The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, April 7, 1876.

CONNECTICUT ALL RIGHT!

The glorious old "Nutmeg" State has spoken, and the result is a terrible defeat to the Republican party. The purchase of New Hampshire had revived the drooping hopes of the opposition, and they were confident of victory last Monday. Blaine, Jewell and Hawley, worked with the desperation of men to whom defeat is final, and anxious office holders were freely bled for "campaign" funds. The "bloody shirt" was waved in every hamlet, the "rebel yell" was tearfully alluded to, but the people of "the land of steady habits," with the shrewdness peculiar to them, saw beyond their flimsy pretexts the innate rottenness of the Republican party as demonstrated by a Democratic Congress.

Ingersoll, Democratic candidate for Governor is reelected by a plurality of 7,500 and majority over all of 4,000. The Senate stands 18 Democrats to 3 Republicans; the House 159 Democrats, 85 Republicans, and 2 Independents, a gain of 22. The majority on joint ballot is 87, thus insuring the election of a Democratic U. S. Senator, vice Ferry, deceased.

After the example in Connecticut it behooves the Democratic party in this State to "gird up their loins" and prepare for an active, aggressive contest in November. There must be no faltering now, and those who, in former years, despaired of success and lagged behind, must come to the front. The future looks bright, and let our cry be "ONWARD TO VICTORY!"

Mr. Boutwell, Senator from Massachusetts, came to grief one day last week in the Senate chamber. He had been making a bloody and thunder oration, charging in the usual Radical style that the Southern people were still rebels at heart and enemies of their country. Whereupon Senator Bayard of Delaware arose, and remarked with unmistakeable distinctness, that "if any person says that either I or any of my ancestry, on the maternal or paternal side were ever enemies of their country, he lies in his throat." Mr. Boutwell did the best thing he could under the circumstances—kept his seat. The Philadelphia *Times* alludes cheerfully to the little episode as "a pitiable spectacle" and calls the insult and rebuke "the partisan hate and bitterness of two of the most noted men in the Chamber." Now we believe that,

"No man high-toneder could be found
Than A. McClure, the country round,"

and that if he had been in Mr. Bayard's place, Boutwell would have received a rebuke equally stinging and as fully conclusive.

HON. WM. McCLELLAND.

Previous to the Lancaster Convention we advocated the selection of Capt. McClelland as Chairman of our State Central Committee. He was selected, and now it is time he went to work. No man knows better than he that complete organization wins battles. It is about time to organize, and prepare for the November contest. It is folly to wait for the St. Louis Convention, because it is fair to presume that we are to make a fight whoever the candidate may be, and our lines might as well be formed now. At least the muster roll should be called, and the "wounded" "missing" and "deserted" noted, as well as the "raw recruits."

Captain, we expect energetic work from you.

Is it true that a Northern soldier, although a Democrat, can not pass the rebel guard into the House of Representatives at Washington? Perhaps our neighbor can answer.—*Republican.*

We can. The rules of both Houses of Congress prevent the intrusion into the halls, during the sittings, of any persons not privileged by the rules. If the doorkeepers obey the rules they are to be commended rather than blamed.

We would inquire of our cotemporary, however, why it is that a strict observance of the law by the Democrats is so distasteful to the Republicans. Is it because so many of them are coming to grief?

There must have been some Blaine sentiment in the Harrisburg Convention to judge by the speech of Gen. W. H. Koontz, the temporary chairman. It was a genuine "bloody shirt" affair with touching allusions to the "Confederates" in Congress, the "rebel yell" and similar original and highly elaborate illustrations of the danger of Democratic success.

It would have pleased Blaine mightily, but it didn't cause any great flutter in the crowd of hardened political sinners whom he addressed.

Here's another victim to popular indignation. Adalbert Ames, whilom Governor of Mississippi, and son-in-law of Ben Butler, has stepped down and out of the gubernatorial chair. The impeachment proceedings were becoming a trifle warmer than he really enjoyed and he agreed to leave if they were stopped. As the people only wished to get rid of him the proposition was agreed to. The Lieutenant Governor resigned some time ago for similar reasons and the temporary President of the State Senate is acting Governor. Score one more for the people.

A New York correspondent states that Gen. Grant is very poor and that his paper is not uncommon on Wall Street. We have little faith in Grant's poverty. Wait until he gets out of office and if there is any of his paper afloat, We fancy the holders will find enough property to pay them. It is incredible that a man so fond of money and who has received so many valuable gifts should have squandered his fortune and reduced himself to poverty.

The New York *Herald* warns the Wallace Democrats of Pennsylvania that carrying their state convention goes a very small way towards carrying the state, but then the *Herald*, as usual, doesn't know what it is talking about. For a political guide the *Herald* is about as useful as last year's almanac.

The Administration organs seem to have resolved themselves into a committee of the whole for the revision of lawyer's fees. They abuse Pendleton and Bristow for taking large fees for conducting law suits—both gentlemen being private citizens at the time and holding no public office.

THE PROPOSED STAY LAW.

The bill providing for a stay of execution, grants a stay for two years on judgments now remaining unsatisfied, or which may be obtained within six months from the passage of the act; provided, that he is the owner of property to double the amount of the claims held against him; or, the defendent may give security to the Court or Justice of the Peace before whom the judgment was obtained, which security shall consist of one or more persons, who shall satisfy the Court or Justice that their property, at a fair valuation, is worth double the claim.

We think the passage of such a bill would be unwise. The law now gives ample stay for all classes of debts. Its effect would only give temporary relief to a few of the debtor class, and at the same time would drive capital from investment. Besides, there is nothing to prevent a man from waiving the stay if he desires, and his necessities would compel him to do that. The mass of the people desire to pay their debts in the manner and at the time contracted for. If, however, a man's debtor disappoints him of a promised payment when due, by taking a two years stay, he in turn is unable to meet his demands, and the result would be general confusion and distress. Capital would be withdrawn, and credit would close.

We are of the opinion that the ordinary laws of trade should regulate financial matters, and that unwise legislation has led to present evils, and a bill like that proposed would cause further complication without benefiting the people.

Since writing the above the bill has been defeated in the House.

OUR ANSWER.

The appropriation bill has been finally reported by Chairman Randall in the House and taken up by sections for consideration. It proposes a sweeping reduction of all salaries of ten per cent. In this the Democrats again prove themselves the enemies of the laboring class.—*Republican.*

Yes. The Democrats have an idea that there has been too much stealing about Washington, and they are trying to stop it, and "let no guilty man escape." Of course "organs" edited by Post Masters squirm. We see no reason why Grant's salary should have been increased from $25,000 $50,000. We do not see that Hartranft makes a better Governor because a Republican Legislature increased his salary from $5,000 to $10,000.

We call the attention of the "laboring class" to the following facts, as to the number of employees:

	1859	1873
Treasury	3,782	11,430
War	246	1,666
Navy	92	8,241

The aggregate in all the Departments in 1859 was 42,989 and in 1873 86,660.

We insist that Randall is right in knocking off the barnacles that clog our ship of State. Sinecures should be abolished and useless officers discharged. If the employees do not like the reduction of salaries, they can resign. A host of competent men are willing to take their places. Go on Mr. Randall,—reduce extravagant salaries,—discharge useless employees,—and the "laboring class" who are benefited by it will *not* be your "enemies."

There is reasonable ground for the hope that the experiment of substituting silver coin for the fractional currency will soon be tried. The appropriation for printing this money has run out and the committee have concluded not to renew it with a view to the issuing of coin for the worn out currency as fast as it is brought in. About $12,000,000 in silver coin and $4,000,000 in bullion are on hand. The mint can coin $2,000,000 a month and the secretary has authority under the resumption act to buy bullion for four and a half per cent. bonds. If the mint work full time the secretary of the treasury can have $20,000,000 of silver coin on hand by the first of July. It would be a good thing to begin by giving the strangers who visit the centennial next summer silver coins instead of the shabby fractional currency. It is calculated that so long as gold remains below 120 the silver coin will remain in circulation. As it is not at all probable that so wide a margin between gold and greenbacks will take place there can be no danger in beginning the resumption. Cleanliness, economy, and every other consideration are in favor of the change. The small notes hardly run a year until they must be renewed, and the annual cost of this petty work alone amounts to nearly a million and a half a year. It is estimated by the directors of the mint that the treasury will save almost one hundred thousand dollars a year by substituting silver for these fractional notes. The people at the same time will have a clean, safe and durable currency in their daily transactions.—*Patriot.*

It is said that Ben Butler intends to run for Congress next fall. This will afford the voters of his district a fine opportunity to earn the gratitude of the country by overwhelmingly defeating him.

The Republican Press is heavy in favor of typical pyramids: The following is their latest:

JOYCE,
McKEE,
McDONALD,
BABCOCK,
BELKNAP,
NEW HAMPSHIRE,

We start as follows:

TEXAS,
CONNECTICUT.

The house of Sheriff McCartney in Carlisle was blown up by nitro glycerine last week and reduced to a mass of ruins. An attempt was made to destroy the house some weeks before which was fortunately unsuccessful. Hanging is far too good for the perpetrators of so horrid a crime.

Paris ate nine hundred jackasses last year. They aren't relished so well in this country—*Exchange.*

No they are mostly in office in this country, devour the people instead of being eaten, and are not popular.

From W. R. Chisholm, M. D., of New Bedford,

"I have employed the PERUVIAN SYRUP successfully in cases of dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, nervous debility, neuralgia, erysipelas, boils and diseases of the skin; also, chlorosis, leucorrhea, prolapsus uteri, and in females complaints generally. As an alterative tonic, the syrup ought to be used by clergymen, editors, cashiers, clerks, lawyers, and others who use their brains more than their muscles; as well as operatives, printers tailors, shoemakers, seamstresses, and all those whose occupation confines them in ill-ventilated and over-heated rooms, who are liable to suffer more or less from nervous debility."

—The Governor has issued a warrant for the execution on Thursday, May 4, of Michael Doyle, the Carbon county murderer.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 4, 1876.

Special Correspondence.

The proceedings last week in Congress were of great interest. In the House the bill re-organizing the army passed after considerable discussion. The pay of the higher officers is largely reduced, and while the number of soldiers is kept the same, the number of officers is lessened by making fewer regiments and abolishing some of the staff departments. The saving in expense from the adoption of this bill will be immense. A bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to coin silver money and use it for the redemption of fractional currency also passed the House. Under its provisions silver dollars are made a legal tender for any sum not over fifty dollars, and smaller silver coins for any sum not over twenty-five dollars. The executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill was discussed, several night sessions being held for that purpose. Some minor bills were passed. In the committee the examination of the Emma mine was continued. General Schenck testified at length in his own behalf, and if we take all he says without qualification the distinguished poker player is one of the most guileless of individuals, only fitted to reside in some Arcadia where such tempters as Trenor W. Park are never permitted to enter.

The Judicial Committee reported the articles of impeachment against Belknap, and the Democratic House caucus selected the managers to conduct the trial; they are Proctor Knott, of Kentucky, Lynde, of Wisconsin, Lord, of New York, Jenks, of Pennsylvania, McMahon, of Ohio, Lapham, of New York, and Hoar, of Massachusetts. The two latter are Republicans. The trial will probably commence this week.

The Post-office Committee have been examining witnesses in regard to the Sawyer contracts in Texas. Enough has been shown from the books of Sawyer to prove that he had one or two of the clerks in the P. O. department in his pay. Hood, one of the bribed clerks, is now auditor of the Supreme Court of this district.

Before the Clymer Committee a man named C. S. Bell has sworn that he was sent by President Grant himself to St. Louis to act as a spy upon District Attorney Dyer. Bell says that the President believed that Babcock was innocent and was being persecuted. He wanted Bell to find out and let him know. When Babcock and Luckey found that Bell was in St. Louis, they proposed to him to steal any papers he could find in Dyer's office that would tend to implicate Babcock or show his guilt. They paid him $200 for this service. He says that he discovered that Babcock was guilty, and so notified President Grant, when he was immediately discharged from his position as a secret agent in the Interior office. Bell also swore that Secretary Belknap offered to sell him a post-tradership. It is but justice to say that so far, I have seen no one who believes a word of what Bell swore to. On his own statement he was employed by both sides, getting pay from both and betraying both.

It is thought that the head-quarters of the army will at once be returned to Washington. It is understood that Secretary Taft insists upon this, and should the House bill become a law it is imperative. Gen. Sherman objects, as he says his salary is not sufficient for him to live on here. Quite a number of the Democrats in the House are objecting to the proposed reduction of the salaries of government clerks, and it is almost impossible for the people in other towns and cities to realize the expense of living in Washington. I do not think the salaries are too high, though there are without doubt more than the requisite number of employees in nearly every department, and great reductions could be made in that direction without injury.

The bill equalizing pensions will probably be voted on in the House this week. It has been reported on favorably from the Committee, and passed both Houses last year, only failing to become a law by some informality. It provides that every honorably discharged soldier and sailor and the heirs of all deceased shall receive a bounty of eight and two-third dollars per month for all time in the service, and that in paying this bounty all sums already paid shall be deducted. There is no question about the justice of this law, and its passage should be urged both as a matter of right and as a good political movement, for it will prove to the Union soldiers that the Democrats are anxious to reward them for their devotion.

A strong feeling in favor of Senator Bayard, of Delaware and Judge Davis of the Supreme Court as presidential candidates is being developed. It is justly said that not one word against the character of either of these men can be urged and that their ability, patriotism and honesty cannot be questioned.

Among the Republicans Blaine has the call, though the administration men are evidently working for Conkling. Should the honest element of the Republicans prevail in the convention, Blaine or Bristow and possibly Blaine *and* Bristow will be the ticket. In that event the Democrats must elect men above reproach or they cannot hope for success.

The news from Europe is rather startling. It is said that the Czar of Russia intends to abdicate in favor of his son. The latter is known to hate Germany and to indulge in the most extravagant dreams of almost universal empire. He wants Turkey as the base of his operations on India and can no doubt secure the co-operation of France by promising it revenge upon Bismarck. The usual revolution is progressing in Mexico with some chance of our Government being drawn into the fight, as gunboats have been ordered to protect the foreign residents at Matamoras and troops to pursue Mexican marauders across the border. RENO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Take notice, that on the 3d day of April, 1876, I bought at constable's sale the articles enumerated below, and have loaned the same to John H. Kleckner to hold during my pleasure. All persons are forbidden to interfere with his possession of the same: One pig, cupboard and dishes, 3 tables, 4 stands cook-stove and utensils, 12 chairs, clock, 2 rocking chairs, parlor stove and pipe, 2 lounges, 50 yards of carpet, 2 tubs, copper kettle, iron kettle, two looking-glasses, sewing machine, 3 beds and bedding, lot bed-room carpet, bureau, meat stand.

PETER ENT.

Light Street, April 4, 1876-4w.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1876, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of William Dildine, late of Madison township, deceased.
2. Widow of John Snyder, late of Locust township deceased.
3. Widow of Morris Pursel, late of Madison township, deceased.
4. Widow of Jacob Shearman, late of Beaver township, deceased.
5. Widow of Michael Beagle, late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.
6. Widow of Samuel Creasy, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
6. Widow of Evan Welliver, late of Montour township, deceased.
7. Widow of Samuel K. Albertson, late of Benton township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Mar 30, 1876. } W. H. JACOBY, Register.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DAVID DEITZ, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of David Dietz, late of Beaver twp., Col., Co., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to Conrad Deitz, of Beaver township, Columbia county, Executor, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Executor without delay.

CONRAD DIETZ, Executor.

April 7.—6w.*

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. IRAM DERR and GEORGE SCOTT, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 15th day of Feb., in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 1st day of May next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 1st day of May, with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 4th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and the one hundredth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

(L. S.)

Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg, Apr. 7.—4t

CHAS. G. MURPHY, Coroner and Acting Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs to the Sheriff of Columbia county directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg on

MONDAY, MAY 1, 1876,

all that real estate situate in Roaringcreek township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows viz: on the south by lands of David Hower, on the east by land of E. Leidy, on the north by land of Michael Strouser, and on the west by lands of Michael Strouser; containing forty acres, more or less, whereon is erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

ALSO,

The undivided one-third interest in the following tract of land situate in Beaver township, bounded and described as follows: bounded on the north by lands of William Smith, on the east by land of John Sherman, on the west by land of Reuben Bredbenner, on the south by company lands; containing one hundred and seven acres, more or less, whereon are erected two barns, a dwelling house, and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Catharine Sherman.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows: on the east by Abraham Hess, on the north by William Smith, on the west by Sherman's heirs, and on the south by company lands; containing eight acres, more or less, whereon are erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of John Sherman.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Beaver township, bounded and described as follows: on the north by public road, on the east by F. L. Shuman, on the west by public road, on the south by Susan Sant; said lot being 40 feet in front and 200 feet in depth; whereon are erected a dwelling house, a blacksmith shop, attached together.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of John Sherman.

ALSO,

That certain property in Main township, Columbia county, Penna., beginning at a beech tree, thence by lands of Jacob Hinterliter north eighty degrees east 290 perches to a post, thence south 11¼ degrees west 51 perches to a stone, thence north 83¾ degrees west 26 perches to a stone, thence south 22¾ degrees west 37 perches to a Spanish oak, thence north 87¼ degrees west 31¾ perches to a white pine tree, thence south 84 degrees west 113 perches to a stone, thence south 6½ degrees east 22 7-10 perches to a stone, thence south 58 degrees west 112 perches to a stone, thence north 8½ degrees west 95 perches to a post, thence north 32½ degrees east 23 perches to a black oak tree, the place of beginning; containing 114 acres and 127 perches and allowance, be the same more or less, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Samuel Fisher.

ALSO,

The following real estate, to wit: situate in Main township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north and east by lands of Jacob Shuman, on the south by lands of Charles Cox, and on the west by lands of Reuben Shuman; containing 82 acres, more or less, whereon are erected a large two-story frame dwelling house and barn.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Jeremiah Derr, with notice to terre tenants.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Scott township, Columbia county, bounded on the east by public road, on the south by Isaac Hess, on the west by a limestone quarry, on the north by Benjamin Miller; containing 63 acres, more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

A farm situate in the same township, bounded on the south by public road, on the west by public road leading to the railroad, on the north by railroad, on the east by Alfred Mood, whereon are erected a two story frame house, a bank barn and outbuildings; said farm containing forty acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of James Carr.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in the town of Buckhorn, Columbia county, bounded on the north by John Keller, on the east by Nehemiah Reece, on the south by Joseph Summers, on the west by public road; being in front 115 feet and in depth 150 feet; on which are erected a frame dwelling house, store house, stable and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Charles Neihart.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Montour township, Columbia county, bounded on the west by lands of Elias Giger, on the south by lands of Barbara Giger, on the east by lands of Gideon Girton, and on the north by lands of Gideon Heist; containing thirty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a 1½ story house, a barn, a frame house, a stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Christian Heist.

ALSO,

All that certain tenement or tract of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at a post corner of land of Elizabeth Lutz, thence south 74¾ degrees east 25½ perches to a chestnut sapling, thence by land of Sarah Swank south 15¾ degrees east 205½ perches to a stone, thence by land of Jacob Hontz north 74¾ degrees east 35½ perches to a post, corner of Elizabeth Lutz, and thence by the same north 15¾ degrees west 205½ perches to the place of beginning; containing 45 acres and 98 perches, strict measure; whereon are erected a two-story frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that other tract and lot of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Penna., bounded and described as follows: beginning at a black oak grub, thence by land of the widow Lutz south 76 degrees west 116 5-10 perches, thence by a public road and by the heirs of David Brown north 8¼ degrees west 91 2-10 perches to a stone, thence by land of George Swank north 75¼ degrees east 18 perches, north 14¾ degrees west 17 perches to a stone, north 75¾ degrees east 48 perches to a stone, north 11¾ degrees west 5 perches to a stone, thence by land of Henry Schlosser north 75¾ degrees east 29 7-10 perches to a stone, thence by land of John Bond north 11¾ degrees east 114 4-10 perches to the place of beginning; containing 81 acres and 55 perches, neat measure, whereon are erected a two-story frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Stephen H. Swank and Sarah Swank.

ALSO,

All that lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by an alley, on the east by lot of David Brobst, on the south by Main street, and on the west by Forster's alley; being 50 feet front and 240 feet deep, more or less, on which are erected a new two-story frame house, coal house, pig pen and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

A tract of land situate in Pine township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of Asher Fullmer, on the east by land of Elijah Fullmer, on the south by land formerly of Elias Mendenhall, and on the west by land of Susan Faus; containing 54 acres, (14 acres cleared), on which is erected a 1½ story log house.

ALSO,

A one-eleventh interest in a farm of 110 acres, more or less, situate in Pine township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: bounded on the north by land of Wesley Bates, on the east by land of Susan Faus, on the south by land of Elias Mendenhall, and on the west by land of P. W. Faus; known as the farm of Thomas Faus, deceased, on which is erected a good two-story frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Joshua R. Faus

ALSO,

All those two following described lots of ground in or adjoining the village of Espy, in Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, to wit: The first bounded and described as follows; beginning at the northern corner of lot owned by Elias Mace, (now by Jacob Hess), thence southwardly by an alley 16½ feet in width 60 feet to an alley 16 feet wide, thence by the same southwardly 173½ feet to Main street of said village, thence westwardly by said street 60 feet to said lot of Elias Mace, (now of Jacob Hess), thence northwardly by the same 173½ feet to the place of beginning; on which are erected a two-story brick house, stable, outkitchen and other outbuildings.

SECOND beginning at the corner of an alley 10 feet in width running northwardly from the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick to and connecting with an alley running eastwardly and westwardly 16½ feet wide, thence eastwardly 19 feet to a corner of a lot of Wesley Ruckle, southwardly 173½ feet to the aforesaid public road, thence by the said road westwardly 19 feet to the said alley 16 feet wide, then by said last mentioned alley 173½ feet to the place of beginning; they being the same two lots of ground which Butler Edgar and wife granted and conveyed in fee simple unto the said Thomas W. Edgar, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Thomas W. Edgar.

C. G. MURPHY, Coroner and acting Sheriff.

Coroner's Office, Bloomsburg, April 7-4t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS IN COLUMBIA CO., PA.

By virtue of sundry acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to the sale of Seated and Unseated Lands in the County of Columbia, etc., for taxes due and unpaid, I will offer at public sale at the Court House, in the Town of Bloomsburg, on the

SECOND MONDAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1876

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described pieces of land, or such part thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due and unpaid against the same, and continue the same from day to day as the same may be found necessary.

TERMS OF SALE.

The amount of taxes and costs must be paid when the land is struck off, or the sale may be avoided, and the property put up and resold.

No. of acres.	Warrantees or Owners.	Dols.	Cts.
	BEAVER.		
347	Ames, Abott & Lowes	$88	00
400	Columbia Coal & Iron Co	19	80
400	" " " "	19	80
400	" " " "	19	80
390	" " " "	17	60
400	" " " "	19	80
61	Driesbach, Isaac	4	49
25	Davis, Isaac, estate	1	32
91	Fry, George W	4	47
100	Frick, Beh. P	8	80
209	Graell, John	13	20
32	Gray, William	1	41
60	Haick, Jonathan	22	00
75	Hinderlider, Jacob & S	4	44
53	Hoats, Charles & John	4	66
100	" " "	4	40
40	Longenberger, N	3	52
75	Morris, Daniel	4	62
100	Mann & Hoat	6	60
140	Nungesser, George	9	24
200	Stewart, William	13	20
45	Smith, Thomas	1	01
39	Vandusen, Altaman & Co	2	64
79¾	" " " "	5	28
118	" " " "	7	69
54¾	" " " "	3	72
256	West Buck Mt. Coal & Iron Co	112	64
400	Wonsoldorf & Letever	26	40
401	" " " "	26	4
19	" " " "		57
7	" " " "		23
75	" " " "	2	25
1 lot	Arah, Jacob		57
2 "	Asa, George	2	82
2 "	Beaver, Jesse	3	33
2 "	Beaver, Charles	1	11
2 "	Boyer, E. S	2	22
1 "	Bogart, Mary	1	11
3 "	Butler & Unger	3	33
1 "	Barnes, C. R	4	44
1 "	Carney, Morris		66
5 "	Charles, Simon, Jr	3	39
2 "	Driesbach, George P	1	94
2 "	Evans, Reece	1	94
2 "	Flanagan, A	1	98
3 "	Fry, W. S	1	98
3 "	Gearhart, Wm. M	3	33
6 "	Barner & Chester	3	96
5 "	Hoffman, E. G	3	29
5 "	Hunt, E. G	1	98
4 "	Henry, William	1	92
2 "	Hudies, Joseph	1	32
2 "	Hanley, Joseph	1	32
1 "	Kline, John G	4	44
3 "	Keiser, Frank	3	33
1 "	Klem, A		66
2 "	Lawrence, W. K	2	33
2 "	Lewis, Frank	2	22
3 "	Price, Clarence	1	98
5 "	Patterson, H	3	29
2 "	Rathbird Sam & Co	3	33
3 "	Smith, J. V	3	33
2 "	Shick, J. J	3	33
2 "	Scott, Peter	5	54
3 "	Tilton, George	3	31
2 "	Vastine, B. R	2	22
5 "	Wetzel, C. S	5	54
1 "	Workheiser, Samuel	1	98
3 "	Wood, Augustus	3	33
	BENTON.		
1	Mellenry, Benj	1	42
18	Appleman Peter	1	65
59	Christian, Ann	10	89
45	Pennington, Jesse R	2	80
6	Smith, Hannah	1	68
	BRIARCREEK.		
½ of 200	Apple, Paul	2	25
38	Bowman, Jesse	4	61
½ of 210	Bryan, Rhy	1	18
36	Cope, Chester		81
28	Clem, Wm. T. D., Rev	3	25
7	Doak, Henry	1	35
½ of 300	Doty & Pealer	1	69
7	Edwards, Martha J		11
5	Kisner, John		11
½ of 100	Peater, Samuel J		56
½ of 200	Reeser, Abram	1	12
100	Stackhouse, Joseph	2	25
224	" "	7	29
200	" "	4	50
54	" "	1	21
100	" "	2	25
10	Sitler & Stackhouse		22
	CATAWISSA.		
54	Brobst, J. S	5	11
10	Coxe, C. S		70
100	Clewell, Jacob	5	22
11	" Joseph	2	83
18	" "	4	57
2	Gaumer, David		37
85	Krum, Elias	4	57
85	McNinch, J. S	4	57
65	" Wm	22	23
12	Shuman Reuben	12	57
	CENTRALIA.		
2 lots	Bivin, James	1	98
1 "	Crane, Michael	7	55
2 "	Chadwick, Ann Jane		88
12 "	Collins, Peter P	60	00
2 "	Cleaver, Wellington	16	20
1 "	Dougherty, Michael	7	59
1 "	Davis, Henry	8	10
1 "	Farrel, Martin		60
1 "	Howells, Thomas	7	97
2 "	Hoagland, Wm. M	1	80
1 "	Holmes, Thomas	3	16
1 "	Hughes, John J	7	60
2 "	Kline & Hineboid	16	20
1 "	Keller widow	8	15
1 "	Langon, Patrick	16	20
1 "	Marks, Lloyd	8	15
1 "	" George	8	15
1 "	Machen, Thomas	8	15
1 "	McKinney, Charles		99
1 "	Parks	16	31
1 "	Quinn, Patrick	8	15
3 "	Sweet & Torry	4	66
1 "	Van Buren, S. E., Mrs	1	87
1 "	Wittick, Fred	8	15
12 "	Van Buren, S. E	10	00
1 "	Kantner, Lewis	8	15
1 "	Zigler, William	7	16
1 "	Griffith, Benj	22	99
1 "	Hanley, John G	7	38
1 "	Hannon, Michael	10	20
	CENTRE.		
5	Achenbach, Sam	1	22
35	Conner, Isaiah, estate	6	68
7	Fritz, Wm., estate	1	83
3	Good, Jacob		81
½	Hagenbuch, Jerry	2	02
	CONYNGHAM.		
441	Brennan, Ebenezer	$61	62
450	Brown, Nathaniel	495	00
100	Bucher, Peter	82	00
112	Huston, John	75	24
400	Kline, John	60	00
232	Kline, John L	9	60
270	Jordan, Robert	675	00
252	Porter, Andrew	252	47
503	Walker, Lewis	502	91
8	" "	17	80
170	Ruston, Thomas	48	02
259	Ruston, Mary	105	55
100	Trien, Jacob	66	00
100	" "	66	00
lot 1	Ashman, Jacob	4	65
" 2	Brown, William	8	30
" 1	Burt, Andrew	8	67
" 1	Bresline, Bernard	5	50
" 1	Cook, Catlagline	5	65
" 2	" David	26	55
" 2	Donahoe, Cornelius	2	83
" 1	Davis, John E	3	59
" 1	Gallagher, Frank	4	74
" 1	Joyce, Peter	5	64
" 1	Jones, Evan T	12	19
" 1	Klingaman, Fred	5	65
" 2	Kachreiter, Geo	9	50
" 1	Lindenmuth, Geo, D	5	65
" 1	Morrison, Jas		20
" 1	Maguire, Terrance	15	68
" 32	Marr & Morris	88	00
" 7	Marr, H. S	27	50
" 1	McManamon, Peter	1	91
" 1	Murphy, Anthony	4	52
" 1	" Richard	9	62
" 1	" Thomas	9	62
" 1	Shively, Mathew	15	11
" 1	Yocum, Frank	1	60
" 1	Coughlin, J. J	1	60
" 2	Stokes, Washington	1	70
	FISHINGCREEK.		
57	Ammerman, M. A	1	73
99	Buckalew, Wm. Est	3	69
75	Fowler, David	3	32
14	Jones, R. B	1	30
200	Kindt, Jno. & Co	8	65
149	Lemon, Thomas	8	99
101	Sears, William	8	65
½ of 98	McIlenry, Ed	3	11
100	Montgomery, R. Est	9	51
3	Pealer, George		38
¼ of 360	Pealer & Doty	3	89
90	White, C. B	1	79
	FRANKLIN.		
35	Vought, James	8	53
	GREENWOOD.		
15	Lemon, Jacob	1	65
10	Watts, John S	1	32
29	Wasdinn, Geo	3	11
Lots 8	Beagle, Geo	2	64
" 1	Eves, Mary R	1	32
" 1	" Emily		70
" 12	Miller, Isaac	3	30
" 1	Masters, Geo. Est	3	31
" 10	Wilson