The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Jan. 16, 1880.

TRIENNIAL ASSESSMENT.

It appears to have been the practice of the County Commissioners for some years back to give instructions to the assessors who make the triennial assessment, directing them to assess property at a certain percentage of its value, instead of its actual value. While real estate was taxable for state purposes there may have been an object in this, but now that state tax is removed from real estate there is no occasion for it. It is not in fact a compliance with the law. The act of Assembly requires the assessors to make return of "all property taxable by law, together with a *just valuation* of the same." The oath which they are required to take compels assessors to justly and honestly, to the best of their judgment, assess and value every separate lot, piece or tract of land, with the improvements thereon &c., at the rate or price which they shall, after due examination and consideration, believe the same would sell for, if sold singly and separately at a *bona fide* sale, after full public notice." The statutes on the subject contain no clause that can possibly be construed into a permission to the commissioners to fix the percentage of value to be placed on real estate, and no assessment is in compliance with the law unless it puts the *actual selling value* upon the property. It may be said that it makes no difference whether we are taxed eight mills on a thousand dollars, or four mills on two thousand dollars, the tax will be the same. This is correct mathematically speaking, but because it makes no difference is no reason why the law should not be followed. If this were a good excuse there are many laws in the books that might be avoided in the same way. But it does make a very material difference in many respects, which we shall not specify at present.

We understand that the assessors throughout the county have returned property at 50 per cent. of its actual value, under instructions from the commissioners. The matter can easily be remedied by the commissioners by simply doubling the assessed valuation, and thus make the returns according to the law. In instructing the assessors to assess property at fifty per cent. of its actual value this year, the commissioners have only followed a precedent that has existed for many years, and are not blameable, but now that their attention has been called to the matter it is a good time to start in right, and see that the laws relating to assessments are properly carried out.

LUZERNE JUDGES.

On Friday last Governor Hoyt appointed Col. Stanley Woodward additional law Judge of Luzerne county. Mr. Woodward is a Democrat and the appointment has called forth bitter denunciation of the Governor by the republicans of that county. Ex-Senator H. B. Payne was their choice, and every influence was brought to bear to secure his appointment. Col. Woodward was an outspoken supporter of Hoyt on personal grounds, and made himself so unpopular with his own party by his action, that he was defeated in the nominating convention for candidate as Judge. He has now accepted the appointment from a republican governor which lasts for a year, and it is likely that when the time comes to elect a Judge, that the Democrats of Luzerne will refuse to support him. Judge Rice who was elected for ten years as additional law judge has accepted the appointment of the Governor as President judge, and there will be two judges to be elected next fall in that county. Rice must be pretty certain of an election to give up an office which lasts ten years for an appointment of only one year.

MR. EDITOR:—The Philadelphia *Times* of Tuesday quotes you for Bayard as our next nominee for President. I firmly believe that the mass of our voters are for Gen. Hancock. As a soldier he had no superior. His statesmanship is unexcelled as was demonstrated by his administration of affairs in the South during the reconstruction era. His nomination would mean a "solid South" and an almost solid North.

C. B. B.

We have no doubt that the nomination of Gen. Hancock would be satisfactory to the voters of this county, but we are equally certain that Bayard would suit them just as well. While Bayard is our personal choice we are in favor of anybody to beat Grant.

Mr. Parke Godwin, in the Philadelphia *Press*, says: "I am out of politics and have been some time. There is no discussing Grant's character as a soldier or as a man at this time. It is not in dispute. But his character as a statesman is seriously in dispute, and will be more so should he consent to be a candidate for re-election to the Presidency. I am opposed to him as a candidate and shall be. My opposition arises from the love of my country. *Grant made a bad President during his first term. He made a worse one during his second term. There is no reason why he would not prove still worse, if that were possible, should he get to be President a third time.* Grant was never chosen by the nominating conventions because he was universally qualified for the office; not at all. He was not chosen because he had proven himself to be a great soldier even; not at all. The machine nominated him because he was regarded as "available."

A committee consisting of Senators Voorhees, Vance, Pendleton, Windom and Blair was appointed by the Senate last week to investigate the causes of the exodus of colored people from Southern to Northern States.

Frank Leslie, the great publisher of New York is dead. He died last Saturday evening after a brief illness. His real name was Henry Carter. His best known publication was the "Illustrated Weekly."

The Schuylkill county republicans have endorsed J. A. M. Passmore as candidate for Auditor General, and instructed their delegates in the State Convention to demand his nomination.

It is rumored that Hon. R. A. Lamberton of Harrisburg has been tendered the presidency of Lehigh University in place of Rev. Dr. Leavitt, resigned.

Maine is well supplied with Legislatures just now. On Monday night the republicans met and organized a little one of their own.

THE MAINE MUSS.

REPUBLICANS ATTEMPT TO CONTROL THE LEGISLATURE BY BRIBERY.

Governor Garcelon's term expired last week Wednesday at mid-night. No one had been selected to fill his place, on account of the condition of affairs in the Legislature, and General Chamberlain therefore issued an order stating that he would assume control of the state until a Governor could be elected. The police force at the State House was changed. At the session of the Legislature on the 9th, Thomas B. Swan, of Minot, rose and read a statement that $1,000 had been paid him not to appear at the organization of the Legislature. He stated that the money had been paid him by Wallace R. White, of Winthrop, and that he (Swan) should not claim it. Mr. Harriman, of Kennebunk, testified that the same offer had been made him by Mr. White. He displayed the roll of bills he had received. The following is Swan's statement:

The press of the Republican party makes charges against me, reflecting upon my honor and integrity in relation to matters connected with my position as a member of this House. I refer to the attempt to bribe me by an agent of the Republican party. I will briefly state the main facts connected with this affair. I came from my house to this city on Saturday, January 3. On the Monday following rumors were afloat that men had been offered money to absent themselves from the House of Representatives, so that no quorum would be present on the first Wednesday of January. Late in the evening of January 5 a reliable person, who is now a member of this House, informed me that Wallace R. White, of Winthrop, had called upon him and offered him $1,000 in cash to deliver up his certificate and resign as a member of the House, which he had refused to accept, and that said White informed him that he wanted three more men to resign, and requested him to see me.

Upon this information I went at once to Augusta House and found Hon. E. H. Gove, Secretary of State, and told him what I knew about the matter. Mr. Gove and myself then went out and found Hon. Solon Chase. In their presence I hastily drew and signed an affidavit embodying my statement of the bribery. [His affidavit was sent on Tuesday night.] I then went and requested the gentleman who had been offered the $1,000 to see Mr. White in the morning and informed him that I would resign for $1,000. He saw Mr. White the next morning. Mr. White sent back a request for me to meet him at the Court House at 10:30 a. m. I went there at about that time and met White, who took me up stairs into a corner room. He then showed me a statement, as follows:

AUGUSTA, Jan. 6, 1880.

To the Chairman of the Democratic and Greenback Committee.

After mature deliberation I have concluded that it is my duty as a citizen to obey the laws as they are construed and decided by the Supreme Judicial Court. I cannot therefore lend my aid to keeping out of their seats the Republican Representatives-elect whom the Supreme Court has declared entitled thereto. I therefore give public notice that I will not participate in the organization of the House, being fairly and fully determined to obey the mandate of the Court. To resist that mandate is revolution, destructive both to my party and the great interests, of the State.

THOMAS B. SWAN.

He informed me that I should have to write a statement like it and sign the same; also, sign a resignation and deliver up my certificate to him. He said they should not want to use the resignation, but wanted it to show that I acted in good faith, and that after the House was organized I could take my seat and the Republicans would put me upon important committees. I informed him that I would sign the papers and he said that he had to go and get the money, as he did not bring it. He left the room and returned in about twenty minutes and said it was all right. He then read to me and I copied in my own hand letters to the chairman of the Democratic and Greenback committees. He also read a resignation, which I copied. I then put said papers, without my signature, into my pocket. We then counted the money and found it correct. I then signed the papers and took the money. He said he wanted some more men and wanted to know of any he could get. I told him I thought he could get Harriman, of Kennebunk.

He told me to see him and come with him at half-past one o'clock. I then left and called into the Augusta House to see if I could find Harriman, but did not find him. I went directly to the State House and found E. H. Gove and made the following statement:

"I, Thomas B. Swan, in the presence of Hon. Solon Chase and Hon. E. H. Gove, make the following statement: I have this day been approached by an agent of the Republican party to resign as a Representative, for money. I am going to take the money to morrow and thus show to the people the fraud and corruption of the Republican party. I expect to have another party also take money for the same purpose.

"THOMAS B. SWAN."

I went to the House and found Harriman. I told him what had taken place and he agreed to go with me at 1:30 and take the money and expose the fraud. I went to my dinner and then returned to the Augusta House, where I again found Harriman, and not far from two o'clock we went toward the Court House. Before we reached it I showed him White standing upon the platform. White went into the building and so did Harriam. As I passed by the Court House White stuck his head out of the window of the same corner room and motioned to me. I answered the motion with a nod of my head. I then went to the Granite National Bank, taking the money which White had paid me, and bought a draft on Boston. I do not claim this money and it is subject to the order of the person who furnished it.

At one time the Republicans had the advantage, the Supreme Court having decided in their favor, but in attempting to control the legislature by means of their favorite methods, fraud and bribery, they have forfeited all sympathy, and have acknowledged the correctness of the action of Governor Garcelon and the council in making up the returns. The Fusionists may have been wrong in the first place, but the action of the Republican leaders has put them right.

Peter Herdic Found Guilty.

Last Saturday morning at Williamsport the jury in the case against Peter Herdic and Horace E. Taylor brought in a verdict of guilty. The charge was conspiracy to defraud creditors in connection with the operations of the banking house of H. E. Taylor & Co., which suspended a couple of years ago. Motion was made for a new trial, bail given and the hearing on the motion put down for March. Judge Mayor, of Clinton county, presided at the trial, which continued several days and attracted a great deal of attention.

Mark Acheson has been appointed Judge of the United States District Court by Hayes to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Ketcham.

PARNELL AND DILLON.

Philadelphia gave a reception to Parnell and Dillon, the Irish Patriots, last Saturday, at the Academy of Music.

Mr. Parnell, on being introduced, said he was indebted for the kind and spontaneous reception accorded him in behalf of his country, the land of suffering and sorrow. One of the principal objects of his visit, he said, was to shame the British government into doing its duty, and to expose the system maintained by that government in Ireland. After referring to the widespread famine over six of the largest counties in Ireland and the distress consequent thereupon, Mr Parnell said that while the aid offered was timely and very acceptable, it would not be entirely adequate. In his speech in New York he had shown this, and he had shown also that it was the British government only that could cope with the trouble. It was now proposed by the British government to appropriate a quarter of a million pounds sterling for relief, showing that it was being shamed into doing what it had refused to do up to yesterday, even to admitting that there was any distress. It was not until public opinion was directed to the subject in this country that the British government felt constrained to take some note of the matter. The step proposed to be taken, although indicating a great change, must be to a very great extent inadequate. Parliament meets on the 5th of February, and the appropriation cannot pass through both houses in less than a week. There will be a long discussion, and finally the consent of the Queen must be obtained. Therefore fully a month will consequently elapse before the cumbersome machinery can be put in motion. Mr. Parnell mentioned this in order that the American people might not slacken their efforts in alleviating the condition of the distressed. Mr. Parnell then went into a history of the Irish land system, or land tenure, which he said has been so badly worked. He referred to its abolition in France and Prussia, and said that in Ireland its evils were one hundred fold intensified. What was wanted in Ireland, he said, was to give the people a chance to own the land they till. The struggle was between the landlord and the tenant as to who shall go. There was one trouble about sending away the landlords, nobody will have them. They value themselves at such a high price it will take $250,000,000 to buy them out. As to this, the speaker said, we will see after a while how that will be. We propose to change the system. (A cry from the audience, "By revolution!") Continuing, Mr. Parnell said he was surprised to find one or two of the New York papers expressing the opinion that the question was not one for the American people to consider. He had some American blood in his veins, and he was to learn that the American people were afraid to discuss any question of interest to them or in advocacy of any distressed country. He had every reason to believe that the preponderance of public opinion in this country was on his side. After referring to Ireland's representation to the House of Commons, Mr. Parnell concluded amid great applause.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington D. C. Jan 13 th 1880.

The Democrats last year removed the duty from quinine, and the price is now only a little more than one half what it was before. Yesterday a hundred Democrats and a few Republicans voted to remove the duty from salt and so reduce its price, but a hundred Republicans and a very few democrats voted against the change.

There are to-day two Legislatures in Maine—that is, one that met with a quorum in both Houses of members who had certificate of election from the Governor, and one composed of less than a quorum of such men, and a sprinkling of men who have read in the newspapers that they were elected.

The latter body, which organized last night—in the dark—will ask the Supreme Court to pass upon the question of its legality. That is it will ask for the opinion of the members of the Court, for no proper case can be brought before Court under the present circumstances. An opinion given by individual judges on a statement of facts made by a radical crowd claiming to be a Legislature but having no official proof of so being, will command neither obedience nor respect from the people of Maine or of the country.

Such an opinion may possibly be enforced by the military for a time, and the military is under command of a Republican—but it will not be permanently recognized. It is not, however, to be assumed that the judges though all but one of them are Republicans, will hold that the citizens who last night resolved themselves into a Legislature are really a Legislature.

Yesterday there was a conference of Democratic members of the House and Senate Appropriation Committees on the subject of expediting action on the appropriation bills, and to consider the course to be taken on several of them which were the subject of party discussion during the last two sessions. No definite conclusion was reached, but the prevailing wish seemed to be that, so far as disputed questions so far as marshals were concerned, the bills should read as before, viz that none of the money appropriated should be used for the payment of marshals for the performance of duties at elections. The first of June was named as a time at which adjournment might properly take place. All the unreported appropriation bills were said to be in good state of forwardness.

Yesterday a resolution was adopted in the House looking to an investigation of the manner of allowing and paying pensions. A special committee will be appointed today for the purpose. The thirty odd millions paid annually as pension money, and a certainty that the amount will be increased hereafter, makes inquiry eminently proper.

Fernando Woods long announced refunding bill was introduced yesterday. It provides, as is known, for a 3½ per cent. bond for the redemption of five and six per cent. bonds soon redeemable. It is believed that the bill will meet with general approbation.

HILTON.

The Philadelphia *Times* of Tuesday published a list of returns from democratic papers through the State, giving the sentiments on the Presidency, with the following result:

For Thomas F. Bayard	13
For Samuel J. Tilden	15
For Winfield S. Hancock	11
For Horatio Seymour	9
For the Field	4
For the Nominee	5
For Anybody	11
Total	68

We have a speedy and positive cure, for catarrh diptheria, canker mouth, and head ache, in Shiloh's catarrh remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health, and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Klaports.

A Strange People.

Do you know that there are strange people in our community, we say strange because they seem to prefer to suffer and pass their days miserably, made so by dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint, indigestion, constipation, and general debility, when Shiloh's vitalizer is guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Klaports.

Five Hundred Thousand Strong.

In the past few months there has been more than 500,000 bottles of Shiloh's cure sold. Out of the vast number of people who have used it, more than 3,000 cases of consumption have been cured. All coughs, croup, asthma, and bronchitis, yield at once hence it is that every body speaks in its praise. To those who have not used it, let us say, if you have a cough or your child the croup and you value life don't fail to try it. For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's porous plaster. Sold by J. H. Klaports.

A dispatch from Jackson, Mississippi, says that Senator Lamar was stricken with paralysis last Sunday night. The doctors think he will recover.

For the use of students and others our covered newspaper pads are the best. They contain one hundred sheets of paper, making two hundred pages. Prices, ten and twenty cents, according to size. For sale at this office. if.

A stout backbone is as essential to physical health as to political consistency. For weakness of the back and disorders of the liver and kidneys, the tonic and moderate diuretic action of the bitters is the one thing needful. Remember that the stomach is the mainstay of every other organ, and that by invigorating the digestion by this preparation, the spinal column and its dependencies are strengthened.
For Hostetter's ALMANAC for 1880 apply to Druggists and dealers Generally.

NEW AVDERTISEMENTS.

Valuation of Real Estate and Personal Property of Columbia county at triennial valuation in 1879.

TOWNSHIPS.	Number of Dogs	Number on Militia Roll	Total value of all Real Estate.	Money at interest	Furniture above $100	Horses and mules	Cattle over 4 years old	Pleasure carriages of two and four wheels	Occupation	Aggregate value taxable for county purposes	WATCHES Class 1	Class 2	Class 3
Beaver	139	[illegible]	$109928	$3812	.....	$1580	1940	410	$13925	$120080	2	..	5
Benton	190	9	124873	4130	.....	3100	3080	630	9970	146300	1	..	..
Berwick	50	5	190440	29479	3800	5343	499	3000	49885	279954	6	..	1
Bloomsburg	131	46	649970	1773	2900	9900	1230	530	70980	717125	6	2	..
Brier Creek	147	9	221318	1500	.....	8250	2760	695	8495	241498	..	..	..
Catawissa	183	205	230515	20228	1300	6285	1840	1840	53600	365596	5	3	2
Centre	..	186	121513	.....	.....	1140	140	485	9171	135634	..	..	..
Center	185	120	159240	8000	.....	15610	2900	2710	16340	196140	2	1	..
Conyngham	8	107	49214	.....	.....	4080	350	.....	25140	97494	..	..	..
Fishingcreek	193	159	185079	4619	.....	14925	4180	2260	11365	217909	..	..	..
Franklin	75	49	90641	650	.....	3975	1760	1020	2935	109535	1	2	..
Greenwood	203	211	215783	1135	.....	13 60	4040	2650	13517	251800	..	..	..
Hemlock	163	84	179275	900	.....	6490	2290	645	8915	197415	1	..	..
Jackson	88	73	46645	175	.....	3570	1710	260	2000	56700	..	..	..
Locust	242	194	199219	1816	.....	11935	40	985	11165	217224	..	..	..
Mainville	153	103	183598	1050	.....	10120	2045	1650	5720	208123	..	..	..
Main	76	64	93783	2500	.....	4080	1410	1125	4100	106498	..	..	..
Mifflin	147	106	174400	1000	.....	8250	2210	1355	11953	202768	4	1	..
Montour	119	82	146045	2200	.....	4490	1370	325	7990	162820	3	..	..
Mt. Pleasant	113	78	108853	16100	.....	3975	2110	865	5900	121905	..	..	..
Orange	96	59	177645	17250	.....	4820	1780	760	11115	206570	..	..	..
Pine	104	107	66067	.....	.....	4140	1690	200	4190	71197	..	..	..
Roaringcreek	91	58	74990	300	.....	4785	1420	240	3095	84531	..	..	..
Scott	123	149	221667	13700	.....	6815	1730	405	21175	261092	2	8	4
Sugarloaf	144	102	64220	2500	.....	5170	2020	155	4785	79645	..	..	..
Total	3645	3517	$4622454	169414	$8800	183349	$52035	$28550	$394237	$5488837	30	16	14

The above statement shows the amount of each kind or class of taxable property in each of the several districts of Columbia county as returned by the triennial assessors of 1879.

Notice is hereby given that the County Commissioners, sitting as a Board of Revision, will attend, at their office, in Bloomsburg, for the purpose of finally determining whether any of the valuations of assessors have been made below a just rate, according to the intent and meaning of the Act of July 27th, 1842, and to raise, reduce and equalize the same according to law: January, Monday the 26th, for all districts on the south side of the river, Tuesday, the 27, for all districts west of Big Fishingcreek, and Wednesday, the 28, for balance of districts, being those through which said creek passes and those wholly on the east side; at which time and place all persons, for themselves and districts, desiring to be heard, can attend. The returns will be open for inspection until said revision is completed.

STEPHEN POHE,
CHARLES REICHART,
A. B. HERRING, } Commissioners.

Attest: JOHN B. CASEY, Clerk.

Commissioners' Office,
Bloomsburg, January 12, 1880.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.35
Rye "	.56
Corn, "	.50
Oats, "	.40
Flour per barrel	8.00
Cloverseed	8.00
Butter	.25
Eggs	20
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.48
Dried Apples	.05
Hams	13½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Chickens	.07
Turkeys	.09
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	16.00
Beeswax	.25

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.25 "
No. 6 " "	$ 1.75 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.00 "
" " Bituminous "	$ 4.50 "

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Wholesale prices at the close of trade on Tuesday.

Buckwheat flour per cwt	$2 15 to $2 25
Wheat flour "	6 75 " 7 00
Wheat per bushel	1 40 " 1 50
Corn " "	55 " 60
Oats " "	47 " 50
Rye " "	90 " 92
Barley " "	70 " 80
Dressed hogs, per pound	5¾ " 6
Butter " " according to quality	27 " 30
Eggs per dozen	18 " 19
Poultry, live chickens	7 " 8
Chickens dressed	9 " 11
Turkeys	9 " 10
Turkey dressed	11 " 12

NEW FIRM!

The well known C. B. WHITE, Proprietor of the ORANGEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS, has sold a half interest in the same to J. W. Conner. The company have repaired the works, and are prepared to accommodate all who want anything in the line of Aricultural Implements. They have just completed a new left hand White plow, which it possible, will beat the right hand. Also surface plows or jointers for the same. A new Thresher and Cleaner with centre shake or riddle shoe, called the

White Thresher and Cleaner,

with bolts, lever and railway powers on a greatly improved plan. We manufacture LAND ROLLERS with cast iron heads, Corn Plows, double and single Cultivators side hill Plows, Mill Castings. Turning of every description done with promptness. We keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Plow shares for our own and many other plows that are used in the country. We will not be undersold in work or material of the same quality. All our work is warranted to give satisfaction, or the money refunded. WE DEFY COMPETITION. Farmers, and the public in general are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

WHITE & CONNER,
Jan. 16, '80-1y ORANGEVILLE, PA.

TRIAL LIST.
FOR FEBRUARY TERM 1880.

George Stricker vs. Philip Huntzinger et ux.
Jacob Fisher et al vs. John Fisher et al.
C. B. Brockway vs. First National Bank, Berwick.
H. A. Weidensaul vs. A. W. Creamer.
James Morrison vs. Pa. M. Fire Ins. Co.
C. D. Fowler Agt. vs. Samuel Williams.
Daniel Morris vs. William Torrey.
J. W. Eckert ux. vs. Mary J. Brittain et al.
Charles Krug vs. J. M. C. Hank et ux.
Samuel Miller vs. W. H. Reinbold.
David Tyson vs. Thomas Geraghty.
J. W. Sankey's use vs. M. B. and S. F. Association of Bloomsburg.
Michael Grover's Adm's. vs. Maria Wolf's Adm. et al.
J. H. Heller vs. D. L. & W R. R. Co.
William Y. Hess vs. Clinton Coxe.
William Shaffer et al. vs. Catherine McAnall et. al.
Orangeville M. & F. Academy vs. Hiram C. Eves.
Joshua Savage's Admr. vs. Samuel Appleman.
Henry Houk vs. Gideon Michael.
John C. Christian's use Pa. M. Ins. Co.
George Master's Admr. vs. John F. Chapin.
Commonwealth to use vs. John W. Hoffman et al.
Catharine Butler vs. Reuben Houck.
John A Jackson et al. vs. Eli Stoetzell.
Elias Giger vs. Barbara Giger.
S. D. Rinard vs. Ferdinand Gaul et ux.
Henry Houck vs. John H. Hoffman et al.
D. F. Seybert use vs. Thomas Geraghty.
O. D. L. Kostenbauder vs. Joseph B. Knittle.
Ludwig Thiele's Adm'r. vs. Daniel Morris.
Penna. Canal Co. vs. N. L. Campbell.
Emanuel Strauss vs. Martha Johnson.
James Lamon's Admr. vs William Lamon.
Peter Swank's use vs. Charles Fetterman's Admr.
Samuel S. Frederick vs. Solomon Fetterman's Admr.
Peter S. Hower vs. Catawissa township.
Jacob Stine's Admrs. vs. Charles Krug.
William Lamon, Trustee vs. John W. Hoffman.

FOR SALE!

A VALUABLE FARM situate in Madison township, Columbia co. near New Columbia, containing

127 Acres of Land.

There is a TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, A Spring and Good Well of Water, a LARGE NEW BANK BARN,

A YOUNG APPLE ORCHARD,

and other Fruit Trees on the premises.

For terms and particulars apply to

AARON SMITH,
Jan. 16, '80-3m Buck Horn, Pa.

BEST IN THE WORLD!

ABSOLUTELY AND CHEMICALLY PURE

ARM AND HAMMER BRAND

CHURCH & CO'S SODA

AND

SALERATUS

Which is the same thing.

Imp are Saleratus or Bi-Carb Soda (which is the same thing) is often slightly dirty white color. It may appear white, examined by itself, but a COMPARISON WITH CHURCH & CO'S "ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND will show the difference.

See that your Saleratus and Baking Soda is white and pure, as it should be A. I. SHIFFLETT, 152 Ab'ny Co. used for food.

A simple but severe test of the comparative value of different brands of soda or saleratus is to dissolve a dessert spoonful of each kind with about a pint of water (first preferred) in clear glasses, stirring until all is thoroughly dissolved. The deleterious residue in matter in the inferior soda will be shown after settling some twenty minutes or sooner, by the milky appearance of the solution and the quantity of floating floury matter according to quality.

Be sure and ask for Church & Co's Soda and Saleratus and see that their name is on the package and you will get the purest and whitest made. The use of this with sour milk, in preference to Baking Powder, saves twenty times its cost.

Send one pound package for valuable information and receipt book sent free. Address

SHOW THIS TO YOUR GROCER.

January 16, 3m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county Pa. at 1 o'clock, p. m., on

Saturday, February 7th, 1880.

All that certain real estate situate in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by Ridge alley, on the east by lot of Lloyd Sharpless, on the south by Main or Second street, and on the west by Centre street, being twenty-four feet four inches in width on Second street, and two hundred and fourteen feet six inches in depth along Centre street, on which are erected a two story frame store room and dwelling, a good frame stable and outbuildings.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Joseph R. Vandersice now for use of George Hughes, against H. C. Hower and George Cavanoe and to be sold as the property of H. C. Hower.

Miller, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the town of Bloomsburg in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania being designated as lots no. fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at the north east corner of Fifth and Centre streets and extending eastwardly along the north side of Fifth street one hundred feet to a corner, thence along the line of Mrs. H. M. Andrews one hundred and eighty feet to Brugtar's alley; thence along said alley one hundred feet to the east line of Centre street; thence southwardly one hundred and eighty feet to the place of beginning, on which are erected a large two story Dwelling House and outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of Henry J. Clark for the use of S. C. Jayne against Henry L. Dieffenbach and to be sold as the property of Henry L. Dieffenbach.

Thompson, Attorney. Lev. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Hemlock township, bounded by lands formerly or now of Zebulon Robbins, David Wagner and Isaac Leiby containing about twenty-six acres, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house barn and outbuildings. The above said tract being the same that was sold to Henry William Wagner under an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County by the administrators of Gideon Stecker, deceased, granted December 18th, 1868 and confirmed February 7, 1872.

ALSO.—All that other certain tract of land situate in Hemlock township Columbia county, beginning at a white oak corner by land formerly or now of George Hartman, thence by the same north eighty-seven degrees, west fifty-two and six tenth perches to a stone; thence by same north, three fourths of a degree west, thirty and five tenth perches to a stake, thence north eighty-nine and three quarter degrees west, about twenty perches to a stake in line of land formerly or now of Josiah Stecker; thence north by the same nine and one half degrees west, sixty-six and four tenth perches to a stake thence by land of heirs of Michael Hock, south eighty-eight degrees east, ninety-nine and eight tenth perches to a stone; thence by land formerly or now Zenobia Robbins and Isaac Leidy, south four degrees west ninety-six perches to place of beginning, containing forty-two acres and one hundred and six perches.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of William Clark Hickart assigned to John A. Funston against Henry Wildam Wagner, and to be sold as the property of Henry William Wagner.

Wirt, Attorney. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by land of John Shuman's heirs, on the east by land of Joseph Lahr, on the south by land of Philip Mummy, on the west by land of Peter Fisher, containing eighty-three acres, on which are erected two dwelling houses, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of mountain land situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by Catawissa Creek, on the east by land of C. B. Brockway, on the south by land of——Cole, on the west by land of Charles Reichart, containing ninety acres.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against Philip Mummy and Jacob Fry, terre tenant and to be sold as the property of Philip Mummy and Jacob Fry terre tenant.

MILLER, Att'y. Vend Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Orange township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner of Jesse Coleman's land, thence by the same north eighteen and a half degrees east fifty-two perches and seventeen tenths stones, thence by lands of John Megargle and Isaac Hagenbuch, south sixty-seven and a half degrees west fifty-five perches to a stone thence by land of the estate of Conrad Adams north six and three-fourth degrees west sixty seven perches, thence by land of the estate of Samuel Conner east five perches and two-tenths to a pine, thence by the same north eighty-three degrees east thirty-seven perches to the place of beginning, containing seventeen acres and one hundred and twenty-one perches strict measure.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of the Orangeville Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against Joseph Henrie and to be sold as the property of Joseph Henrie.

MILLER, Att'y. Vend Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by Ridge Alley, on the east by lot of Lloyd Sharpless, on the south by Main or Second street and on the west by Centre street, being twenty-four feet four inches in width on Second street, and two hundred and fourteen feet six inches in depth along Centre street, on which are erected a two-story frame store room and dwelling, a good frame stable and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of E. B. Ikeler now assigned to the Mutual Building and Saving Fund Association of Bloomsburg against H. C. Hower and to be sold as the property of H. C. Hower.

HOBSON Attorney. Fi. Fa.

Terms cash on day of sale. U. H. ENT, Sheriff.

Jan. 16-ts.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF E. J. THORNTON, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of E. J. Thornton, late of Town of Bloomsburg Columbia co. deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to undersigned Administrators. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make prompt payment.

L. B. RUPERT,
ELI BARTON,
Jan. 16, '80-6w. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR NOTICE

ESTATE OF M. W. NESS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of M. W. Ness, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia co. deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

H. FRANK ZARR,
Jan. 16, '80-6w* Administrator.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., at 1 o'clock, p. m., on

Monday, February 2d, 1880.

All that certain lot of land situate in Catawissa, Columbia county, state of Pennsylvania, bounded on the west by land of William Perry on the east by P & R R R, on the south by public road and on the north by land of Mary and Emily McNinch, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of John Yonkin, administrator of Charles Wolfrun against Alfred Eck, and to be sold as the property of Alfred Eck.

Wirt, Attorney Vend Ex

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Orange township, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Henry Delong and Moses Everett's estate, on the east by land of Jonathan Ploust, on the south by land of Thomas McHenry and on the west by land of Thomas McHenry and Henry Delong, containing fifty-two acres, more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Orangeville Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against George V Ferguson and to be sold as the property of George V Ferguson.

Miller, Attorney. Fi Fa

ALSO,

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in the township of Locust, in the county of Columbia, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, corner of land of Jacob Stein; thence south eighty degrees west one hundred and sixty-five perches and five-tenths to a maple, corner of land of Daniel Kostenbauder; thence south sixteen and a quarter degrees east eighty-one and two-tenths perches to a white oak; thence by lands of August Barnhart and Leonard Houp, south eighty nine and three-quarter degrees west one hundred and twenty perches and seven-tenths to a post; thence by land of Jonas Fahringer north ten and a quarter degrees east sixty-five perches to a post; thence south seventy-one degrees east, sixteen and eight-tenth perches to a post; thence north fourteen degrees east sixty-six and nine-tenth perches to a stone; thence by land now of Elijah Cleaver, north seventy-two and a quarter degrees east, two hundred and three perches and six-tenths to a post; thence by land of Jacob Stine south seventeen and a quarter degrees east seventy-nine perches and two-tenths to a stone, the place of beginning, containing one hundred and thirty-one acres, more or less, together with the appurtenances, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Jesse Haines, Executor of Joseph W Hibbs, dec'd, against Clark B. Stewart and C C Stewart, terre tenant, and to be sold as the property of Clark B Stewart.

Ikeler, Attorney. Lev Fa

ALSO.

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Berwick, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: situate on Vine street in said borough, bounded on the east by Vine street, on the north by land of Jackson & Woodin's Manufactory Co., on the west by an alley and on the south by lot of John Withers, the same being 45 feet more or less in width and one hundred and forty feet more or less in depth

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Stephen Hoffnagle against A. Miller, and to be sold as