



Friday, April 6, 1877.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

At last the clouds which have for so long hung black and threatening over the Palmetto State, have broken away and her people with joy and gladness are gazing on the sun of peace and prosperity.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, D. C., April 3, 1877.—Sir:—Prior to my entering upon the duties of the Presidency, there had been a statement by order of the President in the House at Columbia, S. C., a detachment of United States Infantry.

It is my opinion there does not exist in that State such domestic violence as is contemplated by the Constitution as the ground upon which the military power of the United States Government may be invoked for the defense of the State.

I feel assured that no resort to violence is contemplated in any quarter, but that, on the contrary, the dispute in question are to be settled amicably by such peaceful remedies as the Constitution and laws of the State provide.

On the 9th of December, 1876, he wrote to Charles O'Connor, the senior counsel for the people, offering to make retirement, so far as lay in his power, and giving up all papers and information in his possession touching the operations of himself and others during his reign as the chief of his office.

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He is old, poor, and broken down in health and spirits, and it is not probable that he will ever hold more than a position which will attract public notice.

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There has just been given to the public the extraordinary adventures of William M. Tweed, the famous "Boss" of the New York ring, from the date of his escape from the Sheriff on December 4th, 1875, until his return to Ludlow street jail on the 23rd of November, 1876.

His escape was effected by the aid of a gang of burglars, the plot having been laid while in jail. Taking advantage of the momentary absence of his keepers, who had accompanied him to his own house, he was secreted in a covered wagon, which was driven to the North river.

He then crossed the river to the Palmetto. In the dense wood bank of the river he lived for three months; thence he crossed to Staten Island, where he remained two weeks. He then took passage in a small vessel and went to Florida, where he spent some time hunting and fishing in the swamps.

A coasting vessel took him to Cuba and there he was arrested for traveling without a properly authenticated passport. Finally he took passage on a Spanish vessel to Vigo, where he was again arrested under the mistaken impression that he was B. K. Brown, the notorious Secretary of War.

His capture in this country was discovered by the United States Consul, who was turned over to the U. S. steamer Franklin and carried to New York. His sufferings had been intense, and the party "hired" who weighed nearly 300 pounds returned to New York weighing only 100 pounds.

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Stamping on Morismans. In view of the horrible revelations contained in the confession of John D. Lee, the Mormon Bishop, who was shot to death a few days since being one of the principals in the fearful Mountain Meadow massacre, it will be a limited but all that time has arrived when Mormonism, with all its debasements and crimes, should be rooted out.

Viewed in its best aspects and wholly apart from the dread of massacres of twenty years ago, Mormonism is repulsive in every feature. It has nothing to commend it. Last and crime are its foundations. It is one of those evils which is literally conceived in sin and born in iniquity.

Enough is now known of its tenets and how to root out the evil. It is not only a political and social evil, but a moral and Christian one of the country. It is a blot upon the name of our Government.

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For the next four years at least political discussion will be much occupied with the important question of a reform of the mode of electing a President so as to avoid the perils as well as the disgraceful scandals that attend the late contest.

While the defects in the present system have been long recognized they were never revealed in so striking a light as in the contest of 1876 when unscrupulous and desperate partisans were enabled to employ them in overthrowing the decision of the ballot.

The electoral colleges have been perverted from the original design of the constitution, and instead of choosing a President themselves have become a superfluous part of the political machinery.

Having survived its political purpose and its usefulness the danger is that the institution will undergo a still further perversion in some future contest, and will be used to thwart the popular will through the corruption or weakness of the electors.

Another defect of the system is that a candidate may be elected who receives a majority of the popular vote, but a minority of the electoral vote.

Had the election been thrown into the House of Representatives Mr. Douglas could not have been a candidate as both Breckinridge and Bell had more electoral votes, and the constitution provides that the House shall make a choice of President only from the three candidates highest in electoral votes.

In the last contest the monstrous perversion of the electoral college of the people of the majority is witnessed in the inauguration of a candidate who received a quarter of a million less votes than his competitor. It will be said that this result was reached through the most gigantic frauds.

It is sufficient answer that such a result is possible under the electoral system even without the commission of fraud.

In the opening paper of the North American Review for March-April, entitled "The Electoral Commission and its bearings" Mr. Buckle points out those as well as other defects in the system of choosing a President and determining contests which time and age have developed.

Though the electoral college is a question that cluster around it is the burden of the present. Mr. Buckle has been able to keep his temper under sufficient control to discuss the subject as if it concerned another era and a different planet.

After reviewing the past work of the electoral commission and dismissing it with the remark that the commission was a temporary expedient it will hardly serve as a model for the future he proceeds to present a remedy for the existing evil. This brings us to his plan which is embodied in the amendment offered by Mr. Maish in the last Congress.

What we are pleased to see that the Philadelphia Press, the most dishonest and concealing of all the Radical organs, has succeeded in alienating most of its supporters by its ridiculous and bloodthirsty editorials relative to South Carolina.

The President turns a cold shoulder to his frantic utterances by ordering the withdrawal of troops from Columbia, which is substantially an endorsement of Hampton, and the more intelligent and honest Republicans are disgusted with Forney and his mendacious twaddle.

The following opinion of H. H. Cummin, Esq., attorney for the county commissioners of Luzerne county, will be found of considerable interest to assessors and tax payers: WILLIAMSPORT, March 23, 1877.

GENTLEMEN:—In reply to your question: "Is money at interest taxable for county purposes in this county?" I find the law as follows: By section 32, act of assembly 20th April, 1844, Pamphlet Laws p. 497, 2 Purdon's Digest p. 1380, and sections 3 and 6, act of assembly 23d April, 1846, Pamphlet Laws p. 457, 2 Purdon's Digest p. 1388, it is provided that all money due and owing by solvent debtors, to any person, containing, firm, company or copartnership, whether on mortgage, judgment, deed, bond, note, contract, agreement, accounts, and settlements in the orphan's courts and courts of common pleas, and other accounts, excepting executors' contracts and agreements where possession has not been delivered to the vendee, under such contracts or agreements and excepting notes, contracts or accounts for work or labor done, or any specified time, past, present or future, or whether the time of payment be specified or not, shall be subject to a lien in favor of the creditor, who shall be entitled to a writ of fieri facias, or other writ of execution, and an inquest of six men, summoned by the sheriff or coroner of any of the cities or counties agreeably to the existing laws of this Commonwealth, shall find that the debts, issues and profits of such property are not sufficient, beyond all repairs, within the space of seven years, to satisfy the damages and costs, of the debt, interest and costs in such writ as mentioned, it shall be the duty of the sheriff to summon six men of his bailiwick to go up on the premises and value and appraise the said property, and in all cases where the defendant shall consent to a condemnation, agreeably to an act entitled: "An act relating to executions, passed the sixteenth day of June eighteen hundred and thirty six, and in any case where an inquisition and confirmation of such estate as aforesaid shall not be deemed necessary in law, it shall be the duty of the sheriff to cause the property to be sold, or to execute a writ of fieri facias, or other writ of execution, and an inquest of six men, summoned by the sheriff or coroner of any of 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