The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, June 21, 1872.

The Republican Party and the Laboring Men.

At the late Republican Convention the claim of the working men for recognition was completely ignored, and, instead, such noted corruptionists, and advocates of monopoly as Hartranft and Allen placed on the ticket.

The Democratic Convention, on the contrary, nominated Thompson for Judge, and Hopkins for Congressmen at large, who were also on the labor reform ticket, and besides *nominated Buckalew for Governor*—their second choice in the Williamsport Convention, and who headed their list of delegates to the Constitutional Convention. Besides, they nominated Hartley for Auditor General, who was identified with the fight against the huge monopoly known as the South Improvement Company; and Col. H. B. Wright for Congressmen at large, who has long been known as an ardent supporter of the Labor Reform movement, and who has written an able work on the subject.

As additional proof that the Republican party has no sympathy with the laboring men, we mention the fact that all the infamous bills which have passed the Legislature in ten years were passed by that party, they having a majority, and the Governor. During the coal strikes the railroads had it all their own way, and the *quo warrantos* issued by Geary's order have quietly slumbered in the Courts until this day.

But a more decisive proof is Geary's treatment of the "Conspiracy Bill," which was drawn by the member from this County to relieve workingmen from the unjust operations of an almost obsolete law, which was adopted when England was a nation of slaves, but a long time ago repealed even there. It passed both brauches of the Legislature by the unanimous aid of Democratic votes, but is now held by Geary, who, at the dictation of corporation managers refuses to sign it. The laboring men support their friends when they support our ticket.

The Army Appropriation Act of 1864.

On the 22d April 1864, the army appropriation act for the year commencing 1st July 1864 and ending 30th June 1865, passe1 the Senate, Mr. Buckalew voting for it on a call of the yeas and nays. The bill was approved by the President and became a law on the 15th June of the same year, and furnished the abundant means by which the war was prosecuted to its conclusion in April 1865.

By that act an enormous amount of money was appropriated for the prosecution of hostilities and the general purposes of the army, the aggregate of the appropriations being no less than $529,323,897 65, or about *five hundred and thirty millions of dollars.* That money sent Sherman triumphantly on his march to the sea, replenished the ranks of Grant before Petersburg and gave vigor and success to all the subordinate operations of the war. It appears from the *Globe* that Mr. Buckalew served as a member of the committee of conference upon the bill, and signed the report by which the differences between the two Houses of Congress were adjusted and the success of the measure secured.

Our Candidate for Auditor-General.

No more fitting candidate for the important office of Auditor-General could have been chosen by the Reading Convention, than William Hartley, of Bedford county. Throughout his life he has been distinguished for honor and integrity. He is justly regarded by all who know him as a man eminently fit to be entrusted with the guardianship of the Treasury of the Commonwealth. A business man of first-rate capacity, he has secured more than a competence, and is thus placed beyond the reach of pecuniary temptation; an [e]ducated gentleman, with the keenest sense of honor and marked independence of character, he will discharge all the duties of Auditor-General with an eye single to the interests of the State and the people. He is extensively known, not only in the section where he was raised, but throughout the region in which some one boasted that Harrison Allen would poll many votes. Mr. Hartley has been largely engaged for several years past in the production and refinement of oil. He is no speculator, but a man of enlarged business views, and the sagacity which he has brought to bear, has enabled him to take a leading position in the legitimate development of one of the great industries of Pennsylvania. When a band of robbers armed with corporate power, undertook to plunder all the producers and refiners of oil, Mr. Hartley distinguished himself as one of the bravest and most sagacious defenders of the rights of those who were thus attacked. Our candidate for Auditor-General is not only a good man, a true man and a pure man; but he has the additional advantages of being a good speaker and one of the handsomest men in the Commonwealth. Between him and his opponent there is the most marked and significant contrast. The people will see this and will appreciate it so fully that William Hartley will be chosen Auditor-General by an immense majority.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

PRESIDENT GRANT and the whole of his Cabinet went yesterday in person to the Capitol to urge the passage of the infamous bill for making the President a dictator over the Presidential election. If the American people choose to put up with the spectacle of an imperial army cramming votes down their throats at the polls we suppose they may as well accept the spectacle of an imperial President bullying and lobbying their representatives into shaping the laws of the land to the convenience of his lust of power. Is the London *Times* uttering sarcasam or prophecy when it prates about the President's son and daughter as "royal personages?" —*World.*

Brother-in-law Casey is not to be removed from the New Orleans Custom-house after all! This relenting of President Grant's Roman virtue is, of course, only in consequence of the "urgent solicitation," of the delegates from Louisiana to the Philadelphia Convention. If it hadn't been for that, nobody knows what might have happened to Casey.

Republican Factions.

The Democracy have closed up their ranks, and to-day there is not a Democratic paper in the State that has not hoisted the names of the Reading nominees. The Radicals on the contrary are hopelessly divided, and the fight each day grows more intense and bitter. Cameron is mustering his clans, because his continuance as U. S. Senator is at stake, but in Forney and McClure he has able opponents, who are determined upon the defeat of his rotten Ring which has so long disgraced the State. The following editorial from the *Press* indicates "business."

OUR REASONS.

Some good, well-meaning friend, who holds Personal Rule in Pennsylvania in deep detestation, but who apparently thinks it is his duty to support and vote the "regular ticket" under all circumstances, writes to us inquiring if the opposition of *The Press* to the State ticket is based alone upon its personal resentments, and very properly adds that if this be the case we are deserving of no sympathy from the people. Our answer is, No, it is not. Senator Cameron is only a minor feature in the fight. He introduced himself into it by slandering the editor of *The Press*, in season and out; by misrepresenting his course and misinterpreting his motives. If he goes out of it with a shadow of his present political power, it will be because the world comes to a sudden ending before next October, or that the millennium dawns before that date.

The opposition of this journal to Gen. Hartranft's candidacy is based upon the following reasons:

First. His personal unfitness for the office.

Second. The manner of his nomination.

Third. The fact that there are ten millions of dollars in the sinking fund created for the redemption of the State debt, but generally used for individual speculative purposes, and that the Governor appoints a Secretary of the Commonwealth, who, with the Auditor General and State Treasurer, has the management of this money.

Fourth. Because human affairs and fates are uncertain, and there *may be* another Chicago fire.

Fifth. Because there were better men named for the position, who were ruthlessly overslaughed.

Sixth. Because the men who set up General Hartranft knew full well the necessity of nominating this year a candidate with the confidence of the entire people, and that their favorite was not such a man, and yet nominated him because they thought by associating his name with Grant's—their personal ends with the cause of Republicanism—they might elect him and perpetuate their rule.

Seventh. Because there is not the slightest chance of electing General Hartranft by fair means, and we are resolved that it shall not be done by foul ones.

Eighth. Because to associate Grant and Wilson with Hartranft and Allen is to bring certain defeat upon the former, and therefore we believe the latter should be retired.

There are many other reasons equally effective in this cause. Among them are the class of men in this city upon whom Hartranft relies to elect him, the espousal of his cause by Simon Cameron, the scandal concerning his administration of the Auditor General's office, the general corruption that pervades Pennsylvania politics, and the necessity for applying immediate remedy.

We may enlarge upon these reasons, and shall certainly proceed to show how Hartranft can never be elected, and how Grant and Wilson will carry the State in November in any event. We shall continue to treat General Hartranft with the utmost kindness, believing that he, as much as any man in the State, regrets his present position, and that but for bad advice from bad men he would withdraw.

Hartranft or Buckalew?

A little over seven years ago, the writer first publicly suggested General John F. Hartranft for the office of Auditor General, (instead of *Surveyor* General for which he had previously been named by one of the Republican papers of Norristown) and during the same year he was nominated and elected, and in 1868, after serving one term in said office he was again nominated and elected, and if personal regard for the man were to influence our vote for Governor, next October, he would in all probability receive it. His war record is unquestionably a good one, and it affords us pleasure to say that, as a man, he possesses some very good traits of character. But, unfortunately, he is prominently identified with one of the most odious political rings that ever afflicted the people. Into it he was led, as we believe, by worse men than himself—and his election, therefore, in our opinion, is entirely out of the question.

On the other hand, the Democratic party of Pennsylvania never made a more praise-worthy nomination than that of Charles R. Buckalew for Governor. The least that we can say of him is that he is an independent and high-toned statesman, and will faithfully act the part of Chief Magistrate for the good of the people of Pennsylvania without regard to party. One of the most important duties of the next Governor will be the appointment of a Secretary of the Commonwealth who, by virtue of his office will be one of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, and that the right man will be selected for that most important and responsible position by Governor Buckalew, no one who knows the man will doubt for a moment.

We take for granted that Mr. Buckalew as well as the nominee of the Reading Convention for Auditor General, will in due time receive the unanimous endorsement of the Liberal Republicans, and if so the office holders' Treasury Ring ticket will be voted out of sight by an overwhelming majority in October next.—*Rauch's Banner (Rep.)*

THE COLLINS CASE.—The defalcation of Dr. Collins, late pension agent of this District, amounts to $46,000, according to the statement of the Third Auditor, who has at last completed the examination of his accounts. It has been ascertained that a portion of the deficit was caused by the Doctor's habit of making pecuniary advances to certain needy pensioners, "for a consideration," by which practice the vouchers thus obtained for payments would not be available until the pension money advanced should actually fall due. This little game was blocked by the sudden seizure of the books. The vouchers for advance payment will continue to be worthless hereafter, should they be presented, for the reason that Colonel Cox, the new agent, has been instructed to pay all pensioners whose pensions may seem to be due, without reference to the impression that some of them have already been paid several quarters ahead.

Meanwhile Dr. Collins is in New York, "in search of employment," as we are informed, with a deficit standing against him, due the Government, of forty-six thousand dollars, and no action has been taken to cause his arrest. Is the reason for this leniency shown towards him the fact that he is considered, in high quarters, to be exceedingly "loil?"—*Washington Patriot.*

A Jeffreys without a Commission.

"In all ages," says Macaulay, "the vilest specimens of human nature have been found among demagogues." In our age one of the most repulsive exemplifications of this remark is found in the person of that ranting and mendacious demagogue, John A. Bingham, of Ohio. Under a gentlemanly exterior he carries the heart of a ruffian, and his pretensions of liberalism are but a cover to a brutal intolerance. Never dealing in argument, but always in abuse, nothing but the opportunity is wanting to discover in him those coarse instincts which education has done nothing to modify. This opportunity was offered in the House of Representatives the other day, when Mr. Brooks, of New York, ventured to suggest that the supplementary enforcement bill was unconstitutional. This was an opinion which every man had a right to entertain, and which, in a country where speech is supposed to be free, every man, moreover, had the right to express. But it did not happen to coincide with Bingham's opinion, nor did it suit his partizanship, and he accordingly proceeded to denounce its utterance as "treasonable" and "damning." The calumny is, of course, not worth refuting, but it comes with an ill grace from the man whose treason to liberty is recorded on that page of American history wherein he figures as a participator in the murder of a woman, who had hardly suffered the cruel death to which he helped to drive her, before she was believed to be innocent. If we were called upon to draw a comparison, we should liken Bingham to the infamous Jeffreys. Like Jeffreys, his hands are stained with the blood of a helpless woman, and he is always ready, as the Judge of the Bloody Assizes said of himself, to "give a lick with the rough side of his tongue." It was in this propensity he indulged when he gave "a lick" to his opponents "with the rough side of his tongue," in the House of Representatives the other day, and if Grant could organize a circuit and give Bingham a commission, this modern Jeffreys would quickly discover the other propensities of his prototype and re-inaugurate the horrors over which he gloated.—*Trenton True American.*

GEO. FRANCIS TRAIN asks: "How can any one for a moment calculate on Gen. Grant's re-election? See the change of an hour; Isabella pitched out of Spain; the Pope out of Italy; Napoleon out of France; Tycoon makes way for the Mikado in Japan; Tweed drops like a lump of mud out of Tammany; Fisk shot like a dog; and now Gould, yesterday the King of a thousand miles of rail, sitting on an empty beer barrel, in the back yard of an opera house, contemplating the ruins of ancient Rome. How can corruption, fraud, lying, hypocrisy, nepotism, poker and whiskey, hope to force, with a five-twenty in one hand and a bayonet in the other, the entire Dent family down the starving throat of the American people?

It seems it was not a mere figure of speech when the critics of the Administration said that the military occupants of the Executive Mansion regarded the Government as their private estate. A witness from the War Department yesterday testified that all the brigade, division, corps, and army headquarters reports were missing, supposed to have been carted off to London by Gen. Badeau, the prose laureate of the President. The friendly relations among the President's military family are certainly very pleasing to contemplate; but this wholesale plunder of the pigeon-holes is carrying the joke rather too far. Perhaps Mr. Badeau could be given the General Order business here, and Mr. Leet could take his place in London. We really ought in some way to get those documents back into the country.—*Tribune,*

NEWS

A frightful disaster occurred at Marseilles on Sunday. While the Spanish steamship Guadayea was lying in the port, crowded with passengers, her boilers exploded, and fifty-five persons were blown to atoms. The steamer immediately took fire and the flames communicating to the dock a large quantity of cotton was consumed.

A fast freight train on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad that left Jersey City about 9 o'clock Saturday night was wrecked at Rahway, in consequence of the misplacement of a switch. Eleven out of thirty cars jumped the track and were piled up within a space of fifty feet. Two men were killed, and $25,000 worth of freight destroyed. The track was impassable for several hours.

The water of White Lake, Sullivan county, N. Y., has receded several feet within three days, and is still sinking rapidly. The Lake, which is a well known summer resort, is on the top of a mountain, and it is supposed that its waters have found a subterranean outlet.

AT the meeting of the Indiana Democratic Convention, last week, Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks was unanimously nominated for Governor, and Washington Depew for Lieutenant Governor. Colonel John S. Williams and Hon. M. C. Kerr were nominated for Congressmen at large. Resolutions were adopted accepting the principles of the Cincinnati Convention taken in connection with the propositions in Horace Greeley's letters of acceptance, and declaring that the Democratic National Convention "should accept the nominees of the Liberal Republican Convention, instead of making other nominations for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States." The delegates to the Baltimore Convention were instructed to vote as a unit on all questions in accordance with the opinion of the majority of the delegation. The above resolutions were adopted without debate and by a majority vote, "a very respectable number voting in the negative."

FARMERS near Richmond Va. have already begun to cut their wheat and the crop is said to be of very good quality and fair in quantity. The season seems to be unusually advanced, new Georgia wheat having been in market for a couple of weeks.

THE great Musical Jubilee began at Boston on Monday. The streets of the city were almost impassable. At least 50,000 people were inside of the building and as many more outside. The programme was faithfully carried out. "Old Hundred" was given with such effect as to melt the audience to tears.

The South Carolina Democratic Convention when in session appointed a full delegation to the Baltimore Convention. Resolutions were unanimously adopted accepting the Cincinnati platform, declaring against any separate nominations at Baltimore, and instructing the delegates to oppose such nominations. The delegation to Baltimore includes Hon. William Aiken, Hon. W. D. Porter, and ex-Senator Chestnut.

Another boiler has exploded; twenty-five persons killed, and no one, of course, to blame. This one of Death's most effective auxiliaries belonged to a raft's boat on the Mississippi, and the accident took place near McGregor, Iowa.

About twenty persons, including several little children, were bitten by a mad dog in the streets of Louisville, Ky., on Saturday night.

A most extraordinarily bold murder was committed Thursday of last week in New York. A Frenchman, who had had much trouble with his wife, who persisted in living with another man, apparently lost all control of himself, and, clearing her from the house, caught her by the shoulder, placed a pistol close to her head and killed her instantly. Of course the man was immediately arrested, and expressed himself perfectly satisfied with his work.

The Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Pennsylvania elected the following officers at the meeting at Reading on Wednesday of last week: R. E. Grand Commander, Peter C. Shidle; V. E. Deputy Grand Commander, Grant Weidman; E. Grand Generalissimo, John Dusenberry; E. Grand Captain, General Charles Kingston; E. Grand Senior Warden, A. J. Kauffman; E. Grand Junior Warden, William H. Egle; E. Grand Treasurer, M. Richards Muckle; E. Grand Recorder, Charles E. Mercer. The next place of meeting has been fixed at Meadville, on the third Tuesday of June, 1873.

A circular signed by Senator Schurz, ex Secretary Cox, Messrs. Bryant, Ottendorfer, Wells, and Brinkerhoff has been sent to about two hundred gentlemen who originally favored the Cincinnati movement. The design of the circular is to have a conference called of the different branches of the opposition to President Grant and his administration, to take such action as the "situation of things may require," says the document.

THE remains of an extinct species of winged reptiles were recently found in Western Kansas. The expanse of both wings in one of the specimens, measured 20 feet and in another 22 feet. They are the largest specimens of this strange race of giant bat yet discovered by geologists.

THE Republican caucus of the New Hampshire Legislature have nominated Bainbridge Wadleigh for U. S. Senator. Mr. Wadleigh is forty-one years of age, a member of the present Legislature, and a lawyer by profession.

HERE is a gratifying piece of information which could not be obtained at any price except from a Paris paper: "Miss Grant is one of the most highly educated woman in Europe. She speaks with facility English, German, French and Italian. She has contributed under the veil of anonymous signatures to several American magazines; and on her return to her own country she is to marry the son of one of the richest manufacturers of New York, who is a member of the American Parliament."

THE Grand Conclave S. P. K., of Pennsylvania, concluded its session at Pottsville, on Thursday of last week. It was found that the following officers had been unanimously elected: Grand Commander General, John Kay Clement; Vice Grand Commander, William J. Macaullan; Grand Treasurer, John Sage; Secretary, Jacob Somerset; Grand Recorder, W. H. Oram.

HON. C. R. BUCKALEW.—The nomination of this gentleman as the standard bearer of the Democracy, for Governor, seems to meet the hearty endorsement of the press of that party, both in and out of the State. Personally, Mr. Buckalew is a good man in all respects. His honesty and ability are unquestioned and his election is sure, if the contest is between him and Hartranft.

A wooden rooster on top of a barn will show which way the wind blows: and so also do political stock gamblers show how the political tide is running. These latter knowing ones, are now offering to bet on 50,000 majority for Buckalew. With them it is a mere matter of speculation.—*Danville Independent.*

State Temperance Convention.

The temperance men met at Altoona, on Friday last, to choose candidates for Governor, Auditor General, &c. Hon. James Black, Temperance nominee for President, was made permanent chairman of the Convention and made an orthodox total abstinence speech. One or two of the gentlemen present were opposed to the Convention though holding temperance principles. The following are the names of nominees:

For Governor—Hon. Simeon B. Chase, of Susquehanna.

For Judge of the Supreme Court—Hon. Joseph Henderson of Washington.

For Auditor General—Mr. Barr Spangler, of Lancaster.

For Congressmen at large—Colonel George F. McFarland, A. J. Clark, and B. Rush Bradford.

THE PLATFORM.

Here is an abstract of the platform adopted:

First. Approves the action of the convention of August 9, 1871.

Second. Affirms the proceedings of the National Prohibition party at Columbus, Ohio, February 12, 1872.

Third. Declares the traffic in liquor as a beverage injurious to the best interests of society, and demands its suppression by law.

Fourth. Resolves against the great danger arising from competition of the ruling parties in competing for the liquor vote.

Fifth. Pledges the adoption of political measures, but not at the sacrifice of moral means.

Sixth. Invites all citizens to join in the effort to rescue the State from the dominion of intemperance.

The remaining resolutions recognize the duty of protecting American industry, justice to woman as a voter, and the equality of labor with capital and pledges continued reliance in the blessings of Almighty God.

Speeches were made by a number of the delegates, and the convention adjourned with three cheers for the ticket.

THE Pittsburg *Post* states that the Hon. Carl Schurz will speak for Mr. Buckalew throughout Pennsylvania in the present campaign.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
WILLIAM HARTLEY,
OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:
JAMES THOMPSON,
OF ERIE COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE:
RICHARD VAUX,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
JAMES H. HOPKINS,
OF ALLEGHENY.
HENDRICK B. WRIGHT,
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Members of the Constitutional Convention.

GEO. W. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.
JEREMIAH S. BLACK, York.
WM. BIGLER, Clearfield.
W. J. BAIRD, Somerset.
W. H. SEELER, Allegheny.
FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, Philadelphia.
JOHN H. CAMPBELL, Philadelphia.
S. A. REYNOLDS, Lancaster.
JAMES ELLIS, Schuylkill.
S. C. T. DODD, Venango.
GEO. M. DALLAS, Philadelphia.
ROBERT A. LAMBERTON, Dauphin.
A. A. PURMAN, Green.
WM. L. CORBETT, Clarion.

New Advertisements.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.
CAPS, CAPES & TORCHES.
Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.
CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
MANUFACTURERS,
No. 204 Church Street.
PHILADELPHIA.
June 21, 1872-1mos.

THE QUEEN

THE AMERICAN
BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING
AND COMPLETE SEWING MACHINE.

The first and only BUTTON-HOLE AND SEWING MACHINE combined that has made its advent in this or any other country.

☞The following reasons are given why this is the best.

Family Machine to Purchase.

1. Because it will do everything that any machine can do, sewing from the finest to the coarsest material, hemming, felling, cording, braiding, binding, gathering and sewing on, at the same time ruffling, quilting, etc., better than any other machine.

2. Because it can work a beautiful button-hole, making as fine a pearl as by the hand.

3. Because it will embroider over the edge, making a neat and beautiful border on any garment.

4. Because it will work a beautiful eyelet hole.

5. Because it can do over-hand seaming by which sheets, pillow cases and the like are sewed over and over.

6. Because the best mechanics pronounce it the best finished and most durable machine made of any machine manufactured.—It has no springs to break; nothing to get out of order.

7. Because it is two machines in one, A BUTTON-HOLE WORKING and SEWING MACHINE combined.

☞No other Machine can accomplish the kind of sewing stated in Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5.

Parties using a family sewing machine want a WHOLE MACHINE, one with all the improvements.

It is to last a LIFETIME, and therefore one is wanted that will do the most work, and do it the best; and this machine can do several kinds of sewing not done on ANY OTHER MACHINE, besides doing every kind that all others can do

The American or Plain Sewing Machine.

(Without the button-hole parts), does all that is done on the Combination except button-hole and over-seaming.

S. J. FAUX, Agent,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.
COMPANY'S WAREROOMS,
1313 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
Examine them before purchasing any other Sewing Machine. n2 1872-6m.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF the First National Bank of Bloomsburg at Bloomsburg in the State of Pennsylvania, at close of business June 10th, 1872:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$[illegible]
Overdrafts	8,767 86
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50[illegible]
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	26,223 11
Due from other National Banks	6,137 61
Due from other Banks and Bankers	13,326 46
Current Expenses	175 [illegible]
Cash Items (including stamps)	149 [illegible]
Fractional currency (including Nickels)	4 00
Legal Tender Notes	14,6[illegible]
	$122,318 11

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$5[illegible]
Surplus Fund	75,000 [illegible]
Discount	970 [illegible]
Exchange	129 03
Interest	198 67
National Bank circulation outstanding	15,[illegible]
Individual Deposits	1[illegible]
Due to National Banks	1[illegible]
Due to other Banks and Bankers	436 [illegible]
	$122,318 11

STATE OF PENN'A, County of Columbia, } ss.

I, J. P. Tustin, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.

Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 14th day of June 1872:

WM. PEACOCK, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
WM. NEAL,
I. W. MCKELVY,
C. R. PAXTON,
} Directors.

ROAD DAMAGES.

The following is a list of Road damage as reported to May Term 1872, and confirmed nisi. Greenwood, road near A. P. Young, G. H. Fowler, John Kelchner, and Samuel Seyhart, viewers, to view road in Greenwood twp, near A. P. Young's, assess damage as follows:

To Chandler Eves,	$ [illegible]
To Jackson Robbins,	[illegible]
To Eli's Eves,	16,00
To Wm. Johnson,	[illegible]
To John McMichael,	[illegible]

Benton, road near Joel Keeler, David Lewis, Jesse Hartman and B. C. Hess, viewers, assess damage as follows:

To Hiram Ash,	$ 15,00
To Joel Keeler,	10,00

Mifflin, road near Samuel Kimby, Samuel Johnson, Wm. Eyer and Wm. J. Keeler, viewers, assess damage:

To Samuel Kimby, at	$ 75,00

These damages will be confirm absolute, at September Term, unless objections should be filed against them. We intend giving the public an opportunity to know what is being done and if all are satisfied it is supposed to be all right.

CYRUS ROBBINS,
H. J. REEDER,
WM. SHAFFER,
} Com.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Bloomsburg Pa.
Attest, MM. KRICKBAUM, CLERK.

COLUMBIA COUNTY *s. s.*

In the Orphan's Court of Columbia county in the matter of the petition for partition and valuation of the real estate of Mary Harman, late of Orange township Columbia county deceased. Notice is hereby given to all the heirs and representatives of said deceased that in pursuance of a writ of partition and valuation to me directed I will go upon the premises of said deceased situate in Orange township in the county of Columbia with a jury by me to be summoned on Saturday the 13th day of July A. D. 1872 for the purpose of making partition or valuation of said real estate according the commands of said writ, when and where all parties interested may attend if they think proper.

AARON SMITH Sheriff.

COLUMBIA COUNTY *s. s.*

In the Orphans Court of Columbia county. In the matter of the petition for partition and valuation of the real estate of Malcolm Mason late of Bloom township Columbia county deceased. Notice is hereby given to all the heirs and representative of the said deceased that in pursuance of a writ of partition and valuation to me directed I will go upon the premises of said deceased situate in Bloom township county of Columbia with a jury by me to be summoned on Saturday the 27th day of July A. D. 1872 for the purpose of making partition and valuation of said real estate according to the commands of said writ, when and where all parties interested may attend if they think proper.

June 14 1872-4t AARON SMITH Sheriff.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

We now have on hand a large neatly printed assortment of JUSTICE'S and CONSTABLES BLANKS, to which we invite the attention of these officers.

Statement of Aggregates of Valuation and Taxes for each District in Columbia County for 1872, as Returned by the Several Assessors Classified in this Schedule.

TOWNSHIPS.	Village or Scated Lands.	Money.	Furniture.	Horses.	Value.	Cattle.	Value.	Public Loans and Stocks.	Amount for State Tax at 4 Mills.	Carriages.	Value.	Trades, Occupations, Etc.	Amount for County Tax at 4 Mills.	Watches. Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.	County Tax.	State Tax.	Dog Tax.
Beaver	101,715	2,473	.....	178	10,612	267	4,236	.....	18,719	1	10	13,370	130,925	..	..	..	523,74	51,10	48,00
Benton	145,586	1,545	.....	232	11,770	300	5,107	.....	19,422	7	580	8,855	171,723	..	..	..	686,89	67,29	75,00
Berwick	1,[illegible]480	10,000	2,975	70	6,080	56	1,127	7,032	21,227	27	1,785	96,500	200,798	9	8	11	803,19	81,79	75,00
Briarcreek	247,478	5,00	.....	215	15,185	246	4,503	.....	22,676	46	2,265	9,795	282,214	..	..	8	1,128,86	92,03	65,00
Bloom	611,995	17,00	2,000	281	18,830	226	4,645	1,310	44,785	61	2,195	91,555	774,805	13	22	19	3,099,22	183,91	55,00
Catawissa	256,690	11,[illegible]	2,550	144	8,620	171	3,446	3,021	29,248	31	1,320	76,815	394,098	3	9	26	1,456,39	120,26	55,00
Centralia	114,575	6,[illegible]	[illegible]	50	3,570	17	380	400	10,880	..	730	57,615	183,560	..	..	..	734,24	73,60	25,00
Centre	285,506	190	[illegible]	307	20,734	722	9,982	.....	37,399	60	2,150	16,115	360,960	4	1	3	1,443,84	113,97	60,00
Conyngham	341,874	.....	.....	87	5,490	42	840	.....	9,240	2	70	9,095	360,174	..	..	..	2,599,69	28,11	30,00
Franklin	99,240	975	.....	176	7,810	165	2,614	.....	11,399	52	1,21[illegible]	5,810	117,678	3	..	..	470,65	45,72	40,00
Fishingcreek	191,986	.....	.....	534	19,220	491	9,630	.....	73,592	21	1,020	12,030	221,57[illegible]	..	..	..	891,69	87,06	75,00
Greenwood	253,001	1,955	.....	244	23,225	416	7,208	.....	43,511	47	2,290	16,315	315,150	..	..	..	1,012,66	111,58	85,00
Hemlock	183,179	.....	.....	586	11,095	212	4,005	.....	16,028	14	470	13,838	215,594	..	1	..	862,18	70,67	55,00
Jackson	47,945	525	.....	169	5,641	103	2,492	.....	8,661	5	195	2,540	59,457	..	..	..	237,81	29,19	30,00
Locust	240,749	1,100	.....	399	19,481	441	7,804	.....	27,385	40	1,725	10,880	281,048	1	..	..	1,123,79	103,07	75,00
Madison	119,500	3,100	.....	271	13,145	311	5,882	.....	21,978	37	1,181	6,780	97,799	..	..	..	630,62	58,13	55,00
Maine	115,081	44,[illegible]	.....	110	7,015	141	2,771	.....	13,786	..	.....	4,550	153,429	..	..	..	533,66	53,11	35,00
Mifflin	174,959	7,500	.....	326	15,835	271	5,140	147	28,182	76	2,950	11,000	218,818	1	..	..	875,30	113,28	60,00
Montour	161,633	1,700	350	155	9,241	153	2,995	50	13,950	32	895	10,475	189,296	2	3	..	757,24	56,61	50,00
Mt. Pleasant	98,121	1,205	.....	184	11,575	267	5,020	.....	16,545	16	555	5,115	125,135	..	..	..	519,44	55,80	35,00
Orange	115,083	1,700	.....	165	8,809	189	2,978	.....	13,518	33	1,160	12,110	172,417	4	1	..	689,68	62,46	55,00
Pine	69,199	.....	.....	12	6,060	132	3,117	.....	9,177	11	300	4,000	91,577	..	..	..	366,28	31,70	30,00
Rearingcreek	73,203	10,[illegible]	.....	121	7,478	132	2,553	.....	12,031	37	1,035	2,240	98,342	..	..	..	393,37	66,43	35,00
Scott	220,869	8,880	.....	279	13,205	198	3,070	300	20,020	57	2,270	32,805	300,915	6	..	1	1,203,66	103,44	60,00
Sugarloaf	69,987	.....	.....	93	4,743	223	4,116	.....	9,159	8	400	5,235	74,540	..	..	..	298,03	32,32	30,00
Total	$4,[illegible]	$90,925	$13,[illegible]	4711	$257,[illegible]	5578	$99,681	$9,767	$419,118	692	$28,920	$491,235	$6[illegible],570	43	46	67	$22,717,49	$1,9[illegible],178	$1,[illegible]

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