

Table with columns for ad type (e.g., One inch, Two inch) and duration (e.g., Per week, Per month).

JOBS PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the Columbian is every day printing all kinds of business forms...

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Ewell. Associate Judges—E. A. Kistner, P. L. Shuman...

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church. St. Peter's Episcopal Church. St. John's Episcopal Church...

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

Dr. H. W. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Dr. W. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician...

THE BLOCK SYSTEM OF SAFETY SIGNALS.

THE WHARTON PATENT SWITCH, AND THE WESTINGHOUSE AIR-BRAKE.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS.

are run on all Express Trains From New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

THE BROADWAY & ELWELL.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office in Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets.

DR. J. C. RUTTER.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office, North Market Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

SAMUEL KNORR.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets.

N. U. FUNK.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.

DR. L. L. RAB.

PRACTICAL DENTIST. Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.

BROADWAY & ELWELL.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office in Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets.

R. F. J. & M. CLARK.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office in Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets.

F. P. HILLMEYER.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE—in Hartman's Building, Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

HERVEY E. SMITH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in A. J. Egan's New Building, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in Brewer's Building, second floor, No. 60, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. HOWELL, DENTIST.

Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. M. DINKER, GUN AND LOCKSMITH.

Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. Office, Ormsa House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. J. KESTER, MERCHANT TAILOR.

OVER MARKET STREET, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.

INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN. Capital, £1,000,000.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY.

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. M. L. EYERLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

CATAWISSA, PA.

W. H. ABBOTT, W. H. RHANS, ABBOTT & RHANS, Attorneys-At-Law.

CATAWISSA, PA.

W. R. HAGENBUCH, WITH Kaub, Frymier & Edwards.

Successors to Benedict, Derrey & Sons, 92 Market Street.

CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

Constantly on hand Original and Assorted Packages.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

AND GREAT TRUNK LINE UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT.

stands out conspicuously at the head of American railways.

THE SAFETY APPLIANCES.

In use on this Westinghouse Patent Air Brake and other appliances.

THE BLOCK SYSTEM OF SAFETY SIGNALS.

JANNEY COUPLER, BUFFER AND PLATFORM.

THE WHARTON PATENT SWITCH, AND THE WESTINGHOUSE AIR-BRAKE.

forming in conjunction with a perfect double track and roadbed.

Pullman Palace Cars.

are run on all Express Trains From New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

THE BROADWAY & ELWELL.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office in Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets.

Select Story.

A JEALOUS MISTAKE.

Tom Horton leaned back from the breakfast-table and looked at the exquisite face of his young wife with unmistakable love and admiration...

"You are down to-day, pet?" he asked, crossing to her side and stooping to kiss the lovely face returned to meet his.

"I think not. I've lots of domestic work to look after to-day. I'm a woman with a mission now—to love my husband and look well to the ways of my household."

"But you mustn't lose these dainty hands with work. Cannot Mary do everything there is to do?"

"No," she said, drawing his face down until his cheek rested against hers. "You needn't understand. There are lots of things that require taste to perform that paid help can never do as well as one's self."

"Well, do whatever pleases yourself best," said Tom. "I must be off, I suppose. O, I must change this necktie before I go."

He went upstairs lightly, humming a tune and entered their chamber, unfastened the necktie and replaced it by another. Just then he remembered that he had a note to write to send by the morning mail; and heeding terribly forgetful, he thought he had better sit down at once to his wife's writing desk, that sat there, and write it before it slipped his mind.

"I cannot bear this horrible separation from you. You are as I usually, as fondly as ever, in spite of your cruelty to me. I wish that I could see that I really do not dare to meet the one who has stolen you from me. I have become desperate. Your heart is mine yet, that I feel assured. I must see you soon, if for only one short hour. Please appoint an interview. A sight of your face will relieve the torture of the past months, even if I am more strongly reminded than ever that you are lost to me forever."

Tom walked rapidly down a street, with a thousand demons of jealousy fastening their fangs into his heart. Edith, who he had trusted and loved with his whole heart, whose blue eyes had looked so innocently into his, what could it mean?

"What was it?" she questioned, turning a puzzled face from the mirror where she was unbuttoning her fair hair. "I don't understand."

"A letter from a gentleman, addressing you in such terms as are insulting to another man's wife."

"Edith's blue eyes expanded to twice their usual size for a moment, and then a light dawned over her face, and she began to laugh. Her face after pale red from her clear throat, and Tom began to feel as if he had sold himself this time with a vengeance."

"In Heaven's name what do you mean?" he asked. "Explain the thing."

"This is a letter which an old school friend of mine, Edith Woods, enclosed to me yesterday from a despatch of hers. I suppose he has been just as heart-broken twenty times before as he appears to be in this epistle. We both know him of old, so she just enclosed it to me for a joke. She had flirted a little with him, and when she drew back this was the result. But to think you should find it, and suppose it was from a lover of mine, it's too funny!"

"No, no. I'm all right," said Tom in a hoarse tone, that would not have been recognizable by his friends. He stepped out and followed them, forgetting his business engagement, while the clerk looked after him in silent wonderment at his strange actions.

"You are ill," said the clerk in a tone of alarm, as he noticed the white phrenetic expression of his face, and feeling that he was going to have a fit. "Shall I mix you a draft of something?" coming toward him anxiously. "Perhaps you are subject to such turns?"

"No, no. I'm all right," said Tom in a hoarse tone, that would not have been recognizable by his friends.

Historical.

HISTORY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

MILITARY RECORD.

Three Year's Service 8th Regiment.

COMPANY D.

Burley Guards.

Alcanran J. Fricke, captain, mustered in September 18, 1861, resigned October 2, 1862.

George Zinn, captain, October 1, 1861, promoted to 21st lieutenant company B October 2, 1862, to lieutenant colonel December 23, 1864.

Alexander G. Thornton, captain, December 24, 1861, wounded at Port Republic June 9, 1862, promoted from 1st sergeant to 1st lieutenant October 2, 1862, to captain June 23, 1862, discharged July 8, 1864.

John W. Bissel, captain, December 9, 1861, promoted from 1st sergeant major to 2d lieutenant October 23, 1862, to 1st lieutenant November 16, 1863, to captain July 26, 1864, discharged December 14, 1864.

Uzal H. Eot, October 1, 1861, resigned October 2, 1862.

James W. Hunter, August 1, 1862, promoted to 2d lieutenant September 22, 1862, to 1st lieutenant December 23, 1862, discharged September 15, 1863.

David Larish, December 24, 1861, promoted to 1st lieutenant October 17, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, veteran, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

Calvin MacDowell, August 29, 1861, resigned June 25, 1862.

Lewis M. Clark, October 2, 1861, captured at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, transferred to company G, 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

William A. Tobias, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

James G. Moore, December 24, 1861, captured at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862, exchanged, not accounted for.

Joseph D. Hanson, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Henry Funk, December 24, 1861, wounded at Winchester March 23, 1862, killed at Mine Run, Virginia, November 20, 1863.

Josiah Henninger, not accounted for.

James W. Price, December 24, 1861, wounded at Winchester, Virginia, March 23, 1862.

Charles Manning, December 24, 1861, wounded at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, not accounted for.

Hagar Charles W. August 12, 1862, wounded at Chancellorsville, May 3, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, discharged by general order June 1, 1865.

Stephen Johnson, December 24, 1861, captured at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, died at City Point, June 19, 1864, buried in National Cemetery, section E, division I, grave 154.

Peter Russell, December 24, 1861, promoted to corporal February 13, 1862, wounded at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

Charles Still, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Taeobald M. Dawson, December 24, 1861, captured at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, exchanged, not accounted for.

William P. James, December 24, 1861, captured at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

John F. Crawford, December 24, 1861, prisoner from August 16, 1864, to March 2, 1865, discharged April 13 to date March 7, 1865.

Theodore W. Overpeck, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Roman Dunn, December 24, 1861, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

Asper George, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Arble James H. December 24, 1861, killed at Port Republic, Virginia, June 9, 1862.

Albert John, December 24, 1861, died at Washington, D. C. July 1862.

Albough Henry A. December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Clark John A. December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Connelly Patrick, captured at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862.

Connell John, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out at expiration of term.

Dawson Daniel W. December 24, 1861, wounded at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862, not accounted for.

Dewdney Phillip, captured at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862.

Donny Peter, captured at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862, died at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 5, 1865.

Ely Jacob, wounded at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862, died November 3, 1864, buried in National Cemetery, Arlington, Va.

Fowler Thomas C. December 24, 1861, wounded at Winchester March 23, 1862, not accounted for.

Fowler William B. December 24, 1861, killed at Winchester, Virginia, March 23, 1862, buried in National Cemetery, lot 10.

Fest Henry, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Frank Penrose, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Foster John, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Farley Charles, June 28, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, discharged by general order June 1, 1865.

Fitcheis Michael, December 23, 1861, captured at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862, transferred to company A, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V., promoted to sergeant June 10, 1865, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

Font Cornelius, October 7, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. 13 January 1863, promoted to corporal June 10, 1865, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

Gesner William, September 23, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, discharged by general order June 6, 1865.

Hess Asa Y., December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Hess Wilbur F., December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Hildebrandt Joseph, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Hilburn Z. W. December 24, 1861, died at Yorktown, Virginia, May 30, 1864, buried in National Cemetery, section A, grave 245.

Hansen John, December 24, 1861, wounded at Winchester March 23, 1862, killed at Port Republic, Virginia, June 9, 1862.

Holcomb Gay, December 24, 1861, wounded at Winchester March 23, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

Hakes Reuben, December 24, 1861, wounded at Chancellorsville, Virginia, May 3, 1862, not accounted for.

Hagar Charles W. August 12, 1862, wounded at Chancellorsville, May 3, 1862, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, discharged by general order June 1, 1865.

Hall Hosen A., April 12, 1864, died June 28, 1864, buried in National Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia.

Hopkins Kelroy, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Jaoby George, December 24, 1861, wounded at Chancellorsville May 3, 1862, and at Petersburg June 19, 1864, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, discharged September 9, 1865.

James W. Price, December 24, 1861, wounded at Winchester March 23, 1862, discharged 23 December, 1864, expiration of term.

Kline Abner W., December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Kline Jacob, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Alme Abraham E., December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Knapp Harvey W., December 24, 1861, transferred to company G 57th regiment P. V. January 13, 1863, mustered out with company June 29, 1865.

King James, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Langner Andrew, December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Larish Cyrus W., December 24, 1861, not accounted for.

Postical.

THAT MULE.

The mule stood on the steamer's deck. To him he would not tread. They pulled the mule round his neck, And cracked him hard on the head.

Yet firm and steadfast thro' his mood, As though formed to rule, A mule of heretofore, Was that that mule named Mule.

They caught and drove—he would not bow, To him he would not tread, And the mule answered back in gloom, He wouldn't change his mind.

The deck he'd to the shore then cried, "This mule's bound to stay," As if upon the mule's side, With his master from the shore replied, The mule's about to lay.

As every other mule you've tried, Subject to the same fate, By theory that you make him stand, The deck may turn a mule's pate.

Approached with outstretched hand To twist that mule's tail, There came a sudden kick behind, The mule—oh! how he'd yell!

As though he'd kicked a mule, As though he'd kicked a mule, As though he'd kicked a mule, Now, how is that for you?

Cut that mule's throat right away, For'd that mule's throat, For'd that mule's throat, But the mule's throat was not away, Was the bravest mule's throat away.

Sensational Papers.

It is related that when the four little boys who recently passed stones on the New York elevated railroad were in the Tombs awaiting their trial, they showed much anxiety about their record by a visitor who questioned one of them as to how he had done in school.

These facts and the story published in Monday's Tribune of the small boy who has run away from Buffalo so many times, but who also declares that he reads nothing but Sunday School books, indicate perhaps that the boys themselves are beginning to understand the value of a library.

There is a library in each school room here, and the interest in it is well appreciated every year to a striking addition to these shelves. The books are books of history and travel with some fiction. When they can't get anything else the boys will read them, finally they grow fond of them. Wild thrilling tales unsettle minds and hinder or prevent to teach the lesson that they must work carefully if they expect to succeed in the world.

"Could you tell," asked the inquirer, "why boys read this kind of juvenile literature?" "Without any trouble," was the reply. "Such readers have vivid and unhealthy imaginations. The most ordinary incident is so colored by them that the truth can hardly be recognized. They are incapable, apparently, of seeing things as they occur. With them convicts are heroes; fathers, mothers and keepers of any kind are tyrants. The stories they relate to each other are something wonderful, and bear a strong resemblance to the narratives in the weekly papers."

"The effects of such reading upon the community may be easily traced in the statistics of public institutions. Twenty years ago, when such papers were fewer in number, most of the boys sent there had been arrested for pilfering. But of late the number of vagrants is much increased. In my mind, this is one of the most noteworthy effects of the flood of bad books and papers. All these stories, if they are not true, at least oblige to parents is unmanly. The 'boy who is a boy' seems all control; escapes from boarding school, where the table does not suit him, or finds a convict to escape from prison and wins undying gratitude thereby. The reader follows the example so entertainingly set for him. He seeks company in the streets; runs away from school; defies his father and mother, teachers and masters; becomes a vagrant; and eventually turns up here or in some more unpleasant institution. You would be surprised at the great number of very young truants whom we receive. They come often from distant cities—Buffalo, Cleveland, generally they are not more than sixteen or seventeen years old, but they always have one of these abominable papers in their pockets. What the result of such an influence in the community will be eventually, unless it is arrested in some way, is hard to tell. The evil is certainly a crying one and calls for some remedy."—New York Tribune.

Encouragement to Farmers. The American Cultivator thus encourages farmers: "In comparison with the long-continued prostration of other industries and the severe depression of general business, farmers may congratulate themselves that at least, through the long hours of toil and the practice of close economy, they have been able to secure the necessities of life for their families and themselves. A bushel of corn is worth just as much today in the feeding of a family as it ever was, while it is only when sold for cash, or when applied to the payment of old debts, that the farmer really suffers from its low market value. Brighter days are coming and the severe lessons of economy and struggle with debt will have a salutary effect in avoiding new liabilities in the future, and in making all classes more cautious and more thoughtful in their plans."

No one thing is more needed on the farm than good substantial covers for both hay and grain stacks. They are easily and cheaply made of stout factory cloth of the requisite size, and being tightly stretched over the stacks, they will keep the hay and grain from being soiled by the sun and rain, and will save it perfectly from the horse and dog. A cover in catching weather will pay for itself sometimes in saving a single stack from serious damage. They may be used in any way for protecting loads of hay when being moved, and for a variety of uses about the farm. They should be put in complete order, that when having fairly commenced to feed them a state of this white against the wagon calls hundreds to the surface of the water.