The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Dec. 6, 1878.

PUBLIC MORALS.

From the increasing business in the criminal courts of the county it appears that the commission of crimes is by no means on the decrease. A few years ago three or four days were sufficient to dispose of all the cases in the Quarter Sessions, but now as a rule a whole week is occupied. But few of the offences committed are of a high grade, most of them being larceny, assault and battery, fornication and bastardy and the like. The crime of larceny is no doubt more frequent now than formerly because of the hard times, which reduces many to straits that they have never before known. The temptation to help themselves to the property of others in order to better their own condition is great, and hence we find many who give way to this temptation. The certainty of detection and punishment, however has not diminished, and the number of convictions for these offenses should be sufficient, if no higher reason will prevail, to prevent others from risking their reputations and personal liberty by the taking of that which belongs to others.

Assault and battery results from giving vent to the passions, in which men forget the consequences that are almost sure to follow. In the anger of the moment they forget not only the laws of God, but the statutes of the State, that forbid them from laying the hand of violence on their fellows. This crime will cease only when men shall learn to curb their passions. If they have no respect for the laws, they should remember what may be the results of their actions. Arrest, conviction, payment of costs and imprisonment are almost sure to follow.

Fornication and bastardy is either on the increase, or else there are more women who are willing to make known their fall, now than heretofore. At almost every session of the Court it is not an unusual sight to see from three to six young women sitting in the court room with babies in their arms waiting patiently until the time shall come for them to go upon the witness stand to find a father for their bastard offspring. In many cases these women, some of them mere girls, are known to be of bad character. Their very manner in public, giving testimony before a crowd of men without a blush, proclaims that all sense of shame is gone, and that they are seeking only to find some one with whom they can divide the expense of rearing their illegitimate babes. In a few cases it is undoubtedly the fact the prosecutrix is the victim of a man for whom the name of fiend is not enough to express the depth of his infamy.

There is a lesson to be learned from past experience. Girls are too apt to be allowed by parents to have their own way. They are permitted to go and come as they please, to share the company of young men until late hours of the night, and thus parents, and others whose duty it is to keep a watchful eye on young females under their charge, are greatly to blame for their downfall.

If this growing evil is to be checked, there must be a different course pursued by those who might prevent it. Put restrictions upon your daughters and other inmates of your household, be careful about their associations, and thus take away the opportunities that are now offered for their destruction by designing men, and the pitiful sight that is now exhibited in the Court at every session will be one of scarce occurrence. We have spoken plainly but the facts have warranted us in calling the attention of the people to the increase of a crime that will unless checked, undermine the morals of any community.

OUR SENTIMENTS.

The following from the *Perry County Democrat* expresses our view. Outside tinkering has done us more harm than internal disagreements:

"The Democrats of the Twentieth Congressional district could have given Ex-Gov. Curtin from 3,000 to 5,000 majority had they been so disposed. They saw proper to permit the election of Yocum by a majority of 73. For so doing they are being denounced from one end of the Commonwealth to the other, just as if they were not competent to determine for themselves who they did not want to represent them in Congress. Isn't it about time for outsiders to stop their nonsense? The Democracy of each district should hereafter be permitted to make their own selection of candidates. It will pan out better for the party everywhere."

LET IT COME.—It begins to look now from the action of the Republicans, as if the controversy in this, the eleventh congressional district, as to who is entitled to the certificate of membership of the next House of Representatives will have to be settled by a contest. We say let it come; then there will be an exposure all around of who did not receive favors, money, &c., during the canvass. Some of the chameleon changes about that time may be accounted for by such, an exposure.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

"So say we all of us." If Klotz was honorably and honestly elected, let those who dispute the fact be given an opportunity to prove it. Only guilty men shun investigation.

A Compliment from McClure.

The editor of the Bloomsburg COLUMBIAN Mr. Charles B. Brockway, is reorganizing and consolidating the Democracy, now that the election is over. He had a peculiar way of doing this kind of work before election, and he may have some difficulty in pursuading the party to let him have the entire contract to consolidate it for the future.—*Aleck McClure's Times.*

ILLEGAL.—We have been informed that one of the officers of the late election boards in this county permitted outsiders to inspect the "List of voters" as a means whereby to detect how certain parties voted We would inform every one guilty and those not guilty of this offense, that such election officer not only breaks his oath but throws himself liable to a prosecution under the election laws and if proved guilty subjects himself to a fine and imprisonment. There must be no espionage about the ballot.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

We have heard of the same thing being done in this County. Persons guilty of such acts should be promptly punished as an example in the future. Every man has the right to vote as he pleases, and no one has a right to spy into his action.

It is well that the country had its Thanksgiving yesterday. The Democratic Congress meets next Monday and there will be little to give thanks for until it adjourns.—*Press.*

Certainly not among the thieving and corrupt crowd that successive Republican administrations fastened upon the country.

Lynn, Mass., boasts of a political curiosity. Its workingmen's candidate for Mayor is actually a workingman.

IN THE MATTER OF PETITION AND ORDERS FOR ROAD VIEWS.

Numbers of petitions for orders to view and lay out new roads are presented at every session of the Court. The Court has no discretion in the matter, being required by law to appoint viewers when a petition therefor properly signed is presented,—whatever may be the result, of the view, the County is liable for the expense.

The expense of these views, and the amount of damages assessed to land owners, constitute no inconsiderable part of the claims upon the County Treasury.

We refer to no particular case, but suggest to citizens generally, the propriety of deferring requests for views upon new roads, until the burden of them will be less felt by the County and Townships than at the present time.

In order to better protect the interest of the public against the payment of excessive damages the following rule is adopted:

SECTION II. RULES OF QUARTER SESSIONS.

In all cases of road views, in which damages are reported by viewers, and in all bridge views, it must appear in the report that 5 days written notice was given to the Commissioners of the County or one of them, of the time and place when and where the viewers will meet.

BY THE COURT.

Adopted Dec. 2, 1878.

The 11th Congressional District.

If that dead beat and corrupt political Charlatan, who runs the Hazleton *Sentinel* under the guise of an independent (neutral) journal but whose political views as enunciated in his paper, were not the purchased property of some one possessed of more brains, if not less unscrupulous than himself, he might set himself as a Sage to give advice to the great Democratic party of the Eleventh Congressional district. But as he is so well known, his suggestions and his views as they appear in his paper from time to time, no doubt the paid-for property of some one else, whose personal ambition outruns his discretion, will not make any more impression than the water that falls on a duck's back, upon the hottest men who so bravely stood up for the honest organization of the Eleventh Congressional district.

Everybody who knows Sanders, knows that it was not the honesty of the nomination that Klotz received, or the ability of the man that induced Sanders to support the Major. Had it not been for the large amount of cash that was a factor in the campaign, the Klotz votes in Luzerne could have been counted upon the greedy fingers of the virtuous editor of the *Sentinel.*

The declaration that Klotz was endorsed by the State Committee, is like many of the other declarations of the men who have their articles inserted in the *Sentinel* by reason of the cash they pay, when it is well known that certainly three of the four members of the State Committee from this Congressional district considered Mr. Brockway the regular candidate.

We are willing that the purest and best men of all the counties in the district settle upon some policy that shall look to future harmony, but we should hesitate to have them made of the same material that the editor of the *Sentinel* is composed and labeled best.

We give these views as an independent journalist.—*White Haven Standard.*

A Man with a movable Heart.

THE CONGENITAL MONSTROSITY THAT IS INTERESTING THE GEORGIA MEDICAL STUDENTS.

Dr. Elias Thomas, the man who possesses the faculty of transferring his heart from place to place in his body at will, gave an exhibition before the students at the Medical College. Dr. Thomas says that he was born in Calcutta, India, and is 39 years of age He has recently been studying medicine at the College of Edinburgh, where he took his degree. Begining his experiment, he made a peculiar wave action of the abdominal muscles fifteen or twenty times. The abdomen was examined and found to be perfectly soft and natural. Then, after a momentary contraction, there was made to appear a complete shield of ribs, coverng two-thirds of the front of the abdomen. Previous to this the heart was felt and found to be in its proper place, beating naturally. Immediately afterwards Dr. Campbell, Colonel Rains and Dr. Black placed their hands over the left lumbar region, whereupon, low down on that side, a large tumor, larger than a man's fist appeared under the hand, pulsated like the beating of a heart and synchronously with the beat of the pulse at the wrist. After this the tumor was taken over to the right side of the abdomen and there felt as before. Then the wonderful man carried the heart back into the chest, transferring it from the left to the right hand side and back again to the left. Dr. Thomas also gave an exhibition of voluntary heart stoppage. The heart's action and pulse at the wrist disappeared. He was much fatigued when the exhibition was over. He says that his heart is without a pericardium and his chest without a diaphragm.

Meeting of Congress.

The final session of the Forty-ninth Congress began Monday.

In the Senate, resolutions were offered and laid over, providing for an investigation of the yellow fever and cholera epidemics. Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, introduced a bill to retire the trade dollar and provided for its recoinage into the standard dollar; also a bill authorizing the purchase of foreign-built ships by citizens of the United States. Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to consider the expediency of making the trade dollar a legal tender for all debts, public and private, and providing for its recoinage into the standard dollar of 415½ grains. It was laid over. Mr. Blaine offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to investigate the alleged election frauds in the South, and inquire "whether it is within the competency of Congress to provide by additional legislation for the more perfect security for the right of suffrage," etc. It went over. The credentials of Justin S. Morrill, Senator elect from Vermont, were presented. The President's message was received, read and ordered to be printed.

In the House, 229 members answered to roll call. Messrs. Bailey, elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of T. J. Quinn, in the Sixteenth District of New York, and Majors, elected to fill the unexpired term of Frank Welch, of Nebraska, deceased, were sworn in and took their seats. The President's message was read. Mr. Wood, of New York, moved that it be referred to the Committee of the Whole and printed. In so doing he criticized that portion relating to the South. After discussion by Messrs. Garfield, Hale and Cox, the motion was agreed to. The Military Academy and Fortification Appropriation bills were reported, and the House then adjourned.

The *Courier Journal* tells just how it was: 'When Satan took Simon Cameron up into the Allegheny Mountains and offered him the State of Pennsylvania, Simon took the Old Boy at his word. Ever since the State of Pennsylvania has been in the Cameron family."

How to Prevent Successful Seine Fishing.

The Selinsgrove *Times* says: "Although the law prohibits fishing with seines and attaches a severe penalty, no one seems disposed to enforce it, and the fish wardens amount to nothing. So seining goes on unmolested, and all winter the finest fish are taken from the river, where they ought to remain until after they are spawned. Fish are thus taken by the cart load for the benefit of the few, and those guilty of this destruction just laugh at the law. How to apply a remedy has been bothering the wits of some people for some years. It is believed now that the remedy has been discovered, and an effectual one too—one that will not only destroy seine fishing but also spearing. The sowing of wild rice in the river is the remedy now proposed, and there is no doubt it will be done. This will fill the shores and eddies so that no seine can be drawn. It is a tall, stiff weed that will grow in water three or four feet deep and a foot or two above it, where it spreads and mats together so as to completely put a stop to seine fishing. A quart of seed sown in the head waters of the Susquehanna, providing it grows here, will in ten years fill the river to the ocean. And there is no reason why it should not grow here, for it has been a success elsewhere where it has been tried. Once fixed it remains forever, over which the seine fishers will have no cause to feel as merry as they now do over the violation of the fish law. This wild rice affords a fine harbor for fish to conceal themselves in, and one good result of its introduction will be the natural multiplication of fish; besides, it will bring to the river an abundance of ducks and other water fowl that feed and live on this rice. So mote it be."

It is sad to read in the columns of the New York *World* the diary kept by one the royal party' during the voyage of the Sarmatian from Liverpool to Halifax; it is very sad, for the diary is one long wail of woe over the miseries experienced by the poor dear Princess Louise in her royal insides as they sailed. Little is there to lighten the gloom of this tear-compelling diary save those portions relating to the performances of his Excellency's piper. It is true, no Princess ever went to sea under more favorable auspices, for we are informed that her Royal Highness was provided with a private room, extemporized from the ladies' cabin, with a state room adjoining, 'hung with blue silk lined with white and provided with Thompson's patent beds, so arranged that they accommodate themselves to the slightest motion of the ship.' But in despite of these truly royal surroundings, the unlucky Princess shipped her sea stomach, as it were, the first night out and never unshipped it again until Chebucto Head was passed and the Sarmatian once more was in still water. And it was darkly hinted that Thompson's patent beds—we regret to say that Thompson is an American—accommodated themselves all too well to the slightest motions of the ship and that their erratic tippings had much to do with the chaotic condition of her Royal Highness' department of the interior. But now—bless her pretty picture!—she is safe on solid land once more, and with good Canadian cheer is in a fair way 'to fill again the void whence Ocean clutched its prey.'—*Times.*

The United States Circuit Court at New York has given a decision affirming the claims of George B. Simpson as original inventor to the patent claiming the insulation of telegraph wire with gutta percha, thus creating a conductor of electricity capable of submarine use. Mr. George B. Simpson filed an application for his invention November 22, 1864, but for various reasons, among them being the lack of money with which to protect his interists, he was unable to secure the issuing of a patent until 1867. Simpson however, died a few months after his efforts were crowned with success. Suit was brought in 1872 against the Western Union Company, and the decision of the Court vindicates the originator of ocean telegraphy. An injunction is ordered against the Western Union, with an account of profits and damages. It is probable that hundreds of thousands of dollars are involved in the decision.

Importance of One Vote.

Cases of close voting are very common now-a-days' even in counties which ordinarily give large majorities. In Clinton county the candidates for Legislature at the late election were a tie.

In Huntingdon county Rev. Doyle was elected with a majority of only nine.

In Bedford county the Republican county commissioner was chosen by one majority, and in Franklin county there was a tie on the President judgeship, though Fulton decided the contest by giving a majority in favor of Rowe, the sitting Judge.

But the maddest man known of just now is a candidate in Wisconsin, who, being too high-toned to vote for himself, voted for his opponent, who was successful by one vote.

McClure's $20,000 Gobble.

McClure talks about Dill's having been loaded down with Dimmick, Wise and Brockway. Wonder if McClure himself didn't constitute a part of Dill's heavy load? It is not forgotten that Mace is charged with having gobbled $20,000 contributed from New York to help to elect the Republican ticket in Pennsylvania in 1860, when he was chairman of the Republican committee.—*Wilkes-Barre Leader.*

Treasurer Noyes announces that the State Treasury is empty, and that at the end of the year there will be a deficit of two millions. He states that the last Legislature appropriated more than the revenues of the State will yield. The Orphan schools have received no money for six months, and they are badly in need of funds.

The Secretary of the Treasury, at the opening of the session of Congress, asked in addition to $145,339, 438 permanent annual appropriations for the debt, sinking, fund, &c., for $129,198,812 for the ordinary expenses of the Government for the next fiscal year. This is a decrease of $14,803,071 compared with the ordinary appropriations for the current fiscal year, which were $144,000,883 for the ordinary expenses of the Government. The total appropriations, permanent and ordinary, asked for the next fiscal year, will be $265, 137,250.

The report of the western surveys, under Lieutenant George W. Wheeler's corps of engineers, states that the survey this season embraces areas in California, Colorado, Nevada, Oregon, Texas, New Mexico, Utah and Washington. The survey of Great Salt Lake basin was commenced last winter and will be completed at a small cost. Maps of the survey in the Lake Tahoe region and the Washoe mining district, in which the Comstock lode is indicated are in preparation. The area the party will have surveyed at the end of the season will be 40.000 square miles in extent.

The Panama *Star and Herald* says that the Llampaco gold washings are estimated to yield an annual profit of nearly seventeen million dollars. The engineer says it will take 124 years to wash the deposits at the rate of 242,000 cubic yards a year.

Items.

Venison sells for seven cents a pound in Johnstown, Pa.

A large force is at work gading the Texas and Pacific railroad from Fort Worth to Weatherford.

The combined weight of the six members of the family of John Lindsey, of Lancaster, N. H., is more than 1400 pounds, or an average of 233⅓ pounds each. Mrs. Lindsey is the heaviest, weighing 304 pounds.

Charleston N. H., has just discovered that the grave of a young man buried nearly 30 years since was robbed long ago, the coffin being filled with sand after the body was removed.

On November 11, the occasion of the 9th birthday of the Prince of Naples, the heir apparent to the Italian throne, he was taken by his mother, Queen Margherita, to the Hall of the Five Hundred, in Florence. He was enthusiastically received by 8,000 children.

Since January 1 five ships, five barques one brig, fourteen schooners, six sloops and two steamboats, with an average tonnage of 15,639 tons, have been built in the Bath, Me., district. This comprises the business of the year, and no more vessels will be launched.

M. Paul Broca, the famous anthropologist is authority for the statement that the tallest man ever actually measured was a Finlander, nine feet three and seven-tenth inches high, and that the shortest man known reached a decimal under seventeen inches in his stocking feet.

The sales of one of the largest firms of hair merchants in Germany have fallen off 25 per cent. in bulk, and 40 to 50 per cent. in value within the last three years, entirely through the increased demand for Chinese, Japanese and other cheap hairs. In 1871 the exports of hair from the treaty ports were 286 tons; in 1874, 330; in 1876, 670. This serves in some degree to explain the pigtail robbing which has been rife, and which is said to have been prevalent at the peruke period 150 years ago.

A singular case of destitution has just come to light at Westfield, Mass. A few days since a medical peddler and wife, giving evidence of respectability, arrived in that town and engaged a room with a good family. The man went out every day peddling his medicine from house to house without success, and at night would return bringing a few apples in his bag, and would remark to his landlady incidentally that his wife was very fond of baked apples, and wouldn't she please to bake them in her oven. Finally the woman was taken dangerously ill, and on investigation it was found that the couple were wholly without means for support and nothing but a few baked apples had been their daily diet since their advent into the place, and although actually in a starving condition, they were too proud to allow it to be known, They were suitably cared for.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., Dec, 3, 1878.

Congress meets to-day and a quiet session is promised notwithstanding the subjects of interest which are before the country. In previous letters I have said that no doubt the nearness of the attempt at resumption, and the general anxiety that it should be made successful, have sobered those even most inclined to fight over the battle of 1876 or commence thus early that of 1880. Until after January 1st, then, neither House nor Senate will give countenance to those Members who may pursue a course calculated to disturb the country.

The message of Mr. Hays has been kept very secret, but it is believed that he contents himself with submitting the reports of his Cabinet Officers, and remarks upon general subjects, avoiding almost everything calculated to excite controversy in Congress or among the people.

Of the Cabinet Officers reports, it may be repeated that they are, in respect to the amounts of money called for, an improvement on former ones. This confession that from twenty to fifty to millions have been needlessly spent each year for a long time past should be especially gratifying to those Democrats who have so earnestly insisted, even in the face of opposition in their own party, on greater economy in Government expenditures. But they should not stop because the Administration has come to them. There are numberless abuses and expenses, many of which existed before the war, but many of which grew up in the "flush times" from 1861 to 1865, that are yet to be exposed and corrected.

A Greenback Convention is being held here. Its members doubtless chose this place and time because they would thus have an opportunity to consult with and perhaps influence the course of Congressmen at the present session. Mr. Thomas J. Durrant, at whose office the meetings are held, was one of the organizers of the party, and is a lawyer of eminence.

One subject which will have great prominence late in the session, is that of contests for seats in the House. The number of contestants is unusually large, and that, with the comparatively light Democratic majority, will give interest and importance to each case The *Post* of this morning says the radicals are raising a fund to enable defeated Republican candidates in South Carolina, Mississippi and other states in which there is supposed to be a majority of negro voters, to carry on the contests. This is not done in the belief that the men were elected and can therefore succeed, but as a means of getting together a mass of statements on the subject of intimidation, outrages, &c., in the South for effecting the coming elections.

Washington had yesterday another experience of the grave-robbing business now causing so much excitement throughout the country The peculiarity in our case is that the body, the wagon and horse, and the grave-robbing tools were turned over by the police to the medical gentlemen who was in waiting for them, but who was unfortunately too late to meet his engagement with the body snatchers. I think that in many Western towns just now the open grave, the body, the tools, and the presence of medical gentlemen, would have led to arrests if not to summary punishment.

SEMINOLE.

The ill wind that carried off the body of A. T. Stewart will do some one good. Watching the remains of the dead, after burial, has heretofore been the exception instead of the rule; but the New York *Sun* calculates that hereafter it will require five live men to guard one dead one, and hence there will soon be plenty of work for the unemployed.—*Press.*

The New Jersey Court of Errors and Appeals has adjourned until Saturday next, and its opinion in the Hunter case will not be delivered before that time.

A Hartford (Conn.) dispatch says a spoon brought home last week by Captain J. W. Budington, of the New London whaling schooner Siammons, from Repulse bay, where an Exquimaux gave it to him, was brought to Hartford yesterday. It proves to be of solid silver, and bears a faded crest, which was identified at Watkinson Library as that of the Franklin family of England. This settles its genuineness as a relic of Sir John Franklin.

A Lady's Wish.

"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as soft and clear as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters, that makes pure rich blood and blooming health. It done it for me as you observe."

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Tumors, Boils, Pimples and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O. "It saved my child of Erysipelas."—Rev. E. Faulkner, Lawrence, Pa. Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop's, Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by Druggists and Country Dealers Everywhere.

apr 19, '78-1y POWZ

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

E. F. Kunkel's celebrated Bitter Wine of Iron will effectually cure liver complaint, jaundice, dyspepsia chronic or nervous debility, chronic diarrhœa, disease of the kidneys and all diseases arising from a disordered liver, stomach or intestines, such as constipation, flatulence, inward piles, fullness of blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried or difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back head, chest, limbs, etc., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil and great depression of spirits. Price $1 bottle. Beware of counterfeits. Do not let your druggist palm off some other preparation of iron heavy is as good, but ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. Take no other. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is not sold in bulk—only in $1 bottles. E. F. Kunkel, proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere.

Tape Worm Removed Alive.

Head and all complete, in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Send for circular. For removing Seat, Pin or Stomach Worms call on your druggist and ask for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup, price $1. It never fails. Common sense teaches if Tape Worm be removed all others can be readily destroyed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to Hon. William Rowell, President and Law Judge of the Courts of Record in Columbia county, Pa., on the 9th of December, 1878, to incorporate the St. James Reformed Church, located in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania.

GEORGE M. HOWELL,
JACOB WENNER,

dec. 6, 78-4w

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF HUGH SHULTZ, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Hugh Shultz, late of Jackson township, Columbia County, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said administrator without delay.

JAMES M. SHULTZ,
Central P. O.
dec. 6, '78-6w Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF DAVID DEMOTT, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of David Cain, late of Greenwood twp., Columbia co., dec'd have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the administrator without delay.

GEORGE W. MCEWEN,
Administrator,
Milville, Col. co. P.
dec. 6, 1878-6w

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, the undersigned Assignee of Wm. Schuyler, of Turbut township Northumberland county for the benefit of creditors, will sell at public sale on the premises, on

Saturday, December 28, 1878,

at two o'clock p. m., the following described real estate: All that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Orangeville, Col. co., Pa., bounded on the north by land of Low & Savage, on the south by D. K. Sloat, on the east by Mill street and on the west by David Herring, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less whereon is erected a two-story

Frame Dwelling House,

frame out kitchen, and other out-buildings. There is also an excellent well of water on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—Twenty per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the balance before confirmation of sale.

W. H. SMITH,
dec. 6, 78-3w Assignee.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House Bloomsburg, at ten o'clock p. m., on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28th, 1878.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by Second street, on the east by an alley, on the south by an alley, and on the west by C. F. Knapp, containing one hundred feet front on Second street, and —— feet in depth, on which are erected a brick dwelling house two barns and out-buildings.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Madison township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the east by land of Jacob Shoemaker, on the west by land of Uriah Mills's heirs, and John Beishline, on the south by land of John Cherrington and Amos Heller and on the north by land of William Rabb, containing three hundred acres on which are erected a house, barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of The First National Bank of Bloomsburg against Valentine Reidleman and to be sold as the property of Valentine Reidleman.

Fi. Fa

Terms cash on day of sale.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN,
dec. 6, 78-ts Sheriff.

1879
Eclectic Magazine
OF
Foreign Literature, Science and Art.

THIRTY-FIFTH YEAR.

The "Eclectic Magazine" reproduces from foreign periodicals all those articles which are valuable to American readers. Its field of selection embraces all the leading Foreign Reviews Magazines, and Journals; and while the tastes of all classes of our readers are consulted nothing trivial in character of merely transient interest is admitted to its pages. Its plan includes Essays, Reviews, Biographical Sketches, Historical Papers, Travels, Poetry, Novels, and Short Stories; and in the case of Science (to which much space and attention are given), no special prominence is allowed to any particular phase of opinion, but place is given impartially to the most valuable articles on both sides of the great themes of scientific discussion.

The following lists comprise the principal periodicals from which selections are made and the names of some of the leading authors who contribute to them:

PERIODICALS.	AUTHORS.
Quarterly Review	Rt. Hon W E Gladstone
Brit Quarterly Review	Alfred Tennyson
Edinburgh Review	Professor Huxley
Westminster Review	Professor Tyndall
Contemporary Review	Rich A Proctor, B A
Fortnightly Review	J Norman Lockyer, F R S
The Nineteenth Century	Dr W B Carpenter
Popular Science Review	E B Tylor
Blackwood's Magazine	Prof Max Muller
Cornhill Magazine	Professor Owen
Macmillan's Magazine	Matthew Arnold
Fraser's Magazine	E A Freeman, D C L
New Quart Magazine	James Anthony Froude
Temple Bar	Thomas Hughes
Belgravia	Anthony Trollope
Good Words	William Black
London Society	Mrs Oliphant
Saturday Review	Turgenieff
The Spectator, etc, etc	Miss Thackery etc.

☞ It is frequently remarked that in England the best of literary talent is being diverted from the writing of books to contributing to the periodicals. The "Eclectic" garners the choicest sheaves from this rich harvest.

STEEL ENGRAVINGS. Each number contains a fine steel engraving—usually a portrait—executed in the best manner. These engravings are of permanent value, and add much to the attractiveness of the magazine.

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PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Marriages.

DISTLEHURST—MILLER.—On Wednesday, the 27th ult., at the residence of the bride's mother in Berwick, by Rev. J. H. McGarrah, Mr. George F. Distlehurst of Conyngham and Miss Fannie Miller, daughter of Mrs M. M. Miller, of Berwick.

Deaths.

EVANS.—On the 26th of October 1878, at Fort Dodge, Iowa, William Evans, aged 56 years, 8 mos. and 17 days, formerly of this county. Deceased was the father of Jacob S. Evans of this town.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.00
Rye "	.50
Corn, new, "	.40
Oats, "	.25
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cloverseed	
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.20
Eggs	.20
Tallow	.7
Potatoes	.50
Dried Apples	.04
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Lard per pound	.08
Hay per ton	8.00
Beeswax	.27
Timothy Seed	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3,00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 2.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 2.50 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 5.00 "
" Bituminous "	$4 50 "

FAIRBANK'S SCALES
THE WORLD'S STANDARD!
PARIS, 1878.

CLASS 54. Gold Medal. This was the higest award given and was for our general exhibit.

CLASS 73. Gold Medal. The Highest Award and the ONLY GOLD MEDAL to any scale manufacturer.

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CLASS 64. Bronze Medal. The Highest Award for railroad track-scales.

Two Gold Medals!
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We challenged the world to meet us in competition at Paris, and have won what no other concern can claim.

Three Gold Medals!
Two Silver Medals!
Two Bronze Medals!
SEVEN MEDALS!

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 CHESTNUT ST.,
Philadelphia,

sep. 27, '78-13 w

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Knorr, deceased, under authority contained in said will, will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry on the premises, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, on

Tuesday, December 24th, 1878,

the following described real estate to-wit: All that certain

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in the Town of Bloomsburg (late township of Bloom) Columbia county, Pennsylvania, adjoining the North Branch of the Susquehanna River on the south, Big Fishingcreek on the west, lands of S. V. Boone on the north, and lands of S. V. Boone and Daniel Briggs on the east, containing

62 ACRES,

more or less, whereon is erected a two-story FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, out-kitchen, a good Frame Bank Barn, wagon shed and other out-buildings, well of water at the dwelling house, a Good APPLE ORCHARD, all under good cultivation.

It includes the Grove, known as the

Rupert Pic Nic Grounds

and is within about five hundred yards of the depots of the Philadelphia & Reading, and Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroads

TERMS OF SALE.—$150.00 to be paid at the striking down of the property, one-third the balance of purchase money to be paid on the first day of April 1879 when possession will be given, and balance of purchase money to be paid on the first day of April 1880 with interest on same from 1st April A. D., 1879. Grop in the ground reserved.

JOHN G. QUICK,
Executor.
nov. 22, 1878-ts.

EXECUTORS' SALE
Of Valuable
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned, Executors of Joshua Brink, late of Benton township, Columbia County, deceased, will expose to public sale at the house of William Brink in Jackson township on

Friday, December 20, 1878,

at one o'clock the following

WOODLAND TRACT,

in Jackson township, bounded on the south by lands of Stephen Young, on the west by lands of Albert Williams, on the north by lands of John P. Hess, on the east by lands of William Brink, said tract being at the west end of William Brink's lands.

ALSO, on the premises in Benton township on

Saturday, December 21st, 1878,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon the following described property: Bounded on the west by lands of the estate of Montgomery Cole, deceased, and lands of John Swartwout, on the south by lands of J. F. Chapin, on the east by lands of J. F. Chapin and James Lunger, and on the north by lands of James Lunger and the estate of M. Cole, deceased, containing

82 ACRES

and ninety perches, whereon is erected a

Frame House and Frame Barn,

now occupied by Joshua J. Brink.

Terms made known on day of sale.

I. K. KRICKBAUM,
WILLIAM BRINK,
Executors.
Benton, nov. 22, 78-ts

The Poet Whittier calls it "a complete success." "Acts upon the reader like a tonic. The editorial department is especially strong."—Boston Transcript.

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nov. 29, '78.

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TWENTY THREE INCH CASHMERES (one-half wool) 15 cents. These are very popular and are selling rapidly.

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