with honorary membership in the British ed was that of Chittenden against McClellan and others. It was tried in Cook county, Ill., in May, 1875, and was decided on appeal in October, 1879, in the United States Supreme Court. It may be said that Justice Swavne is a thorough republican and an Ohie man. The Supreme court opinion was delivered in the case of Burke against Child the case of Chittenden against M'Clellan being submitted on the arguments and briefs filed in the former suit. Justice Swayne

"The agreement with General Garfield, member of Congress, to pay him \$5,000 as a contingent fee for procuring a contract which the conclusions reached by the caucus. The was itself made to depend upon a future ap- republican organization should be maintainpropriation by Congress—which appropriation could only come from a committee of schich he at this juncture, when we are threatened was chairman-was a sale of official influence with disintegration in high quarters. But which no veil can cover, against the plainest principles of public policy. No counselor-at law while holding office has a right to put himself in the way of temptation, and under a pre onse of making a legal argument exert his official influence upon public officers dependent ing the vote of the 14th district from a nom-upon his future action. Certainly the courts of ince who fails to be in accord with its recustice will never lend themselves to enforce

intracts obtained by such influence .. The effect of this disclosure on the mer here who have endeavored in one form or another to palliate General Garfield's of fense cannot be over estimated. It is a shock o severe that they are as yet unable to meet

Right Rev. Bishop O'Hara, of the Scranton diocese, and Father Coffee, of St. Vin-cent's Cathedral, will leave for Rome on nor Jewell being at the head of the Repubthe 6th of next month

WASHINGTON LETTER. Washington, D. C. July 20th, 1880.

Some one has kindly sent to our corres ondent, a Maine newspaper containing an account of certain "buildozing" operations ful and turn out all the republican office the republican organs, and yet these same of a Democratic mob in Hyattsville, Mary- holders. He says: land, a village five miles from this city. If it were not that "buildozing" stories will what its effect would be. Look at the present form a great feature of the radical campaign this fall, I would not mention this one. The truth is that the story of violence is made out of whole cloth, and that Hyattsville and all its people were as calm as the day itself when the "buildozing" is reported to have taken place. Your correspondent speaks from personal knowledge, his residence being there and he being present all of the day named in the Maine paper. It will be well to take all such stories with great allowance, especially if told during a political campaign; all may not be wholly false like this one, but I doubt not, more are pure inventions

Mr. Hayes and his Secretary of the Treas-Lackawanna county. Now he is a candidate ury. They will be revived now probably, from Columbia. Where does Mr. Ranck as Mr. Hayes yesterday sent a peremptory order for the issue of a commission to the new Savannah collector, against an equally peremptory order from Secretary Sherman before going away on his pleasure trip, that trative machinery at one fell blow. it should not be issued until his return, General Arthur gets more credit on all

did, in the matter of their letters of accept-

The greatest merit of Arthur's letter is he manner in which the sham reform sysis a Ohio man. About two thirds of the tem of the administration is alluded to. Arpeople of Ohio hold office under him, and ther, whether guilty as indicted by Hayes now it is profesed by the republicans to elect and Sherman, has felt the halter draw, and does not besitate to express his opinion freeanother state in the Union competent to fur- iy. His own ideas on the subject are sound. We shall probably never know from experience whether or not, those of Haves and Schurz, would work well, for those Southern men have never put them in practice, and Dr. Tanner, a Minnesota physician, has their successors will no doubt know better

Only one member of the Cabinet is here; two are speaking for Garfield in the west, and the others are on summer excursions to emains, but he has lost eighteen or twenty various points. Mr. Hayes will go to Ohio, early in August, and thence to the Pacific

He is the only office-holder in the Union who has not been asked to contribute two per cent of their salary to the cause.

William E. Chandler who bossed the collections one year was of too tender a conscience to ask Mr. Haves to give away what ourjurers threatens the Democrats with the did not belong to him, and the example of Chandler has been followed.

The National Board of Health vesterday received despatches to the effect that no case of yellow fever had occurred this season at South-west will escape the plague this

HILTON.

Garfield's Record.

IE IS QUIVOCAL IF NOT HOSTILE-J. W. KIL LINGER'S REASONS FOR VOTING AGAINST GARFIELD-HE NEVER STANDS SQUARELY FOR PROTECTION-CANNOT BE ACCEPTA-

members of that faith refused to vote for John W. Killinger, of Lebanon. We produce his letter now for the information of exhibition was allowed, except to reporters. those who did not get to see it at the time, Iswas not known in connection with it until and that all may understand Mr. Garfield's position on the important question of protection to American industry. The following is the letter:

To the Editor of the Philadelphia Times In reply to the inquiry, I will say that in the vote for speaker, we chose the lesser of the two evils. We could not elect the speak er, and the only significance our action had was its indication or expression of confidence in the nominee on the great and vital question of protection to our industries and employment for our laborers. In my judgment all questions are subordinate to this. When, therefore, the caucus determined to compliment Mr. Garfield in this way had to choose between sanctioning by my vote such an action or to express my dissent by withholding it. Mr. Garfield's record one this question is well known to the country and some of it has come under my own observation. I could not therefore, pass it by meaning any disrespect to him I am compelled to say that his status has been equivo cal, if not actually hostile to the, opinions we hold in Pennsylvania. I have ed in 1875 by Justice Swayne, of the United never found him to stand squarely for protection. He would not be accepted by the Reprominence by the fact that it settles the publicans of my district as an exponent of

their views, and I could not compliment him with their vote for the speakership without manifest inconsistency and doing violence free trade leagues. The object of these leagues are well known to be strengthening of British influence in foreign countries. They aim to secure markets here for British manufactures, and to that end are hostile to our home industries. In common with William C. Bryant, Samuel S. Cox and D. A. Wells, notorious free traders, Mr. Garfield stands in connection with such a league. So long as he retains such connection and does not disavow its pernicious here les, I do not see how to acquit him of holding the opinions of his British co-laborers. It needed some resolutions to express our dissent from ed by the party's representatives, especially unless we can at the same time maintain the principles which gave value and vitality to the organization, party ties will weaken and our early dissolution is certain. So I chose the lesser of the two evils in withhold-

J. W. KILLINGER. WASHINGTON, October 17, 1877.

Hon. W. H. Barnum of Connecticut, bar been reelected chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and F. O. Prince, of Massachusetts, secretary. The chairman of

ple on the greatest question before the coun-

SCHURZ'S SPERCH-

Secretary Carl Schurz made a speech a Indiana, olis on the 20th. He is terribly exercised lest the democrats may be success

but I doubt not, more are pure inventions than have any foundation, and that all real scenes of violence are magnified for political effect.

Some days since, storios were affoat here that there was a growing coolness between Mr. Hayes and his Secretary of the Treas-Tee must be satisfied as rapidly as possible, for the possible of t They must be taken at vandom, for it is impossible to fill so large a number of places in so short a time as the furious demand will permit in any other way. Need I tell any sensible man what the effect upon the conduct of public business will be? It will be the disorganization of the whole administrative machiners at one fill block.

The conclusion of this is that the republican party should be kept in power because it is sides for frankness than General Garfield in power. Following his reasoning a little further the result is that there never ought to be a change of administration lest it might disarrange the civil service, and this doctrine leads to a monarchy where the voice of the people is husbed.
If Mr. Schurz is right then Garfield ought

not to make any changes in the Cabinet in the case of his election as it might result in "the disorganization of the whole administra ive machinery at one fell blow."

The Secretary lets the cat out of the bag by frankly admitting that all his party is afraid of is the loss of their grip on the offices. Their fears will be fully realized.

The mermaid which served to help Barum on to fame and fortune as a showman about forty years ago, caused a great deal of excitement at the time. Barnum now tells the story, according to a correspondent of the Indianapolis Journal, as follows: "Moses coast. It is said since he occupied the Kimball came from Boston with what he White House, Mr. Hayes has contributed declared was a genuine mermaid. The lowliberally-of Mr. Tiblen's money, of course or part was the tail of a shark or some large to the Republican campaign fund in his lish, but the upper part was not of woman's form by any manner of means. It was a some sort of ape. Pretty soon a letter was the announcement that a man had landed there from the Sandwhich Islands, bringing a genuine mermaid. It had not been seen its way to the London Zoological Gardens. 1879. This was copied all over the country. In another week a letter announced that the der the constitution, I regard it as my plain wonderful creature was given. This served 1879. to swell the cariosity. From Baltimore came still other letters; and then I sent my man to Philadelphia, carrying the mermaid in a closed box. He put up at the best hotel, and cultivated the landlord. To him, just as he was paying his bill and leaving, he confined the secret that he was the Englishman who caught the mermaid. 'Now, see here,' said the landlord, 'you must let me see it.' After much pursuasion the mermaid hunter yielded then he said. 'See here you must let me When the Republican congressional causing the new of the control of the same quality. All our work with the new of the control of the same quality. All our works are shown it to one or two reporters.' After much several branches of the custom house and the same quality. All our works are shown it to one or two reporters.' After much would be several branches of the custom house and the public in general are requested to call and expenses the same quality. All our works are the public in general are requested to call and expenses the custom house and the public in general are requested to call and expenses the custom house and the public in general are requested to call and expenses the custom house and the custom house are custom house and the custom house are custom house and the custom house ar cus in October, 1877, at the organization of importunity the weak Britisher yielded, and ne called session, nominated Jame A. Gar- a limited exhibition was permitted. The field for speaker a number of Pennsylvania Philadelphia papers blazed with it next morning. The ext day it was brought to him. Among the number were Judge Kel- New York, the same performance was gone ly, of Philadelphia; Ru ell Errett, of Pitts- through with at the Astor House, The paburg; Thomas M. Bayne, of Allegheny and pers were full of it, and the city was all agog. Thousands flocked to see it, but no

> the proper time. A correspondent asks us why we have not taken the trouble to expose the "pitiful hypocrisy and sneaking self-staltification" of Mr. Garfield's letter of acceptance, where he treats of the tariff, the finances, Chinese im-

migration and civil service reform.

we haven't taken the trouble. Secondly, our esteemed contemporaries, the Times, the Evening Post, the Graphic, the oringfield Republican, the Nation, and other influential republican newspapers, are ex posing Mr. Garfield's weakness and inconsisency with a vigor and thoroughness that would save us the trouble, even if we thought

There are at least three good reasons why

the work necessary.

In the third place it is of little consequent e what Mr. Garfield may or may not think at present about these subjects. The greater question which the people will have to conas insignificant or unimportant. Without sider is not whether they shall vote for a man who trims on civil service reform and tergiversates on the Chinese, but whether they shall vote for a man who has been conricted of bribe taking and perjury, and denounced as a bribe taker and perjurer by the almost unanimous voice of his party .-N. Y. Sun.

General Neal Dow.

HE ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION AND GIVES HIS VIEWS REGARDING PRO-

HIBITION. PORTLAND, Me., July 20.-General Neat low has written a letter accepting the nom nation for the Presidency by the National Prohibition party. After commenting at ome length on the liquor tariff and the respectability of the prohibitory movement he concludes as follows: "I consider the obects of the Prohibitionists of the country to be of supreme importance to the interests of the nation and the peopl . Aside from its bearing upon the moral and religious welfare of the people, I consider the suppression of the traffic to be an object of far greater political importance than any other new claiming the attention of the country. My life has been largely devoted to the accomplishment of that purpose. Perhaps I may live to see my dearest hopes in relation to it realized, at least in this, my own state. But nowever that may be, in the future as in the past I shall keep that object in view. While sincerely wish that the choice of a candidate of the Cleveland convention had fallen upon some other than myself, I accept the nomination willingly, being sure that it will prove to be the humble beginning of a triumphant end."

J. C. Turner, the Greenback singer, is a staunch Hancock man. He says he has been a greenbacker as a matter of principle, and is heartily sick of republican victories. He said if I vote for Weaver it will be aiding the enemies of my country to reinstate another administration of fraud to still beggar my fellow laborers in the cause of reform. I am a Hancock man because I have faith in his ability as a statesman and with the reins of government in his hands he will conduct the affairs of the nation with credit.

The head quarters of the Democratic State Committee have been established at the Girard House Philadelphia, for the present

That Sherman Letter

When the republican papers gave with great circumstantiality an account of a let Sherman by General Hancock in the spring of 1877, we hoped the letter would be made public as the contents as forcebadowed would have clearly increased his strength before the people. Now however, it is ascertained that the story is like all others against him, a pure fabrication. The New York World, publishes the following special from Jamestown, Dakota:

JAMESTOWN, Dak., July 15 .- General Sherman, who has just arrived here from Fort Totten, where he has been for some days beyond the reach of the telegraph, is in excellent health. He declines to be interviewed in regard to his correspondence at any time with General Hancock, but states emphatically that he has no recollection of ever hearing anything from General Hancock about taking orders from Mr. Tild en,or indeed, anything at all like the stories which have been printed and published about this correspondence with General Hancock. This was not needed by any one who knows Gen eral Hancock or General Sherman; but it may be of use to the gossips and romancers of the press.

How Tom Ochiltres Did His Duty.

Tom Ochiltree, of Texas, has pronounced for Hancock. "Cameron gave me a cer-tain section of the South to look out for," Tom explains, "and every-delyate i that region I brought up to Chicago for Grant. They were all for him when they got there and they remained true to him will the exception of one nigger from Alabous. He was bought up the third day after his arrival for \$1,000. As soon as I heard of the transaction I went for that nigger and managed finally to get him back into the til the call of that-thirty-sixth ballo commenced. Alabama was the first on the list and the nigger rose up and voted for Garfield, I wanted Grant, but Hancock is a good second choice and I am going to take the stump for him. I shall travel all over the country, and everywhere I speak I propose to tell how the 'spontaneous' Garfield managers bought out my Grant nigger for \$1,000." The republican party will have to look out for Tom.

We hereby inform the republican party hideous head and shoulders-apparently of that Chester A. Arthur late collector of customs, has been nominated as their canwas written from Mobile to the Herald with didate for Vice-President, and has the following testimonial of character.

"You have made the custom house a centre of partisan political management."-R. and would not be exhibited, for it was on B. Hayes to Collector Arthur, January 31

"With a deep sense of my obligations un wonder had arrived at Charleston, on its duty to suspend you, in order that the office way to New York, whence it would sail to may be honestly administered."--R, B

> "Gross abuses of administration have con tinued and increased during your incumbency."-John Sherman to Collector Arthur Jan-

uary, 31 1879. "Persons have been regularly paid by you who have rendered little or no service, that the expenses of your office have increased while its receipts have diminished, that Bribes, or gratuities in the shape of bribes have been received by your subordinates in von have in no case supported the effort to correct these abuses."—Secretary Sherman WHITE & CONNER, to Collector Arthur January, 31 1879.

MARKET REPORTS

BUILDINGS CONT.
BLOOMSBURG MARKET.
Wheat per bushel
QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.
at a sun verbanne

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

■PHILA., July 21.—There is less doing in breadstuff and wheat is lower. Seeds.—Clover is in better duman at 75 of 50 of 900 and choice. Flour an Meal.—Flour is less active but unchan red. Old wher families are higher. Sales of 1,000 is, includin Minnesota extras, at \$5.21 of 55 the latter to straight; Fennsyvania at \$50.5 the latter to at \$1.25 of 50.5 the latter \$1.2

drain—Wheat is dull and & c, lower. Sales of good bashels including rejected at \$1,000 at 1.00 at 1.00

CANDIDATES.

(The itonowing persons have been proposed for nomination by the next Bemocratic county conven-tion to be held August 18th, 1880. Candidates anounced in this list are pledged to abide by the de-

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, A. L. FRITZ. of Bloomsburg. DAVID S. BROWN,

> JOHN F. DERR Of Jackson.

ISAAC A. DEWITT, of Greenwood

JOSEPH B. KNITTLE, of Catawissa. T. JEFF. VANDERSLICE,

of Bloomsburg. FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY, ROBERT R. LITTLE, of Bloomsburg.

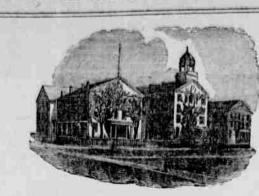
FOR STATE BENATOR, E. J. MCHENRY, of Fishingereck. Fit FE outlit to agents of a dez fast sciling are this adv, and endesing a set, stamps to pay post age and packing. This is hoses. We refer the put its to postmaster, or any business man in this place. July 9, 'so-am water from the part of the put its to postmaster, or any business man in this place. W. J. BUCKALEW.

of Bloomsburg. (Subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conf.

FOR CONGRESS. DR. O. A. MEGARGELL,

CHARLES B, BROCKWAY, of Bloomsburg. J. M. C. RANCK,

of Lightstreet. Subject to the decision of the Cong



(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND REST MEDICAL QUALI-

THEY CURE

Diseasenof the Stomach, Bowels, Blood tver, Eldneys, and Urinary Organs, Ker-

SIOCO IN COLD.

Hep Bitters Mrs. Co., Bertherter, N. Y., & Toronto, Onl.

I took your Negralgia and Sick Headsche Fills for Chronic Headache with Dyspersia, and they acted like a charm. I would not be without them for any

DR. A. E. BURR.

ount of money.

IF YOU HAVE BEADACHE.

IF YOU HAVE NEURALGIA.

IF YOU PAVE DYSPEPSIA

IF YOU HAVE CONSTIPATION.

IF YOU HAVE PARALYSIS.

IF YOU HAVE TOOTHACHE,

YOU ARE NERVOUS,

IF YOU HAVE INDIGESTION.

IF YOU HAVE NERVOUS CHILLS.

IF YOU HAVE AGUE CHILLS,

IF YOU HAVE PALPITATION OF THE HEAR

TAKE DR. A. E. BURR'S

Veuralgia & Sick Headache Pills

They will cure you. There is nothing in this world

ke them. Easy to take, they dissolve in the mouth

For Sale by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg druggist

NEW FIRM!

The well known C. B. WHITE, Proprietor of th

ORANGEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

has sold a hair interest in the same to J. W. Conne The company have repaired the works, and are pe pared to accommodate all who want anything in it line of Aricultural Implements. They have ju-completed a new left hand White plow, which it po-sible, will beat the right hand. Also surrace plow or jointers for the same. A new Thresher and their er with centre shake of riddle shoe, called the

White Thresher and Cleaner

with both lever and railway powers on a greatly improved plan. We manufacture LAND RGLLEWS with east from heads, Cora Piows, double and single Cutivators side hill Plows, Mili Castings. Turning of every description done with promptness. We keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Piow shares for our own and many other plows that are used in the country. We will not be undersold in work or material of the same quality. All our work is warranted to rice satisfaction, or the money re-

Rowell & Co's. Advc's.

MOSQUITO CATCHER 1879, Will clear

A DVERTIERS, send for our sleet list of ocal newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 16 Sprüce st. N. Y.

will pay you nearly as well. No one willing to we an full to make enormous pay by energing once. Costly outfit and terms free. A great opport ally for making money easy and honorably. Addre Taue & Co., Augusta, Maine, july 16, Sect.

PUBLIC SALE

REAL ESTATE

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7th 1880,

ten o'clock in the forenoon, all that certain lot

een perches and one-third to a post, thence by an

fley north twenty-seven and a half degrees east hree perches to a post, thence by land of Samue thone, 18s., dot No. 7joouth sixty-two and a half de-trees east thirteen perches and one-third to a post

by the road up Fishingereck, thence by said roa south 27 and a half degrees west three perche

the place of beginning, containing forty squa sorches, ONE-FOURTH OF AN ACRE OF LAND.

WANTED-WIDE AWAKE AGENTS

the all parts of the State to Sell Russel's ne-telegrant MAP OF PENSYLVANIA, Every citize should have it. Northing has succeeded like it sime star time. Useful, ornamental and cheap. A gold no opportunity for energetic calvassers, Sample 6

QUAKER CITY PUBLISHING HOUSE,

PENSIONS! Every soldier disabled in the following or lightly in order of disabled in the back to 'time or discharge or death of soldier. Claims of all description prosecuted. Copies of lost discharges obtained. Claims filed by attorneys who are since died, or from other causes have ceased to practice, finished without delay. Address with stamp, H. S. BERLIN & CO. Autorneys.

Type '8-8-hm was P. O. Box 598 Washington, D. C.

GEORGE A. BOTY, Administrator de bonis non, Town Hill, Pa.

ONLY 820

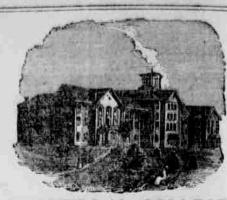
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Terms made known on day of sale

ORANGEVILLE, PA

SCHANTON, Pa., May 19th, 198

Will be paid for a case they will no help, or for anything impure or in, found in them.



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THE WYOMING SEMINARY IS A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN It offers to students the following Courses of Study: Common English, Normal Course, Literature and Science, Classical Course, lege Preparatory Course, Course in Music, and Course in Art. Students not desiring to take any one of the Courses of Study may any studies which they are prepared to enter. Prices within the reach of all. The Commercial College gives instruction in penmanship, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Commercial Arithmetic, Bosiness respondence, Telegraphy, and Book-keeping as applied to business of all kinds. Five telegraph offices, two banks, &c.

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Cannot be surpassed anywhere.

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CIGARS. PANCY ARTICLES. TOILET SOAPS,

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They are the sole Manufactures of the Celebrated

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ENGLISH

By virtue of authority contained in the last wil nd testament of Henry Kingsbury, late of Benton ownship, Columbia county, deceased, the under-igned will expose to public sale on the; premises in

at on octook in the forenoon, all that certain let or piece of land, situate, lying and being in Benton vil-lage, in the township of Benton, and county of Co-lumbia aforesaid, being iot number six (No. 6) on the plan of that part of the village which was laid out by Parvin Maaters, bounded and described as fol-lows, to-wit: Beginning at a post by the Pishing-creek road, thence by land of Alexander Colley, (lot No. 5) north sixty-two and a haif degrees west thir-less neerbeard one-blied to a rest, there were PENSIONS decement on Pensions increased the more ilberal now, thousands are entitled rates. Bounty and new discharges proce who are in doubt and o whether entitled should send two a cent stamps for our should send two a cent stamps for our stamps.

Address, with stamp, Stoddart & Co., Selicitors of Calms and Fatents. Room s, St. Cloud Building, Washington, D. C. july 9, 80-8m w&co STODDART & CO. CONSUMPTION CURED CRUDE PETROLEUM PILLS.

Gained 291bs, weight in 2 months

Dear Sir—After having been sick twelve months and tried the best physicians of the country with out doing me the least good, I tried your CRUDS PETROLKUM PHLIAS. When I commenced taking PETROLKUM PHLIAS. When I commenced taking them I coupled almost increasintly, had bemorrhage, night swears, etc. I weighed 114 lbs. After taking the pulls two months the couple and night awars, ceased and had no bemorrhage and weighed Lis pounds.

Yours, respectfully, FRED, C. DUNN, w&co

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE ESTATE OF OLIVER WATES, DECKARED.

rs of administration on the estate of Olive, late of the township of Centre, Columbia of

PIRE INSURANCE. . CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA. BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIREINSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These old computations are well sensoned by a
and first testep and have never yet had a loss se
tied by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law. Their assets are all rided by any court of law.

of its SOLIP SECRIFIES AND HONESTLY Educated and Edd of FIRE OIL? LOSSES PRONETLY AND HONESTLY EDUCATION AND A AL AGEST AND AND EXPENSIVE AND ACCOUNTS OF A The people of Columbia Gounty should patronize the agency where lesses Hany are settled and paid of the Account of the Columbia Accounty Should patronize HOMPTARSS, EQUITY PAIR DEALING Now, 16, 20

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR GLEATER - Notice is hereby given that abpleation will be made on saturator, the lath day if
August, A. D., 1880, before the Ronorable William
Rivell, President Judge of the Court of Commis

L. S. WINTERSTEEN, CHAS. WOODHOUSE, W. B. AILEN. FRANK D. DENTLER, EDWARD B. CLASK,

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM S. EVANS, PROBABILI

IN THE HETATE OF WILLIAM S. EVANS, PRICEASED TO MARY I., Miller, Sarah A., Miller, now reside Washington, D. C.; Mary I., Fronts, of White ven, Pa., 187. H. L. Frons, of Berwick, Pa., gual of Charles E. Bodson and Lydia Bodson, of children of Julia Bodson, deceased, and Julia Bodson, of Philadelphia You are hereby notified that in accordance with county and to me directed, I will hold an language with the property of the said promise and among the parties in Reswick, Pa., describe said writ to make partition of the said promise and among the parties interested, if such particular to be made without prejudice to or spoins, whole, and if such partition calmot be made without prejudice to or spoins, whole, and if such partition calmot be made without prejudice to or spoins, whole, and if such partition calmot be made without prejudice to or spoins, whole, and if such partition calmot be made without prejudice to or spoins.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7th, 1880.

ESTATE OF HANNAH LAMON, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Har amon, take of Brincrock for using, Countils sun a, deceased, have been granted by the Ber of Said county to C. B. Jackson, admir, rick, Pa. All persons having claims sgainst that the of the decedent are requested to present to restrictions and those industrial to the estate

DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

U. H. ENT.

C. B. JACKSON, Administrato

at 1 o'ctock, p. m.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.