BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, June 13, 1879.

STATE TREASURER.

Our Standing Committee at its last session wisely refrained from justificating our Delegates to the next State Convention, as to whom they should vote for as our candidate for State Treasurer. As they will be on the spot, and, can compare views with other delegates, they will be in better position to make a choice than a committee which was not informed as to ear, didates or their merits.

Our choice is Daniel O Barr of Pittsburg In 1877 we preferred Col. Noyes for reasons that it is not necessary now to mention. Mr. Barr in the first p'ace has business qualifiertions that eminently fit him for the office. His schaeneter as an honest man and as an un swerving Democrat, is beyond question. West of the Alleghenies our party strength has been steadily growing, and should be fostered by the nomination of such a popular candidate as Mr. Barr.

The insinuation that his nomination would be the success of the Randall, Wallace, Buckalew or other factions is far-fetched. In the first place we do not know that any such factions exist, and if they do it is about time to know that the party is not going to be set by the ears on account of mere personal rivalry. Our only duty this year is to nominate the b st man for State Treasurer, and we believe that man is Daniel O. Barr. If nominated, it is every Democrat's duty to go to work and try to elect him.

THE VANLIEW MURDER.

On the morning of September 9th, 1877 the citizens of Lightstreet and the surrounding country were startled by the report that the body of a murdored man had been found on the Draketown road near the widow Johnson's. It was that of John Vanliew, who lay there with his head crushed, and a number of shot in his body. Circumstances show that he had been dead for some time when found. the body being cold, and the dew on his bair. It is probable that he was shot when on hi way home at a little after eleven o'clock the night before. He had been at Lightstreet, and left there with Samuel Creveling between ten and eleven o'clock. Mr. Creveling testified at the inquest that after leaving Vanliew he heard two reports of a gun, which sounded about half way between Alem Vanliew's and where the body was found. He also heard dogs barking in the direction of Johnson's house. It is therefore probable that this murder was committed at that time.

A coroner's inquest was held, two arrests were made but the prisoners discharged at a deuce against them. The County Commissioners offered a reward for the apprehension at once applied and medical aid summonof the assassin, and then the matter dropped. The mystery is yet unsolved.

Whoever committed the deed had a motive. There was no quarrel or sudden heat

This murder was cold blooded, and there guireism that surpasses it in atrocity. In ent provocation, an inoffensive citizen was struck down and left to welter in his blood until death closed his eyes forever, and yet the foul perpetrator is undiscovered.

After a few days of excitement the affair violated law unvindicated.

If such things are permitted to go unpunished in this county what security is there to the lives of citizens? Any man may be as sassinated in his own door yard, with impunity. We owe it to ourselves to discover this murderer, and to see that the full penalty of the law is meted out to him.

The County Commissioners with commendable spirit have offered a reward of \$400 for bring the offender to justice. The people must organize themselves into a detective force, and anyone who knows the slightest fact connected with the crime should communicate with the proper authorities. The murderer may sleep without fear of detection but so sure as there is a God in Heaven, so sure will be be visited with a just retribution. It may be soon, it may be for years, but "murder will out," and John Vanliew's assassing will one day ornament a gallows, unless death shall come before the avenger overtakes him-

Parr Dead.

THE SELF-ADMINISTERED STRYCHNINE DOES ITS FATAL WORK.

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.—Edward Part the murderer of his daughter, who sank down in the prisoner's dock in the court room yes terday from the effects of poison just after he had been sentenced to death, died this morning at ten minutes before six o'clock in the ante-room of the court house. A number of eminent physicians from different colleges were with him all night, but they failed to restore him to consciousness. All of Parr's immediate relatives are now in custody, and a rigid investigation will be had with a view of discovering the manner in which and by whom poison was conveyed to the deceated.

The new State Loan of \$2,000,000, was eagerly taken on bonds having fifteen years to run at four per cent. at a premium of \$1.18} on the average. This not only show how good the credit of the Commonwealth is, but also that the exaction of more than six per cent. on good security, by Banks, Saving Funds or individuals, is extortion.

No well regulated closet, in a dwelling where frugality is esteemed, should be without an assortment of Leamon's Dyes, prepared by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. They beautifully color wood, leather, muslio, silk, kid gloves, velvets, ribbons, grasses, shawls, neck-ties and all arti-

There is a ceneral belief, not to say fear, that nowithstanding the boon of biennial Legislatures accorded under the new Constitution of the State, the existing Legislature, just adjourned (for which we are all thankful), will have to be called together again of well informed members brings the welcome extra session next year; that the Governor, if he chooses, can get along very well without the Legislature until 1881. So may it be. Meanwhile we shall have an election in

1880.-Loiger. In the United States sevate on Friday, Senator Wade Hampton took occasion to make a prost pertinent and telling remark. He said that the south "could not be biamed for trusting her interests in peace to those who risked their lives and fortunes for her in war" and that "if the north had in like manner honored those whose who fought her battles, the legislation of the country would not be embittered by the renewal of sectional strife." At this juncture the stalwart leaders began to glance around blankly for some of their number who have a war record. It may be well to state that the eyes of all were not turned upon Zacharish, the standard bearer of the bloody shirt .-

ENDORSING AND GOING BAIL.

These are two of the great evils of the day, and we cordially endorse the following

sensible remarks from the Patriot, "It appears that it is some times necessary to swear off other things besides whisky drucking. Aman up in New York state, who had lost considerable money by endors ing the commercial paper of friends, recently went before a magistrate an i took a solem n oath that he would from that time forth neversaore endorse any paper of a pecuniary value. Some man with the "gift of gab" who is casting about for an easy way to make organization of a reform movement of this kind. The reason for signing such a pledge would be nearly if not quite as strong as those for signing the temperance pledge. The endorsement of commercial paper for frien is amounts to almost as great an evil as social drinking. It is the cause of a vast amount of financial distress over the whole country and we venture to say that statistics would show that it produces nearly as many murders and suicides as the use of strong

ransactions and in legal proceedings where the practice is proper and necessary, but we refer to the indiscriminate methods now in vogue. A man may not intend to "stick" his friend, but unforseen causes may lead to that result.

Exciting Court Scene.

Philadelphia, June 9 .- Quite an excitement was caused this afternoon in the court of oyer and terminer, when Edward Parr convicted of the murder of his daughter, was brought into court to receive the sentence of death. The prisoner was brought up the little stairway leading from the lower story and placed in the criminals' dock to be sentenced. While the judge was pronounc ing the sentence, it was noticed that Parr placed a bottle to his lips and drank the contents, and in a moment fell over. The court room was at once cleared, and the apparently lifeless form of Parr conveyed habeas corpus hearing, there being no evi- to an adjoining room. It was stated that he took a dose of strychnine. Restoratives were

Dr.Chapman and several other physicians who have been in attendance upon Parr ever since he was carried out of court, have made of passion, and no one would have been out every exertion to restore him to conscious at that time of night with a gun, without the ness, but at half past 2 o'clock this afterintention of making some particular use of it. noon Dr. Chapman stated that he thought it Dr. J. W. Ranney, of 17 East Forty-sixth tion to the bill. The merits of the bill were deliberate and premeditated, and was all up with the prisoner, and that he the person who did it, knew that the victim did not think he could recover. It is thought malady, of the cause of which nobody then would be along that way soon, and lay in Parr had the poison down in the lining of west for him, shooting him down without a his cont, as he had made a threat, it is stated moment's warning. The motive was not at the prison, this morning, that he had plunder, as nothing was taken from his per- something which would prevent him from being taken to the gallows. The judge who sentenced him said that he noticed that, as is nothing in the dark annals of Molly Ma- soon as the sentence was finished and when he had spoke about his soul, the prisoner sight of his own home, without any appar- seemed to fall back upon himself and be gan mumbling. Somebody remarked that he was saying his prayers, but he soon commeuced twitching and had to be removed rom the court.

At one o'clock Parr appears to be some seemed to drop from the attention of the pub-lic, and to day the body of John Vanliew is he can recover. Barney and Edward Parr, in the grave, the crime unavenged and the his sons, were arrested on the 9th inst, on suspicion of having rurnished their father with the poison.

Disgracing the State.

Looking at the utterly disgraceful pro ceedings in the Harrisburg House of Representatives in the last two days, there is er, and in ten days after getting rid of the avoid an alleged threatened embarrassment one point of relief that the disgrace is the tack head was able to be about. Two weeks to the efforts already in progress to establish work of a minority of the members. It is ago she was attacked with peritonitis, or in- an international common ratio of values benot a majority of the House that says the flammation of the bowels, and on the 2d of tween the two precious metals. The indithe apprehension of the criminal. This of Pennsylvania Legislature shall be a free June died itself amounts to nothing. It will not alone field for the operation of bribery, and that corruptionists shall go unpunished. This mitigates the humiliation in some degree but it does not lessen the gravity of the damages done to the Commonwealth and the people. The corruptionists have been shielded because there were not enough members with a sufficient sense of duty to join the majority and vindicate the House and the State by expelling the men who had broken the law, the Constitution and their oaths. This failure is as effective as if the corruptionists had been acquitted by a unanimous vote, and is as potent in assuring them and all of their stripe of immunity for the future-that is, all of the future so long as the people who elect legislators shall choose men as unscrupulous and as dead to sense of thing. It is the work of "ring" politics and

machine voting. Eighty-eight members out of one hundred and eighty-six who voted declared by their votes that the corrupt practices of which Petroff, Rumberger and Geo. F. Smith were reported to be guilty shall not be punished in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives by the only penalty within the power of the Legislature. There is the shame, there the disgrace, there the irreparable

damage to the public. outrage upon public decency as this Four Million Riot bill and its corrupt career to arouse the voters of the State to their dereliction of duty in going to the polls like cat- so freely, and they are, consequently, more tle driven to the shambles, to ratify the nomination of any sort of man for the high trust of making laws for four millions of people. Yet who expects otherwise than that, when the next election for members of the Legislature shall come around, submissive voters will be found following the same old cry, "stick to the ticket," "stand by the regular nominees of the party." This is the on the 16th inst., before the supreme tribu anchor to windward the wire-pullers of the nal, of belonging to an association for the machine always rely on ; and it has proved overthrow of the state, was carried out to-

"The Grand Army of the Republic."

It will be observed by our readers that just now the Republican newspapers of the countre are full of notices of the Grand Army of the Republic, which they speak of as next winter by the Governor. Inquiry made being revived in every direction and establishing new "Posts," as they call them, at every intelligence that there is no real necessity for point. The Decoration services this year were generally conducted by the members of this association, and there seems to be a general arousing of interest in it among its adherents.

We long ago charged that the Grand Ar my, while containing among its members many unsuspecting Democrats, was nevertheless a snawn of the Republican party, and used in that party's interest. We have never yet seen any reason to change our opinion on this subject, and still believe it to be a scheme of the Republican party to capture and hold the votes of the soldiers. the more inclined to this belief from the fact that such great efforts are now being made to recruit the ranks of the Grand Army, which for the past couple of years have been suffered to become depleted and thinned. Th s the year before the presidential lection 1880, and this accounts for the active interest now taken by the Republican politicians and leaders in the Grand Army. They want to have it recognized, its ranks filled up, new 'posts' established, and every soldier or son of a soldier who can be deceived, enlisted under its banners. They hope and expect to be able to control its vote for Grant or whoever the Republican nominee for President may be, although, as usual, they disclaim any political intention in the matter. But as it was in the past, so will it be in the future and no stone will be left unturned to accomplish their purpose. They controlled it for Grant before and they will do it again, no matter how cupningly they may cover over their designs with the cloak of a patriotic purpose. The Grand Army of the Republic is undoubt a living might strike a bonanza here by the by their efforts to revive it just on the eve of a presidential election. If there is nothing political in it, why is there such a stir in the camp just at this particular time? Why is so much more interest taken in it now than for the past two or three years?

> We have only to say to Democratic soldiers and Democratic voters, keep out of this organization. You will be warmly solicited to oin it, and will be assured that it has no political purpose whatever, but we tell you if you to-day. are wise you will not allow yourselves to be thus deceived. There is a political purpose in it, and that purpose is to gain votes for the next Republican candidate for President. Any man with half an eye can see this, when he takes into consideration the present active effort to revive and strengthen it-an effort that is being made only by Republican leaders. We warn our D-mocratic triends a gainst of passing the bills. The Senate will take it, and if after this warning they are findish up the legislative bill to-day, and, it is exenough to be deceived, their fault will be their own .- Bellefonte Watchman.

Killed By a Piu.

MISS SOPHIA LEHRBERGER'S DEATH FROM

Miss Sophia Lehrberger died at 325 East Fifty-fifth street, from the effects of swallowmouth, and that over a year ago she inadvertently bolted the bit of metal. In July or complaining of occasional severe pains in the troubles gradually increased until in the latviolent attack of inflammation of the bowels. street was called in and treated the apparent suspected. The case, as he relates it, then progressed as follows: "The inflammation of the bowels was controlled, but then a large abseess formed in the right groin, from which when I lanced it was discharged a great quantity of pus. It continued op-n and discharging, and about a week from the time I lanced thick as a crow quilt and about an inch and a half long, which upon examination I found to be a common brass pin imbedded in some calcentre and point, you see plainly what it is. alienate Democratic votes in Eastern States, When I first saw it, the calcareous covering and notably in New York and Connecti over it all was of the thickness that you see open, and ten days after the pin appeared the bill that the friends of the bimetallic latter part of November last. Although the abseess developed into a fistulous connection and in this country by deferring the present with the bowels, the young lady grew strong-

adhesion of the bowels and the walls of the against Mr. Coke's pending resolution, and abdomen, and through this extended the first that it will therefore be defeated. tulous opening-fully as large as a crow quill perforating the intestine. That was the channel through which the pin and tack head passed. Those foreign substances had undoubtedly passed successfully through all the convolutions of the ileum or small intestine, until they reached the blind cul de sacknown as the appendix vermiformis at the end of the caecum or large intestine, below the entrunce into it of the ileum, and there had lodged. The inflammation caused by the irritation of their presence commenced at the entrance of the lieum, and from that point the adhesion. Pins may, and doubtless some times do, pass through the body without doworn duty as those who have done this ing any harm, but they are liable to be detained in the cul de sac mentioned, and, instead of passing through the natur-The offenders have been protected by a al channel, form for themselves an artificial minority that was within thirteen votes of channel, as this one did, through the right being a majority of the whole House. groin, with the consequences seen in the present case. I have met with no such case before in my practice, and know of none re corded in the books, though there may be. Like results have, however, followed the lodgment of cherry stones in the appendix vermiformis. I have had numbers of cases in which needles that had been swallowed worked themselves out after the lapse of considerable time, and without any serious inju-

ry. They are prone to follow the line of the muscle they first reach after making their es ape from the intestine, and may come out in the most unexpected places and ways. But the heads on the pins prevent their travelling dangerous."- N. Y. Sun.

Solovieff, the Czar's Would-be Assassin, Ex-

ecuted. ST. PETERSBURG, June 9.—The sentence against Alexander Solovieff, who attempted the assassination of the Emperor of Russia, on the 14th of last April, and was convicted to be a trusty reliance in many a hard day. He was hanged at 10 o'clock this morning in the Smolenski field.

WASHINGTON LETTER Washington, D. C., June 10, 1879.

EXIT EXTRA SESSION-MANY APPROPRIA-TION BILLS-UNEXPECTED UNANIMITY-A SCORE OF DEMOCRATS VOTE AGAINST THE ARMY BILL-AN ADJOUENMENT ALMOST CERTAIN BY THE 16th .-PROBABLY THE LAST CAUCUS OF THE SESSION - MULTANIMOUS DISAGREEMENT ON THE SIL-

VER BILL. Some surprise is expressed at the very ppropriation bill was passed in the House the 8th day of March, 1814, and was conse bill that its provisions were not clearly de- was apprenticed to Samuel Means with whom fined and that it would be difficult of construction. Some members, Democrats as and carpentering. He got no schooling except vetoed bill, with the repealing section and appropriations for court expenses omitted, and there was an endearor to have this substituted for the committee bill. Gen. Hawardley was of opinion that a sufficient number of Lemocratic votes could be secured to carsol lemocratic votes could ry a bill to this effect through the House.
In the late Democratic caucus the speaker of the House proposed and advocated a new of the House proposed and advocated a new daughter of Ural Hopkins, of Light Street, who bill but he was voted down, the caucus voting in favor of a continuation of the present law with certain additions. Gen. Hawley finally voted in favor of the committee bill, as did all the Republicans. The twenty-two opposing votes were cast by Democrats, some of whom were not willing and like work. Having carned considerable money he went back to Colombia Democrats, some of whom were not willing to favor the bill denuded of the repealing legislation originally proposed, and by others who objected to the form of the bill.

Mr. Cox refused to vote for the bill giving Laflee, Heckscher's at Shemandoah, and others. as his reason that his constituents insisted upon the first stand taken by the party and the party and ware unwilling to share their demands. The were unwilling to abate their demands. The army bill will be brought before the House by the committee on appropriations to-day and will be passed immediately. Vesterday letters patent would have been taken out this were unwilling to abate their demands. The and will be passed immediately. Yesterday edly a Republican device, and this is proved Mr. Ryan, Republican, of Kansas moved to containing appropriations for judicial expenses will certainly be passed as soon as tonorrow and it will probably get through

> The impression generally expressed among members now is that Congress will adjourn next Saturday or Monday at the latest. Congress is very auxious to get home, and since both houses are practically unanimous or the appropriation bills, in their present shape, there will be little or no debate, and the only work expected will be the routine pected, will get through with the other ap propriations by Saturday.

Yesterday immediately after adjournmen there was another caucus of Democratic Senators. It remained in session nearly three hours. The Warner silver bill was WALLOWING ONE MORE THAN A YEAR AGO. exhaustively discussed. It was not proposed to make the bill a "caucus measure," except to the extent of insuring prompt action upon it, but the discussion yesterday developed ing a common brass pin. When the pin was such immovable opposition to the bill on swallowed, neither she nor her mother nor the part of some Senators, and such irreconcilable differences of opinion as to the ques that she had the habit of putting pins in her tion of expediency that no proposition whatever was pushed to a vote and consequently the caucus adjourned without taking any August of last year, Miss Lehrberger began action and without its members being any nearer an agreement than when they as lower portion of her bowls, on the right side sembled. The speakers in favor of the bill with sometimes sharp pains in the back. These were Senators Thurman, Beck, Voorhees, Garland, Maxey, Hereford, Coke, and Pendter part of September, when she suffered a leton. Senators Bayard, Eaton, and Kernan made the principal speeches in opposidently so hope of changing opinions concerning them. But the question of the probable effect of its passage by the Senate in connection with its anticipated veto by the President, was the subject of very animated discussion.

On the one hand it was argued that the effect would be to give increased strength to it there came out through it a hard lump as the Democracy in the West, and especially in the coming Ohio contest, on the other hand, it was insisted that, aside from the careous substance. Here is the pin. Where jority vote in the Senate, its passage by the I have cracked off the chalky shell from its dominant party in that body would tend to cut.

t still is on the head-a little thicker than a It was also earnestly argued in opposition common quill pen. The abscess continued to the demands for immediate action upon this tack head came out. That was about the system would most effectually promote the permanent establishment of a double standmeasure until the next session, and thus cations in the caucus were that at least eight "The autopsy showed that there was an or nine Democratic Senators will vote

Permanency an Object.

In troubles with the kidneys or liver a cure is worth nothing unless radical and permanent. Kidney-Wort assails the causes o the disease, by gently acting on the stomach and bowels. For piles it is better than any known specific.

Candidates.

(The following persons have been proposed to unced in this list are pledged to abide by the de tmon of the Convention.

E. UNANGST,

WILLIAM MILLER. of Centre. A. K. SMITH,

of Madison. SAMUEL JACOBY,

of Bloom. JOHN G. JACOBY, of Berwick, JOHN G. QUICK, of Montour.

JOHN LORE, of Pine. CHARLES A. KNORR, of Bloom.

SAMUEL SMITH, of Fishingereck. d. C. KELCHNER,

of Scott.

OBITUARY. GEORGE MARTZ.

This morning at 8 o'clock, George Marts died after a long and painful illness. He was taken sick about four months ago with a combination of diseases of the heart and kidneys This was followed by soveral, paralytic strokes. For the last three weeks he was speechless, and suffered the greatest agony. On Sunday he had another stroke and was unable to take any nourishment at all, and this morning, at the hour stated breathed his last. Mr. Martz was arge majority vote by which the legislative born in Roaring Creek, Columbia county, on yesterday. It had been orged against the quently in his 96th year. At an early age he and George Means he learned cabinet making vell as Republicans, were in favor of the a month in the winter though every penny of retoed bill, with the repealing section and his small earnings was invested in books, which

Mr. Martz was always actively engaged in Mr. Isyan, Republican, of Kansas moved to pass the army bill, as reported by the committee, containing the clause forbidding the sending of troops to the polls. The Democrats moved and carried an adjournment because they were unwilling to allow the Republicans to have the celat of passing their ward in which he then lived. For several years from the Middle ward in which he then lived. For several wards for the committee of Pearlies and the several years from the Middle ward in which he then lived. For several wards for the committee of the several years from the Middle ward in which he then lived. For several wards for the committee, containing the clause forbidding the sending of troops to the politics. He was a whig first, then are publican, and lately a greenbacker though he declined to be known by that name, saying always actively engaged in politics. He was a whig first, then are publican, and lately a greenbacker though he declined to be known by that name, saying always actively engaged in politics. He was a whig first, then are publican, and lately a greenbacker though he declined to be known by that name, saying always actively engaged in politics. He was a whig first, then are publican, and lately a greenbacker though he declined to be known by that name, saying always actively engaged in politics. bill. The supplemental sundry civil bill cock street Fishback. He was a man of ster ling worth on whose word dependence could be placed. He was liberal and public spirited and his death will be generally regretted.—Potts-

NEW AVDERTISEMENTS.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH

berbs and barks to their essentials form, free from every berbs and barks to their essential filters from every other known remesy. In one short year It has found in way from the Allenine to the Pacific coast found in way from the Allenine to the Pacific coast for the treatment of Cataria. The proprietors have been waited uponby gentlemen of rational reputation who have been curred by this remedy, and who have at come irrable expense and personal trouble, spread the good news throughout the circles in which they move. When you hear a wealthy gentlemen of intelligence and refinement ear, "I towe my last to hanford of great value, and worthy to be classed smoog the standard medical specifics of the day. THE benefit I derive from its daily use is to me se

HENRY WELLS, OF WELLS, PARGO & Co. T has cured me after twelve years of uninterrupted GEO, W. HOUGHTON, WALTHAM, MASS. HAVE recommended it to quite a number of my friends, all of whom have expressed to me their light estimate of its value and good effects with them. WM. BOWEN, ZE PINE ST., ST. LOVIS.

A FTER using two bottles I find myself permanently cared. I have since recommended over one undered bottles with the greatest success.

WM. W. ARMSTRONG.

19 HARRISON AVE., BOSTON.

WE have sold Sanyonn's Rapical Cums for nearly one year and can say candidly that we never sold a similar preparation that gave such universal satisfaction. We have yet to learn of the first con-S. D. BALDWIN & CO., WASHINGTON, IND.

THE cure effected in my case by Sanford's Radical Cure was so remarkable that it seemed to those who had suffered without relief from any of the usual remedies that it could not be true. I therefore main affiniarit to it before seth J. Thomas, Eq., Justice of the Peace, Roston.

GEORGE F. DINSMORE, DUDGOUST, ROSTON.

COLLINS' **VOLTAIC PLASTER**

An Electro-Galvanic Battery combined with a highly Medicated Strengthening Plaster, for ug the best Plaster for pains and aches in one World of Medicine.

A MORBID SWELLING.

uthemen. — I sent for one of COLLINS VOLTAN-STEIDS, and it has been of great benefit in reast a swelling in my left side that two poyetians pro-seed Kniargement of the Spicen, and one pro-ceed it an Ovarian Tumor. CUNTUIANIA, IND., March 23, 1877. L. A. HISTER. THEY ARE THE BEST.

Confirmen, - Euclised you will find \$2.5, and I wis an would soul the marker degen of your COLLING OUT ALLY LANTELES. By the above you will see the can do something to belp obsers in some way even it will be some way even in a who have tried your plasters who have red you at all plasters were good for melling, and now jot thin me that they are like beet they have seen they expense your should be the plasters were good for melling, and now jot thin me that they are like beet they have seen they became you will be the property where Young they were good for melling and now play your while I would have night of your play. Ballston Spa, N. Y., March 27, 1971.

Price, 25 Cents, Becareful to call for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER less you get some worldnes installon. Sold by all wholesals and firstal Druguists Introgulous the Laist-deaders and Canadia, and by WELES & POTTER, Pro-prietors, Roston, Mass.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

SCOTT SCHOOL DISTRICT. JACOB TERWILLIGER, Treasurer.

ERFY SCHOOL

LIGHT STREET SCHOOL By C. M Terwilliger, teacher. 5 mo 140 00 '' Wm McDowel, '' '' 110 00 '' Phobe Snyder, '' '' 110 00 '' J. Terwilliger, coal, broom, etc. 43 76

APTON SCHOOL. By Douglas White, teacher, 5 mo 140 00

W. W. Moorhead, 110 00

A. Mood, plastering, etc. 10 00

Geo. W. Cleveling, coal, etc. 17 20

A. Mood, blackboard 12 23 CROSS ROADS SCHOOL.

By A.H. Yanderslice, t acher, 5 mo 140 00 " David Jones, coal, flooring, etc. 36 38 " Terwilliger, coal, etc. 309 MISCELLANGOUS EXPENSES. Balance

une 23, 1818, cash from Henry C Kelchner, into treasurer, une 2, 78 cash received from collec-tor H N White, during year

SAM'L A. WOHMAN, C.C. TREN: U. CLARE KRESSLER,

nerrounness, constipution, aridity of the stomach, &c. Get the genuine. Only sold in \$1 bottles. Depot and Office, 399 North Nunth St., Philadelphia. Ask for Runkel's, and take no other. Sold by all drug-Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia Dyspepsia.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron

The great success and delight of the people. It set, nothing of the kind has ever been offered to the American people which has so quickly found its way into their good favor and hearty approval as E

F. KUNKEL'S BIFTER WIVE OF INON. It does all

proposes, and thus gives universal astisfaction. Is guaranteed to cure the worst case of dyspepsis or indigestion, kidney or liver disease, weakness

E. P. KUKERI'S RITTER WINE OF IRON IS A SUFE CUTE for this disease. It has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success. Symptoms are loss of appetite, wind and rising of food, dryness in mouth, endache, dizziness, sleeplessness and low spirits, et the genuine. Not sold in bulk, only in \$1 bottles. Soid by all dring lists. Ask for E. F. Kusker's Briten Wink or Laon and take no other. \$1,00 per bottle, or all bottles for \$5. All I ask is a trial of this valuable medicine. A trial will convince yo

Worms, Worms, Worms. R. P. KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP never falls to remove it kinds of Worms. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms re readily removed by Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Dr. Kunkle is the only successful physician in the untry that can remove Tape Worm in from two to ur hours. He has no fee until head and all passes ive and in this space of time. Common sense aches if Tape Worm can be removed, all other Vorms can readily be destroyed. Ask your drug gist for a bottle of KUNKEL'S WORM STRUE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UDITOR'S REPORT
Of Sugariosi township of supervisors of roads to the year ending April 14th, 1879.

Andrew Hess and John Lewis, Supervisors, To amount of duplicate of road tax in Andrew Hess' hands for the year of 1818. To amount of unscated land tax, amount of unseated land tax,
work done on road
time as Supervisor,
receipts and others redeemed
exonerations
orders redeemed
order. 2 57 \$495 54 \$405 64 o amount of duplicate of road tax in John Lewis' hands for the year of isis, y work done on road, y time as Supervisor, y exhonerations, \$926 83 \$926 8B

To amount of orders issued on over work \$345.99 The above is the indebtedness for the year 1878. By order of Auditors

ELIJAH PETERMAN, AARON FRITZ, J. R. DAVIS, ttest, ANDREW LAUBACH, Clerk.

SHERIFFS SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Factas Issued out the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate of the south easterly side of Front, between Mulberry

and Vine streets, in the borough of Berwick, bound-ed by Front street north, lot of Andrew Fowler east, Susquenana river and Western R. R. South, and ot of Baptist Church west, ninety-nine feet, more or less, in front, and feet in depth. Being Water Lots Nos. 6 & 12, as marked and numbered In the general plan of the town of Berwick, Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Andrew Fowler, against George A. Beam, and to be sold as he property of George A. Beam.

CHANGE OF NAME. In the matter of the petition of Lizzic Pisher presented to the Court in open session, Februar,

And now, May 14, 1879, it appearing to the Court
And now, May 14, 1879, it appearing to the Court
that three months have clapsed since the presenting
of the betition in this case to the Court, and that
the prayer of the petition should be granted, the
Court hareby makes decree that the name of the
petitioner be changed from Lizzle Fisher to Lizzle
Conner, and directs that notice of this decree shall
content and directs that notice of this decree shall
be considered to the construction of the several published at in the Court Minax, a weekly belwapper
published at one the Records.

June 6, 1879. Wim. KRICKBAUM,
Prothonotary.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the ourt of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the unty, Pennsylvania, at two o'clock p. m., on

MONDAY, JULY 7th, 1879. All that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Catawissa, in the county of Columbia, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post set for a corner for said lot at the intersection of the two public roads leading from the town of Catawissa respectively to McNinch and McKelvy's Mills, south eighteen and a half degrees, east one hundred and forty-one foet undred and five feet to a post on the south side hundred and five feet to a post on the south side of the aforesaid road leading from Catawissa to McNinch's Mill, thence by the same north sixty-long degrees, west one hundred and forty-four feet to the place of beginning; on which are erected a three story, brick building, store room, public ball and reasonickall.

nasonic hall.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of C. B. Brockway against Robert Gorrell with notice to Catawissa Masonic Association, garnishee, and to be sold as the property of Catawissa Masonic Asso-ciation. Plur. Vend. Ex.

BROCK FAY, Attorney.
ALSO

All that tract of land situate in the town of Bloomsburg, viz: Lots 10 and 11, bounded on the north by land of Shaffer and Hoffman, on the east by East street, on the south by lot of william Gigger, and on the west by Strawberry alley ougger, and on the west by Strawberry siley, containing one hundred feet front by one hundred and ninety-eight feet in depth, being two full lots, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other out-buildings.

ALSO,
One other lot on Railroad street, West Bioomsburg.

bounded on the north by an alley on the east by the irondale ratiroad, on the south by lot of Henry Hartman, and on the west by se alley, containing fifty feet front and one hundred and sixty-six feet deep, more or less, on which are erected a double frame house, two large stables and other out buildings.
Seized, taken in execution at the suit of M. G

ughes, assigned to C. R. Paxton, against Caspe Thomas, and to be sold as the property of Casp W. J. BUCKALEW, Attorney. W. J. BUCKALER, JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff. june to 79-to

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of a writ of Fiert Facias issued out of

the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at

THURSDAY JULY 10th 1879. All those pieces and parcels of land with the appurtenances, bounded and described as follows: on Whitinger's store to Evansville, eastwardly by George K. Hess and Jesse Freas, south by M. W. Jackson, Paul Zahner and John Hizer, and on the west by a public road, by Aaron Kelchner and Ellis Ringrose, containing one hundred and fifty-four acres more or less, all improved land, on which are erected one storehouse, two small frame dwelling houses, two large bank barns, one stable and a warmen shed, on which is a good apple orchard, being the same premises purchased by defendant at Or-phans' Court sate as the property of Gilbert H. Fow-

i er, deceased.

ALSO,
The one-eighth title and intere all that tract of land situate in township of Briar-creek in said county on which the defendant now resides, bounded on the north by land heretofore of ohn Vanpelt, now M. E. Jackson and of Joh Heavener, on the west by said Heavener, now Adam Dieterich and Francis Evans, on the south by land heretofore owned by P. M. Traugh and now owned by Pettle and on the cast by the Said Pettle and others, containing two hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, about one hundred and fifty acres or which are cleared on which are erected frame bank barn, frame dwelling house, with other outbuildings, on which is an excellent apple orchard

and other fruit.

ALSO,
one other tract of land situate in said township of Briarcreek, bounded on the east by land of
Hancah Sitier, south by land of Isaac Bower, on the
west by William Sitier, and on the north by Yest's Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Susanah Bunt against William Lamon, and to be sold as the property of William Lamon. Jackson & Son, Attorneys.

Terms cash on day of sale.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

INVITE ATTENTION

TO THE FOLLOWING

FACTS

EACTS

FACTS

FACES

STATEMENT OF FACTS.

A FEW PLAIN WORDS TO ALL BUYERS OF DRY GOODS.

WE DEAL IN DRY GOODS EXCLUSIVELY.

The result of a lifetime experience in this special line of business; FACTS the concentration of all our time and personal attention upon it; the facilities afforded by ample capital invested in DRY GOODS ALONE; a thorough knowledge of all markets, European and American; constant personal supervision of every detail of the business—all these advantages combined enable us constantly to unfold opportunities to our patrons which can scarcely be found elsewhere. Other houses may lead in other special lines of business, or even attempt to do a little in all branches of merchandise; we prefer to DO ONE THING WELL, and

TO LEAD

PLAIN DRY GOODS BUSINESS. FACE

Owning the largest retail stock of Dry Goods in Philadelphia FACTS (having six floors of our large building packed with goods), all purchased EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH in the best markets of the world, we submit that we are in a position to offer unequaled inducements to all buyers of Dry Goods. In addition, our store, built by ourselves, for our own hardess. own business, is conceded to be the most conveniently appointed and the best lighted business establishment in the United States. To be able to examine goods under a perfect light is no small advantage to every pru-

dent buyer.

Consumers everywhere w thin reach of Philadelphia cannot fail to see FACTS the advantage of obtaining their supplies where not only the heaviest Dry Goods stock is carried, but where the largest business admits of the

smallest profits, (Signed)

Strawbridge & Clothier.

Out-of town consumers are informed that all orders for goods or requests for samples vill receive prompt, careful and intelligent attention in a department

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

N. W. Cor. Eighth and Market Sts., PHILADELPHIA.

their great Clothing business last year at Oak Hall nearly a quarter of a million dollars, and for 1879 the new plans will make the house more popular and increase the business much more. Eighteen years in the people's service at the old corner of Sixth and Market has taught us how to do the business well.

whatever may be said, no noise in the United States sells anything like so much Clothing at Retail as Oak Hall, and no house in Philadelphia sells more than a quarter as many goods as Mr. Wanamaker sells in Clothing alone. Doing this large business shows the people's regard for our goods, and enables us to buy cheaply and sell at small profits.

.1

New patterns have been made this year and new styles intro-duced through Mr. Robert C. Ogden (formerly pattner of the famous firm of Devlin & Co., New York), who is now associated with Oak Hall, and will give his whole energies and valuable experience to improving the manufacture of our Boys' and Men's Clothing. We do not buy Clothing like the dealers, but make it expressly for our own sales. The Spring stock is splendid, and no other make of goods, so far, have as much merit, or are sold as cheaply. sold as cheaply.

the old store, and that it does not have his attention; on the contrary, his ownership of it remains unchanged, and he has lost none of his love for it. Every day finds him supervising all its departments. Mr. William H. Wanamaker spends his entire time on the Oak Hall business.

A VISIT THIS SPRING PARTICULARLY INVITED.

WANAMAKER & BROWN. OAK HALL, 6th & Market Sts., Philad'a.

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

BEWARE OF BOOKS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS
NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE PLATE
OR PARTICULARS FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:

WHITESEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO. A PPLICATION FOR WATER COMPA-

STEPHEN POHE, COUNTY CHAS, REICHART, COUNTY CHAS, REICHART, Comrs. A. B. BERGIAT, Comrs. Commissioners office, Bloomsburg, Pa. May 30 79-2w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the distribution of the funds i court from the sale of the property of Moore Crew

HENRY J. McEWEN. No. 163 May Term, 1876 Plut. Fit. Pat. MOORE CREVELING.]
Now, May 18th, 1819, the Court appeint Geo. F
Elwell auditor to distribute the funds in Court are
ling from sale of real estate, by consect of counsel
BY THE COURT.

GEO, E. ELWELL, Auditor

\$400 REWARD!

The above reward will be paid for the apprehension and conviction of the murderer or mirrierers of Jonn Van Llew, of Orange kownship, columbia coun-ty, Pennsylvania, on the night of the eighth of Mep-tember, 1871.

STEPHEN POHE, CHARLES HEICHART, ALEX. B. FERRING, Attest, JOHN B. CASEY, Clerk.
Commissioners Office, Bloomsburg, Fa., June 4, '8

DAVID STROUP,
MOVER HEATTERS,
GEORGE HEREINS,
JAMES BARTON,
GEORGE W. CORREL. For the Company.

1300maburg, Pa., June 6, 1819 5w.

SOLOMON YEAGER. And now May it, 1879, on motion of W. L. Eyerly, Court appears Samuel Knorr, Esq., Auditor to dis-ribule moneys in Court arising from the sale of the Real Estate of the defendant on the above stated Vistal Ex.

BY THE COURT. The undersigned appointed auditor by the above order will sit at his office in Bioonsburg, on Monday June 38, 1819 at ten o clock a. m., for the purpose of his appointment when and where all persons interested should appear.

SAMUEL KNORE. SAMUEL KNORE,

June 6, 1879. A UDITOR'S NOTICE

De vite estate of william Millione, decressed.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court
of Columbia county, ordistribute funds to and ameng
parties entitled thereto, in the hands of the Adminstrator, will attend to the duties of his appointment as his officer in Hosensburg, Position,
Monday, July 16th, 1879 at the o'clock a. m., at which
line and place all parties interested may attend it
they think proper, or be deburred from a share of
sald fund.

JOB PRINTING Neatly and sheaply executed at the