Agricultural.

The History of the Peach.

The peach is supposed to be a native of Persia, and its botanical name refers to that origin. It is known to have flourished in both Persia and China at a very early period, and was highly valued in both countries. It has often been found growing spontaneously in Asiatic Turkey. It is mentioned by Pliny, and several other classical writers, and many anecdotes are related of the veneration and even superstition with which it was regarded by the Asiatics. There is no doubt but it was one of the "Trees of the Garden" which God planted in Eden, and which were to nourish and cheer our first parents in their pristine purity and happiness. It is not mentioned in the Bible, but its cogener, the almond, is mentioned several times, and as early as the days of Jacob. And we find, when he was preparing his present for the Governor of Egypt, he commanded his sons to take "myrrh, nuts and *almonds*" as a gift, showing the esteem in which it was then held. Again in the directions for making the golden candlestick, among the ornaments, the myrtle and *almond* are mentioned as of the chief.

The peach, like civilization itself, traveled from this centre westward into Europe, and we find it mentioned in Roman history in the reign of the Emperor Claudius. It was highly valued by the patricians of Rome, and was cultivated by them as one of their choicest luxuries. It is still a standard tree in Italy.

It was introduced into England from Italy, about the middle of the sixteenth century, and has been cultivated there as an exotic ever since. Her cool, moist climate, however, prevents its general cultivation, and it is only grown on walls or under glass, and the fruit is seldom seen except on the tables of the aristocracy.

Even in France, where the climate is much milder, it is not always reared without protection, and the fruit has never gone into general use, but it is a delicacy confined to the wealthy alone, the cultivation being confined principally to gardens.

In China it is extensively cultivated in the gardens of the rich, and has attained an extraordinary size. But of their manner of propagation and culture but little is yet known, owing to the exclusive policy heretofore pursued by that ancient empire. Now, since its amelioration, among the many other benefits hoped for, a more open and complete knowledge of the peach is one. The Chinese are great gardeners, and much affect the curious in horticultural as in other arts, and we may expect to learn much that is interesting, if not useful. We know already that they produce peaches of very large size, and two, at least, of rare shape—the Chinese Flat and Crooked Peach. With this beginning, we will not be surprised at still more curious developements. The curiosity, ingenuity, and enterprise of our countrymen will soon discover whatever may be known.

It is to our credit that the United States is the only country in the world that, either in ancient or modern times, has produced peaches in sufficient quantities to allow them to become a common marketable commodity; so cheap, that the poor, as well as the rich, may regale themselves and families with one of the most wholesome and delicious of fruits at a very small expense, and with every prospect that they will still be more abundant and cheap.—*Peach Culture.*

Discovery of Coffee.

Toward the middle of the fifteenth century, a poor Arab was traveling through Abyssinia, and finding himself weak and weary from fatigue he stopped near a grove. There being in want of fuel to cook his rice, he cut down a tree which happened to be covered with berries. His meal being cooked and eaten, the traveler discovered that the half burned berries were very fragrant. He collected a number of these, and, on crushing them with a stone, he found that their aroma increased to a great extent. While wondering at this, he accidentally let fall the substance into a can which contained his scanty supply of water. Lo, what a miracle! the almost putrid liquid was instantly purified. He brought it to his lips; it was fresh, agreeable, and in a moment after the traveler had so far recovered his strength as to resume his journey. The lucky Arab gathered as many berries as he could, and having arrived at Aden, in Arabia, he informed the Mufti of his discovery. The worthy divine was an inveterate opium smoker, who had been suffering for years from the influence of that poisonous drug. He tried an infusion of the roasted berries, and was so delighted at the recovery of his former vigor, that in gratitude to the tree called it *cahuah*, which signifies force. And that is the manner in which coffee was discovered.

Canning Fruit.

In canning fruit, an equal temperature between the jar and the fruit, or approaching it nearly, is necessary. You may break a can as soon by overheating it enough. This we have tried to our satisfaction, breaking several cans in the operation. Thus molasses taking a higher heat than fruit, will break a can heated for fruit. On the other hand a high temperature will snap the glass at a touch of the ordinarily heated fruit.

It is a nice way to heat your cans in the oven, and is the only resort ready to hand where a variety of temperature is wanted. For fruit, there is nothing perhaps so ready as a wet cloth wrapped around the can, bottom and sides, up to the mouth. This was our practice last year, and that of others, and always successful, the wet cloth absorbing the heat as the fruit imparted it to the glass. Let there be several thicknesses of the material wrapped round the jar. One thing we have noticed, people are apt, who are not thoroughly conversant with the matter, to be careless about the entire filling of the jar, thinking a little will be of no hurt. A little air or space, if ever so small, will get up mould, and that of course is a hurt. The fruit can be used, and is pronounced generally good; but compared with a well-filled jar will at once be seen; the one is *fresh*, the other not. Now the least bit of trouble would have saved this and made all perfect, made it healthy as well as palatable. Be sure and get a good jar, easily closed and excluding all air. If glass (which is best) keep in the dark, as the light has an effect.

When fruit is ripe—as it should be generally—the better way, though more trouble, is to put it into the jar with the requisite water and sugar, and set in the kettle, the water to be cold in both kettle and can. Then bring to the boiling point, and continue boiling till the fruit in the can is thoroughly heated. The object here is to keep the soft, ripe fruit from breaking or mashing as is the case otherwise. In this way perfection can be reached, the full color and form of the fruit retained.—*Cor. Country Gentleman.*

Humorous.

Nary Rag.

A PARODY.

The shades of night were falling fast,
As through the city streets there passed
A youth, who trudged through mud and rain,
Crying with all his might and main,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

His looks were sad, his eyes were dull;
His great big bag was nearly full;
And though his strength was failing fast,
He cried with voice like trumpet blast,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

No friend looked out with pitying eye,
And loud him as he wandered by;
Without a blessing, cold and sore,
He cried aloud at every door,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

"Beware! the watch!" an old man said;
"He's on the corner just ahead."
"I'll watch'ul be," the youth replied,
And lifting high his voice, he cried,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

"Beware the watch dog's awful bite!
Beware the dangers of the night!"
And as he hurried out of sight,
The youth replied with all his might,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

A traveler in the early morn,
A being found, ragged and torn,
There in the wet and mud he lay;
His mouth was fixed, and seemed to say,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

Sweet sleep had stolen o'er his frame;
A mother's picker had stolen his game;
His bag, once full, stood open wide —
A voice far in the depths replied,
"Any R-a-g-s?"

"Nary Rag."

A CORRESPONDENT thus describes a "potato race" in New Hampshire, a fashionable sport there: A very curious trial of speed and strength it is. Three lines of potatoes were laid. Each line is of fifty—each a yard from each other. Of course each line is forty-nine yards long. At the end of each line is a basket, by which at the start a contestant stands. In this case there are three competitors. At the word "go," each one begins where he chooses on his line to pick up potatoes that he may bring them to the basket. Your mathematical readers will see that this involves seven thousand three hundred and fifty feet of running, with such deductions as may be made for an outstretched arm, when one comes to his basket; and, with the serious addition of two turns for every potato, or one hundred turns in all. Three spirited contestants entered, and one of them named "Thrasher," distinguished here as having won a tub race in the last sports, which were aquatic, performed the feat in a little more than nine minutes. The other two were close behind him. If you have ever any occasion to try, let me tell you that the scientific performance is to take your long runs first, when your wind is good. When you want to regain your breath, take your short runs, which involve the delay of turning, but are easier for breathing. You see how good the time was for a distance of a mile and a half.

A BERLIN correspondent of the New York *Nation* relates the following: "On the entry of one of the Mentz regiments (the Eighty-seventh, which is recruited in Nassau,) I witnessed a little incident which is worthy of being narrated here. The regiment was on its way to the Schlossplatz, when a stout, resolute woman broke through the ranks, put away the officer at the head of the squad and embraced her husband, loudly crying, 'He has belonged to you long enough, now he is mine once more, and you will never get hold of him again!' When the other women standing along the street, and eagerly watching for their turn, noticed this unceremonious procedure, there was no longer any restraint; they all broke into the lines, and each of them seized her son, husband or sweetheart. The captain could not defend himself against this invasion good naturedly suffered to pass what he could not stop, and led his men and women to the Schlossplatz, where amid the cheering of the people the women assisted the soldiers in unstrapping their knapsacks, or held their muskets guns, while in the other hand each carried a bundle of modest citizen's clothes, and afterward all ate and drank merrily together."

THE following story is related by Mr. Jefferson, concerning the first continental congress: "Delegate Harrison, of Virginia, desiring to 'stimulate,' presented himself and friend at a certain place where supplies were furnished congress, and ordered two glasses of brandy and water. The man in charge replied that liquors were not included in the supplies furnished congressmen. 'Why,' said Harrison, 'what is it, then, that I see the New England members come here and drink?' 'Molasses and water, which they have charged as stationery,' was the reply. 'Then give me the brandy and water,' quoth Harrison, 'and charge it as fuel.'"

THE following "sad case" is recorded in the Titusville *Herald*, which it hopes may serve as a warning: "Two well-dressed and fine-looking ladies instantly dislocated their necks while passing each other, in trying to discover what each had on. It was cloudy; the speed at which they were moving, and the delicate shade of the dry goods worn by each, operated against them, and a sudden tack with all sail set against a stiff breeze, fetched them up too short, and they perished."

A HEARTLESS young villain of Texas who was lately convicted of murdering his father and mother, on being asked if he had anything to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him, said, "Nothin', Judge, only that you oughtn't to be too hard on a poor orphan!"

A VIRGINIA editor has come to the conclusion that a man might as well undertake to hold himself at arm's length and then turn a double somersault over a meeting house steeple as to attempt to publish a paper that will suit everybody.

SINCE the wives of half a dozen citizens of Wyoming were locked up for three nights with as many strange men on a rape case, it has been proposed to amend the jury law so that none but single women will be allowed to sit on juries.

ONE Sunday recently a Methodist preacher in Iowa, advised the sisters to mortify Satan by giving their jewelry to the church on the next Sabbath evening. The result was a galvanized watch and three brass finger rings.

A NAUGHTY little boy, bubbling because his mother wouldn't let him go to the river on Sunday, upon being admonished, said, "I only want to go down and see the bad little boy drown for going a swimming."

AN Indiana paper notices the death of an old subscriber, and touchingly adds:—"We are sorry to hear of the death of any of our subscribers who are prompt about paying us."

KEEP away from bad habits. No person ever got stung by hornets who kept away from where they were. It is just so with bad habits.

BISMARCK had to kiss sixty handsome young ladies at a recent reception, and did it without the assistance of a clerk.

IT is easy to talk of christian forbearance among neighbors, but to practice it ourselves proves us to be christians indeed.

THE greatest mass of solid iron in the world is the Iron Mountain of Missouri. It is three hundred and fifty feet high, and two miles in circuit.

Patent Medicines.

ONE MILLION OF LIVES SAVED.

It is one of the remarkable facts of this remarkable age, not merely that so many persons are the victims of dyspepsia or indigestion, but its willing victims. Now, we would not be understood to say that any one regards dyspepsia with favor, or feels disposed to rank it among the luxuries of life. Far from it. Those who have experienced its torments would scout such an idea. All dread it, and would gladly dispense with its unpleasant familiarities. Mark Tapley, who was jolly under all the trying circumstances in which he was placed, never had an attack of dyspepsia, or his jollity would have speedily forsaken him. Men and women sometimes suffer its tortures uncomplainingly, but whoever heard of a person who enjoyed them?

Of all the multifarious diseases to which the human system is liable, there is perhaps no one so generally prevalent as dyspepsia. There are diseases more acute and painful, and which more frequently prove fatal; but none, the effect of which are so depressing to the mind and so positively distressing to the body. If there is a wretched being in the world it is

A CONFIRMED DYSPEPTIC.

But it is not our intention to dissect on the horrors of Dyspepsia. To describe them truthfully is simply an impossibility, it is possible to point out a remedy. We have said that dyspepsia is perhaps the most universal of human diseases. This is emphatically the case in the United States. Whether this general prevalence is due to the character of the food, the method of its preparation, or the hasty manner in which it is usually swallowed, is not our province to explain. The great fact with which we are called to deal is this:

DYSPEPSIA PREVAILS

almost universally.

Nearly every other person you meet is a victim, and apparently willing one; for were this not the case why so many sufferers, when a certain, speedy and safe remedy is within the easy reach of all who desire to avail themselves of it? But the majority will not. Blinded by prejudice or deterred by some other unexplained influence, they refuse to accept the relief proffered them. They turn a deaf ear to the testimony of the thousands whose sufferings have been alleviated and with strange infatuation, appear to cling with desperate determination to their ruthless tormentor. But one thing is certain, all simulatory remedy? to which we reply: This great alleviator of human suffering is almost as widely known as the sun in the heavens. Its fame is upon the lips of thousands, and is to-day carrying comfort and encouragement to thousands of others. This acknowledged panacea is none other than

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Would you know more of the merits of this wonderful medicine than can be learned from the experience of others? Try it yourself, and when it has failed to fulfill the acclaimant of its efficacy given by the proprietor, then abandon faith in it.

LET IT BE REMEMBERED,

first of all, that HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS is not a rum beverage.

They are not alcoholic in any sence of the term. They are composed wholly of the pure juice or vital principle of roots. This is not a mere assertion. The extracts from which they are compounded are prepared by one of the ablest of German chemists. Unlike any other Bitters in the market, they are wholly free from spirituous ingredients. The objections which hold with so much force against preparations of this class, namely—that a desire for intoxicating stimulants is engendered by their use, are not valid in the case of the German Bitters. So far from encouraging or inculcating a taste or desire for intoxicating beverages, they may be correctly asserted that their tendency is in a diametrically opposite direction. Their effects can be

BENEFICIAL ONLY

in all cases of the biliary system. Hoofland's German Bitters stand without an equal, acting promptly and vigorously upon the liver, they remove its torpidity and cause healthful secretion of bile—thereby supplying the stomach with the most indispensable elements of sound digestion in proper proportions. They give tone to the stomach—stimulating its functions, and enabling it to perform its duties as nature designed it should do. They also impart vigor and strength to the entire system, causing the patient to feel like another being—in fact, giving him a new lease of life.

THEY PURIFY THE BLOOD,

cleansing the vital fluid of all hurtful impurities and supplanting them with the elements of genuine healthfulness. In a word, there is literally no disease or derangement which they cannot be safely and beneficially employed; but in that most generally prevalent distressing and dreaded disease, Dyspepsia,

THEY STAND UNRIVALED.

Now, there are certain classes of persons to whom extreme bitters are not only unpalatable but would find it impracticable to take them without positive discomfort. For such

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

has been specially prepared. It is intended for use where a slight alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the well-known tonic properties of the Bitters. This Tonic contains all the ingredients of the Bitters, but so flavored as to remove the extreme bitterness. This preparation is not only palatable but combines, in a pleasing form, the curative virtues of the German Bitters. The solid extracts of some of Nature's choicest restoratives are held in solution by a spirituous agent of the highest quality. In cases of languor or excessive debility where the system appears to have become exhausted or its energies,

HOOFLAND'S TONIC

acts with almost marvelous effect. It not only stimulates the lagging and dispelling energies but invigorates and permanently strengthens its action upon the Liver and Stomach thereby, perhaps less prompt than the Bitters, when the same quantity is taken alone, but less certain. Indigestion, Biliousness, Physical or Nervous Prostration, yield readily to its potent influence. It gives the invalid a new and stronger hold upon life, removes depression of spirits, and inspires cheerfulness. It supplants the pain or disease with the ease and comfort of perfect health. It speedily straightens the nervous, throws dejection to the winds, and starts the restored invalid upon a new and gladsome career. But Dr. Hoofland's beneficence to the human race are not confined to his celebrated

GERMAN BITTERS,

or his invaluable TONIC. He has prepared another medicine, which is rapidly winning its way to popular favor because of its intrinsic merits. This is

HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILLS,

a perfect substitute for mercury, without any of mercury's evil qualities.

These wonderful Pills, which are intended to act upon the Liver, are mainly composed of Podophyllin, or the

VITAL PRINCIPLE OF THE MANDRAKE

Now we desire the reader to distinctly understand that this extract of the Mandrake is many times more powerful than the Mandrake itself. It is a medicine of great virtue on this valuable spring plant in a perfectly pure and highly concentrated form. Hence it is that two of the Podophyllin Pill constitute a full dose, while anywhere else six to eight of a handful of preparations of the Mandrake are required. The Podophyllin

ACTS DIRECTLY ON THE LIVER,

stimulating its functions and causing it to make its biliary secretions in regular and proper quantities. The injurious results which invariably follow the use of mercury is entirely avoided by their use. But it is not upon the Liver only that their powers are exerted. The extract of Mandrake contained in them is skillfully combined with four other extracts, one of which acts upon the stomach, one upon the upper bowels, one upon the lower bowels, and one prevents any griping effect, thus producing a pill that influences the entire digestive and alimentary system, in an equal and harmonious manner, and its action entirely free from nausea, vomiting or griping pains common to all other purgatives.

Possessing these much desirable qualities, the Podophyllin becomes invaluable as a

FAMILY MEDICINE.

No household should be without them. They are perfectly safe, require but two for an ordinary dose, are prompt and efficient in action, and when used in connection with Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, or Tonic, may be regarded as certain specifics in all cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, or any of the disorders to which the system is ordinarily subject. The

PODOPHYLLIN PILLS

act upon the stomach and bowels, carrying off improper obstructions, while the Bitters or Tonic purify the blood, strengthen and invigorate the frame, give tone and appetite to the stomach, and thus build up the invalid anew.

Dr. Hoofland, having provided internal remedies for diseases, has given the world one mainly for external application, in the wonderful preparation known as

DR. HOOFLAND'S GREEK OIL.

This Oil is a sovereign remedy for pains a aches of all kinds,

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Chilblains, Sprains, Burns, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ringworms, &c., all yield promptly to its application. The number of cures effected by it is astonishing, and they are increasing every day.

Taken internally, it is a cure for Heart-burns, Kidney Diseases, Sick Headache, Colic, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Pains in the Stomach, Colics, Asthma, &c.

The Greek Oil is composed entirely of healing gums and essential oils. The principal ingredient is an oily substance, procured in the southern part of Greece. Its effects as a destroyer of pain are truly magical. Thousands have been benefited by its use, and a trial by those who are skeptical will thoroughly convince them of its inestimable value.

These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

These Remedies are for sale by Storekeepers, and Medicine Deal Druggists Everywhere

CONSUMPTION,

ITS CURE AND ITS PREVENTIVE,

BY J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

Many a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his Wonderful effective medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case preserved it, wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this atmosphere there is nothing to consume. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The time and the doctor by Dr. Schenck's medicines is so simple as it is unfailing. His philosophy requires no argument. It is self-assuring, self-evidencing.

The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two-thirds of the cases of consumption originated in dyspepsia, and of functionally disordered liver. With this condition, the bronchial tubes "sympathize" with the stomach. They respond to the unnatural secretion of the liver. Here then comes the pulmonic-acting result, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms, of

CONSUMPTION,

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's ardent pills—the Podophyllum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-searching, curative properties of calomel, but mildly calculated, they

"LEAVE NO STING BEHIND,"

The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucous deposits in the bowels and in the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a sponge, is wiped up. It arouses from its torpidity. The stomach acts responsively, and the pallid, bale-faced invalid is getting at last

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD.

The Seaweed Tonic, in connection with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food. Digestion is now progressing without its previous tortures. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is sure to be effected. There is no more flatulence, no evacuation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the great of Blood Purifier, ever yet given by an indulgent father to afflicted man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its last and mighty work. It is the complete the cure. It enters at once upon its work. Nature cannot be cheated. It collects and ripens the impurities and unhealthy portions of the lungs, in the form of gatherings. It prepares for their expectoration, and not in a very short time the malady is vanquished, the rotten throne that it occupied is reserved and made new, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or the womanhood that was.

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The second thing is, the patients must stay in a warm room until they get well; it is almost impossible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but it must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Then air and riding are as requisite in this section of the country in the fall and winter season, are all wrong. Physicians who recommend this course lose many patients, if their lungs are badly diseased, and for the cause they are in the house they must not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room as much as they can, and look as the strength will permit, and get up a great circulation of blood. The patients must keep in good spirits—be determined to get well. Have no grave fears in the least with the objective, and in the grand point to gain.

To despair or cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. Dr. Schenck's personal statement to the Faculty of his own cure was in these modest words:

"When I weighed 98 in the last stages of consumption, I came to my bed, and at one time my physicians thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They seemed to heal the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for a long time.

As soon as that began to subside my cough, fever, pain and night sweats all began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength, and have grown in flesh ever since."

He was weighed shortly after my recovery, behind the Doctor, "then looking like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continues to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M., to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions and the medicines will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the seven laxatives need no other accompaniments than the simple instructions that accompany them: First—take appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, eat it will; and, in the language of Scripture, of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough loosens, the night sweat is abated. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a curer of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a purely inctetic against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, $1.50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, 602 Arch street Philadelphia, wholesale agents. may 17-1y.

ROSADALIS

ROSADALIS

ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT

It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.

ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS

will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.

THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS

have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.

DR. T. C. STOCK, of Baltimore.
DR. T. BEVAN, "
DR. J. E. BEVAN, "
DR. J. MANNELLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. McCARTHIA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. B. NOBLE, Edgefield, S. C.

USED AND ENDORSED BY

J. B. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
W. SMITH, Lyons, Mich.
W. WHITEHILL, Selma, Ohio.
H. HALL, Ironton, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Gordonsville, Va.
BAILEY & CARTER, Martinsburg, West Va.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in relation to the virtues of Rosadalis. Tutor Medical Profession to whom a Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla is required will find Rosadalis superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.
Manufacturing Chemists,
BALTIMORE, Md.

BALTIMORE PIANOS.

We respectfully call the attention of those desiring to purchase our make of Pianos. We are satisfied that we can give satisfaction in every case. Our workmen skillful and experienced and are under the personal superintendence of the members of our firm. We use only the best seasoned timber, and the material in general is first class. Our Pianos without exception have the patent agraffes arrangement throughout, which in the opinion of the most competent judges is pronounced valuable. By this improvement a Piano is made more durable and keeps the tone longer. We claim for our instruments that they are second to none, and they combine all the essential elements that constitute superior workmanship. We will give a written guarantee for five years.

Mr. GUSTAV FREIMAN, member of our firm, will visit Bloomsburg four times a year to repair and attend to tuning of all Pianos. In the absence of Mr. FREIMAN, Mr. I. K. MILLER will attend to our business in Bloomsburg and is authorized to receive and solicit orders.

We can give the very best references.

GAEHLE & CO.,
Baltimore, M. D.

I. K. MILLER, Dealer in Pianos, Organs and Melodeons five octave and five stop organs of the best make, sold at $130. Terms easy. June 23

NOTICE.

All those indebted to the undersigned on Judgement, Note, Bond or Book Account are hereby notified to make payment of same on or before the first of October next.

WM. McKELVY & CO.
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.

Bloomsburg, Aug. 18, 1871-3m.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

We now have on hand a large neatly printed assortment of JUSTICE'S and CONSTABLES BLANKS, to which we invite the attention of these officers.

Miscellaneous.

THE NEW DISINFECTANT!

BROMO CHLORALUM

NON-POISONOUS, ODORLESS,

POWERFUL

Deodorizer and Disinfectant.

ENTIRELY HARMLESS AND SAFE.

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