THE COLUMBIAN

Friday, Nov. 22, 1872.

FRANK COOLEY,
ASSISTANT EDITOR.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	9:52 A. M.	4:57 P M.
Accommodation	6:40 A. M.	11:05 P M.
Express	6:06 P. M.	9:32 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

Going North.	Going South.
1:38 P. M.	11:14 A. M.

LOCAL.

THE cash value of farms in Pennsylvania as fixed by the last census, was one thousand millions of dollars.

HALF a million of Democrats failed to vote for President, and still Horace Greeley has majority of the white voters of the country.

A New York paper calls the chicken disease the Hen fluenza, which is not so bad. It was evidently original with a Cock-ney.

Charles G. Barkley has removed his Law office to the *Columbian* building adjoining office's of C. B. Brockway, where he will be found attending to the duties of his profession.

THE sale of the Real Estate of Jacob Kostenbauder, deceased, which was advertised for Saturday November 16th has been postponed to Saturday November 30th at 1 o'clock P. M.

A BRAKEMAN on the L. & B. R. R. whose name we understand is T. E. Poyer, fell between the cars while in motion, near Scranton on Thursday of last week and had his left leg and foot frightfully crushed. His recovery is considered doubtful.

THE Sunbury *American* asks, "what is an editor?" To which the Watsontown *Record* responds: "We always supposed that paper to be ignorant in reference to that question."

HERE it is at last; we've been waiting its coming a long time. It is what the horses have got and the wonder is that more of them do not die considering the weight of the name. It is the "Hipporhinophlegmatoblennocalastalagmus." Pretty name, don't it?

IT is said that an easy way to get rid of cockroaches is to spread sprigs of tansy where they are troublesome, and they will leave. It is also effective in driving away black ants.

AN alarming feature of the horse disease has developed itself and demands the serious consideration of owners. Animals which are worked whilst sick or too soon after recovery are attacked by dropsy and in a large number of cases the attack proves fatal. It would be well for those owning horses to give heed to this and save themselves inconvenience if not pecuniary loss.

THE irregularity of the New York Mails over the Catawissa R. R. still continues, and is a matter of serious discomfort. We hope the Reading R. R. may take steps to correct this immediately as we are loath to believe that it is the desire of that road to inconvenience communities on its route. It is too annoying for patient endurance.

WILLIAM STEIVER, the German who stole the horse and buggy of Charles E. Savage of this place last summer, was recently discharged from custody at the recent term of court at Sunbury no one appearing to prosecute. This Steiver seems to have been a half-witted fellow who did not know that the offence he committed was a serious one if he thought it an offence at all.

FROM different parts of the State come reports of a white grub worm which is working destruction in winter wheat, cutting the stalks off at the root. We have not heard of the worm in this county and do not believe it has made its appearance. What with the horse disease, the poultry disease, this new wheat worm, big fires &c. the year 1872 will be one likely to be remembered for some time to come.

THERE was quite a snow storm on Saturday morning last which lasted the greater portion of the day. In some parts of the county snow fell to a considerable depth. In parts of Roaringreek Valley there was a fall of at least three inches. The weatherwise predict a severe winter, but they always do that at about this time of the year, and as their predictions have been so ludicrously out of the way of late years we have lost faith in them.

NEW COMMISSIONER.—On Tuesday last the Commissioner elect, William Lawton was sworn into office. He has the reputation of being a plain, honest, straight-forward man and will execute his duties with fidelity. Cyrus Robbins, who now retires from the Board, has proved one of the most efficient Commissioners Columbia county ever had. Quiet and unpretending, he was also faithful to the interests, and at the outset made himself thoroughly familiar with, the routine duties of the office. The public can truly say of him "Well done good and faithful servant."

SOME of our business men are complaining of dull times," and of the stagnation of business. Why you poor deluded souls, how are people to know that you are in business? You don't advertise,—you don't tell them you have goods to sell, but sit all day on your counters or in your work shops waiting for chance custom. The men who publish their business to the world have plenty to do, and are building up a good trade. Imitate *them*, and see the difference.

A WORD IN EARNEST.—We do not know why we should be subject to the expense and trouble of travelling through the county for the purpose of collecting accounts due us. Our patrons owe us, and know it. The aggregate amount is large, *and we need and must have it.* We must pay cash for hands and material, and have not the capital to give unlimited credit to a couple of thousand men. The December court will enable all those who owe us a good opportunity to pay, and they must embrace it, or compel us to sterner measures. 2t

THE Bloomsburg *Republican* of the 34 inst., says: "E. H. Biggs, Esq., of Williamsport paid his usual visit to town. He sold the Exchange block to Geo. Hughs and son for fifty thousand dollars cash.—*Lycoming Standard.*

This is quite an item of news to our people, to Mr. Hughes and son, and to Mr. Biggs.

THE double track of the L. & B. Railroad will be completed from Scranton to Pittston about the 20th of December. This has been a long-needed improvement, and it will facilitate the business of the road and relieve it from the possibility of collisions and other mishaps which are constantly occurring upon the single track.

LUCKY.—The Lycoming County Insurance Company's entire risks on property in Boston does not amount to over fourteen thousand dollars. The President of the Company has informed Judge Welker, the agent of the Company, to that effect. So persons insured in the Lycoming can breathe free. Even if the said Company loses the entire amount named, by the recent great fire, it will be a trifling matter in comparison to their losses by the Chicago fire.

Harper's Weekly has attained a position in public estimation second to no other paper of its class in the country. Its illustrations are from the pencils of the best artists in the profession, and its reading matter is bright, and sparkling. Published by Harper & Bros. New York whose prospectus will be found in another column.

WE see it stated, though we can scarcely credit it, that a horseradish zootic has made its appearance. It this be so, no man's horse-pistol nor Colt's revolver can be considered safe. The facts is that this zootic business is being pushed rather strong and it ought to be stopped even if it costs the lives of several newspaper men.

It is reported that an epidemic has broken out among the poultry and game throughout the country and is working great destruction. The New York dailies say that along the banks of the Susquehanna in this State the chickens are dying by thousands. All of which may be true, but we have heard nothing of it nor do our exchanges mention any such mortality. This epidemic occurring just before Thanksgiving is serious if true for Thanksgiving without turkey is not much of a day.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.—It appears that 481,920 votes were cast at the last election for the amendment making the State Treasurer an elective officer and 4,393 against it. The sixth section of the sixth article of the State Constitution will now read: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

THE growth of Plymouth is very clearly show by a comparison of the late election returns with those of five years ago. In 1867 the vote of the East Ward was 187, and at the late election it was 533—a gain of nearly three hundred per cent! The registry showed a voting population in the East Ward of 736, and in the West Ward 262, giving a total of 1,028 voters in the borough alone. This would make the population from six to seven thousand against 2,681 in 1870. Beat that for increase.—*Index.*

THE CATAWISSA RAILROAD.—Since this road has passed into the hands of the Reading, we are informed that large gangs of repairsmen have been put at work along the route giving the track and bridges attention, which was very much needed, The increased passenger and freight traffic over the road under its new management demanded great alterations which are now being made, and we should not be surprised to see all the ravines along that route filled up in such a manner as to make travel over the Catawissa extraordinarily desirable, before another year rolls around.—*Journal.*

LONG LIVED FAMILY.—Mrs. Mary Campbell, of Wheatfield township Montour county, widow of John Campbell, deceased, is the mother of 15 children, who all lived to marry. She is now about 84 years of age and her children, grand-children, great grand-children and great great grand-children number 128. One of her sons had 16 children, another son 14 and one of the daughters 14 children. A remarkably prolific and long-lived family.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

THE BORER.—Now is the time to watch for this year's crop of borers. If you will look at the base of the tree you will see a little deposit of chips, which will indicate their location. They can be removed with a knife without injury to the tree. You will find a worm one third of an inch in length. Most persons neglect this operation till Spring, by which time they will have made a large cavity in the tree, and done much injury. When they remain two years they become a large worm and do great injury to the tree. If grass grows around the tree, draw it away, and the borers may be found even below the surface of the ground.

PROPER MODE OF EXTINGUISHING KEROSENE LAMPS.—Explosions of kerosene lamps are frequently produced in the attempt to extinguish them by blowing down the chimney. This is a very dangerous practice, and should always be avoided. The desired result can be accomplished much more certainly by giving a sharp and rather prolonged puff exactly at right angles to the top of the chimney. The draft thus created draws the flame away from the wick, when the carbonic acid immediately below the departing flame also extinguishes the red-hot charred end of the wick.

THE widows of those who were employed as mechanics or workmen under the government in 1868 9, from whose wages a portion was withheld because of the reduction of hours, can obtain the amount withheld by making affidavit to her identity before a Justice of the Peace, supported by the evidence of two witnesses who have personal knowledge of the facts, the official character of the Justice of the Peace to be certified to by an officer of the court who has custody of the seal of a court of record. This, with the application for back pay, should be mailed to the Fourth Auditor of the U. S. Treasury.

OUR CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—We learn that about the first of December Ulysses Mercur will resign his seat in the present Congress for the purpose of taking his seat as a Judge of the Supreme Court, to which he has been elected. It is generally conceded that a Mr. Brunnel of Wyoming Co., will be nominated by the Republicans to fill the vacancy. We would suggest to our Democratic cotemporaries the name of Col. Piolett, who if nominated, would give Mr. Brunnell much trouble to get elected.

INSTALLATION.—At a regular meeting of Berwick Lodge, No. 411, I. O. of G. T., on Friday evening, Nov. 8th, the following officirs were installed for the quarter beginning Nov. 1st, 1872, and ending Jan. 31st, 1873: W. C. T., George Lockard; R. H. S., Alice Spontenburg; L. H. S., Sallie Hockman; W. V. T., Mary B. Young; W. S., John W. Moorhead; W. A. S., L. L. Fenstemaker; W. F. S., John H. Freas; W. T., Sue E. Thompson; W. M. James G. Boyles; W. C., W. C. Barnes; W. I. G., Maggie Rouch; W. O. G., George M. Barnard.

Thomas McNamara, a constable of Lackawanna township, was found dead on the public highway near the hotel at Tyroville, on the outskirts of Scranton on Saturday last. There is no doubt as to his having been murdered, as his head and face are smashed fearfully and his hands cut in several places. He evidently received the cuts in trying to ward off the knife of the murderer. The affair is involved in mystery. Mr. McNamara leaves a family. His friends have not the least suspicion as to who committed the crime.

CUMULATIVE voting, we are glad to say, is a success in Illinois. All the papers published in the State speak favorably of the plan, and one which we find quoted in the Springfield *Republican* as an original opponent of this equitable principle says: "It has vindicated every claim of superior merit asserted by its promoters; it has confounded those who thought to gain fraudulent advantages by it; it has challenged the approval of both doubters and opponents." Mr. Buckalew is now a member of the convention, and will, we hope, enforce the idea on the organic law of the Commonwealth.—*Press.*

NOTICE.—A message to this People upon the World's Spiritual Conquest, embracing Ten Discourses, in which is advocated just such a state of things as Jesus Christ prefers.

If any doubt it, let them come out and hear them through, after which, if they object, let them do so in the presence of the speaker, so that, by the aid of the Holy Spirit, he may be able to point out the mistake.

The object of the Discourses is to arouse all Christians, without exception or distinction, to a sense of duty and obligations, and to induce them, if possible, to make a united effort to take the world for Christ.

The first Discourse, which is the basis of all, will be delivered at the Baptist Church, in this town, beginning at 10½ o'clock, a. m., and at the Methodist Church at 6½ p. m., next Sabbath.

R. B. GODFREY, M. G.

(Communicated.)

The origin of the Grecian Bend.

According to *Larry Leigh*, author of "the origin of the Grecian Bend," this execrable fashion originated with a devotee of fashion in Paris who had a spinal disease, and who was very angry in thinking—with her small brain—of her cuined figure and her hopes destroyed.

Suddenly she seized the idea of parading herself, dressed in her furbelows, with

A crook in the back and a crook in the arm;
And with these same crooks
She meant yet to charm.
A collar pain added a crook to her head,

which made her very happy, for she thought that she would make the people stare when they saw the curves she had produced by padding. The fashion "took" with a foolish few.

WHO PAYS THE COSTS?—At every term of court speculation is indulged as to "who pays the cost" in actions at law. The following will give the desired information:

In the following cases the county is not liable for costs:

1. If the grand jury return a bill "ignoramus" in a case other than felony, and order the prosecutor to pay the costs, and the prosecutor having been sentenced by the court to pay them, is committed, and then discharged according to law, without having paid them, the county is not liable to costs.

2. Nor is the county liable if a bill be found "a true bill" and the defendant having been tried and acquitted, and ordered by the petit jury to pay them, and is committed and discharged according to law, the costs not being paid.

3. Nor if the defendant is acquitted and the prosecutor ordered by the petit jury to pay the costs, who after being sentened by the court to pay them, is discharged according to law, the costs being unpaid.

4. Where a defendant indicted for a misdemeanor is acquitted by the petit jury, and the jury does not determine whether the county, the prosecutor or the defendant shall pay the costs of prosecution, as they are required to do by the act of 8th of December, 1804, the costs are not to be paid by the county.

5. Where an indictment has been returned "a true bill" the prosecuting attorney cannot enter nolle prosequi without the consent of the court and charge county with the costs of the prosecution.

In the following cases the county is liable to pay the costs:

1. When a defendant is convicted by a jury and is legally discharged without having paid the costs.

2. When in cases of surety of the peace the court directs the county to pay costs.

3. When the grand jury ignore a bill and direct the county to pay the costs, and when the petit jury acquit the defendant and direct the county to pay the costs.

4. In case of felony, when the grand jury ignore the bill, and when the defendant is acquitted by the petit jury.

5. In all cases when the defendant is found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine and costs of prosecution or give security to pay the same within ten days or go to jail, and defendant goes to jail and comes out under the bond act, the county is liable.

6. In cases when the defendant is discharged because the complaint is unfounded, the county is liable for the costs.

MICHAEL SANDERS, who was burnt to death at the recent fire in Danville was the father of J. S. Sanders, editor of the Hazleton *Sentinel* and formerly of the Berwick *Gazette*. He has the sympathy of his friends and acquaintances in this county for the loss of his father under such terrible circumstances.

Insurance--Fire and Life.

The disastrous fires at Portland, Chicago and Boston have illustrated the importance of fire insurance and directed universal attention to the subject of insurance. But for insurance companies, a majority of the losers by these fires would have been rendered bankrupt, and the rebuilding of the waste places would have been greatly retarded. Heavily as the insurance men have lost, it is probable that these disasters will redound to their future benefit.

But, important as fire insurance is, life insurance is no lesso. Indeed, the latter may be deemed of greater importance. Loss of life is certain to occur; loss by fire is not. "The certainty of death is absolute; but the certainty of reverse is seldom thought of. Wrecks of fortunes strew the path of life everywhere. Every day some family is reduced from affluence to penury." How fortunate for such families if their heads have "taken a bond of fate," insuring thousands at their death for their widows and orphans!

The importance of Life insurance may be inferred from the character of the men who insure their lives. The ablest statesmen, shrewdest merchants, and most profound professional men, in this country and England, have adopted this means of providing against disaster and for their families. Even millionaires, knowing that "riches have wings," resort to Life insurance. For instance, A. T. Stewart, Dr. Brandreth, Cyrus W. Field, and S. B. Chittenden, of New York, are insured for $100,000 each, Martin Lendenberger, of this city, is insured for $50,000, and J. C. Caldwell for $100,000. F. T. Walton, esq., who has just been elected to an office worth $75,000 per annum, is insured for $50,000. The late Joseph J. Canavan, of this city, though a millionaire, was insured for $20,000. The following named gentlemen who have died within a few years past, were insured for the amounts appended to their names, viz: Sir Robert Clifton (England,) $1-250,000; William H. Seward, $100,000; Dean Richmond, $100,000; Abbott Lawrence, $40,000; Ex-Governor Gillmore of New Hampshire, $45,000; D. S. Voorhees, who was murdered in Brooklyn, New York, about New Years, 1871, $50,000; George F. Nesbitt, New York, $40,000; Daniel S. Dickinson, $40,000. These and hundreds more like them, whose names might be given were men of great talent and shrewdness, and their families are now comfortable in consequence of the wisdom of these men in insuring their lives.

The importance in which life insurance is held by the thinking portion of the public is shown by the fact that in the year 1871 the death claims paid by the life companies in New York state amounted to $11,674,673, and by companies of other states doing business in New York $10,169,918, making a total of $21,-845,621 paid to people in insuring in that state alone in a single year!

While thus showing the importance of life insurance, we would advise all who insure to be very careful what companies they select, for there are some that are unsafe. Among the most reliable are the New York Life, the Mutual Benefit, of Newark; the Continental of New York; the Penn Mutual, the Pennsylvania, and the American of this city; and a few others that might be named.

On due reflection the intelligent reader, we believe, will agree with us that Life Insurance is, at least, quite as important as Fire insurance. At all events it is evident from the character of the men who insure their lives that it is not upon the fools in the land that Life companies depend for business.—*Day.*

MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

Wheat per bushel	$1.80
Rye "	90
Corn "	65
Oats "	40
Flour per barrel	11 00
Cloverseed	5 50
Flaxseed	1 70
Butter	35
Eggs	30
Tallow	10
Potatoes	40
Dried Apples	10
Hams	15
Sides and Shoulders	9
Lard per pound	10
Hay per ton	25 00

MARRIAGES.

WHITMOYER—LUTZ.—At the residence of the bride's parents, near Espy, Nov. 4th, by Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, Mr. Reuben L. Whitmoyer of Greenwood, to Miss N. Alice Lutz.

REIN—FLECKENSTEIN.—On the 16th inst., by the Rev. William J. Eyer, Mr. John Rein, to Miss Elizabeth Fleckenstein, both of Danville, Pa.

DEATHS.

SILLER.—In Briarcreek on the 9th inst., of dropsy of the heart, Sarah, wife of Jacob Siler, aged 62 years, 1 m onth and 3 days.

LUTZ.—Nov. 7th, after an illness of three weeks, Christiana Lutz, aged 66 years, 6 months and 21 days.

MESSINGER—RICHARD.—On the 16th inst., by Rev. T. F. Hollmeier, Mr. John W. Messinger of Berwick, and Miss Mary L. Richard of Madison township, this county.

HILDEBRANT—SILVER.—At the house of Jacob Good, in Orangeville, on the 17th day of September, 1872, by J. B. Harman, esq., Mr. Benjamin Hildebrant of Orange township and Miss Clara Silver of Bloomsburg.

SHULTZ—STOCKHOUSE.—At the house of Henry Long, in Orangeville on the 7th day of November, 1872 by J. B. Harman, Esq., Mr. James H. Shultz, of Jackson township, Columbia county, and Miss Rebecca Jane Stackhouse, of Jordan township, Lycoming county, Pa.

ACHENBACH.—In Orangeville, November 1st., 1872, John Achenbach, aged 88 years, 9 months and 17 days.

One after another do our pioneer fathers fall. Yes, as time rolls rapidly on it writes change on everything within its limits. Not only on the changes of nature be written by the variegating scenes of the annual season, but also in the human ranks by the heavy and repeated strokes of mortality. When an aged or middle-aged person dies, one of the present generation leaves this world; but when one who has reached three score and ten years, departs this life, we may say a remnant of the past generation has left. Like the mighty oak which stands alone in the once wild forest land, and has outrode its former sylvan companions in the raging storm and sweeping tempest, so our aged pioneer father stood alone while the dear companions of his boy-hood days have long since vanished away. Sad and melancholy, indeed, must have been the reflections of his latter days as he stood upon the summit of four score years and looked down the declivity of the past to view the scattered resting places of those who began life with him, but answered long since to the call of death. But at last he, too, proves his mortality by yielding to its ruthless hand. Like the fierce tornado which sweeps away the last towering tree, so death at last swept away this lonely remnant of the past.

Mr. Achenbach was born in Northumberland county, when the Revolutionary war was in progress. By his longevity he was a connecting link between the two great revolutions of this country. The attending circumstances of his youthood naturally inclined him to lead a rural life, and, in occupation, to follow the footsteps of his father who was a farmer. When a young man, he formed the acquaintance of Elizabeth Fair who subsequently became his faithful wife. After spending the earlier part of their married life in their native place, they moved to this county and have resided here ever since.

In infancy, he was dedicated by his pious parents in holy baptism to that Savior who said "Suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not." When at a suitable age, he attended catechetical instruction and then solemnly ratified in confirmation the sacred vow which his parents took for him in his baptism. In view of the blessed consequences of this early and important step, he could have sung from the very depth of his soul the hymn commencing,

"Oh happy day, that stays my choice
On thee my Saviour and my God."

In the morning of life he entered the vineyard of his Lord, and continued to labor faithfully until the setting of his sun. Yes, fully seventy years he was a faithful servant of Christ. Oh! what a worthy example for imitation.—Being solicitous for the welfare of Zion, he was not slow to tender it substantial aid. Appeals in behalf of missions and Beneficiary Education received a charitable response from his generous heart, while at home, he was one of those few upon whom the church mainly depended for ministerial support and means for the erection of church edifices.

Being a time-honored Elder, he quite frequently accompanied his Pastor to classis and synod, and thereby became generally known throughout the church. In the year 1865 he received a special invitation to attend the centenary anniversary of the Painfield church. Having a desire to participate in this celebration, his two surviving daughters accompanied him thither. It must have been gratifying to the good people of that congregation to be favored with his presence, as he was one of its oldest members, and his father the donor of its grounds.

As a citizen he was generally known and highly esteemed. Feeling a deep interest in the welfare of his country, he cheerfully performed his civil duties. Like the good Samaritan he regarded all whom he could in any way benefit his neighbor. His door was always open and his table spread for the comfort of his fellow men, many of whom thus became debtors to his hospitality.

Mr. Achenbach possessed some very good personal qualities. There was something pleasing and dignified in his manner, which never failed to command the esteem and friendship of others. His age and happy disposition have most worthily secured to him the oft-repeated title of a dear old man. We have frequently heard this title applied to him, and have accordingly quoted it as a testimony of his high standing in the community. In the transaction of business he was noted for his promptness. And in his old age he was possessed with a remarkable retentive memory by which the past afforded ample material for reflection and social entertainment.

His married life was no less remarkable. Entering this holy estate at an early period, he and his dear companion were permitted to sojourn together over three score years, many must have been the associations which clustered around such a long married life. A common house sheltered them, the same table fed them, and the one hearth warmed them. Happy must have been that home, and pleasant the hours which they spent with their family. But alas! how marked the change. The family is now scattered, the father gone; and that house is no more as it once was. The children now feel the loss of a departed father, while our aged mother must endure a short separation from her life companion. Although separated by the river of death, the two blended spirits are still united in the heaven born to love and in a very short time will meet to part no more.

Mr. Achenbach died from the infirmities of old age. He seemed to be conscious that he was passing away, and was fully resigned to the issue which was fast approaching. He gently sank into the quiet sleep of death. His funeral took place on Sabbath and was largely attended. The occasion was improved by a discourse on Rev. 14; 13.

A. H.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE WARNING HAS BEEN HEEDED.—Since the exposure of the attempts made by certain unscrupulous incal dealers, to palm off their coarse astringents, made from cheap and impure materials, in the place of the great national tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, public opinion has set strongly against these empirics and their preparations. Their occupation is gone, or soon will be. When the light is let into deception it soon wilts down. Persons who trifle with their own health, by using unknown preparations, with no guarantee to sustain them, when an established specific, proven by twenty years experience, to be exactly what it is claimed to be, is within the reach, are sure to repent their temerity. Many have done so in this instance, but it is hoped that the truth plainly spoken has arrested the evil. In the meantime the demand for the leading protective and restorative medicine of America was never so great as it has been this season. From the fever and ague districts of the west, south-west, and south, it is literally overwhelming, and it may be said of the advices from all parts of the country of the cures it is effecting in dyspepsia, billious complaints, and chronic constipation, that "their name is legion." Everywhere the sick and feeble seem to have realized the importance of "holding fast that which is good," and of avoiding what is spurious and dangerous."

The numerous "Bitters," under various names which mercenary dealers endeavor to substitute for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are procurable in bottles only, and never sold in bulk.

nov 15 4w.

Important Testimony!

The following letters are among the many we are constantly receiving from persons who have been cured by

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup,
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic,
AND
Schenck's Mandrake Pills,

Pennsgrove, Salem County, New Jersey.
FEBRUARY 27, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in adding my testimony to that of the many others who have been cured by the efficacy of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills.

Consumption has been hereditary with my family, most of its members having died of it at early ages. My mother and three brothers died at the age of 31, one brother at 27, and my sister at 13.

I was, when about 31 years, seized with liver complaint, which rapidly developed into Pulmonary Consumption. I was compelled to relinquish my employment (that of a blacksmith.)

I consulted skillful and eminent physicians, and tried many patent nostrums, but without success, so that my friends were sure that there was no hope of my recovery, for I was reduced from 140 pounds to 104, and was not able to do anything without assistance.

By what I now look upon as a Providential interposition, I was induced to try your remedies, and place myself under your treatment, and so rapid and thorough was my recovery, that it seemed as though some superhuman power was at work, and to-day I am as well as at any time during my life. I weigh 152 pounds, am 35 years old, and for some time have been regularly attending to my business, bidding fair to live to a good old age.

I am thankful to you beyond expression for having placed me in a position wherein I am a benefit instead of a burden to my family.

Your Mandrake Pills are the only medicine I ever use now. I think they are the best in the world.

I can refer you to hundreds of my neighbors who will verify all I have written, and any information any of my fellow citizens may desire will be freely and gladly given, upon receipt of stamp, by Yours, etc.

JOHN C. HEWITT.

Key West, Fla., Feb. 19, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, N. E. cor. Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir—Please forward per first steamer, six bottles Sea Weed Tonic and twelve bottles Pulmonic Syrup.

Your medicines are o such value that I cannot be without them in my household, and in fact no family should be without them.

I have given them a fair test, and openly declare them to be worth better than you claim.

Very respectfully yours, &c.

W. A. WHITEHURST.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4, 1872.

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK.

Respected Sir—I take pleasure in awarding to you this certificate of the wonderful cure your Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic produced. My throat and bronchial tubes were so highly inflamed that it was almost impossible for me to swallow any food.

I set on a visit to my uncle, Mr. Charles Johnson, No. 912 Federal street, who says your medicines raised him from almost death after all other means had failed, and he having, therefore, full confidence in the virtue of your remedies, strongly recommended me to try them. I did so, and in one week from the time I commenced taking them my throat underwent a very great change for the better, so that I could eat my meals without any difficulty or pain. I can scarcely find words to express my gratitude for the early relief your invaluable medicines produced upon me, and I deem it but an act of gratitude to give you the acknowledgement of my appreciation. Yours respectfully,

RACHEL M. JACOBS.

No. 406 West Thirty-third street, New York.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SEA WEED TONIC,
and MANDRAKE PILLS.

These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines, if properly taken, will cure Consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach, and makes it digest. His Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea Weed Tonic, $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 per half d-z n. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

PREPARED ONLY AND FOR SALE BY

J. H. SCHENCK & SON,

N. E. Corner SIXTH and ARCH Streets, PHILADELPHIA,

And by Druggists and Dealers generally.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, 602 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Wholesale Agents.

apr 12, 1872-ly

Old Established Coal Yard

C. W. NEAL & BRO. Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Limeburners supplied at liberal rates with best quality No. 6, coal. For smith fires, in addition to a prime article of lump, we have a first class quality of Bituminous coal, at $6.25 per ton on wharf.

Large stocks of all sizes constantly on hand. Strict personal attention given to the preparation of all our coal. Grain, Lumber and Slabs taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town. Orders left at McKelvy Neal & Co's. store or at our office, will receive prompt attention. OFFICE & YARDS AT MCKELVY & NEAL'S FURNACE, EAST BLOOMSBURG. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

M. P. LUTZ has received his stock of furs for ladies, gentlemen and children, and will sell them at the lowest cash price.

THERE will be preaching in the Saint Paul U. B. Church four miles south of Catawissa, December 1st., at 10 o'clock, a. m., by S. R. Gipple Pastor. At the same time the delegates will be elected to send to Grand Conference to convene at Dayton, Ohio, on the third Thursday of May, A. D., 1873.

AGENTS WANTED!

Rare chance for Sewing Machine Men and Others.

Agents wanted for the Domestic Sewing Machine, now the standard machine in the country. Agents for this county call and see us at Brown's Hotel, Bloomsburg.

R. W. VANZANDT,
General Traveling Agent.

For Philadelphia Office, 1315 Chestnut street.

Flashing in their pearly sheen,
From the glorious coraline,
See those teeth untarnished!
White alike, the back and front.
Yes, by the Fragrant SOZODONT,
May beauty's mouth be garnished.

Spalding's Glue mends Headless Dolls, &c.

FOR SALE.—A desirable residence in Bloomsburg. Inquire of

oct 22 3t C. W. MILLER

Experience has proved that the best method of treatment for the Horse Epidemic is frequent salt-water baths. This theory is baised upon the fact that the oyster (which is addicted to salt-water baths frequently) is entirely exempt from the Epizootic, and Jacoby continues to receive them daily in quantities and at prices to suit the masses, and of a quality to suit the most fastidious taste.

ALL persons indebted to H. C. Hower are requested to call and settle, and those having accounts of over six months' standing are now notified that *without any exception*, they will be dealt with according to law at the expiration of thirty days.

Bloomsburg Nov. 12th 1872. 2w

Boots and Shoes. Five cases of boots just received at E. M. Knorr's.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Every nervous Young Man in the Union, will receive, free, a Recipe that will prove a blessing through life, by addressing, in confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar St., N. Y.

feb 9, 1y.

IN EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE where it is known, and there are few indeed where it is not, the Mexican Mustang Liniment takes precedence of all similar preparations. Its transcendant merits have obtained for it a popularity seldom reached by any proprietary medicine. In its infancy the fate of its success was pronounced in the wide spread endorsement which it received from physicians, veterinary surgeons, horsemen and the public generally. No one now thinks of questioning its claim to be the Standard Liniment of America.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivan Derr and Isaac S. Mohnon, Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 15th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-two, and to me directed for holding Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 24 day of December next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 24 day of December with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. And persons are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 8th day of Nov., in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two and in the ninety fifth year of the Independence of the United States of America. AARON SCHTLTZ,

Bloomsburg, Nov. 8th, 1872. Sheriff.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENT.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of deceased persons have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation, to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on and for said county, on Monday, the 4th day of December, 1872, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day, unless exceptions to such confirmations are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1st. Widow of John Kreisher, late of Locust township, deceased.

2d. Widow of John Ruckle, late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.

3d. Widow of James March, late of Centre township, deceased.

4th. Widow of James Boyles, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

5th. Widow of John Foster, late of Centre township, deceased.

6th. Widow of William Butler, late of Montour township, deceased.

7th. Widow of John Reim, late of Orange township, deceased.

8th. Widow of John Uren, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

9th. Widow of John C. Hartman, late of Benton township, deceased.

10. Widow of Isaac Mears, late of Locust township, deceased.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
Register.

Register's Office, }
Bloomsburg, Nov. 1, 1872. } nov 1

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 4th day of December 1872, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day:

1st. The account of William Seely, Administrator of Eliza Boyd, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

2d. The first and final account of John R. Yohe, guardian of the person and estate of Frances H. Hess, minor child of Daniel Hess, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

3d. The first and final account of D. A. Watson and John Vanderslott, executors of Jane Fenton, late of Madison township, deceased.

4th. The final account of Hiram J. Rostler, executor of John Zeigler, late of Franklin township, deceased.

5th. The first and partial account of Jesse K. Sharpless, executor of John Lawrence, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

6th. The first and final account of N. B. Jackson, trustee, to sell Real Estate of John Davenport, late of Briarcreek, deceased.

7th. The account of Benj. Wagner, Administrator of Samuel G. Pilkington, late of Locust township, deceased.

8th. The first and final account of George Girton, Administrator of Byron Nile, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.

9th. The account of Joseph E. Fritz, administrator of the estate of William Hess, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.

10th. The first and final account of Jacob Hartranft, executor of John C. Miller, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.

11th. The first and final account of Conrad Rittlebender guardian of Charles A. Miller, a minor child of Conrad Miller, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

12th. The first and final account of Amos Miller, guardian of the person and estate of Jacob W. Miller, a Minor child of Geo. P. Miller, late of Centre township, deceased.

13th. The first and final account of William Fairman Jr. administrator of William Fairman, Sr., late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.

14th. The account of Lewis Yetter, executor of William Oellman, late of Catawissa township, deceased.

15th. The account of Isaac Leidy and Moses Stecker, administrators of Gideon Stecker, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

16th. The account of C. E. Haagenos, executor of Elizabeth Yetter, late of Catawissa Township, deceased.

17th. The account of Jacob Harris, administrator of David Smith, late of Hemlock township, deceased, as filed by William Harris and James A. Harris, administrators of Jacob Harris, deceased.

18th. The final account of William Cox Ellis, surviving executor of Elizabeth Murry, late of Columbia county, as filed by H. Morris Ellwood W. H. Holstein, executors of Wm. Cox Ellis, deceased.

19th. The account of Michael Bilmine, guardian of the person and estate of Mary J. Purcell, minor child of Charlotte Purcell, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

20th. The account of John C. Kline and Joseph Kline, Executors of Paul Kline late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.

21st. The first account of Martin B. Vanderslice and William Heller, administrators of Daniel S. Vanderslice, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.

22d. The first and final account of George Whitenight, guardian of Peter Whitenight, minor child of Michael Whitenight, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

23d. The account of Stephen H. Miller, administrator of Jacob Eyer, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

24th. The account of William Eyer, administrator of John Dalman late of Greenwood township, deceased.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
Register.

Register's Office, }
Bloomsburg, Nov. 1, 1872. } nov 1

PATENT