THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1877

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train.....	6.45 A. M.	7.52 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.50 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.08 A. M.	7.57 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

The county officers to be voted for this Fall are District Attorney, Surveyor, Auditor and Coroner

The junior editor is absent at Scranton this week attending the Diocesan convention of the Episcopal church.

A man named John Collier was killed at Ashland, last Thursday, by a fall of rock in the tunnel of the mine.

Mr. John Cole of this township, shot an Eagle last week, which measured seven feet from tip to tip of the wings.—*Benton Weekly.*

The return game of base ball between the Miner boys and the Light Street nine resulted in the defeat of the latter by a score of 35 to 21.

Mr. Connelly, a representative of the New York *Sun* was in town on Wednesday in search of materials for an article concerning the murder of Alex. W. Rea.

E. H. Little, Col. J. G. Freeze, E. E. Orvis and several other attorneys of this town are in attendance at the sessions of the Supreme Court at Harrisburg this week.

No one can develop the grace of meekness by listening to a crying Baby. Stop its fretfulness by curing the Colic with Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. Price 25 cents.

The frame church at Beach Haven, which stood near the railroad, was ignited by a spark from a passing locomotive on Thursday of last week and entirely consumed.—*Echo.*

On Tuesday night last, in Briarcreek township, minks killed 58 chickens for Geo. Ruckle 30 for Daniel Rambach, and 25 for Mrs. Hannah Sponenburg.—*Berwick Independent.*

Wild strawberries are said to be unusually abundant this year. The flavor of these wild berries is far superior to the cultivated fruit, and they are not so acid. They are, however, of small size.

We have never deemed it necessary to defend any one from the attacks of the editor of the Danville *Intelligencer*, though we have occasionally amused ourselves by giving to the public the peculiar wanderings of his so-called mind.

In a fight between two colored men, at Watsontown, last Thursday, each having a razor, one of them named Miller had his throat cut from ear to chin. The wound is not thought to be fatal. The assailant was lodged in jail.

The Williamsport *Banner* doesn't think much of the law because by it that city is compelled to forego the pleasure of repudiating its own bonds. 'Tis true, 'tis pity and pity 'tis, 'tis true, at least so some of the Williamsport men seem to think.

There have been an unusual number of hail storms and violent gales, in various parts of the country, for so early in the season. This would seem to portend others yet to come. In these tumults of the elements we hope this town and county may be spared.

Michael Good died at Muncy, on June 6th, aged 64 years. He was born near Catawissa in 1813 and lived in Columbia county until 1831 when he removed to the neighborhood of Muncy. He was highly respected in his large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The Susquehanna Synod of the Lutheran church, will convene in the Lutheran church at this place on next Thursday evening, June 21st, and continue for nearly a week. There will be two sessions a day and preaching every evening. The public are respectfully invited.

C. W. Neal & Bros. have burst upon a surprised and delighted community with a new coal wagon of the most stylish appearance. It has the greenest of bodies and the reddest of wheels and the horses are decorated with bells. Nothing so gay has been seen here before.

The sixth annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Central Pennsylvania met in Scranton, on Tuesday, Bishop Howe presiding. There were seventy clerical and fifty lay delegates present. The convention continued in session until yesterday afternoon.

S. P. Wolverton, Esq., on Friday, took out a writ of error to the Supreme Court in the case of Hester, Tully and McHugh. It will not be argued until the next term of court which begins in October, at Pittsburg, as it cannot be taken up at the present term which expires in a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Bassett, an aged widow lady of Danville, cut her throat with a razor, on Sunday last, severing the wind-pipe and terribly lacerating the throat. This attempt at self destruction is the fourth she has made within a year. The death of a favorite son is said to have affected her brain.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.—The committee of the Pennsylvania Reserve Association to whom was referred the time and place of next meeting, have unanimously decided, on account of many members being out of employment and of the financial embarrassment of the country to hold no meeting this year.

Lead, Bismuth and Zinc are immensely useful in the industrial arts: and as immensely injurious when applied to the skin to beautify it or to remove Pimples, Blotches, etc., from it. Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture is the great purifying agent of the blood, giving clearness of complexion and removing Pimples, etc.

We publish the following just received from one of the intelligent postmasters we read of:

CAMBRA, June 12, 1877.

Messrs. Elwee & Broky—Sir—Hannah M Couff wonts her Paper stobbd as she dont wis to Pay for it yours &c P M Combra

P S Pleas send me 4 ct for notice yrs —

The P. S. is good.

We are informed that the statement, made last week, that none of the Town Council offerred to subscribe towards a fund to provide pasture for cattle of the poor, except those who voted against the repeal of the ordinance, was incorrect. There was no intention to misrepresent the action of any one, and the report was made in accordance with the recollection of the writer, who was present. The members referred to inform us that they did offer to subscribe, and their word is sufficient, as they are honorable gentleman. There was some excitement in the Council over the vote, and the offers might have been made without being understood by all, though several members did not hear them. We endeavor to publish nothing but the truth, and when mistakes are made are always ready to correct them.

H. L. Dieffenbach has written a letter to the *Clinton Democrat* stating that the mention of his name in connection with the Auditor Generalship has been without his agency or authority, but whether he means to retire from the contest we are unable to make out from the wording of the letter.

Mrs. Betsy Robison, widow of the late William Robison, died at an early hour on Saturday morning last, aged 78 years, 4 months and 10 days. Mrs. Robison was one of the oldest residents of this town and had a large circle of friends and relatives. Nine children survive her, of whom three live in Bloomsburg. The funeral took place on Tuesday morning and was largely attended.

In another column will be found the advertisement of the Great Roman Hippodrome, Circus and Menagerie, which is to exhibit in Bloomsburg June 20th. The newspapers of different localities speak warmly of the merits of the exhibition. There are five clowns, acrobats, equestrians and interesting ring performances, and a fine collection of wild animals. It will be worth seeing.

A dispatch to the *Patriot* of yesterday, states that Thomas Burns, a hired man on the farm of George Thompson in Beaver Valley, was murdered by masked burglars on Tuesday afternoon, and an editorial comment localizes the place in this county. This is undoubtedly an error. We have heard of no murder at Beaver Valley, nor is there any man named George Thompson who lives there, so far as we can learn.

The Sunbury *American* urges upon the capitalists of that town the building of a bridge across the river, and states that this would not only be a charitable undertaking, which would furnish employment to those mechanics and laboring men who have nothing to do, but would prove a profitable business investment which would pay at least 15 per cent. the first year. The suggestion is worthy of immediate and earnest attention.

By reference to the table of rates on the first page of this paper it will be seen that they have been much reduced. This reduction has been made in view of the present depressed business of the country, and we do not doubt that our advertisers and business men will appreciate this action on our part. The present ratio of prices is so low that we shall expect and require prompt payment, as we cannot give long credits with low prices.

This is preeminently the age of disbelief, and one of the saddest instances of doubting we have seen for some time is that of the Milford *Herald* man, who intimates that the statement concerning the luck of the senior editor of the COLUMBIAN in catching trout is "a fish story." The *Herald* man does worse than intimate—he says "next." This is really painful and with our established reputation for veracity, too. Wait till the Milford doubter goes a-fishing, that's all!

Visitors are always welcome in this office and parties having business with our employees will have no difficulty in seeing them, on application in the *sanctum*; but the loafing business is played out and those who have made our composing room a place of resort for amusement must seek other quarters. The rules of the office are posted conspicuously on the door, and loafers who do not observe them, will put us to the unpleasant necessity of directing their attention thereto.

The Bloomsburg COLUMBIAN is doing red hot work in the interests of the tax-payers. "Luzerne Leader."

If our cotemporary of Luzerne were put in possession of all the bottom facts in connection with the *Columbian's* care for the tax-payers of Columbia county, probably he would conclude that individual interests, rather than the interests of the public, caused this "red-hot" zeal.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

The statement is utterly and unqualifiedly false in every particular. The *Columbian* had no interests at stake except those of the tax payers.

The editor of the *Intelligencer* never permits the truth to restrain him in making an assertion. When he printed the above contemptible lie he knew it to be such

Boutwell has found a defender at last—the Bloomsburg *Republican*—a paper after Boutwell's own heart. The bloodthirsty postmaster-editor calls the honest desire of the good men of both parties for reconciliation, "sickly sentimentalism that would sap the very foundations of Republican government." The *Republican* rarely contains an editorial without a falsehood so we are not surprised to hear that Judge Chisholm in Mississippi was murdered by "traitors and rebels." The editor knows very well, if he can understand what he reads, that the murder was the result of a family feud, Chisholm having taken the life of a member of the opposing family years before.

Boutwell and Beckley—noble men! This would be a sweet country to live in, if the majority of the people thought as they do.

The State Committee of the Bloomsburg Normal School, consisting of Deputy Superintendent Houck, Prof. Beard, of the Southwestern Normal School, at California, Superintendents Garman of Jumiata, and Burns of Harrisburg, examined the graduating class on Monday and Tuesday. There were fourteen in the class; eleven were successful and three failed. Prof. J. P. Wickersham, L. L. D., State Superintendent of Public Schools, visited the school during the examination exercises, and, in company with the Board of Trustees, made a thorough examination of the buildings and grounds. Mr. Wickersham has made an earnest and capable officer and to him, to a great extent, is due the present excellent condition of our public schools. To his influence the Bloomsburg State Normal School mainly owes its existence for, his hearty advocacy of the erection of the buildings can hardly be over-rated.

MORE CROOKEDNESS.—Mismanagement by County Commissioners seems to be chronic. In Luzerne and Schuylkill they have systematically robbed the people for years; in Wayne they have indicted a $200,000 Court House on the people, and in our county the people are familiar with recent events. But the latest dodge is in Northumberland county, but unfortunately the people there have no newspapers that dare speak out and warn the people. A communication in the *Miltonian* informs us that, "On the 30th of April last, bids were received and opened by the Commissioners, at their office in Sunbury, for the steam-heating, plumbing and gas-fitting of the new county prison. Six bids, accompanied by proper bonds to secure the faithful completion of the work bid upon, were received and examined by the Commissioners. These bids were in amount, as follows:

Ira T. Clement,	of Sunbury,	$17,185.00
Jos Dolan,	" Pottsville,	15,200,00
M. Marshband,	" Harrisburg,	14,350,00
M. Foresman,	" Philadelphia,	14,217,00
Rollins & Holmes,	" Bloomsburg,	12,185,00
Robert Taylor,	" Philadelphia,	11,462,00

The above bidders, being present, were given fully to understand, and I was positively assured by two of the Commissioners, previous to the opening of the bids, that the lowest responsible bidder would receive the contract without reserve.

The contract was, however, awarded to the highest bidder, at a figure over $5,700,00 above the lowest bid, and nearly $2,000,00 above the next to the highest bid."

This action of the Commissioners of Northumberland county can only be understood on the hypothesis that they adopted the plan of our Commissioners in rejecting the lowest bid because "it was too low."

The Rockport correspondent of the *Mauch Chunk Democrat* gives the following intelligence:

Very early this morning the alarm of fire was given which caused great excitement among our citizens. It was Mr. R. C. Fruit's store, which caught fire some time during midnight but before any assistance came it was nearly all consumed. The building was owned by Mr. George Stettler and had no insurance on it. The stock was partly insured. Mrs. Fruit and family barely got out with their lives. Nothing was saved except the clothes worn by them at the time of their escape. Forty dollars, all the money which happened to be in the house, was consumed. Had it not been for the heavy rain during the morning the whole town would have been in ashes. Mr. Fruit was visiting his mother at Jerseytown, Columbia county, when the disaster occurred. The entire loss we have been unable to learn. The gentlemen who labored so heroically to save other buildings from the wrath of the devouring element have the best wishes of the community. How the fire originated has not transpired.

It will be remembered that R. C. Fruit was formerly Commissioners' Clerk of this county.

A skillful surgical operation was performed on Hiram McHenry, of Stillwater, at the house of E. E. Orvis in this town, on Tuesday morning last, by Dr. B. F. Gardner of Bloomsburg and Dr. Strawbridge of Danville, assisted by Drs. McKelvy, Evans, Case and McReynolds. Drs. Lott and McHenry and two medical students were witnesses of the operation.

Mr. McHenry had upon his right arm an encephaloid tumor, beginning about four inches above the elbow, extending upwards and involving the shoulder joint, and running back on the shoulder-blade. The tumor weighed some five pounds and was of seven months' growth. It had become necessary to amputate the arm at the shoulder and to remove the soft tissues under the joint. The operation was successful.

Mr. McHenry is an old resident of this county, and has numerous friends who will read with interest the report of his condition. Dr. Gardner has been a resident of Bloomsburg for about two years and has performed many delicate surgical operations, none, however, more intricate and requiring more skill than this.

Mr. McHenry was doing well yesterday when we last heard from him.

IMPORTANT TO MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.—Quite a large number of borough officers labor under the delusion that if an ordinance or other general enactment is published by handbills, the law has been satisfied. To show such what really is the law, we will here republish what is required by the general borough law on this subject. The same is Section 4 of Article III of that law, under the heading, "Duties of Corporate officers."

IV. To publish in at least one newspaper, if such be printed in the proper county, and by not less than twelve advertisements to be put up in the most public places in the borough, every enactment, regulation, ordinance or other general law, at least ten days before the same shall take effect.

Thus it will be seen that, *first*, such enactment must be published in *at least one* paper *and* by handbills. And this law not only applies to ordinances but to "every enactment" having a general application. All other borough statements, such as auditors' reports, clerk's statements, &c., must be published in at least *two* newspapers published in the proper county, if such there be. As no such ordinance or enactment is legal until properly published, it is important that municipal officers clearly understand this.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by the late Sunday School Convention, on the occasion of the Silver Wedding of Rev. and Mrs. N. S. Buckingham. The presents consisted of a full set of silver and a life sized oil portrait of Mr. Buckingham.

WHEREAS, We the preachers and laymen of Danville District, Central Pennsylvania Conference having been associated with the Rev. N. S. Buckingham (some of us for years but a majority of us as official members and ministers under his spiritual oversight as Presiding Elder of the Danville District;) and

WHEREAS, This is the fourth and closing year on the District, and this convention affords us the last opportunity we may have in a collective body to meet him before his retirement from office; and

WHEREAS, This year also marks the 25th anniversary of his married life (being the occasion of his silver wedding) therefore,

Resolved, That appreciating as we do, the uniform religious character he has maintained for more than a quarter of a century in the active work of the ministry—the acceptable manner in which he has conducted and carried forward the work of *this* District, which we are glad to record is evidenced by a marked improvement in all its interests—and, farther, his kind and courteous bearing to all of us as brethren, we can but feel it our duty and regard it a pleasure, to offer our congratulations to him and his companion, on reaching this happy epoch in their married life, and in giving expression to the christian love and hearty good will we entertain for them, we present these small testimonials as an affectionate memento of these feelings and of this occasion, accompanied with the prayer that their lives may be long preserved to bless the world, to honor the church and labor in the cause of *their* Master and *Ours*; and that this reunion, if the last we are permitted to enjoy on earth, may prove preliminary to one, *everlasting in the Heavens.*

The Board of School Directors met Monday June 11, 1877 at 7½ o'clock p. m. Present, Messrs. Graul, Zarr, Koons, Ringler, Jones and Knorr.

Minutes of June 4, 1877 read and approved.

Messrs. Ringler and Jones moved that bond of B. F. Zarr, Treasurer, with the sureties be approved.—Carried.

Messrs. Zarr and Ringler moved that collector at once execute bond with surities, and that the Directors endorse approval on bond.—Carried.

Messrs. Zarr and Ringler moved that the schools be kept open nine months the ensuing year, and that there be a vacation of two weeks at the holidays and one week including the first of April, and that the schools be commenced on Monday Aug. 20.—Carried.

Messrs. Zarr and Ringler moved that a tax be laid of eight mills for school purposes, and two mills for building purposes.—Carried.

Messrs. Zarr and Ringler moved that, as the school term has been extended one month, the salaries of the teachers and janitors be reduced each five dollars per month, and that the salary of the principal of each school be fixed at seventy dollars per month—the principal of each room at forty dollars, the assistant of each room at thirty five dollars, the teacher of Welsh Hill school at forty dollars and the janitors each at twenty five dollars per month.—Carried.

On motion of Messrs. Ringler and Zarr it is ordered that the third Monday of each month be the time of the regular monthly meeting the current year, and that when we adjourn to night we adjourn to meet at the office of S. Knorr June 27, 1877 at 7½ o'clock p. m. to employ teachers for the ensuing school year, of which the Secretary shall cause notice to be published in the two principal newspapers of the place.

On motion the following standing committees were appointed to wit.

On supplies, Messrs. Ringler and Koons.

On buildings and grounds, Messrs. Graul and Jones.

On Grievances, Messrs. Zarr and Knorr.

Messrs. Zarr and Ringler moved that the Secretary be directed to procure an order book containing 1200 orders.—Carried.

On motion adjourned, S. KNORR, Secretary.

AN IMPORTANT OPINION.

The following decision of Judge Hall in relation to recanting jurors will be read with interest not only by the profession, but by persons liable to be summoned as jurors:

At the April term of Court in Bedford county, a very important case was tried before Judge Hall, in which D. Orr Alexander, of Altoona, was prosecutor and F. C. Alden and George S. Hamlin were defendants.—The charge was for embezzlement, in not accounting for moneys which the defendants, as agents of the prosecutor in the sale of musical instruments sold by them. The jury was charged by Judge Hall in the evening, and instructed if they agreed during the night, they might seal their verdict and separate until morning. The jury agreed during the night, and as per instructions of the Court, sealed their verdict. The next morning on appearing in Court, two of the jurors, Scott W. Ake and Joseph Weaverling, dissented from the verdict. Rules were issued on the dissenting jurors to show cause, and in discharging the rules, Judge Hall laid down the law in such cases in the following able and exhaustive manner:

OPINION AND ORDER OF COURT SUR RULE ON SCOTT W. AKE AND JOSEPH WEAVERLING TO SHOW CAUSE, &c.

The respondents were jurors duly empanneled and sworn in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Alden and Hamlin, an indictment for felonious embezzlement. After being charged, the jury retired to their room, on Wednesday afternoon. Not being agreed at the hour of adjournment, they were granted permission to seal their verdict and bring it into Court on Thursday morning. This permission was granted with the consent of counsel for defendants.

By order of Court, made several years since, on the occasion of a similar trouble, no jury is permitted to render a sealed verdict except with consent of counsel and such consent is to be considered a waiver of the right to poll the jury.

The jury having informed the officer in whose custody they were, that they had agreed on and had sealed their verdict, were permitted by him to separate at about 11 o'clock.

On the morning of Thursday, when the Court assembled, the tipstaff in charge of the jury made complaint that during the night divers eaves-droppers beset the door of the jury room, and he was twice approached by the counsel for the defendants to give him information as to how the jury stood; and *before the jury came into the box to deliver their verdict* the counsel for defendants presented a written request to have the jury polled, and denied that he had agreed to the sealing of the verdict.

The agreement of counsel not having been noted of record, the Court, with some reluctance, ordered the jury to be polled. Therefore, the respondents dissented from the sealed verdict.

The crime charged being a felony, and the jury having been separated for a number of hours, this dissent made it necessary to discharge the jury and to hold the defendants to bail for appearance and trial at the next sessions.

And the whole circumstances of the case wearing so grave an appearance of suspicion, these rules were granted on the jurors aforesaid to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt for having assented to a verdict in order to induce the officer to allow them to separate, with intent afterwards to dissent in Court, and thus thwart the due course of justice.

They have put in an answer, alleging that after they had agreed to the sealed verdict and separated, they were unable to sleep by reason of conscientious scruples and regrets, and that they could only obtain relief of mind by dissenting; that the assent was honest at the time, and not a feigned agreement to obtain a discharge, and that they only subsequently dissented impelled by a conscientious conviction of duty after hours of reflection.

If this is so, the rules must be discharged.

"If a jury declares themselves agreed when they were not, in order to induce the officer to permit them to separate, or if one juror should declare his assent, with intent afterwards of dissent in Court, this would be a great misdemeanor, and render the persons liable to summary punishment."—Chief Justice Shaw, of Massachusetts, in Lawrence vs. Strauss, 11 Pick. p. 501.

That a juror might agree without due reflection, and afterwards have a different view of the case, and might feel impelled by a high sense of duty to change his verdict, is true. And such a change from such a motive, whilst it would argue weakness in assenting, would deserve commendation.

But in view of the fact that a mistrial results in great expense to the county, and to the whole public who are in attendance at Court, and in great additional labor to the Court and counsel, the contingency of a mistaken assent and subsequent change of mind is very much to be regretted.

If the idea were suffered to prevail that jurors are at liberty to agree in the jury-room and afterwards to dissent in Court; that this is a right they have to exercise at their discretion, it would result in an enormous expense to the county, and in a serious impediment to the administration of justice.

The respondents, however, deny that they were approached by any one with the suggestion or solicitation that they should dissent in Court.

And although it is clear from the affidavits of the ten remaining jurors, as well as from the answers of the respondents, that they agreed voluntarily, and without being forced into acquiescence by any improper means, and after full discussion and deliberation, extending from 5 o'clock to 11 o'clock p. m., nevertheless under their affidavits that they changed their minds after further reflection from conscientious convictions of duty, there being no further proof to the contrary, the rules must be discharged.

The oath of jurors is to render a true verdict according to the evidence, unless they are discharged by the Court. They have no right to separate until they are fully agreed. The law requires an unanimous verdict. "And in order to avoid intemperance and causeless delay, the jury are to be kept without meat, drink, fire, or candle until they all unanimously agree."—3 Black. Com., p. 375.

"If a jury eat or drink at all, or have any eatables about them, without consent of the Court, and before verdict, it is finable."—*Ib.*

But the modern practice is to allow the jury all these articles, and to allow them further to seal their verdict when they come to an agreement during the interval of Court, and to separate and assemble when the Court sits, to render the verdict in open Court. All this has grown up into practice out of a spirit of leniency toward jurors, so that they may endure no more discomfort than is really necessary.

But the English practice of taking a jury verdict (equivalent to our sealed verdict), which had begun before Blackstone's time, is characterized by him as a "dangerous practice allowing time for parties to tamper with the jury, and therefore *very seldom allowed.*"—3 Black. Com., p. 377.

And Huston, Justice, in Huidekoper vs. Cotton, 3 Watts, p. 59, speaks of the practice of sealing verdicts as being used in some, but not in other districts.

And it is said in 2 Watts' Pleas of the Crown, p. 300, that a jury verdict cannot be taken in cases of treason and felony.

The Court has power to allow a jury to seal their verdict without consent of counsel. The reason for asking their consent is that the right to poll the jury may be waived.

The great expense and labor of second trials can only be certainly avoided by compelling jurors to remain together until their verdict is taken with the consent of the defendant and with a waiver of the right to poll the jury.

If, as alleged by counsel, a defendant cannot waive such right in a case of felony, then in such cases the jury ought not to be allowed to seal their verdict.

It is ordered that hereafter in cases of felony, the agreement of counsel to seal the verdict shall be in writing, and accompanied with an express waiver of the right to poll the jury, and that no sealed verdict shall be permitted in a case of felony unless with waiver and consent.

This may work hardship on subsequent jurors, which must be charged up against the vacillation of these respondents and the failure of the defendants' attorney to abide by his agreement.

The opportunity of tampering with a juror is very manifest. The ascertainment of the juror to whom is to be conveyed the information that he has a right to dissent from a sealed verdict, seems to be practicable by eavesdropping according to the information given by the tipstaff in charge of this jury. A single weak-minded or corrupt juryman may necessitate a second trial.

The contingency ought to be guarded against. If there is no other way open to accomplish it, it must be done by refusing to other jurymen the privilege of sealing verdicts.

Rules discharged.

By the Court,

WM. H. HALL, President Judge.

BOOK NOTICES.

A NEW MAGAZINE.

The Pennsylvania Historical Society, located at 820 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, has issued the first number of a new Quarterly Magazine, whose purpose is to gather up the local and general history of the State, prepare and publish biographical sketches of our Revolutionary heroes—and make itself a depository of the notes and queries of historical doubts and criticisms.

In style, type and paper it is superior to anything in the periodical line which we have seen, and in every way worthy of the support of Pennsylvanians. It ought to have a very large circulation.

We understand that Col. Freeze, of this County, has prepared for the second number a "Note" giving the Indian name of "Roaringecreek," and some other matters connected therewith.

The Magazine comes at $3.00 a year. Address Townsend Ward, Secretary, 820 Spruce Street, Philadelphia.

The *Christian Recorder*, a religious paper published by the A. M. E. Church, has been shown us, and appears to be an excellent sheet. Rev. Alexander Williamson, pastor of the congregation in Bloomsburg, has the paper for sale weekly, and will be glad to furnish it to our citizens at five cents a copy. Those who see fit to take it will get the worth of their money, and at the same time assist in a good cause.

Items.

James Gillillan will become Treasurer of the United States on the 1st of July.

The suits against Peter B. Sweeny, of the Tammany ring, have been compromised by his paying $400,000.

At the burning of Glover, Sanford & Son's hat shop in East Bridgeport, Conn., on June 7th, thirteen lives were lost by the falling of the walls.

George W. Fletcher was hanged in Philadelphia last Monday for the murder of James Hanley. The murder was a cold-blooded and atrocious crime, utterly without justification, and Fletcher undoubtedly merited his punishment.

A fire at Galveston, Texas, on Friday last, destroyed twenty-six buildings in the business centre of the city, including banks, hotels, wholesale houses, and the Cotton Exchange. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000. One firm lost $750,000.

The South Carolina House of Representatives, by a two-thirds vote, have agreed to the impeachment of J. J. Wright, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State, for drunkenness. Wright has been suspended from exercising the duties of his office.

The single scull race for $2,000 and the championship of America, between William Scharff and Evan Morris, was rowed at Pittsburg, on Saturday. The distance was five miles. Morris won the race by five lengths, in 36 minutes, 45 seconds. The race last year was won by Scharff by less than a length.

A gang of ruffians took possession of the night passenger train of the Pennsylvania Railroad, due at 4 o'clock a. m. in Jersey City, and robbed and nearly beat to death a passenger, Thomas Downing, of New York. Three of the scoundrels jumped from the train whilst running thirty miles an hour and escaped, one was arrested and locked up.

Two criminals in the Ohio Penitentiary have confessed that they were the murderers of a young girl named Mary Murray, in 1869. A young man, named Wiley L. Morris, was arrested, tried and convicted of the crime, but solemnly swore to his innocence to his last moments upon the scaffold. If the confession is a true one this young man was legally murdered. Much excitement exists at Pontiac, Ill., where the girl was killed.

The New Town Hall at Ayer. The elegant structure is now complete. In beauty of design it surpasses anything of its kind in the State. Constructed of brick and dark marble it is as permanent as it is charming. The English architects have adorned it in subdued colors, which please without tiring the eye. Dr. J. C. Ayer built and gave it to the town in acknowledgment of the distinction they conferred upon him in taking his name. Although it is a generous gift, still the hearty good wishes of a whole people are of greater value, and the generous donor has doubtless secured them.—*Groton (Mass.) Journal.*

June 1 1m.

Spots upon the sun do not visibly diminish its brilliancy, but spots, pimples or blotches upon the face, neck or arms seriously detract from female beauty. They may, however, be completely removed by the daily use of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Depot, Crittenton's 7 6th Ave., N. Y. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 c. June.

DYSPEPSIA. DYSPEPSIA. DYSPEPSIA.

Dyspepsia is the most perplexing of all human ailments. Its symptoms are almost infinite in their variety, and the forlorn and despondent victims of the disease often fancy themselves the prey, in turn, of every known malady. This is due in part to the close sympathy which exists between the stomach and the brain, and in part also to the fact that any disturbance of the digestive functions necessarily disorders the liver, the bowels and the nervous system, and affects, to some extent, the quality of the blood.

E. P. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is a sure cure. This is not a new preparation to be tried and found wanting; it has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success; it is not expected or intended to cure all the diseases to which the human family is subject, but is warranted to cure dyspepsia in its most obstinate form. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron never fails to cure. Symptoms of Dyspepsia are loss of appetite, wind and arising of the food, dryness of the mouth, heartburn, distension of the stomach and bowels, constipation, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness and low spirits. Try the great remedy and be convinced of its merits. Take only Kunkel's, which is put up only in $1 bottles. Depot 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia. Advice by mail free, by sending 3 cent stamp. Try one bottle of Kunkel's Iron and be convinced of its merits. Sold by druggists and storekeepers everywhere.

WORMS. WORMS. WORMS.

Removed alive. Tape Worm removed alive in from two to three hours, with vegetable medicine. Head all passing from the system alive. No fee till head passes. The Doctor never fails to remove Tape, Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1 per bottle. It never fails, or send to Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa., for circular with full instructions, by enclosing 3 cent stamp for return of same. Kunkels Worm Syrup is used for children or adults with perfect safety, as it is vegetable. Buy it and try it.

BLANK NOTES, with or without Exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MURDER WILL OUT.

A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint, a few thin dyspeptics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of Green's August Flower became heralded through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in EVERY TOWN in the United States are selling it. No person suffering with sour stomach, sick headache, costiveness, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to Moyer Bros., and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. April 20, '77–1y jl

Business Notices

Gents' Fancy Shoes at E. M. Knorr's.

Buy your Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

For Fans or Parasols go to Lutz & Sloan's.

For Reaper repairs go to Harman & Hasserts.
June 8 4w.

New Dress Linens and Trimmings at Clark & Wolf's.

FOR SALE.—A desirable property on Fifth street, Bloomsburg. House new. Possession given immediately. Apply to R. R. LITTLE, Bloomsburg, Pa.
June 15–2w

Wall Paper cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Lasting Gaiters, $1.00 at McKinneys.

Just in. Parasols and Ladies' Neck wear. Clark & Wolf's.

Best value in Clothing can now be found in all the latest styles of Summer Clothing at the most astonishing low prices.
Men's Suits from $4.00,
Youth's Suits from $3.00,
Boy's Suits from $2.00,
Call and be convinced that the best place to buy your Clothing is at D. Lowenberg's.

A large assortment of New Calicoes, Muslins and Shirtings just received at Lutz & Sloan's.

Just received, Black Hernanis, cheap, Clark & Wolf's.

$1.25 Foxed Gaiters at McKinney's.

Base balls and bats cheap at Clark's Book Store.

NEW GOODS
just received a large lot of spring styles of Shoes at E. M. Knorr's.

Dr. Warner's Health Corsets. Clark & Wolf.

Window Shades cheap at Clark's Book Store.

For a Nobby Shirt go to
For a stylish Suit go to
For the latest style of Hat go to
For the newest styles in Neck Wear
For fine India Gauze Shirts go to
Latest Styles, Lowest Prices,
can now be found at D. Lowenberg's

Window Shades and Wall Paper in great variety and cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Still another lot of Hamburg Embroidery. Clark & Wolf's.

"Down to Hard Pan" Boots and Shoes at McKinney's.

Gents' Buff Congress at E. M. Knorr's for $2.50.

New Linen and Other Dress Goods this week at Lutz & Sloan's.

To see is to buy. $1.80 Counterpanes, Clark & Wolf's.

FOR SALE.—A good second hand Reaper at Harman & Hassert's.
June 8 4w.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The public is now informed that they can have a chance to select their SUMMER CLOTHING from the largest stock of Clothing ever seen in Bloomsburg. Call and see and judge for yourself and be convinced that the old reliable store is still ahead in selling at the lowest prices. D. Lowenberg.

Ladies' Skirts cheap. Just in. Clark & Wolf.

Hand-made Shoes at McKinney's.

WANTED.—Two girls to learn the tailoring trade. Wm. Y. Kester. Apr.27tf

Ladies' fine Shoes, all widths and sizes at McKinney's.

You can buy a Domestic machine for $40 at Clark & Wolf's.

Have you tried Kirby's Wild Cherry Cough Balsam? A very palateable compound for the various affections of the throat and lungs it has been used with success, in seven cases of asthma giving instant relief and in many cases effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents per bottle and positively warranted to give entire satisfaction or money refunded.
Kirby's Magic Relief for the instant cure of severe and acute pains.
Kirby's Tasteless Worm Lozenges, pleasant, safe and effectual.
Kirby's Horse and Cattle Powders are the best powders for stock, manufactured. Try them and be convinced.
Kirby's Camphor Ice for sunburns, sore lips and chapped hands.
Gill's Billious and Liver Pills are recommended by the first Physicians.
The above preparations are for sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicine.
MOYER BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents.
July 21, '76.–1y

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

We are now offering the celebrated Susquehanna Coal Co's Coal at the following cash prices:
No. 6, $1.65 per ton on wharf.
No. 5, 2.65 per ton on wharf.
No. 2, 3 and 4, 2.90 per ton on wharf.
Blacksmith's Lump 2.90 per ton on wharf.
Bituminous 4.50 per ton on wharf.
35 cents per ton additional, for delivery to any part of the town.
Coal House Rates 15 cents per ton less.
No. 6, to Lime-burners $1.50 per ton.
Coal screened before leaving our yards and full weight guaranteed.
Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's Store, at our office, or sent through the mails will receive prompt attention.
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
C. W. NEAL & BRO.
May 1, 1877

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby warned against trespassing upon the lands of the undersigned, for hunting or other purposes. If they do, they will be punished according to law.
WILLIAM TROWBRIDGE, SAMUEL GRIGER.
June 8, '77–3w*

WE WILL mail one and one-half dozen Chromos, in French oil color, ever seen for $1.00. They are mounted in a size to fit black enamel and gold mate, oval opening and outsell anything now before the public. Two samples for 25 cents, or six samples for 50 cents. Send 10 cents for grand illustrated catalogue with Chromo of Moonlight on the Rhine, or 20 cents for two Landscapes and Calla Lilies on black ground. J. LATHAM & CO., 419 Washington street Boston, Mass. Headquarters for Chromos, Engravings and Art Works. A FORTUNE.
June 8, 77 June september and october 1 W & Co.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF G. H. FOWLER, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrator of said deceased to and among the persons entitled to the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Frank & Walter in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, Aug. 7, '77, at 10 o'clock a. m. when and where all persons are hereby notified to make known their claims before the Auditor or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
L. E. WALLER, Auditor.
June 2, '77–4w.

BLANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Dauchy & Co's Advt's.

BOOK AGENTS see this. Only $1.50 capital required to start canvassing for
Mark Twain's New Scrap Book.
Apply with stamp to
John K. Hallowell, 139 East Eight st., New York. CANVASSERS
June 8 '77–4w d

A Safe, Sure and Cheap Destroyer of the POTATO BUG, CABBAGE and other Insects is
OUR PEST POISON.
Paris GREEN CURRANT WORMS
Dallas PARIS GREEN. It dissolves in water, and is sprinkled. Sure death. No danger to plants, or to mind. Costs 25 cents an acre. Sample mailed for 10 cents (1-4 lb. box.) Send for Circular with hundreds of testimonials. Discount to the trade.
KEARNEY CHEMICAL WORKS, P. O. Box 3134. 46 Cortlandt St., New York City.
For sale by S. J. Conner, Berwick, Columbia county, Pa. June 8, '77–4w d

6 New pieces sheet music, retails for $1.75, sent for 75 cts. and stamp. Cheap Music Co., Middleboro, Mass. May 25, '77–4w d

25 ELEGANT CARDS all styles with name, 10 c. post paid. J. B. Austed, Nassau, Rens co. N. Y. May 25, '77–4w d

Best bargains in America. Maps and Catalogue free. FARMS! J. P. Mancha Dover, Del. May 25, '77–4w d

Life and Health Without Drugs.
BLUE AND RED LIGHT.
Dr. Pancoast's great work is Now Ready for AGENTS. The only book practically treating this now universally absorbing topic