Miscellaneous.

A NIGHT WITH NAN, THE NEWSBOY.

It is drawing on toward seven o'clock, and we are to make the rounds to-night. The volunteers begin to drop in. They are shy at first at finding strangers present, but soon begin to thaw out and deliver their views freely. There is Dick Harrington, who works at sail-making; Peter Hayes, a tinker; "Bony" Hayes.—Nan thinks this stands for Bonaparte or Bonanza, he is not sure which,—a porter; Thomas Cody, a printer; and Jos. Findlay, whose business is to count papers in a newspaper office.

Harrington is not beyond a boyish blush. Peter Hayes is inclined to be a little boastful; "Bony" Hays is something of a philosopher, and claims to have seen a great deal of life while fishing for eels off the docks; Findlay enjoys the distinction of having made a specialty of frustrating suicides, and Cody, from the line of business he is in, is spoken of as pretty "educated."

The apparatus taken along consists of boat-hooks, life-lines, an iron ladder, folding up neatly like a camp-stool, and lanterns. The life-line is a common cord, about twenty five feet long, with a small billet of wood attached to the end to be thrown to the person in the water.

We do not have the luck to have a genuine case to night. Up we go along the strange river front to the foot of Montgomery street, then down to the Battery, perhaps two miles in straight line. How imposingly the vast black hulls stand up against the sky! The water clucks and chuckles to itself, as if with a secret and cruel humor, under the planks on which we walk. Whoever is drifted by the tide in under there, where the rays of the dark lantern will not penetrate, is lost indeed.

The vicinity of the ferries is where there are the most bustling crowds, the water's edge is the most easily reached, and the principal liability to accidents exists. At Pier Two, near the South Ferry, where the station was then moored, Kelly and Long, at half-past two of a winter's morning, heard a cry. They ran out, explored, but could see nothing. Coming back, two hands were discerned projecting despairingly out of the ice-cakes. With a boat and the aid of their Newfoundland dog, Rover, they drew the man out. They found him to be a 'long-shoreman, who had walked over the edge while intoxicated.

This is a very common story. The larger part of the rescued, or those assisted before they have a chance to come to harm,—for the boys make this a praiseworthy part of their occupation, too,—are of a similar sort. They are sailors searching in a dazed way for their ships, persons of low condition attempting to walk straight across the open Coenties Slip, or to the lights of Brooklyn, forgetful of the water, or others lain down to sleep on the string-pieces of the piers.

The suicides are generally intoxicated, too. Those who are not go out upon the ferry boats, perhaps to make surer work of it. It is a strange experience to hear one of these boys tell how he found a middle-aged woman on the edge of the pier, "prayin' and lookin' up at the sky;" how she "made a bounce" and he "grabbed" her, and how he advised her, when she groaned she had been robbed of her money and clothes and wanted to die, to "just go right home and don't bother no more about it."

These are lives so long steeped in the dregs of wretchedness as to be almost tireSome to their owners, because they are so hopeless.

Then there are the careless children, for whom there are regular seasons. Many such rescues happen in the spring when the little folks begin to play on the loose logs and rafts in the basins with the first fine weather, but the majority occur in the summer bathing-time.

The grown people are shy of giving their names, or making any stir about their preservers, through shame at the condition they were in. The children often have a wholesome fear of further punishment at home, should they return dripping and their whereabouts at the time be known.

Frequently some sad victim of a boy, as he might be thought, just drawn from death's door, may be seen playing gayly at tag, waiting for his clothes which are spread out to dry in the sun.

We stop to see the shelf, turned up against the side of the shed on the Harlem pier, which was Nan's place of business in former times. He has transferred it to a cousin, thus keeping it still in the family. We talk with the watchman on a tall British Bark in the India trade. Then we pick up a tramp stowed away in a dangerous place by the Bridge Street ferry, and hand him over to the police who receive him grumbling.

The boys are sorry that we do not have a chance to see them in the actual heat of their occupation. They offer, if we wish to go through the form of a rescue, by having one of their number fall in and two others get him out. We do not, of course, accept so barbarous a test of hardihood, for it was early spring and the water icy cold. We are satisfied to hear from them their manner of doing it.

The life-line is thrown as near the sinking person as possible. Two of the patrol go into the water. One puts the line about the subject with a "half-hitch," the other helps support him to land. If he struggle and seize the rescuer so as to endanger both, the latter sinks a little, when the drowning man lets go his hold in alarm. In some cases it has been necessary to strike him, so as to render him partly insensible.

The drowning person is always to be approached from behind, turned upon his back, and drawn in by the hair, the rescuer swimming on his back also. This plan is recommended by the best authorities, and it may be well for some of our young readers to bear it in mind.

These young fellows have had the odd experience of seeing themselves and their work represented on the stage. They went to see, at one of the cheap down-town theatres a sensational piece entitled "Nan, the Newsboy," which was acted to the satisfaction of quite a large audience.

The boys speak of this play with great disgust "It was the richest life-savin' I ever see," says Nan. "They had me in it, and me mother in it, and all of us. There was a woman, 'and she hadn't no more than lost her baby when I steps up and says, 'Here's yer baby, missies.'"

"Then there was river pirates and a miliner. A girl she comes singin' down the docks about twelve o'clock at night. There aint no girls comes singin' around us. The river pirates they stabbed the girl and throwed her in. Then there was another one thrown in. We had all three of them out in about five minutes. The feller that was supposed to be me was about thirty years old. The one what looked like Kelley he had a moustache."

A glance at the smooth countenance of Kelley, so innocent of any such decoration, showed this to be an error quite worthy of the vigorous way in which it was found fault with.

The account given of how the rescued persons behave after their rescue is not at all favorable. Gratitude is said to be the last thing they think of. Often there is positive abuse. If a hat be lost during the confusion, as is of course not uncommon, this trifling mishap drives everything else from their minds.

It is clear that it is not the interesting characters of the persons saved by which Nan and his mates are inspired. Nor does it seem an unusual benevolence of disposition on their part. It is a bold delight in the danger, the hardship, the skill of the thing for itself. Plenty of the same sort of ambition is preserved to the worst uses, and this makes it especially gratifying to find it so worthily employed.

Whatever may become of his experiment in the end, Nan, the Newsboy, in chosing so high and humane an aim in life, instead of drifting, as he so easily might, into the usual courses of the loafers on corners, has set a useful and noble example.—*W. H. Bishop in St. Nicholas for August.*

A SHAKER VILLAGE.

(Charles Dudley Warner in Midsummer Holiday Scribner.)

The grassy street we entered was silent. No person was visible; there was no sign of life in the plain gaunt buildings on either side. These buildings, of the architecture of New England barns, but painted white and pierced with windows, made no offer of hospitality. One on the right appeared to be a salesroom and store-house. Next was the great Meeting-house,—a tabernacle of simplicity, with a hooded doorway. Opposite were workshops, and there were other buildings of which we could not divine the use; but at the end of the campus rose the high-roofed dwelling-house, called 'The Home,' ornamented with the only vanity of the premises—a low steeple containing a bell. Why was the bell on the dwelling-house instead of on the meeting-house? If we could ring it, would any life be evoked?

The great buildings stared at us with closed doors and windows. For any evidence of humanity, we might as well have been in Pompeii. Had some sudden calamity swept away the community, or was it perhaps the hour of meditation? We waited, we watched, we listened. The silence was profound. It was afternoon, and all the place was flooded with sunlight. Summer had not come, but there was premonition of it in the soft gray sky flecked with blue—the veritable color of Cæsar's eyes—and in the wandering wind that moved the low grass gently and had in it yet a little shiver of spring. It was a day when the south side of a friendly barn, where the hens are burrowing in the warm soil, is the most comfortable place in the world.

Had we come this long way merely to see a reed shaken in the wind? Nay, we had come to see a Shaker, and behold, no Shaker, not even the least that is, was visible. It occurred to us to return to what appeared to be the 'store,' and seek information. It was closed fast like the other houses, as if no customers were desired, and it was only after persistent knocking that the door opened part way and gave to our view the vision of a thin, tall, angular female in scant, plain skirts, whose severe face was neither an invitation to the monastic life nor a promise of information. We were put in the position of intruders upon something holy and unattractive. But what right had we (children stained with the world) to expect civility and an angelic face in a person set to guard the portals of celibacy and non-resistance,—a woman who for fifty years had been hardening into the attitude of setting her face against the world? Words were not wasted on us. Could we enter the house?

'Nay.'

And we felt that we were not worthy to do so. Could we have the key to the meeting-house?

'Nay.'

And the refusal seemed just. Could we go into any of the houses?

'Nay.'

The door was now only a crack open. Could we see anybody?

'Find the Elder!'

And the door shut, decidedly. Even a sweet virgin may get sour by standing too long.

The advice to find the Elder was good, but elders were as scarce as youngsters. No person was in sight. We lounged down by the wash-house, alongside of which ran a sparkling brook, noiseless between its grassy banks. In the next building we heard a hammering. Here, then, was life. It seemed to be some sort of a workshop. We entered. Nothing on the first floor. Above, we at last found a door that would open. It opened into a shoe-maker's shop, occupied by a single man.

'Brother,' we said, 'can you——?'

'I aint no brother.'

'You are not a Shaker?'

'Not much. I'm a shoe-maker. Hired.'

'Where, then, are the Shakers?'

'I dunno; in the fields, may be,' and the godless man slammed away on his lapstone to the utter destruction of further conversation.

We went down discomfited. This, we thought, is a strange community, where nobody will commune. Suppose we wanted to join, how could we do it? Since one cannot be born into it, how does he get in? The great barns behind the houses were invitingly open, but they were as empty as the houses appeared to be. Not a 'moo,' nor a 'baa,' nor a 'bleat' to be heard. I think we should have given up the quest of truth, and gone away convinced that the Shakers had all been absorbed into the ground,—sunk down and not left even a broad-brim above the place of their disappearance as a monument,—if we had not at the moment espied a little school-house hidden in the trees, and two pretty little girls in the front of it, studying their lesson under the shade of a soft maple—a pretty picture of education in its sweetest form. Heaven be praised, here is life at last, and the very beginning of it! We sauntered down toward the spring of knowledge and began a conversation with the little maids, who replied without fear or flutter to our questions in the simple 'yea' and 'nay' of their order—as modest in demeanor as they are quaint in speech. But the interview had not gone far when it was interrupted by an appearance that made shakers of us all.

The school-marm stood in the door way. Mother Ann! looked you so in the sweetness of your spring-time, when, perchance, you stood in the porch of the Manchester cottage among the English roses? Perhaps not. I think not, then, so unworldly fair. The school-marm wore a white cap, a white apron over her short gray skirt, and a lavender silk kerchief was crossed over her breast. The formality of this neat simplicity caught a grace from the refined purity of her face. The maid stood in the door-way with one small hand raised on the casing; she spoke to the children; she greeted us in a voice of perfectly modulated sweetness, and regarded us with her large trustful eyes.

The rising generation ought to be protected against the stupefying influence of Opium preparations. We call the attention of all mothers to the fact that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is absolutely free from Laudanum or other Opiates.

At the instance of a soldier's widow, who writes from Darby, Pa., *The Record* has taken some pains to ascertain from the Commissioner of Pensions the following facts in regard to decisions under the recent pension act, which may be found of general interest. If a deceased soldier was a pensioner at the time of his death, and at that time had children under sixteen years old, and left no widow, the children are entitled to arrearages of pension under the act. If such soldier left a widow she is entitled to the arrearages and they are not. If he was not a pensioner at the time of his death neither she nor they are entitled to a pension and arrearages even though he may have been. His failure to obtain a pension for himself bars both the widow and children. But if, before his death, he had made application for a pension, the widow or children, as the case may be, are entitled to the pension and arrears if his application is granted. In other words, the fact of his death in nowise affects an application he may have made, and such application carries with it the right to arrears, but after his death neither wife nor children have the right to enter an application.

The Commissioner says that it is impossible to give a general decision which will cover all cases. Almost every case raises a new and knotty question as to the construction of statutory law. Out of this uncertainty there arises much misconception. The claimant's best plan is to state his or her case and patiently await decision, without relying too implicitly upon what may have been done in other cases imperfectly understood.—*Phila. Record.*

Cured of Drinking.

'A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for Liquor, which had so prostrated him that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst; took away the appetite for liquor; made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups; I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it.'—From a leading R. R. office, Chicago, Ills.

The trustees of St. Luke's hospital, Bethlehem, have decided to erect a new hospital building. It will be of brick, one twenty foot story and one hundred and twenty feet long by thirty feet wide.

To reach the highest standard of health, nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels; a slight devaition brings many inconveniences and paves the way to more serious dangers. We can recommend Dr Bull's Baltimore Pills as the best medicine for the needs of the digestive apparatus.

COAL! COAL!!

The undersigned is now prepared to furnish a very superior quality of the celebrated

LEE WHITE ASH COAL

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices.

See him and get his quotations and save money.

O. A. JACOBY.
Bloomsburg.

july 15, 3w.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!!

The undersigned Administrator of Sarah Summers, late of Hemlock township, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises at 2 o'clock p. m. on

Saturday, August 23d, 1879,

the following described real estate situate in Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the southeast by lot of M. G. Shoemaker, on the northwest by lot of John Pooley, on the southwest by the public street of the Town of Buckhorn and on the northeast by land of W. F. Pratt containing

One Quarter of an Acre

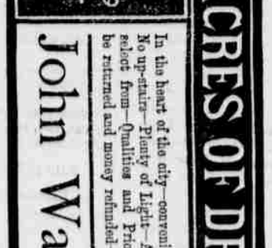
more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

N. P. MOORE,
Administrator,
Buck Horn.

july 25, ts.

May 2, '79-6m.



Feb.7, '79-1y

CATARRH

Sneezing Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Ulcerative Catarrh, permanently cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH is a safe, certain, and permanent cure for Catarrh of every form, and is the most perfect remedy ever devised. It is purely a vegetable distillation, and is applied locally by insufflation, and constitutionally by internal administration. Locally applied, relief is instantaneous. It soothes, heals, and cleanses the nasal passages of every feeling of heaviness, obstruction, dullness, or dizziness. Constitutionally administered it renovates the blood, purifies it of the foul poison with which it is always charged in Catarrh, stimulates the stomach, liver, and kidneys, corrects digestion, makes new blood, and perfects the formation of sound, healthy tissue, and finally obtains complete control over the disease. The remarkable curative powers, when all other remedies utterly fail, of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE, are attested by thousands who gratefully recommend it to fellow-sufferers. No statement is made regarding it that cannot be substantiated by the most respectable and reliable references. It is a great and good medicine, and worthy all confidence. Each package contains a Treatise on Catarrh and Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price $1.

An Enthusiastic Friend of Sanford's Radical Cure.

McHATTON, GRANT & BOWEN'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE AGENCY,
225 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 7, 1877.

A. A. MELLIER, Washington Av., City.—Dear Mellier: I have for some years been troubled with Catarrh, and for the past two years have suffered seriously with it. Noticing your advertisement of SANFORD'S RESOLVENT (RADICAL CURE), I decided to try it. I have used only two bottles, and as a result I feel so much relieved that I presume on our personal relations and write this to you and ask that you take some measure to get it more prominently before the public, that others may have such relief as I have. I have recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their high estimate of its value and good effects with them.

I really think it particularly adapted to wants of St. Louis people, and they all ought to know of it, and those who need it should try it. I will risk the assertion that 999 in 1,000 who use (as a sample) to be given away will sell as many bottles.

Try some plan. Let the people have it; they need it. I believe I could sell 500 bottles myself—of course you could largely increase this number. Why not try it? Yours truly, WM. BOWEN.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

LAME BACK AND RHEUMATISM

CURED BY

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen,—One year ago I was seized with a severe attack of Rheumatism in my right hip, to which I was subject. I tried the various Rheumatic and rheumatic cures, but without the least benefit, when my son, a druggist, suggested one of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS. The effect was almost magical, for, to my grateful surprise, I was almost immediately well again, and was able to work in my farm as usual, whereas, before the application of the Plaster, I could do nothing, and every step gave me pain. A few weeks since, one year from the first attack, the disease returned, but I am happy to say the second Plaster proved as efficacious as the first, and I am now well. My wife wishes me to add that one Plaster has cured her of a very lame back. We think there is nothing in the world of remedies that can compare with the COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS for Rheumatism and Lame Back, and cheerfully recommend them to the suffering. Yours very respectfully,
ORLAND, ME., June 6, 1876. ROBERT COTTON.

NOT A QUACK NOSTRUM.

Gentlemen,—I hereby certify that for several years past I have used the VOLTAIC PLASTERS in my practice, and have never known them to fail in affording speedy relief in those cases for which they are recommended. They are not a quack nostrum, but a valuable agent of great value. Very truly yours,
W. C. COLLINS, M. D.
BUCKSPORT, ME., May 27, 1874.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Be careful to obtain COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER, a combination of Electric and Voltaic Plates, with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Jun

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

By its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all **Humors**, from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption.** Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. **Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Boils, Blotches, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, White Swellings, Goitre or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands.**

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flashes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness."** In many cases of **"Liver Complaint"** only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures.

In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs,** and the early stages of **Consumption,** it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system **and purifies the blood.** Sold by druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

SIZE OF PELLETS.

THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC.

No use of taking the large, repulsive, nauseous pills, composed of cheap, crude, and bulky ingredients. These Pellets are **scarcely larger than mustard seeds.** Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For **Jaundice, Headache, Constipation, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations from the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious attacks, Pain in region of Kidneys, Internal Fever, Bloated feeling about Stomach, Rush of Blood to Head,** take Dr. Pierce's **Pleasant Purgative Pellets.** In explanation of the remedial power of these Purgative Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may be said that their action upon the **animal economy is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence.** Age does not impair the properties of these Pellets. They are sugar-coated and inclosed in glass bottles, their virtues being thereby preserved unimpaired for any length of time, in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable. This is not the case with pills put up in cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. For all diseases where a **Laxative, Alterative, or Purgative,** is indicated, these little Pellets will give the most perfect satisfaction. **Sold by druggists.**

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

CATARRH

SYMPTOMS.—Frequent headache, discharge falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, thick, mucous, purulent, offensive, etc. In others, a dryness, dry, watery, weak, or inflamed eyes, stopping up, or obstruction, of the nasal passages, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear the throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired or total deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indigestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, etc. Only a few of these symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

produces radical cures of the worst cases of Catarrh, no matter of how long standing. The liquid remedy may be snuffed, or better applied by the use of Dr. Pierce's Douche. This is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried HIGH UP and PERFECTLY APPLIED to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. Its use is pleasant and easily understood, from directions accompanying each instrument. Dr. SAGE'S CATARRH Remedy cures recent attacks of "Cold in the Head" by a few applications. It is mild and pleasant to use, containing no strong or caustic drugs or poisons. Catarrh Remedy and Douche sold by druggists. R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

KIDNEY-WORT

Permanently cures

LIVER COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSTIPATION and PILES.

DR. R. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and it has never failed to act efficiently."

E. H. SUTTON, of Burlington, says, "As a Liver Invigorator it is without an equal. I use it to prevent and cure headache, and all bilious attacks."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After sixteen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABON, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT IS THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT ACTS ON THE LIVER, BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

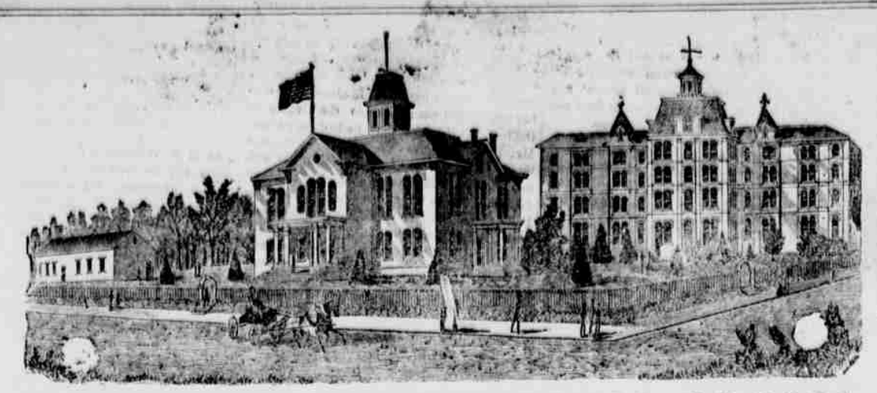
Because it cleanses the whole system of the poisonous humors that otherwise develope in Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Kidney and Urinary diseases, or Rheumatism and Lumbago, and which in women, disorder every function and bring on weakness and disease.

If you want to be well in spite of yourself, use KIDNEY-WORT. It is a dry vegetable compound, and

One package will make six quarts of Medicine.

Buy it at the Druggists.

h 7, 1879-



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning. Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Classical.

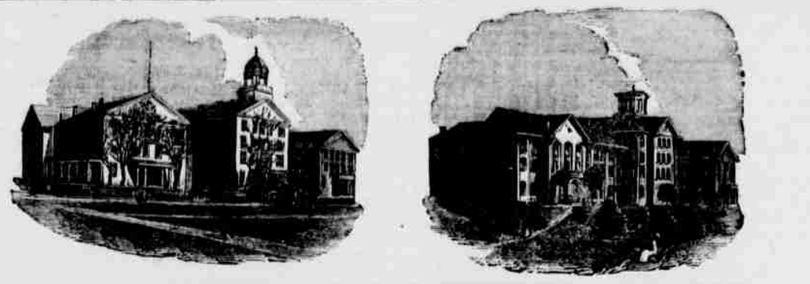
Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees; Master of the Elementary; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as Students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.
Sept. 5, '78.— P. P. BILLMYER, Secretary.



WYOMING SEMINARY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

The Seminary offers to students the following Courses of Study: Common English, Normal Course, Literature and Science, Classical Course, College Preparatory Course, Course in Music, and Course in Art. Students not desiring to take any one of the Courses of Study may take any studies which they are prepared to enter. Prices within the reach of all.

The Commercial College gives instruction in Penmanship, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, Telegraphy, and Book-keeping as applied to business of all kinds. The larger part of the instruction is given through actual business transactions. Diligent students graduate in fourteen weeks. The reduced price of tuition is exceedingly low.

Fall Term opens Aug. 27th. Commercial students address REV. L. L. SPRAGUE, A. M., and all others REV. D. COPELAND, D. D., Kingston, Luzerne County, Pa.

July 18, 6w.

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feb. 14, 77-tf r

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April 18, '79-1y

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, November 10, 1878, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.		
Erie Mail leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p m
"	" Harrisburg	4 25 a m
"	" Williamsport	8 35 a m
"	" Jersey Shore	9 07 a m
"	" Lock Haven	9 40 a m
"	" Renovo	11 00 a m
"	arrive at Erie	7 35 p m
Niagara Express leaves	Philadelphia	7 30 a m
"	" Harrisburg	10 50 a m
"	arr. at Williamsport	2 00 p m
"	" Lock Haven	3 25 p m
Fast Line leaves	Philadelphia	11 45 a m
"	" Harrisburg	3 55 p m
"	arrive at Williamsport	7 25 p m
"	" Lock Haven	8 40 p m
EASTWARD.		
Pacific Express leaves	Lock Haven	6 40 a m
"	" Jersey Shore	7 14 a m
"	" Williamsport	7 55 a m
"	arrive at Harrisburg	11 55 a m
"	" Philadelphia	2 40 p m
Day Express leaves	Lock Haven	11 20 a m
"	" Williamsport	12 40 p m
"	arrive at Harrisburg	4 10 p m
"	" Philadelphia	7 20 p m
Erie Mail leaves	Renovo	8 35 p m
"	" Lock Haven	9 45 p m
"	" Williamsport	11 05 p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
"	" Philadelphia	7 10 a m
Fast Line leaves	Williamsport	12 05 a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg