The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, February 19, 1875

Notice.

A meeting of the Democratic State Committee, will be held at the Bolton House, Harrisburg, Pa., on Thursday the 4th of March, 1875, at 3 o'clock p. m., to determine the time and place of holding the next State Convention for nominating candidates for the offices of Governor and State Treasurer.

JOHN MILLER, Chairman.

Philadelphia, February 17, 1875.

The Danville *Intelligencer* comes out in a new dress since the fire and presents a handsome appearance.

Senator Chalfant and Representative McHenry and Ryan again have our acknowledgments for important public documents.

An anti-monopoly convention, to be composed of delegates from all manner of organizations opposed to monopolies, is to be held at Harrisburg on March 2d.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* is in high hope that the ice on the Susquehanna is of sufficient thickness and strength to carry away the Columbia dam and thus re-establish the Shad fisheries!

The Supreme Court of the United States has affirmed the right of Pennsylvania to impose a tax upon the gross receipts of as railroad running through the State.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward, who is now traveling in Europe, recently paid a visit to the Pope of Rome, by whom he was received with the honors usually paid to distinguished strangers.

Minister Washburn is out in a card refuting some of the libels of the New York *Sun*, and proving the utter falsity and recklessness of its statements. People who read that paper must be fond of being humbugged.

Fish, Bristow and Jewell, the best men in Grant's Cabinet, would all resign were it not for the certainty that Grant would put in such as Ben. Butler, Chandler and other cut-throats who would drive the country into another civil war.

The Venango *Spectator* is one of the solid Democratic papers of the State that has recently donned a new suit. We are glad to see these evidence of prosperity in reliable Democratic organs, as it is strongly indicative of the growing power of the party itself.

The Northumberland county *Democrat*, one of the best papers on our exchange list, is out with an entire new dress and presents a handsome appearance. The paper is eminently worthy of the best support the people of that county can give it and they ought to take pride in contributing to its success.

Recently the authorities of Hayti arrested a man with a human head in his possession, which led to the discovery that an organized society of cannibals existed in the interior, who supplied themselves with fresh meat by capturing and butchering strangers who came within their reach. Their chief, with near a hundred followers, has been arrested.

There is one confederate general who has not yet got into Congress. He is a conductor on a Chicago street car.—*Radical papers.*

That is Gen. Longstreet. But he is not the conductor of a car in Chicago—he is conducting the Kellogg government in Louisiana, and the Grant administration so far as regards that business.

A. K. McClure has at length, it is published, got what he has so long labored for, a newspaper organ The *New Age*, which has been for some time printed as a no-party paper, has been purchased by a stock company, and Col McClure, with a strong force of assistants, is to be its controlling spirit It is to be a mongrel in politics, a sort of Republican, but anti-Grant, patterned after the New York *Sun*.

The Pennsylvania House of Representatives has passed just three bills during its six weeks session. It has got just four weeks longer and hopes to get at least two more bills through By hard work, and a few night sessions, it may possibly succeed —*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

All the ring organs are in a rage because the Democratic House refuses to pass ring measures! The House is doing right—the people do not want legislation, except some routine business, and active reform measures which every body knows the Republican Senate will not agree to.

The grandest humbug of the age is the passage of resolutions by the National Grange in favor of the government subsidy to the Texas Pacific railroad. One of the distinctive principles of the Patrons of Husbandry is to oppose government subsidies, yet the officers of their National organization suddenly discovered that one of the worst of these should be approved! Just what induced this conviction will probably be brought out by an investigating committee at some time.

The reckless character of the Radical House of Representatives at Washington may be fully comprehended when the fact is stated that on Saturday last they passed a bill adding one hundred millions of dollars to the bounties heretofore given to soldiers, in the face of the other fact that the administration is demanding thirty millions more of taxation to prevent the Treasury from becoming bankrupt! Should the bill pass the Senate one hundred and fifty millions will have to be added to the taxation of the country—perhaps two or three hundred millions, to make up what will be stolen during the collection of such an enormous additional sum. Plunder ahead, Messrs. Radical Congressmen! Fortunately less than two weeks more are left in which to indulge that propensity.

To publish a caricature in picture is libel, where the intent to ridicule is manifest. A clever burlesque, where the intention is not clear, may be regarded as an abortive attempt to do the handsome and therefore properly escapes criminality. However all that may be, in the case of the likeness of Senator Wallace, recently printed in some of the papers, we cautiously suggest that that gentleman has some stout and enthusiastic friends who may take the matter up and by way of showing their devotion apply a muscular penalty on suspicion of an attempt to ridicule their chief. Just what the intent may have been we do not pretend to say, but were it not for the proverbial good nature of the Senator he would no doubt send somebody around to teach some editors good manners.

Next Governor.

The Democratic Standing Committee of Chester county, at a meeting convened for organization, unanimously adopted the following:

WHEREAS, The citizens of Pennsylvania will be called on at the general election in November next, to select a Chief Magistrate to administer the affairs of State, during the next Gubernatorial term; and

WHEREAS, It is of the highest importance to the people of all parties that the office should be filled by a man whose character, qualifications and independence of all malign influence are such as to entitle him to public confidence. Therefore,

Resolved, That we urge upon our fellow Democrats in all parts of the State to give their early attention to this subject, and an unprejudiced consideration of the merits of the several gentlemen who have been or may yet be named for the office, so that when their delegates assemble in convention for the purpose of making a nomination, they shall be qualified and disposed to select one in whose support can be concentrated the entire strength of the Democratic party, and all others who desire to rescue our Commonwealth from Radical Ring rule, and secure an administration devoted to the interests of the tax payers.

Resolved, That this committee deem it due to themselves and to the Democracy of our county, to present for the consideration of our fellow Democrats in the several Senatorial and Assembly districts of the State, Robert E. Monaghan, Esq., as a sound Democrat and honest man, possessing all the qualifications essential for the office, and whose private life affords a reliable guarantee that if elected the duties of this high public trust would be faithfully performed by him, with an eye single to the best interests of the Commonwealth and her tax paying people.

Resolved, That this expression of our views is not designed to disparage or prejudice any of the distinguished gentlemen named as candidates for the office of Governor, but simply to urge upon the Democracy of the State, the importance of the subject and the propriety of giving to it that attention which is demanded alike by the interests of the party and the State.

Resolved, That the foregoing preamble and resolutions be published in such of the Democratic journals of the State, as regard the subject referred to therein as worthy the attention of their Democratic readers, and that the chairman of this committee be authorized to communicate the same to the members of the State Central Committee and the Chairman of the various County Committees.

This formal presentation indicates an earnest movement. Without committing the COLUMBIAN on the subject, we can heartily endorse all that is said of Mr. Monaghan. He is a democrat of the old Shunk school, and his administration, if elected Governor, would be a repetition of the perfect integrity, strict economy and careful attention to the interests of the people that characterized the official days of Francis R. Shunk and added so much to the honor and credit of the State.

We observe that the Democracy of the West Branch Valley are pretty unanimously urging the nomination of Col. A. C. Noyes, of Clinton county, for Governor. His probity and generosity as a citizen, his great personal popularity, the integrity of his public career and the purity of his private life, as well as his very fine and imposing personal appearance, are all urged in behalf of the propriety of his nomination. Personally he is one of the most generous of men and he is blessed in an unusual degree with that hard common sense that is never nonplussed but always equal to any occasion that may arise. He enjoys the respect of all who know him, and as Governor of the State would no doubt acquit himself with distinction. He, however, protests that he is not a candidate and that he desires private life in preference to public honors.

The Columbia *Herald*, in a strong article, urges the nomination of Hon. Hugh M. North, of Lancaster county, as the next Democratic candidate for Governor. Mr. North was within a few votes of the nomination for Lieutenant Governor, at Pittsburgh, last fall, but withdrew in order to strengthen the ticket upon a question of locality—Judge Woodward having been nominated from an adjoining county for the Supreme Court. Mr. North is an able and honorable man and worthy of public confidence.

Candidates begin to loom up in all quarters. We shall one of these days endeavor to review the field at length.

The Legislature.

The House Democratic portion of the Judiciary committee reported in favor of the power of the House, by itself or in conjunction with the new Auditor General, to investigate the affairs of the State Treasury for any length of time past. The Republican portion of the committee of course reported adversely, as they dare not permit the investigation for party reasons. It is to be hoped the Democracy of the House will push the investigation—force it.

The Local Option repeal bill has been reported favorably in the House, but a lot of "roosters," especially the Philadelphians join the friends of the present law in preventing the repeal bill from coming up The object of the roosters is merely to make money out of the liquor interests. It is to be hoped the rascals will fail in that.

Although the Legislature is now busily at work, no other important public business is as yet under consideration, except in committee and the formal passage of bills through first reading.

Miserable little Florida even turns right side up and elects a Democratic U. S. Senator, who is said to be one of the most respectable lawyers in the State. The Legislature contains a small Republican majority, and balloting has been going on for weeks, but the exasperated factions finally preferred the election of a Democrat to the triumph of their rivals. The result proves that a carpet-bagger mad sometimes acts more sensibly than a carpet-bagger in sober mind.

The U. S. Senate will no longer contain a practical working majority of extreme Radicals after the 4th of March, the more conservative elements of that party holding the balance of power between the Democrats and ultra Radicals. As several of the latter are very old and infirm men, with Democratic Legislatures behind them, further improvement may be looked for within a year or two.

Northumberland county has a population of a little over 41,000, less than 9,000 voters and about that number of taxables, is a separate judicial district, and yet wants an additional Law Judge! If every 20,000 of population in the State are to have a Law Judge, then something over 200 will be required for the State, estimating the total population at four millions, whose aggregate salaries and mileage will reach a million of dollars! Go it, Northumberland county! What do your people care for taxes?

PARCELS BY MAIL.—Under the recent improvements in postal arrangements great convenience is secured to stores and their remote customers. Gloves, shawls, slippers, cigars, groceries, dry goods, candy, ornaments, tea, anything not weighing four pounds, can be sent quicker by mail than express, and at fractional cost. For two cents one may send by mail a parcel weighing a quarter of a pound from Maine to California; eight cents will carry a pound across the continent.

Williamsport Election.

Mayor Powell Democrat, is re-elected Mayor of Williamsport by a majority of nearly 500, over A. J. Dietrick, Republican. The Republican candidates for city Treasurer and Auditor are elected Mr. Powell is a very popular man, but was elected Mayor last spring by a split in the Republican ranks on the Temperance question, the combined vote of the candidates against him exceeding his by about 300. This year the contest was mainly on the Local Option question, the friends of that measure having first nominated Judge Dietrick, who was afterwards also nominated by the Republicans. As Williamsport gave a majority of over 800 for Local Option when that question was directly submitted, this result now shows how unpopular it has become after trial. Williamsport is a Republican city by about 250 majority.

February Elections.

La Rue Metzgar, Republican, was elected Controller of Harrisburg by 125 majority.

C. F. Evans, Republican, was re-elected Mayor of Reading by about 300 majority.

In Philadelphia, those parts of the Democratic and Republican tickets endorsed by the "reformers" are elected Magistrates (officers who take the place of Aldermen and Justices, with enlarged powers) and probably eight other Republicans, volunteers and regulars This will give sixteen Magistrates who are endorsed by an organization composed of leading citizens of both parties as being competent and respectable and eight who failed to obtain such endorsement. Pretty well for Philadelphia, for it is the first time since 1860 that a majority of ordinarily decent men were elected in that city at any election.

Congressional.

The everlasting negro Pinchback has been occupying a great portion of the time of the U. S Senate for a week past, the question being on his right to a seat in that body, to obtain which he seems to be as anxious as he was to get out of the Penitentiary. The question is not yet decided.

In the House the new tax bill has been under discussion, but the probabilities are that it will be defeated. If so, an extra session of Congress will become necessary.

The House Civil Rights bill will be taken up in the Senate in a few days and will occupy considerable time in its discussion. The Radical members have also resolved in caucus to pass a new force bill, which outrages every principle of civil liberty by authorising the President to suspend the writ of *habeus corpus* at pleasure and proclaim his will the law of the land Some independent Republicans oppose it, but as it is esteemed the only possible means of reelecting Grant it is urged by the carpetbaggers and extreme Radicals with all their energy They threaten to defeat even the necessary appropriation bills in order to carry the bill, arguing that an extra session may be called to make the necessary appropriations. If the new Congress does its duty they will wish they had never called it together.

Other business unimportant.

As respectable a paper as the Sunbury *American* ought to have more regard for its good name than to class itself with the asses and blackguards who are so prone to describe the COLUMBIAN as the personal organ of any man. The editor of the latter has been too long in the editorial harness and too well known to utter his own distinct opinions and convictions to care for such petty inuendoes, but lest some honest stranger might be imposed upon, or others be held in the least responsible by any one for what we may choose to print, it would be just as well that the falsehoods in question be stopped. If no editor receives more aid or suggestion from outsiders than the COLUMBIAN does from Mr. Buckalew, it is very certain that they have no debts of that sort to pay. While we appreciate the force of the compliment thus unwittingly paid to the COLUMBIAN, we are nevertheless sometimes annoyed that others should be held responsible for what they never saw or dreamed of until they read it in our columns, and what may in fact be in direct opposition to their own convictions or even be unpleasant to them.

This thing of ascribing to others than the editor of any paper the editorial productions that may appear in it, is too low a species of vituperation to generally receive attention, and but for the injustice to others we would not notice it now.

Clerical Coxcombs.

The Clearfield *Republican*, a Democratic newspaper, thus takes the hide off from a Radical wolf in sheeps clothing, who signs himself "Rev. T. DeWitt Talmadge," to wit:

A New York clergyman, named Talmadge, seeing that Beecher's star is about setting, is moving strongly to the front, to take his place. He is an imitator of the latter, (in the pulpit we mean,) and through hired reporters and subsidized newspapers is spreading his name and fame throughout the United States. He pays for newspaper puffs, just like small politicians, and contributes liberally towards having his sermons reported and published in the secular press. Although twenty-five years the junior of Beecher, he is that many years ahead of him in buffoonery and clerical jugglery with less than half the native talent that Beecher possesses. He is a very fast preacher, and a cheap Radical newspaper called the *New York Witness*, is the channel, or gutter, through which this coxcomb gets his stale, flat and unprofitable theology before the public.

We advise Democrats to kick this Radical *Witness*, containing those Godless sermons, out of doors. There is enough hypocrisy practiced by the laity and gratuitously spread before the public. It is therefore unnecessary to purchase that iniquitous compound manufactured by Beecher-Talmadge theologians and Radical politicians retailed through the *New York Witness*, which is only another serpent in our Democratic Eden. Talmadge is to the Radical party just what the clown is to the circus, and his theology is about as beneficial, in a moral point of view, as the jokes of his co-adjutor, while the *Witness* takes the place of the "ringmaster" and does the cutting and slashing.

One thousand dollars fine, five hundred to the negro informer and five hundred to the United States, with one year's imprisonment in the county jail. This is the penalty which the Civil Rights bill imposes on any landlord who shall refuse to furnish lodging and entertainment to a negro applicant. He may refuse entertainment to a white man, but woe to him if he rejected the application of a colored citizen. When the Civil Rights bill becomes a law informing will grow into a good business in this country.—*Patriot.*

The Williamsport *Bulletin* likes to be puffed and as an inducement to its contemporaries to indulge in that mucilaginous business it copies their complimentaries. It is a good paper of the breed but if its readers do not find that out without being constantly told that such is the fact—well, their stupidity is to be pitied. But what is the use of advertising that certain people over there possess such questionable virtues?

The President's Salary.

From a recent Speech by Mr. Doolittle of Wisconsin.

The President's house, gardens, conservatories and stables are all furnished and kept in perfect order, in all their details, at the public expense; stewards, doorkeepers, and a band of music for all public receptions are furnished without a dollar's expense to the President. All the furniture, carpets, beds, tables, to the minutest thing which convenience or luxury can desire, are furnished by the government. The whole establishment is also warmed and lighted throughout; all this at an expense to the public Treasury of $60,000 to $70,000.

But you ask me, what then does the President pay out of his salary?

He pays his cooks, the waiters upon his table, the driver of his carriage, and the servants who wait upon his family and his guests; he pays for what is eaten and drank at his table. By custom, it is expected of the President to give several State dinners; and in the course of the year to entertain each member of Congress, the Judges of the court, the foreign Ministers, his Cabinet, and occasionally distinguished strangers—in all, probably five hundred persons. If such dinners should cost $10 for each person, $5,000 would cover that expense. Of the $20,000 remaining, $10,000 ought to pay his other family expenses. That would leave him $10,000 per annum clear.

Cheap Sewing Machines.

Congress has recently decided against an extension of the patent for the four motion feed for sewing machines, which has been pending for the past two years. This patent was issued in June, 1852, and is the most valuable patent extant in connection with sewing machines. This four motion feed is so valuable that no cloth sewing machines are made without it. The combination owning the patent embraces the owners of the Wheeler & Wilson, Wilcox & Gibbs, Singer and Howe Companies. It has served to bind these manufacturers together, and has enabled them to defy all competition, and they have been striving to maintain the monopoly of the feed by having the patent extended for a period of seven years by act of Congress. The invention has realized for the inventor several million dollars. The extension of the patent for another period of seven years would be worth about twenty millions of dollars to the owners, and would cost the public fully four times as much more, by reason of perpetuating the monopoly. The failure of the extension, it is claimed will have the effect of reducing the price of sewing machines to twenty dollars. There is evidence showing that the cost of the average sewing machines is about twelve dollars, and that small manufacturers are forced to pay to the combination for the use of the feed forty dollars on each machine manufactured. It is a curious fact that Wheeler & Wilson's machine can be purchased in Europe and imported to this country for about one-half the price they now cost here, the reason being that those machines have no protection in Europe and can be manufactured by any person.—*Exchange.*

Why is it Right to Pile on New Taxes?

It is proposed to take thirty or forty millions a year out of the pockets of the people in taxes to be levied by Congress and collected by the agents of the United States Government. The country is already taxed almost to the last verge of possibility. All business is depressed; factories are closed; real estate is everywhere shrinking in value; railroads have ceased to yield dividends; farmers are distressed and unable to pay their mortgages; merchants are losing money and are terrified respecting the future; while laboring men are living upon the small sums they have deposited in saving banks, or else their families are suffering the torments of privation. And here comes General Grant, who was re-elected in 1872 expressly to keep up our prosperity and to make everything flourishing and flush, and proposes to compel us to stand and deliver forty millions more a year.

Under such circumstances it is well for the public to know precisely why these additional millions are to be taken from them. What is the money wanted for? We will state some of the principal objects to which it will be applied:

First. To pay the President $50,000 a year salary, although before he was elected he agreed to serve for $25,000 a year salary; and besides, to pay him in addition $75,000 a year in various perquisites, such as no former President enjoyed.

Second. To furnish Secretary Robeson several millions a year to be squandered in jobbery, paid out on fraudulent and illegal claims, or otherwise stolen, under the pretence of supporting a navy, while in his hands the navy has become worthless and useless, except as a pretext for extoring money from the people for Robeson's ring to get rich on.

Third. To supply the Indian ring and other rings that cluster around the Department of the Interior with the necessary number of millions to be taken by them, so that they may grow rich while the people are growing poor.

Fourth. To furnish Attorney General Williams with the means of procuring himself carriages and horses and servants, all at the public expense, out of the contingent fund of the socalled Department of Justice.

Fifth. To provide great sums out of which Messrs. Babcock and Ross Shepherd, and the rest of them, may defraud the people by false measurements, lying vouchers, and other similar appliances of public robbery.

Sixth. To satisfy the appetite of United States Marshal Sharp in Washington, brother-in-law of the President, and to provide him with $130,000 a year, where an ordinary marshal would not require over $15,000 or $20,000.

Seventh. To pay for the swindle in the fibre-paper on which United States securities are printed, and to enable Mr. Adolph L. Borie and others interested in that ring to get for their paper two or three times its market value.

Eighth. To supply millions to a lot of speculative rings, ostensibly for the purpose of effecting impracticable schemes of so-called internal improvements, which are not needed, which would be of little use if completed, and which the country could not afford to undertake in its present condition, even if they were necessary.

Ninth. To cover the outlays for new public buildings, custom house, post offices, court houses, and the like all over the country.

Tenth. To raise millions upon millions for new railroad grants and subsidies, that are to be rushed through Congress under the new rule which deprives the minority of that power of resistance which even the slave power, with all its fury, never diminished.

Eleventh. To provide the means of sending troops to New Orleans for the purpose of turning out the Governor and Legislature that the people have elected, and putting in power and keeping in power those whom they have rejected—all in order that the people of the State may be further robbed by a mere less gang of public plunderers, and that Brother-in-law Casey may be made a Senator of the United States.

Twelfth. To establish a corruption fund for advancing the scheme of Ulysses S. Grant to be elected President for a third term, and for enabling his carpet-bagger confederates to maintain their hold upon the outraged and robbed communities in the Southern States, in order to control the electoral votes of those States by fraud in 1876.

These are some of the ends for which it is necessary to put off $30,000,000 or $40,000,000 more of taxes. Will any sensible man look at them and say that they are not noble and patriotic ends such as every citizen ought to contribute to with joy and delight, no matter how difficult it may be for him to pay his own daily expenses?

Great is Grantism, and they who are not willing to hand over all the money that Grant, his brotner-in-law, his partners in rich jobs, and his coadjutors may require, ought to be proclaimed banditti and turned over to Phil Sheridan for drum-head trial and instant execution.—*World.*

Foreign News.

France is evidently on the verge of another revolution. The Assembly refuses to resign and is yet incapable of forming a Government It was elected when the Prussians occupied the country, merely for the purpose of setting up a power to make peace with their conquerors, but having assumed permanency it now seeks to control all national affairs Each party except the Bonapartists is divided into irreconcilable factions and that which is strongest in the Assembly (the Orleans Bourbons) has no strength with the people. No ministry can be formed that can command a majority in the Assembly, nor can any form of government command a majority, and the Assembly refuses to allow the people to elect a new one which would reflect their wishes. Turbulence is the natural result, and revolution must settle the question.

From the other European countries the news is not important.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.40
Rye "	90
Corn "	70
Oats "	35
Flour per barrel	5.00
Cloverseed "	5.75
Flaxseed "	1.75
Butter "	35
Lard "	15
Tallow "	07
Potatoes "	60
Dried apples "	10
Hams "	18
Sides & Shoulders "	14
Lard per pound	14
Hay per ton	15.00
Rosin "	3.00
Timothy Seed "	3.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 4.00	per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75	" "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.50	" "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 4.00	" "
" Bituminous "	$ 5.00	" "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. [Feb 19, 1875-tf

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given of the intention of the undersigned Trustees of "The Lime Ridge Methodist Episcopal church" situated near Centreville in Centre township Columbia county, to apply for a charter agreeable to the rules and form of discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States of America

E. W. M'LOW,
G. L. LOW
PHILIP HARRIS,

Feb 19—3t.

NEWLY MARRIED COUPLES

ABOUT going to House-keeping should call before purchasing at the Popular Cash Store of

W. P. JONES,

CATAWISSA, PA.

and examine his fine stock of Goods suitable for their wants.

Fine Hom[illegible] Comb Quilts large at $1.25.
Extra Heavy and Large Quilts with Fringe 1.75, 2.00, 2.25 to 3.75.
Very fine Marseilles Quilts $3.50 Table Linens from 37½ to $1.20 per yard.
All Linen Napkins at $1.25, 1.50, 2.25 to 3.50 per dozen. Linen Towels 10, 20, 25 to 62 cents Turkish Bath Towels 38 cents to $1.00 Wool and Felt Table Covers $1.50 to 2.50 rowellings by the yard from 12½ cents up. Nottingham Lace for Curtains at 20, 28 and 45 cts. per yd

SOLID AND PLATED NAPKIN RINGS, SPOONS, FORKS, &C.

Also a great variety of other goods which we offer at the VERY LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

W. P. JONES,

Corner Main and Third streets,

CATAWISSA, PA.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Peter B. Wagner, deceased, will expose to sale by Public Vendue, on

Saturday, March 13th, 1875

The following real estate, viz: A valuable

LOT OF GROUND

situate in Briarcreek township, in said county about two miles from Berwick, bounded by the lands of George P. Lee Jr., ——Clemm, Mrs. Stahl and the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick, and containing about

FOURTEEN ACRES,

All cleared and in good farming condition. There are on the premises a

GOOD FRAME HOUSE, A GOOD BARN, and other out-buildings, one well and two cistern. Also

A Good Orchard and Fine Nursery.

The above property is within five minutes walk of the railroad depot.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute and balance in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

Possession to be given April 1st A. D. 1875. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day.

LAFAYETTE DEANY,
HENRY SHAFFER,
Administrators

February 16th 1875

AGENTS. Chang Chang sells at sight. Necessary articles free. Chang Chang Manufacturing Company, Boston.

FREE SAMPLES to Agents. Ladies' Combination Needle-book with Chromos. Send stamp F. P. CLUCK New Bedford, Massachusetts.

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published. Send for specimen pages and see our terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia Pa.

$5,000 For the use of Authors, Couples, or Gold that ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM will not cure. Sample bottles 25 cents. JOHN SON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Agents, Philadelphia

"PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARM" by which any one may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they desire, this Power, to fascinate any person at all events, sent by mail, for 25 cents, together with a Marriage Guide, egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Lovers, Secrets of Nature and 100 other books. Address FOND & CO., Phila. Pa.

FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,

And all Throat Diseases,

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by Druggists.

SHORT POSTPONEMENT—DAY FIXED—FULL DISTRIBUTION.

FIRST GRAND GIFT CONCERT.

Montgomery Female Humane Association

AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MARCH 29, 1875.

LIST OF GIFTS.

1 Grand Cash Gift	$	10,000
1 Grand Cash Gift		5,000
1 Grand Cash Gift		2,000
10 Cash Gifts, $10,000 each		100,000
15 Cash Gifts, $5,000 each		75,000
20 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each		20,000
100 Cash Gifts, 500 each		50,000
200 Cash Gifts, 100 each		20,000
1,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each		50,000
2,000 Cash Gifts, 20 each		40,000
22,175 Cash Gifts, amounting to	$	362,000

Number of Tickets, 100,000.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets	$20.00
Halves	10.00
Quarters	5.00
Eighths or each Coupon	2.00
55 Tickets for	100.00

The Montgomery Female Humane Association, chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Alexandria Co., proposed to a select committee to establish and support a school for the Orphans, Infirm, and destitute ladies of Virginia, or elsewhere, the former residence of President James Madison.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, Richmond, July 3, 1874.

It affords me pleasure to say that I am well acquainted with a large majority of the officers of the Montgomery Female Humane Association, who reside in the vicinity of our home, and I most feel that the objects they have in view, and which they propose to carry into effect, are worthy of the patronage and generous support of the public.

JAMES L. KEMPER, gov. Virginia.

Alexandria, Va., July 4, 1874.

I commend the enterprise to the public as worthy of their patronage and support.

R. W. HUNTER, U. S. Senator Elect from Va.

Further references to prominent citizens of Va., Governor C. Walker, Ex-Governor of Va., Hon. John R. Whiting, Mayor of Alexandria, Va., and U. S. Senator elect, Senators and Representatives in Congress from Va.

Guarantees as to the manner in which the money is to be used, and the prompt payment of prizes, may be found in the Commercial and Agricultural Press of Washington, D. C., or the Richmond papers.

For full particulars, testimonials, &c., send for circular. Address,

HON. JAMES BARBOUR,
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Reliable agents wanted everywhere. [Feb. 26'75—1w

MARYLAND FARMS AND HOMES 50,000 ACRES Near railroad. Location healthy. Title good. Address W. M. S. HIGGINS, Attorney, Denton, Maryland.

SHARPEN YOUR OWN MILL PICKS No blacksmithing needed. Money saved, and better edges sharp. For illustrated circular address THE TANITE CO. Stroudsburg, Monroe Co. Pa.

MONEY easily made by selling TEAS at IMPORTERS' PRICES, or getting up clubs in towns and country for the oldest Tea Company in America. Elegant inducements. Send for circular. CANTON TEA CO., 145 Chambers St., N. Y.

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WEAK, NERVOUS, OR DEBILITATED?

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It is no cheap nostrum, which stimulates for a short time, only to leave the sufferer left to a tenfold state of misery, but it is a reliable tonic acting directly on the digestive organs.

It regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to make a new person of the invalid.

Desperation is not evident, but is demonstrated by great gentlemen, the patient experimenter on sudden change, having tried in vain to get gradually his troubles

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs
And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with the most wonderful results, and is prescribed by the highest medical authorities, "the most powerful tonic and alterative known."

Ask your druggist for it.

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FREE SAMPLES to Agents, Ladies' Combination Needle-book. Best in the business. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Mass.

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AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published. Send for specimen pages and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrator of Henry K. Snyder late of the township of Locust, in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises

Saturday March 6th, 1875

The following described real estate to wit: All that certain

TRACT OF LAND

situate in Locust township, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by lands of Solomon Snyder, on the east by lands of Wilhelm Snyder, on the south by lands of Gideon Hoffa and Joseph Hoffa, on the west by lands of Gideon Hoffa containing

TEN AND ONE-FOURTH ACRES,

More or less on which is erected a two story

FRAME HOUSE,

The terms of the sale are:

Ten dollars to be paid on the day of sale, one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the delivery to the purchaser of the property, the one-fourth less the ten dollars paid on the day of sale to be secured by the purchaser's bond payable in one year with interest from the confirmation nisi.

Possession given on the day of April, 1875, on payment of the purchase money and delivery of the deed.

Attendance will be given and the sale will commence at one o'clock P. M. of said day.

SOLOMON HOFFA, Administrator.

Locust, February, 5th, 1875.

FOR SALE!

Valuable Town Property and Farm at Private Sale!

THE undersigned, one of the Executors of GEORGE SCRAVAN, deceased, offers at private sale, the following valuable property, to wit:

ONE TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

with outbuildings and lot attached, situated on Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa. This house is suitable for two families.

Also, the valuable three story dwelling house with outbuildings and lot attached situated on Iron street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Also, a valuable lot situated on Fourth street.

Also, a valuable farm situated one mile from the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., containing 94 acres of land.

For terms of sale apply to

GEORGE W. CORNELL, Executor,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Feb. 19, 1875-tf.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on the premises on the

Saturday the 6th day of March 1875

at two o'clock, p. m., the following described property, to wit:

All that certain lot of land being a lime quarry, situate in the township of Scott, Columbia county, Pa., bounded on the east by quarry lot of Jacob and Edward, on the north by lands of Jacob Dora, on the west by another quarry lot of Jacob Dora, on the south by lands of Aaron Dora and Jesse W. Merrill containing one acre, more or less, with kilns, sheds and other out-buildings thereon erected.

ALSO,

One other quarry lot situate in the same township, known as Green's quarry, bounded on the east by the above described lot, on the north by lands of Jacob Dora, on the west by lands of Jacob Dora, on the south by lands of Aaron Dora containing one acre, more or less, with kilns, sheds and other out-buildings thereon erected.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of land situate in Madison township, Columbia county, bounded on the east by lands of Michael Snyder, on the north by lands of Jacob Snyder, on the west by lands of Valentine Snyder, on the south by lands of Valentine Snyder containing 30 acres and 100 perches, more or less, with a large two story frame dwelling house, large barn and out buildings, with the appurtenances, being the same premises which Michael Snyder and Clara his wife, by their deed dated the 1st day of April, A. D. 1869, and recorded in the proper office in Deed Book No. 4, page 500, granted and conveyed unto the said Sarah Snyder.

Seized and taken in execution to be sold as the property of Sarah Snyder.

Sheriff's Office, MICHAEL GROVER,
Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, Feb. 12, 1875-4t.

BRIDGE LETTINGS.

ONE week in each month a bridge to be located and let at public auction or vendue, at the following places, viz: Feb. 24, Mainville, Sugar Run township; March 3, Ridge, Sugar Run township; March 10, Mordan's, Sugar Run township; March 17, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; March 24, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; March 31, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; April 7, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; April 14, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; April 21, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; April 28, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; May 5, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; May 12, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; May 19, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; May 26, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; June 2, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; June 9, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; June 16, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; June 23, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; June 30, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; July 7, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; July 14, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; July 21, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; July 28, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; August 4, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; August 11, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; August 18, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; August 25, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; September 1, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; September 8, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; September 15, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; September 22, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; September 29, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; October 6, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; October 13, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; October 20, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; October 27, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; November 3, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; November 10, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; November 17, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; November 24, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; December 1, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; December 8, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; December 15, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; December 22, Ricketts', Sugar Run township; December 29, Ricketts', Sugar Run township.

Bridge to be let at 1 o'clock, P. M. of the day of letting.

Conditions—Six months for payment with interest from the confirmation thereof.

WM. LAWTON,
JOHN FERNER,
JOHN EST,
Comrs. of Col. Co.

Commissioners' Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Feb. 5, 1875.

WM. KIRK, Clerk.

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS, Common and Judgment Bonds, just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. All blanks of Attorney's blanks either kept on hand or printed to order.

STATEMENT OF MADISON POOR DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 1st, 1874.

Amount of Duplicate	$ 1,669.31
Balance from former year	1,463.71
Received from a purchase of farm	1.26
	$3,134.28

EXPENDITURES.

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