THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1878

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6.45 A. M.	7.50 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	7.20 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.50 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

We offer a special discount of 10 per cent to old and new subscribers who pay in advance. $1.80 will pay for the COLUMBIAN for one year after this date until further notice. This does not apply to subscription now due. Our subscribers will do us a favor by calling their neighbors attention to the fact that the COLUMBIAN can be had for $1.80 in advance, the only $2.00 paper in the county making the offer. tf.

Reuben Rouch has taken the Rupert Hotel instead of Michael Rauch, as stated last week.

A railroad ticket to Chicago and back for sale at this office very cheap. Good until December 31st. 1878. tf

The telephone fever has caught the boys. If you run into a string any where you may know there is a box and a juvenile at each end of it.

Judge Jenks, of Clarion county, prohibits the posting up of bills announcing horse races within that county.

High living cannot be indulged in without disagreeable consequences. If you feel that your blood is out of order use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture.

Col. J. G. Freeze and C. R. Buckalew, Esqrs., delegates, and David Lowenberg, senatorial delegate left here last Monday to attend the Democratic convention in Pittsburg.

Mr. J. K. Bitenbender is preparing to erect a dwelling on the corner of Third and Centre streets. Charles Krug has the contract for the building.

George C. a little son of F. P. Casper, forman of the *Republican* office, died of membranous croup, on the 16th inst., aged 3 years 1 month and 24 days.

Kelly "the Bum" has been in jail for the last four years, in Schuylkill and Columbia counties. When liberated last Saturday he had a little celebration all by himself.

The Bloomsburg Iron Company has ordered a general suspension in all their ore mines throughout Snyder county. No length of time is given.

LOST.—A gold mounted locket, with glass faces. On one side the bust of Washington and on the other that of Jackson. The finder will be liberally rewarded on leaving it at the Register's office.

THE STRAWBERRY CROP.—In Baltimore strawberries are selling at five cents per quart. The crop is said to be unusually plentiful throughout Maryland, and the shipping season is seventeen days ahead of last year.

A heavy fall of rain accompanied with thunder and lightning, took place on Monday night. We learn that the barn of Norman McHenry near Benton was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The particulars have not reached us.

After a long and tedious struggle between the cow and the anti-cow factions, we learn that Bloomsburg is to be made a common cow pasture, the ordinance prohibiting their running at large within the borough limits having been recently repealed.—*Catawissa Item.*

France is a republic now, but there was more red tape at the opening of the Paris exposition than if it had been under English auspices. There were fourteen different varieties of admission tickets, and each lass of people was to be confined within certain limits, but as the police failed to carry out the plan the confusion may be imagined.

There will be a farmers picnic under the direction of the Patrons of Husbandry, Friday, May 31, at Rupert in Knorr's grove. Speakers, patrons only and they of District Grange No. 5.

E. M. TEWKSBURY.
Secretary.

The picture of General Hoyt, the republican candidate for governor, as it appears on the ribbon badges worn by his friends at the republican state convention, is being sold in Luzerne county for that of Pat Hester, who was hanged at Bloomsburg in March last.—*Patriot.*

And the picture of him in the *Record of the Times* resembles a good looking mulatto. Was this done to catch the colored vote?

Indorsed by the Medical Fraternity, popular in every circle, found everywhere, Glenn's Sulphur Soap is undoubtedly the most popular purifier, remedy for skin diseases and injuries, and complexional beautifier in America. Sold by all Druggists.

Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown 50c.

May 17 4-w.

An anti-blinker correspondent of the London *Daily News*, writes: "Without blinkers a willing horse could easily escape the whip all day long; with those cruel adjuncts, let the poor beast do what he will he suffers, even if the driver be merciful. With a cruel man on the box the day is one long penance, much heightened by anticipation of a punishment which falls upon him unawares at any moment, and which no exertion on his part enables him to avoid."

A BURNING SHAME.—About noon on Sunday the body of a male infant, in premature state, was found upon the creek bank, near the water's edge, at the rear of Michael Mixell's lot. A crowd soon gathered at the spot curious to learn what was going on. Dr. Hughes took the little body for examination and afterward turned it over to Policeman Smithera for burial. How, and by whom, the child was placed here will probably remain a mystery. That it was an infanticide no one can reasonably deny, and it should be inquired into by the authorities.—*Echo.*

NOVEL MODE OF SELECTING A JURY.—A suit has been brought against a turnpike Co., in Berks county, for the recovery of damages alleged to have been sustained by backwater turned upon the plaintiff's premises. A "jury of view" was chosen, as follows: The list of jurors in attendance upon Court, written upon a sheet of paper was furnished counsel, who then proceeded to reduce the number of names to twenty; by each striking a name alternately. Eleven names were struck by each side, and after twelve were left standing, the first six become the "jury of view," the sixth man not being in a proper condition to discharge the duties of a juror, on account of intoxication, was excused and the next man was chosen. The jury proceeded to inspect the premises and upon their return six additional jurors were chosen from the regular array in the usual manner, and the case will then proceed to trial before a full jury of twelve men.

David Jane, an insane man on his way to the Danville asylum broke away from his captors at Kingston on Tuesday, and getting in the way of an engine was run over and horribly mangled. He died from the effects of his injurious the following day.—*Echo.*

COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED.—The Lackawanna county commissioners have been appointed to proceed at once to a division of the county. They are David Summers, of New Milford, Susquehanna county; William Griffith, of Bradford county, and Richard H. Saunders, of Philadelphia. It is not considered safe to submit the matter to a vote just now as the Labor men are not very ardent supporters of the movement.

The fruit crop of the United States for last year is estimated at $140,000,000. This is a large figure, but there is no reason why it should not be doubled. In Eastern Pennsylvania the land is excellent for fruit propogation and the country is so thickly settled that a market could readily be found. In this particular the West cannot compete with our farmers in the raising of small fruits, for they spoil in transportation. There is enough waste land in the corners of most farms to supply the home table at least with an abundance of fresh fruits.

Notwithstanding the frequent assertions by the leader of the majority of the Town Council, that the new council were all in favor of lighting the streets with gas, there has been scarcely a meeting so far at which some action has not been taken showing the intention of the majority to break the contract for lighting the streets, if possible. That's right! Turn out the cows, put out the lights, discharge the police, but do not allow a horse and man to work for less than two dollars a day, because one member of the council wants his horse to work on the roads. That is Bloomsburg reform.

The barn on a farm of Sylvester Parsel in Hemlock township was destroyed by fire last Friday afternoon. William Eyerly occupies the premises, and his loss in grain, hay, pigs, harness and other articles is heavy. The barn was insured. The fire is supposed to have been set accidentally by some boys who were in there only a short time before the fire broke out. Charles Krug has the contract to erect a new barn, and has commenced work on it.

How long will the *Sentinel* trifle with the patience of the Democracy of this county? In 1872 it tried to sell out to the Republicans but the money did not come, and so it continued to ask for Democratic support. A few weeks ago it flew off at a tangent, and filled its columns with the writings of the leaders of the National party, and flings at the Democrats. After a three weeks campaign it concluded that would not pay and now comes slinking back, expecting to be received as though it had never been given to erratic wanderings. Will Vanderslice please inform the public what kind of a paper his friends edit for him, anyway?

Last Thursday afternoon as Mr. William Fisher of Franklin township, and Mr. George Harder of Catawissa, were driving a young colt up the hill near the paper mill, on their way to this place, they met a covered wagon at which the colt became frightened, and sprang over the rocks which are from 12 to 15 feet high and lighting on the track of the S. H. & W. R. R. When Mr. Harder saw they would go over the rocks he made an attempt to jump out, but his foot caught, and he was precipitated along with the colt and buggy to the railroad track below, cutting his head and fracturing one of his ribs. Although Mr. Fisher was hurled headlong down the rocks, he did not sustain much injury, other than slightly cutting one of his knees and bruising his hands somewhat. Strange to say the colt did not receive a scratch while the buggy was slightly demolished. It would not be a bad idea to put up a fence or railing along the road at this point.—*Catawissa Item.*

A MAN MISSING.

On Friday, May 3d, Mahlon Richards left his family in this place to go to Wilkes Barre to do some shopping. He made his purchases and came over to Kingston in time for the afternoon train home, when he discovered that he had left some article at Wilkes Barre, and started back to the city in search of it. He had with him at this time a new suit of clothes, and dress pattern and pair of shoes for his wife. At Kingston he requested one of his friends to accompany him back and return on the late train. Not obtaining company he started alone, since which time he has neither been seen nor heard from, and his family and friends are apprehensive that he has been foully dealt with. Richards is near 30 years of age, about five feet eight inches in height, light complexion, sandy hair and wears a heavy sandy moustache, sober and industrious, and a wheelwright by trade. Any information of his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his distressed family at this place.—*Echo.*

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

Last evening between six and seven o'clock, a young woman named Ella Miller, and wearing the sobriquet of "The Spring Chicken," made an effort at self-destruction, first by drowning, and then by poison. She went to the river in the vicinity of the "Crow's Nest," took off her hat, hung it up and showed signs of taking a cold bath. Some young men close at hand saw what she was at, and they ran to her and dragged her away from the river. This they had scarcely succeeded in doing when she drew from her pocket a small vial of laudanum and swallowed the contents. She was taken into a house close at hand, and Dr. Moore sent for. The doctor was of the opinion that the dose of laudanum she had taken was a very light one, but that the quantity of whiskey she had disposed of previous to the laudanum swallow was very large. This unfortunate young woman had been living at Miss Kate White's, on Mulberry street, previous to last Monday night, and since that time has been residing on Washington street. Her relatives, it is said, are residents of Sunbury. The supposition with some is, that she was not very anxious to "shuffle off this mortal coil," and that there was a good deal of "play off" in the affair. But the probability is, however, that she would not have harbored any thought of suicide if she had not crowded her stomach with whiskey.—*Williamsport Bulletin.*

TESTING A FLYING MACHINE.

There was a private test of Prof. Charles F. Richtel's aerial or flying machine at the Permanent Exhibition building Philadelphia, on Wednesday afternoon of last week, which was witnessed by a number of persons. There were two trials, which were quite satisfactory. It is thought, however, that in a day or two, when things work smoother, the machine will fly all over the immense building. The machine consists of a gas bag and an arrangement beneath of metal, in which the operator sits, and where he directs its motions. The gas bag is 25 feet long, and 12 feet in diameter, and with the arrangement beneath weighs about 48 pounds. The bag holds about 3,250 feet of gas. The operator sits upon a sort of a saddle, and by means of a crank which operates two propellers controls the machine. A propeller immediately beneath his seat raises or lowers the machine, and the other, which is placed directly in front, directs its course. The bag is filled with gas sufficient to lighten the operator so that he weiThs but a pound, and then he can raise or lower himself as he chooses simply by a rapid turning of the crank, which works the propellors with great swiftness. The air bag, with the operator beneath, flew over the centre of the building several times, and its operations proved interesting and instructive.

KELLY, THE "BUM" DISCHARGED.

For some time the inquiry as to what was to be done with the notorious Mollie above named, has been frequently made. At February Court all the arrangements were made to try him for the murder of Rea, and witnesses were in attendance, but at the urgent request of P. P. Gowen, F. W. Hughes and others representing the commonwealth in the Mollie Maguire prosecutions, the case was continued. Trials were in progress in Carbon and Schuylkill counties where the state had to depend chiefly on the testimony of accomplices, and it was thought that if Kelly should be tried and convicted as he would have been, it would close the mouths of accomplices, and there would be no further convictions for murder in the coal regions. On Saturday last, the last day of the second term at which no action had been taken in the case, Kelly came into Court to ask for his discharge under the two term rule. Hon. C. R. Buckalew called the attention of the Court to the matter, and stated that the prosecutor, Captain Linden, had refrained from the prosecution of the case for reasons set forth in an affidavit, which he desired to file. The paper was filed and is as follows:

STATE OF TEXAS, }
LAMAR COUNTY. }

I Robert J. Linden state that the bill against Manus Cull, alias Daniel Kelly now in Bloomsburg jail, State of Pennsylvania, upon which said Manus Cull alias Daniel Kelly was arrested for the murder of Alexander W. Rea who was murdered on the 17th day of October 1868 in Columbia county State of Pennsylvania, was made at the instance of Hon. P. W. Hughes, Hon. Charles R. Buckalew and John M. Clark Esq., District Attorney of Columbia county State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of holding the said Cull alias Kelly as a witness in the prosecution against Patrick Hester, Patrick Tulley, Peter McHugh, that although no promise was made to Kelly of immunity from trial and conviction, it was the intention of myself and the others concerned in the prosecution, that if he Manus Cull alias Kelly told the whole truth and was instrumental in bringing the other murderers of Rea to justice, that the law should not be enforced against him as participant in the crime; that I, Robert J. Linden am fully convinced and the knowledge that Cull alias Kelly went to the trial of Hester, Tully and McHugh, and their conviction and punishment was due to his testimony, and that the purposes of public justice were greatly subserved thereby, and that further or other proceedings against said Cull alias Kelly, are not desired by me, or by those who have been concerned in prosecuting the murderers of Rea either by raising funds therefor, or preparing the case for trial, and would be opposed to the interests of public justice and detection and punishment of crimes in the anthracite coal counties of Pennsylvania. I therefore assent to and recommend a discharge of said Cull alias Kelly from custody, and from further prosecution under the recognizance by me, under the circumstances, and for the objects above mentioned.

R. J. LINDEN.

The above was sworn to by R. J. Linden.

District Attorney R. R. Little then moved for Kelley's discharge with the following remarks.

LITTLE'S REMARKS.

The justice's transcript in this case shows that Daniel Kelly was arrested and committed to jail upon the oath of Capt. Linden.

Since I have exercised the duties of my present position I have heard nothing from Mr. Linden in relation to this matter; and from conversations with Mr. Clark, my predecessor, I infer that the great object that Capt. Linden had in view in the arrest of Kelly, was to use him as a witness for the prosecution in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Hester, Tulle and McHugh. The Court knows the part which Daniel Kelly acted in that trial and that without his testimony three men who confessed to their participation in the murder of Alex. W. Rea when the hope of further life was gone, would now be running at their liberty.

Again in that case, the jury must have believed in order to arrive at the conclusion which they did, the very extraordinary proposition that, in a land which pretends to be governed by law, a number of men, ten in number, assembled in a public place, coolly and deliberately plotted a murder upon one day, and on the morning of the next, carried their design into execution. To permit Daniel Kelly to escape without trial, will, in my opinion give greater terror to the remainder of those criminals who are yet fugitives from justice, as well as being an example to all evil disposed persons of the great risks they run in joining criminal cliques like unto this which assembled in Doughtie's saloon; but to try and convict him, will have a tendency to deter others from doing what is commonly called "turning states evidence" and so frustrate rather than advance the means for the security of the public peace.

These are the principal reasons, your Honors, why I have not sent a bill of indictment before the grand jury at the present term.

The Court then discharged Kelly with these words:

JUDGE ELWELL'S REMARKS.

If a party is not prosecuted at the second term of court, he is entitled to a discharge under the *habeas corpus* act of 1785.

The case of Daniel Kelley now comes within the rule, this being the second term in which the prosecutor has failed to appear against him and sustain the charge contained in the complaint upon which he was committed. It is probable that the prosecutor has abstained from appearing against Daniel Kelly for the reason that the latter gave important evidence upon the occasion of the several indictments against his accomplices, testifying truly, as had a number of persons charged with the offenses, he probably considered that public justice could be obtained against these conspirators in the coal regions in no other way than from the testimony of some members of the criminal organizations there; he probably knows that a number of persons had been convicted in other counties upon the testimony of accomplices and thought that if the witnesses who thus divulged facts were prosecuted, it would put an end to all further disclosures by accomplices, and so wholly defeat the ends of justice. Under the circumstances, we think the district attorney has pursued a judicious and proper course. There being now nothing pending against Daniel Kelly at this second term, the Court (and we may say we do it concurring with the action of the prosecutor) discharge Daniel Kelly from further custody he is entitled to it under the law, and must, therefore, be discharged.

We may add that, in this disposition of this case, the district-attorney here, the prosecutor, and the Court are only following the precedents which have been set in all this class of cases throughout the commonwealth during the past two or three years.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural Society met in the Court House on the 17th inst., at one o'clock p. m. R. Ikeler was chosen President pro tem. C. M. Vanderslice and Joseph Garrison, Secretaries. A brief discussion ensued in regard to what constitutes membership. Mr. Peacock moved that all persons paying one dollar annually without any other recommendation shall be entitled to vote at the annual election, motion carried. On motion the salary of the Secretary was fixed at $100. On motion the salary of the other officers was fixed at $1.50 per day and not to exceed twelve days during the year. On motion the Treasurer shall be also ticket agent and his salary fixed at $75. On motion F. Evans was elected President, M. W. Nuss Secretary, John G. Quick cast the vote for the association. Wm. Peacock Treasurer, Librarian A. P. Young. For Vice President, M. Hartman, S. Pursel, T. D. Strouse, Aaron Smith, Eli Barton, M. C. Vance, and A. P. Young were nominated. Hartman, Pursel and Sirouse were elected.

For members of Executive Committee, J. G. Quick, J. H. Ikeler, Wesley Bowman, David Demott, Aaron Smith, Chandler Eves, Jacob Fisher, H. A. Schwippenhauer and M. C. Vance were nominated. Quick, Ikeler and Bowman were elected. A. P. Young Chandler Eves and H. H. Bowman were nominated member of the State Board of Agriculture, Eves was elected. Meeting adjourned.

Baby Shows are the fashion now, but as long as mothers continue to nurse their little ones with laudanum or other opiates, they cannot expect their Babies to look bright. If your Baby needs medicine get a good and harmless one such as Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

I. O. O. F.

FIFTY FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THE GRAND LODGE.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—The representatives to the fifty-fifth annual session of the grand lodge of Pennsylvania, I. O. O. F., assembled in Musical Fund hall, Locust street, above Eighth, this morning, and were called to order shortly after 9 o'clock, by M. W. Grand Master S. P. Boyce, there being present a large number of representatives from all the lodges in the state.

After the transaction of routine business, the annual reports of the M. W. Grand Master and R. W. Grand Secretary were submitted and read. They show that, notwithstanding the general prostration of business throughout the country, the order is at the present time in a flourishing condition; that the order, numerically, has, during the past year, fallen off very little, and that the membership at the present time, throughout the state, numbers 90,000.

The committee on election returns reported the following as the officers of the grand lodge elected to serve during the ensuing year.

M. W. Grand Master—Samuel Haworth, of Philadelphia.

R. W. Deputy Grand Master—John A. Myers, of Pittsburg.

R. W. Grand Warden—Alfred R. Potter, of Philadelphia.

R. W. Grand Secretary—James B. Nicholson of Philadelphia.

R. W. Grand Treasurer—M. Richards Muckle, of Philadelphia.

R. W. Grand Representative to the Grand Lodge of the United States—Samuel F. Gwinner, of Bucks county.

The sessions will be held from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and from 2 to 5 p. m.

The reports of the grand secretary were submitted. The latter's report states that there are 800 lodges in the state in a working condition, comprising 85,361 members. During the year there was paid for relief of brethren $278,532.32; for relief of widowed families, $14,475.54, and for burying the dead, $71,913.88. Receipts of subordinate lodges during the year, $711,209.05, and assets of the lodges in the state, $2,510,642.82. The sessions will probably last until Thursday, on which day the officers will be installed.

FROM across THE CONTINENT.

Mr. John Stiff, of Scio, Oregon, writes that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cured his wife of catarrh, bronchitis, and asthma, after she had been pronounced incurable by physicians. For nearly a quarter of a century Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has been acknowledged as the favorite medicine for cold in the head, ozena, and catarrh, while many physicians use it constantly in their practice, depending wholly upon it in this class of affections. We have only space for a few of the many thousand names of those cured, whose letters are on file in Dr. Pierce's office, at the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y. The following are among them:

E. L. Stewart, Carmi, Ill.; R. L. Harper, Anderson, S. C.; J. M. Howard, Choctaw Agency, Miss.; Allen Wood, Cuba, La.; Theodore Jones, Cherry Point City, Ill.; W. S. Stamps, Connarge, Texas; Robt. Martin, Brady, Pa.; Sr. Directress St. Benedict's Academy, St. Mary's, Pa.; Samuel D. Remick, Rockport, Mass.; Thos. J. Bishop, 284 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Chas. Q. Anderson, Brookville, Pa.; A. P. Jones, Ringgold, La., says, "The remedy is a god-send to the afflicted." Kate T. Wardner, Ravenswood, W. Va.; says, "I owe my life to the remedy." For further particulars see Dr. Pierce's Memorandum Book, which is given away by druggists.

FACTORY FACTS.—Close confinement, careful attention to all factory work, gives the operatives pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings, poor blood, inactive, liver, kidneys and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out doors or use Hop Bitters, made of the purest and best of remedies and especially for such cases, having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. None need suffer if they will use them freely. They cost but a trifle. See another column.

Bringing Good into Prominence.

We have sometimes wondered what would be the result on the virtue and morality of our community, were the newspaper annals of crime and vice to be supplanted by full records of all the cases of unflinching integrity, noble heroism and disinterested benevolence. It would, indeed, be a truly alarming state of things, did the actual proportion of good and evil in society at large correspond with that presented to us in many of the public prints. We read with startling frequency of petty thefts and large embezzlements, of dishonorable failures and swindling transactions, of intemperance, extravagance and ruin, of slander, faithlessness and oppression, of cowardice, brutality and murder, and a host of other wrongs and miseries that may well make the heart sicken and despair at the social condition thus represented. For a score of such recitals there will be a single brief mention of some courageous deed or generous action, of some life of high resolve or undaunted perseverance or honorable suffering. In private conversation the same preponderence of evil report over good may be observed. If an individual be discussed, it is usually his faults and foibles that are brought into notice, rather than his good points; if a scene be recounted, the impression is heightened by a vivid coloring of the imperfections or absurdities of some one who figured in its. Strangely enough, there seems to be an actual preference for exposing the defects of person, manners or character, rather than for bringing to the light whatever beauty, grace or excellence may exist.

Whatever may be the cause why evil is thus made prominent, we are happy in the belief that it does not occupy the larger share in human life and conduct. On the contrary the good far outweighs the evil. There is more honesty than cheating, more fidelity than falseness, more kindness than cruelty, more sincerity than hypocrisy, more love than hate. The homage of the world is paid to good, not to evil. However much a man may err, it is truth and not error that obtains his reverence. Though he be cowardly, he respects courage; though he be unjust, he honors justice; though he be a slave to passion, he believes in self-control; though he be selfish and grasping, he applauds generosity. Such a tribute to goodness was once paid by a highwayman who assaulted and robbed Miss Dix, that noble philanthropist; upon discovering who it was that he had thus injured, he instantly restored her purse.

It is good and not evil that is venerated and looked up to and longed for by all, both good and bad. No one offers his testimony in favor of wickedness; no one perpetuates the memory of evil-doing. To the true and the noble are all monuments of the world erected, while the false and the mean sink into oblivion. Thus good is ever gaining, while evil loses, one by one, its footholds. The well grounded confidence that right will prevail over wrong, truth over falsehood, virtue over vice, proves the growing preponderance of the former in the life of humanity.

If this be true, surely it is the good, and not the evil, that deserves our emphasis. It is upon the noble traits of mankind, rather than the ignoble, that the mind should dwell. Whatever is constantly brought into view has a tendency to repeat itself. Nothing fosters crime like familiarity with its details, and while some obtain this by association with criminals, a far larger number acquire it through reading and hearing all the minutiæ of wickedness described in language, at first revolting and sickening, but by degrees becoming less and less offensive, till at length the diseased imagination craves the poisonous food. So with all the lesser shades of wrong—they flourish by conspicuousness. By talking freely and continually of evil we sow its seeds in the hearts of the listeners. Constant intercourse with folly will produce a harvest of folly. Nothing kills evil sooner than to banish it from our conversation and thoughts; it has within it the elements of decay, and, when not fostered by artificial means, its tendency is to continual loss of vitality.

On the other hand, if we emphasize wisdom, truth and virtue, we shall promote their growth. If we joyfully recount triumphs of integrity and deeds of generosity if we bring to light the many blossoms of fidelity, gratitude, good-will and self-sacrifice which are hidden from public view; if we unfold the better side of those whom we discuss and disclose their good points that would otherwise be unknown, we shall exert a positive influence in favor of goodness, which will surely hasten its development.—*Ledger.*

¶ The Governor should appoint a time for special thanksgiving. The Pennsylvania Legislature adjourns to-day.

Marriages.

STACKHOUSE—COPE.—On the 9th inst., by Rev A. Brittain, Mr. Joseph Stackhouse of Shickshinny Valley and Miss Eliza Cope of Summerhill.

HARTMAN—RUTAN.—On the 18th inst., in Bloomsburg, by E. E. Orvis, Gotlieb Hartman of Orange township to Miss Abby A. Rutan of Elishingcreek.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.35
Rye "	.90
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats, "	.32
Flour per barrel	7.50
Cloverseed "	
Flaxseed "	1.50
Butter "	.30
Eggs "	.18
Tallow "	.08
Potatoes "	.30
Dried Apples "	.05
Hams "	.11
Sides & Shoulders "	.10
Lard per pound "	.10
Hay per ton	16.00
Beeswax "	.25
Timothy Seed "	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.25 "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.40 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 5.00 "
" Bituminous "	$4.50 "

Business Notices

Summer Hats! Summer Hats!
Just received
A full stock of Straw Goods for Men and Boys at Lowenberg's.

For White goods and Embroideries go to Lutz & Sloan's.

Call at McKinneys for Shoes.

Fine Hernanies and Grenadines at I. W. Hartman's.

¶ Bernard keeps all kinds of clocks, watches jewelry and silverware. His watches range in price from $5 upward.

For a Suit of Clothes made up in city style go to Lowenberg's.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

"The Dollar of our Daddies" or the green back will buy the best Ready-made Clothing at Lowenberg's.

Admission free at McKinney's.

For dress Linens and Grass Cloths go to Lutz & Sloan's.

The best 75 cent Black Cashmere ever sold in Bloomsburg at I. W. Hartman's.

White Vests, White Vests,
Linen Vests,
Dusters, Ulsters and Alpaca coats just received at Lowenberg's.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS

at Dillon's Green House, 50 cents per 100; $4 per 1000; $18 per 5000. Plants packed and delivered at the express office at the above prices, or sent by mail when 15 cents per 100 extra is sent to pay postage. Address J. L. Dillon, Florist, Bloomsburg, Pa. may17-2w

For a large and handsome stock of Calicoes go to Lutz & Sloan's.

When you want a Nice Suit
For Summer wear
go to Lowenberg's.

Picture frames of all kinds and sizes always on hand at Cadman's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

The display of Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, &c., at P. S. Bates' is said by all to be the choicest to be seen in Bloomsburg. Repairing is done by him in the best manner and at the lowest possible rates.

Cadman says he sells he sells Furniture at the lowest rates, and has a large assortment always on hand.

Beautiful Lawns just received at I. W. Hartman's.

For new styles of Dress Goods cheap go to Lutz & Sloan's.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Crampton's Palm Soap is the best laundry soap in this or any other market. For sale by Jacob H. Maize. may 18-3w

Crampton Brother's Palm soap at Jacob H. Maize's. It is the best. Try it. may 3-18w

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Parasols, the cheapest at I.W. Hartman's.

Try it—Buy it
Palm—Palm—Palm Soap
At Jacob H. Maize's—at Jacob H. Maize's.
may 3-18w

P. S. Bates makes a specialty of repairing watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, or anything else in his line of business. He always insures a first-class job and is prompt with his work.

Muslins, the best and cheapest at I. W. Hartman's.

Various Causes—

Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them incline it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light and red hair to a rich brown or deep black as may desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action, and removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brashy, weak or sickly hair, to which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its operation, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts. It contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil or color white cambric; yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. no.3

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS

have stood for 35 years the Standard Remedy for the cure of Liver Complaints, Costiveness, Sick Headache, and all derangements of the Liver. Read before Liver Pills cured me of Liver Complaint which compelled me to quit work.—W. S. Andrews, Sagtharbor. I can recommend Sellers' Liver Pills. They have cured hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills.—Chas. Adams, Big Rock, Kentucky. Price 25c. a Box. Sold by all Druggists and country Store Keepers. S. S. SELLERS & CO., Prop's, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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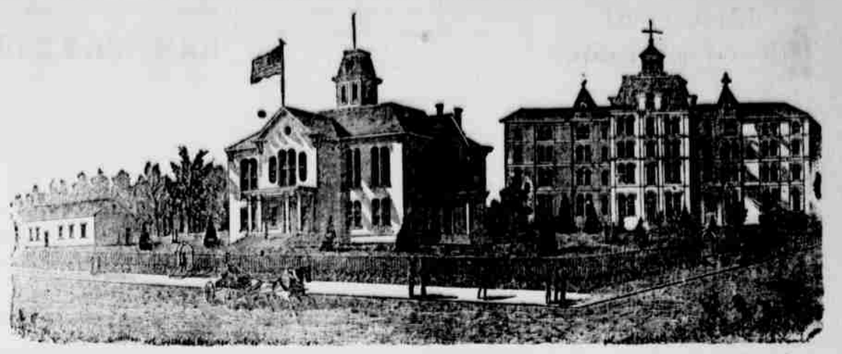

BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.
Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

REV. D. J. WALLER, JR., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.
Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.
Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.
Courses of study prescribed by the State:
I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Classical.
Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.
The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and students graduating therein receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the officers of the Board of Trustees.
The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.
The State requires higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this school to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for our schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.
HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.
Sept. 8, '76.

Treasurer's Sale of Unseated Lands in Columbia County, Pa.

By virtue of sundry acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relating to the sale of unseated lands in the County of Columbia, for taxes due and unpaid, I will offer at public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg on the second

MONDAY OF JUNE A D 1878,

At 10 o'clock in the forenoon the following described pieces of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due and unpaid against the same, and continue them from day to day as the same may be found necessary.

TERMS OF SALE

The amount of taxes and costs must be paid when the land is struck off, or the sale may be avoided and the property put up and resold.

UNSEATED LANDS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, 1878.

No. Acres.	Warrantee or owners	Twp.	Taxes.
340	Ames Jacob & Lossee	Beaver	155 77
83	Brockway O B	do	4 37
3 lots	Beaver Jesse	do	2 42
1 do	do Charles	do	80
2 do	Boyer C S	do	3 84
8 do	Barton C W	do	3 24
3 do	Bott & Unger	do	1 20
400	Columbia coal & iron co	do	22 95
400	do do do	do	22 95
400	do do do	do	22 95
280	do do do	do	16 09
400	do do do	do	22 95
1 lot	Carrow Morris	do	1 46
1 do	do do	do	41
5 do	Charles Simon Jr	do	4 60
150	Davis Daniel est heirs	do	11 32
91	Fry Geo W	do	5 29
110	Frick R P	do	8 64
3 lots	Hungen A	do	1 44
3 do	Fry W	do	2 42
209	Graff John	do	42 45
3 lots	Gearhart W m	do	5 73
50	Hunts John Sr	do	5 40
60	Hauck Jonathan	do	12 18
75	Hinderliter Jacob & S	do	9 11
84	Hoats Chas & John	do	5 72
100	" " "	do	5 40
3 lots	Harner & Chester	do	2 57
3 "	Hoffman H C	do	4 63
3 "	Hunt E G	do	2 42
3 "	Hudy Joseph	do	2 94
3 "	Harner & Chester	do	1 20
3 "	Reuben Reuben	do	1 32
1 "	Klein A	do	1 46
2 "	Larence W K	do	5 75
2 "	Lewis Frank	do	1 62
40	Longenberger Nath	do	2 16
76	Morris Daniel	do	5 66
100	Mann & boat	do	4 50
100	Noyer Geo	do	21 70
148	Nungesser Geo	do	11 34
3 "	Prout Stephen	do	1 32
3 "	Price Clothier	do	4 40
5 "	Patterson J C	do	4 05
6 "	Ruthruff Sam & co	do	3 27
3 "	" Samuel	do	1 32
367	Raub J Miller	do	21 87
49	" " "	do	2 70
129	" " "	do	7 56
173	" " "	do	13 23
273	" " "	do	14 83
96	Stewart Wm	do	16 20
50	Shuman John	do	3 40
3 lots	Smith I W	do	5 75
3 "	Slick J J	do	5 75
5 "	Wei Peter	do	4 03
224	Shuman F L	do	33 69
19	" "	do	2 80
9	" "	do	94
3 "	Tilson George	do	2 42
2 "	Vastine H B	do	1 62
99	Vandycen Cilinman & co	do	2 70
79½	" " "	do	5 40
118	" " "	do	8 26
54¼	" " "	do	3 51
1500	West Buck M T & I Co	do	158 36
400	Wonesdorf Lefever & Co	do	32 40
400	" " "	do	32 40
75	" " "	do	2 25
5 "	Wetzel C S	do	9 57
3 "	Wood Augustus	do	2 42
50	Christman Ann	Benton	10 80
45	Pennington Jesse R	do	9 60
6	Smith Hannah	do	54
1 lot	Parks Amos	Berwick	85
½ of 200	Apple Paul	Briarcreek	3 96
38	Bosman Jesse	do	7 65
25	Brittain W A J est	do	2 56
910	Bryan Guy	do	8 13
38	Conn W D Rev	do	2 29
300