The Columbian Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday Morning, August 12, 1870. og THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a passed, giving negroes suffrage under much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Delegate Wominations.

We have heretofore on several occasions called attention to the subject of or in the Union, and many wise Radireform in the making of nominations, cal Congressmen are arguing that the and have recommended that such term of the Governor and Legislature changes should be made in our Dele- should be extended a year or two begate system as would make it more just | cause they are Radical, and a new elecin character and satisfactory in opera- tion would result in favor of the Demtion. Every year, every successive con- ocrats. vention, convinces us more and more of the necessity of reform and our sense | for Grant by over 8000 majority, the of duty to the public impels us to ex. party determined to perpetuate its powpress that conviction and to point out er by proclaiming martial law in severopinion, will be found upon trial to be servative citizens by imported hiremost effectual and salutary.

The two main objects to be secured by amendment of our rules of nomina. den in completing these outrages, and tion are evidently the following:

1. The representation of our election districts in Convention in proportion to

their democratic vote: and 2. The representation (as nearly as

may be) of all the voters who take part in the primary elections.

Neither of these objects is secured by our present delegate system which must therefore be characterized as imperfect and unjust. A district with 50 voters has the same number of delegates and the same power in convention as one of 250; and whenever there is a contest in a district and the people are divided in their preferences between candidates, a part of them only can obtain representation and the rest are virtually disfranchised. Proportional representation of districts in connection with the Free Vote will remedy these svils, reduce the expense of elections and secure more of harmony in party action. But for deliberate and intelligent changes in the rules which regulate nominations Convention to be called to take them nary conventions are too much occuvenient time during the present year,

The Proof.

A short time since we stated that the words "without defalcation" in a note, according to a decision of Radical auidea was such that our business men effect. We admit that such would be proper inquiries we have no doubt that decisions to that effect will be promptly given. Whether just or unjust, legal or illegal, the decisions are always in favor of increased taxation. We believe that all our bankable notes contain the words "without defalcation," and yet are positive that none of them are ever stamped as agreements. We do not mean to insinuate that the officers and directors of our banks have ever wilfully violated the law; but like poor Billmeyer and thousands of others, they did not and could not fathom the inscrutable mysteries of the Internal Revenue Bureau A Democratic Congress is the remedy for such absurdities.

Below we give the text of this ridiculous decision:

OFFICE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, July 8, 1870.

Sir:—J. Bastress, Cashier First National Bank of York, Pa., writes under date of the 7th inst., to this office, inquiring if the clause "without defalcaton" inserted in a Promissory note subjects such a note to an additional stamp.

He has been referred to you and you He has been referred to you, and you re therefore advised that such notes ne has been referred to you, and you are therefore advised that such notes should in addition to the stamp required upon them, as such, be stamped as agreements with respect to the clause or words quoted. Respectfully,

J. W. DOUGLASS, Deputy Com.

J. W. PATSON, Esq., Collector, Carlisle, Pa.

Republicans in Sullivan County.

The Sullivan Free Press is very much disgusted with the results of the Republican Convention lately held in that county, and says

"The Republican County Convention which met at Forksville, on Tuesday last, was without doubt the greatest farce ever played off on the Republicans of this County."

party which claims all the political purity there is to be had, things are not always as they should be. It has become quite common for Republican Conventions to lay themselves open to criticism, the last one held in Philadelphia ending in a free fight, pistols and other

"Taking it all in all, our Convention this year was a decided failure, and did not, in any sense of the word, express the sentiments or feelings of the Republicans of the County, as a body, and so long as the Republicans of this coun-ty allow themselves to be blindfolded and led by the fascinating powers of one man, this state of things will continue to exist."

attention from the alleged bribery and of the civil war, is given for the first corruption of Democrats and attend a time to the public in a recent number little to Radical errors of that descrip- of the Waynesburg Messenger: tion to which its attention is called by

a Republican paper. By conciliation and working in harmony the Democracy of other States are achieving magnificent victories. In other districts in this State the party is organizing for victory, while here we are inactive, and apparently careless. If this District is ever to be carried, now is the occasion. But to succeed there must be harmony in our ranks, and united, determined action. For a while, at least, let discord cease

More Victories.

For the past four years the bulk of Congressional legislation has been to retain power in the Southern States. In order to accomplish this the most inscrupulous means have been used. Democrats whose majorities were among the thousands, have been turned out-whole State delegations refused admission when their opinions disagreed with those of the majority,-and an amendment to the Constitution the belief that the Loyal Leagues could control their votes. Georgia, reconstructed on a loyal basis, has been denied representation because she subsequently turned Democratic, and now she does not know whether she is out

In North Carolina, which was carried those remedial changes which, in our al Democratic Counties, arresting conlings, and, to crown all, had the United States troops ordered in to assist Hol-

defying the Courts. But the load has been too heavy and the people of North Carolina have achieved a magnificent victory, despite all the obstacles in their way. Carrying the Legislature means a gain of a U. S Senator; and from present returns we have five out of the seven Congressmen In Kentucky, notwithstanding the heavy negro vote, we have triumphed by 50,000 majority!

Our success is equally signal in Ten-

Thus State after State is being loosed from Radical grasp, and it only remains for us in Pennsylvania to be equally steadfast and diligent to accomplish suc-

To the Young Democracy.

ere some young Democrats of superior intelligence who might, if they choose, send us occasional communications on the leading events in their localities. we suppose we must look to a special The remarks of an exchange upon this subject are so appropriate that we transinto consideration, inasmuch as ordi- fer them to our columns. "Many young Democrats, probably, have often thought pled with the making of nominations of corresponding for our paper, but have to consider fully or properly the sub- been deterred by the fear that their letject of reform. We hope that such a ters would not be acceptable. We feel Convention will be called at some con- like encouraging this class of our readers, and now extend to them a cordial and we believe that there is interest invitation to contribute to the columns enough felt in the subject of reform to of our paper. Nevermind, if your letters secure a full Convention and wise and are not exactly in ship shape; all writers have to practice long and patiently be fore they become perfect, and, besides, we will take care that they are put in proper trim, if necessary, before they appear in print. The exercise will be a good one for your mind; you will be thorities required an additional five acquiring a correct idea of the use of cents stamp. The absurdity of such an word; it will afford you pleasure to see your productions in type, and be helphooted at the idea, and censured us for ing, at the same time, to increase the circulating such a statement. They interest of your county paper. Many properly urged that if the addition of of the best editors of the country com those words made the note stampable, menced their careers by just such conthe clauses "for value received," and tributions to their home paper as we "with interest" would have the same propose. Democratic fathers who have boys with a taste for writing cannot do the case, and if some zealous Republi- a better thing than to encourage them can will only write to the Revenue De- in the practice of writing occasionally partment at Washington, making the for the columns of the local papers."

How Outrageously We Are Taxed. The financial editor of the Philadel

phia Ledger says: Heavy taxes are having their fruits at the South, and will have them here. The same seed bears the same fruit, evning the fruits of sturdy toil they must and just reward. The people of the South are represented to be very much ton crop of 1869, and the high price realized for it. Considerable distress is reported to prevail in South Carolina,

ever before, while the State debt has been increased nine millions in two years. Under such circumstances it is not to be wondered that the people are interested in the war in Europe, on account of the fact that it may depreciate the price of cotton. Are not the North-ern, Middle, and Western States suffering the same evil of heavy taxes and rapidly increasing debts by cities and by companies? Look at the growing debt of Philadelphia, on a credit weakened by virtual repudiation, and the huge debts of all our railroad and canal companies.

THE Radicals are constantly mouthing about equality. This is one of their favorite watchwords. Now, equality is one thing and a fanatic partiality is So it would seem that, even in the the two is illustrated by the conduct of another thing. The difference between foreigner. The negro, although upon their own evidence, he had been kept while a slave in the most degrading and immoral condition, was admitted at Radical arguments being freely used. him to wait five years on trial, and then present a certificate of his moral conduct before they grant him the same right. The most brutal and ignorant negro can vote at once, but the most wait five years and then prove his character. And such is Radical equality.

THE following letter written by Ex-In view of all this we would advise President Buchanan to a citizen of the Republican of this place, to turn its Washington (Pa.), during the first year

WHEATLAND, 14th Sept., 1861.

A FAMILY in Bangor, Maine, has has several times been recovered.

Congressional.

We have received a letter from a subwe take the following extracts:

18ru CONGRESSIONAL DIST. PA.,) BRADFORD COUNTY, JULY 29th, 1870. EDITOR COLUMBIAN. - As the time st approaching when the Democracy ill select their candidate for Congress in the October election. It may be well to glance backward and note the result of former campaigns since the organiza-

of former campaigns since theorganization of the District.

In the campaign of 1862, the candidates were Henry W. Tracy. Independent Republican and supported by the
Democrats, they making no nomination, and Robert F. Clark, who was
piaced upon the t'cket ten days previous to the election. Mr. Clark's defeat at this time was caused solely by
the disaffection in the Republican ranks
caused by the nomination of Geo. Lancaused by the nomination of Geo. Lan-don by the unfairness of the Conven-tion which gave him the nomination over Mr. Tracy. His, Tracy's, majority was 1,817.
We next come to the campaign of

1864. Col. V. E. Piolett, being the Democratic candidate, and Ulysses Mercur the Radical candidate. This election occurred during the Presidential canvass between McClellan and Lin-The military were sent into Colcoin. The military were sent into Col-umbia county and many of her peaca-ful citizens were arrested, and sent to Fort Mifflin for no other crime under Heaven than that of voting the Damocratic ticket. It was said in that cam-paign before any arrests were made. "No danger of Piolett's being elected, they ain't going to allow the Democrats to vote in Columbia county, but with all these outrages on quiet citizens, and Provost Marshal's officers in every town to drive Democrats into the army or a Bastile at the "tinkling of a little bell,"—not unlike Seward's, and the army vote all counted for Mercur, yet Colonel Piolett was defeated by only

601 majority. In the campaign of 1865, Hon. Wm. liwell, Democrat, was defeated by lysses Mercur, Radical, by a majority

In 1868, the year of the last Presidential campaign, the candidates were Col. Plolett, Democrat, and Ulysses Mercur, Radical; in this convass Col. Plolett fought at every disadvantage. Thous-ands of dollars were brought into the State and scattered into every Congress ional District to be used as a corruption ional District to be used as a corruption fund. The severity of party discipline was brought into requisition and his opponent literally rode into Congress, upon the popularity of Gen, Grant the Radical candidate for President, by the In every district of the county there insignificent majority of 311.

We have thus far traced the floures of the Congressional contests during the past eight years; it will be seen at a glance that Mercur's majority of 1,298 in 1836, was nearly obliterated in 1868. Whoever shall be nominated let all to to work with a will and give up in dividual preference for the general good, and Oct. 1870 will see that we have a Democratic Representative from the thirteenth District. DEMOCRAT.

An Extravagant Administration. The following extracts are taken from

•	our expenditures	during	the	last	te
	years:				
1	Years,	E	epene	titure	2.
7	1860		\$63,025,789.3		
В	1861		66,657,127.2		
0	1862		474,744,781,9		
f	1863		714,709,995.5		
е	1864,	*******	855,2	34,08	7.8
H	1865		290,5	12,98	2,4
е	1866,		520,8	09,41	6.9
y	1867		357,542,478.7		
-	1868,		337,1	140,28	4.8
	1869		321,	190,55	7.
Ø.	1870	********	292,	113,26	9.
e		_	2000		110
9	Total	\$5	303,7	00,81	1.5

We invite our readers, and the whole spectively. It will thus be seen that our rulers expended during the last two years of profound pecae \$613,603,867.06. From this must be deducted in round numbers about two hundred and forty million dollars as interest on the debt during the two years, which leaves erywhere. Like a vile weed overrun- \$373,603,867 expended in carrying on the government. From this, another be extirpated, ere labor meets its full deduction of about forty millions for pensions during the two years must be made, which the late war entailed, and in debt, notwithstanding the large cot- the balance will be found to be \$333,603,-

The total amount expended in the two years of 1850-61 was \$129,675,916. One-tenth of the whole area of land in From this must be deducted, for Inter-Fairfield county, and one-sixth of all in est paid in the two years-viz., \$3,177,314 Williamsburg county, is advertised to in 1860, and \$1,000,173 in 1871-\$7,177,be sold for taxes-State and county. The 487; which will leave a balance of \$122taxes are now very much greater than 499,429 expended to carry on the goverument during the aforesaid two years of 1860-61. Now, we have increased during these ten years, or rather only eight years if strictly reckoned, unusually poor, nor that they are deeply say one-fifth; and the expenditure should therefore be increased one-fifth. which, if added to the \$122,499,429 (being \$24,499,885,) amounts in a sum to-

tal of \$146,999,314. But the party in power have expended, after giving them credit for the extra interest on the debt, pension, and a fifth increase for the Increase of population, \$333,603,867 against \$146,999,314; or, in other words, for every dollar expended, exclusive of interest and penions, by the government in 1860-61, the rulers in 1869-70 expended as near as possible two dollars and twenty-seven cents.

Well may all reformers of revenue or otherwise go with the above irrefutable that party toward the negro and the record before the country and let our people give their verdict .- World.

Congress has just appropriated \$10,once to the right of suffrage. But when Washington City, and \$300,000 for the extension of a negro asylum known as sands of aged white women in the country who need assistance, but negroes are the pets of the Radical party. If any educated and refined foreigner must for indigent and aged white females, we have no doubt Radical Congressmen would be troubled with what Thad, Stevens once described as "fragments of the Constitution sticking in their kidneys."

YESTERDAY at New York one John Real, a Democratic politician, was hung for the murder of a police officer in 1868. —Press.

WHEATLAND, 14th Sept., 1861.

My Dear Sir: In reply to your favor of the 5th inst., requesting me to inform you of my age: I was born on the 23d of April, 1691.

I am glad to learn that you have two sons in the army of the Union. If I were a young man I should be there myself. I hope they may return to you with honor, after having served their country bravely and faithfully.

Yours, very respectfully.

James Buchanan.

WM. B. Rose, Esq.

came the imperative duty of Congress and let us put away personal ambitions, owned the same umbrelia for half a than \$4,000, so that even with the tardy has been appointed Commander-into relieve, consisted in an income of less ing, announces that Marshal Bazaine petty strifes, and objects of lesser im- century. It is not stated whether the aid of our ungrateful country she has Chief, and Gen. Trochu Major-General titution. portance which threaten the peace of article was ever borrowed or lost, but it scarcely 35,000 francs a year to ward off of the Army. Gen. Leboeuf retires. starvation.

THE WAR IN EUROPE,

PARIS, August 3.—The Journal Oficscriber in Bradford county, from which eiel, of this morning, declares that the present war is not against Germany nor against King William, but against Bismarck. The Journal regrets that the "Prussian King submits to the domination of this violent and unscrupulous minister."

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 4,-The Danish overnment still struggles hard to preerve neutrality, but the popular excitement is intense and perhaps ungovernable. The sympathy for France among all classes is very marked.

London, Aug. 4 .- It is rumored that Count de Caumont la Forge has arrived in London as a special messenger from the Duke de Grammont, to assure the Government that France will respect the neutrality of Belgium, and it is added that he has met with a cool recep-

PARIS, Aug. 4.-The Constitutionnel ays that the agent of Prince Charles of Leopold. The Berlin Government, ir-Charles refuses to yield to the demand.

the invasion of Belgium a casus belli, gage and camp equipage of two divis-The King of the Belgians will summon the Powers who have guaranteed her neutrality to her assistance as soon as her territory is invaded, and England on the theatre of war by this evening. will respond,

Berlin, Aug. 5,—4:29 p. m.—King William telegraphed the following despatch to the queen of Prussia: "We gained a brilliant but bloody

victory, storming Weissembourg and Galsberg, behind it. My regiment and the Fifty-eighth had heavy losses. Thank God for this first glorious achievement. May he help us further,"

BERLIN, Aug. 5 .- The following disatch has been received here from Nielerotterbach, a small village on the Otter River, near Weissembourg, dated on a brilliant but bloody victory. The eft wing was the attacking body, and onsisted of the Fifth and the Eleventh Prussian Corps, with the Second (Bavarian.) This force carried by an asault, under the eyes of the Prince Roy al, the fortress of Weissembourg and Gelsburg. Donay's division of Marshal McMahon's corps was splendidly defeated, being driven from its camp Gen. Douay himself was killed. Five hundred prisoners were taken. None of them were wounded. Many Turcos were among the captured. The Prussian Gen. Kircbach was slightly wounded The Royal Grenadiers and the Fiftieth Mr. Boutwell's elaborate statement of Regiment of the line suffered heavy

> BERLIN, Aug. 6, via London, 10 30 p. m-The Prince Royal telegraphs the following bulletin from the field of battle :-

"A victorious battle has been fought near Worth, McMahon was totally beaten by the larger portion of my command. The French retired upon Bit-"FREDERICK WILLIAM,

"Prince Royal. "Field of Battle, near Worth, 4:30 p. m. 12

BERLIN, Aug. 6, via London, 1:00 p drawn his entire defense of Paris. His places Marshal La Bœuf. country, to compare the expenditures sians overtook the retreating French losses have been enormous. The Prusorces early Saturday morning west of Stupnagel. Gen. Von Goeben ultimately assumed command, and the action was severe. A position at which the French endeavored to make a stand during their retreat was carried by the Prussians at the point of the bayonet. This battle is known as that of Hoge-

> SUTZ, Aug. 7-morning.-It is reported that Marshal McMahon was wounded in the battle of yesterday. We have taken over 4,000 prisoners.

London, Aug. 7.-Information has reached London that the defeat of Me-Mahon is complete, and that the Crown Prince has advanced to Hagenau and captured the place, routing the French. victorious!" The French loss is stated at four thousand, in addition to a great number of prisoners. Thirty pieces of cannon and six mitrailleurs were taken.

MAYENCE, Aug. 7,-6 a. m.-General Coeben reports concerning the fight west of Saarbrucken, that many hundreds of prisoners were taken. From these we gather that Frossard's corps was engaged. Our force in the action was four divisions. Night alone put an end to the fighting. The enemy covered his retreat by a heavy fire of artillery. General Steinmetz arrived in the evening and took command. Gen. Francois is dead. The loss is heavy on both sides. The number of officers of the enemy killed is especially large.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.-King William ends the following dispatch to the lucen:

"Good news! A great victory has been won by our Fritz. God be praised for his mercy! We captured 4,000 prismain army. The contest was very severe, and lasted from eleven in the morning until nine at night, when the Winder's Building. There are thou- French retreated, leaving the field to us. Our losses are heavy."

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The Empress has isued the following proclamation: Frenchmen: The opening of the war has not been favorable to us. He firm under this reverse, and let us hasten to repair it. Let there be but one party in the land-that of France; a single flag-that of the national honor. I came among you, faithful to my mission and You will see me the first in danger to defend the flag of France. I adjure all good citizens to maintain order. To agitate would be to conspire with our enemies.

Done at the Palace of the Tuilleries, the 7th day of August, 1879, at 11 o'clock, of McMahon were killed or wounded a. m.

THE EMPRESS REGENT, EUGENIE. Paris, Aug. 8-Evening.-There has been no fighting today; but the French Army is concentrating, and a battle is terrible earthquake has visited the expected hourly. Italy will send France 100,000 men.

Paris, Aug. 8 .- Le Temps, this even-Le Parlement says the Ministry have named Thorne, alias Comstock, jump-

determined to create a National Com- ed from the roof of an elevator into the mittee, with power to actunder all cir- Buffalo creek, this afternoon, a distance cumstances arising from the war.

PARIS, Aug. 8.-The Journal Official the distance down, he lost his balance contains the following dispatches:

METZ, Aug. 7 .- 91 a. m .- In the battle of Saturday near Reischoffen Me- from the new suspension bridge, at Mahon's Chief of Staff, Gen, Colson, was Niagara Falls on the 13th inst. The shot by the Marshal's side. Gen. Ra- water in the creek was only fourteen outt is among the missing. Our artill- feet deep where the jump was made, ery suffered heavily. Marshall McMahon is now in communication with Gen. and William Duncan, on trial for rape Failly. Metz is preparing for a vigorous defense. The General commanding the fortress has ordered Germans and strangers to provide themselves with a a fine of \$3,000 each—the full extent of permission of residence.

Behlin, Aug. 8,-General Steinmetz the contest between Gen. Von Goeben phia, and Forest City Club, of Rockford and the French force under Gen. Fross- was won by the latter. The score was ard: "The fight was opened on our side by the 14th Division, which was subequently reinforced by artillery and famous trotting mare, Lady Thorne, cavalry. A fierce and bloody struggle met with an accident here this mornraged along the line between Saarbruck ing, which will probably disqualify her Roumania, in Paris, took an active part and Forbach, lasting until night. The for the turf. She fell from a bridge by in procuring the renunciation of the heights of Spiechelen were carried at which she was being led, into a car, throne of Spain by his brother, Prince the point of the bayonet, and the enemy and dislocated her hip joint. She trotwere thrown back on Forbach. Mean- ted here yesterday, and beat George ritated at the conduct of the agent, have while, our 15th Division had advanced demanded his dismissal, but Prince from Vocklingen, taken Rossel, and reached Forbach at nightfall, the brok-LONDON, Aug. 5 .- It is understood en divisions of the French army being hat England has determined to make driven upon that point. There the bagions and many prisoners were taken."

LONDON, Aug. S .-- The Prussians claim that they will have 800,000 men Lendon, Aug. 9.-A dispatch from

Carlsrhue states that Strasbourg is surrounded by an army of 60,000 Prussian troops, mostly from South Germany. The city must surrender, as the garrison is composed of only 7,000.

An advance of the Prussian right, from Saarlouis and Treves, has commenced. It is supposed that Prince Frederick Charles is in command.

BERLIN, Aug. 9 .- The losses of the French in the battle of Woerth on Saturday, were 5,000 dead, wounded and missing, and 6,000 prisoners. McMao'clock Thursday evening: We have hon's baggage, many cannons and two long railway trains, with stores and munitions, were captured. The Prus sian cavalry in their pursuit, bagged thousands of stragglers, who had thrown away their arms. The total Prussian loss was 3,500 dead and wounded.

PARIS, Aug. 9.-Marshal F. A. Ba zaine, the new commander of the French army in the field, has assumed the direction of the French forces. His headquarters are at Metz.

The divisions under Bazaine's immediate command number 130,000, sub di-000 men, composing the left, at Thioneral Frossard, between Metz and St. Avold; fourth, the Imperial Guard, numbering 25,000.

Besides these commands are co-operative forces, as follows: Marshal Mac-Mahon's corps of 50,000 at Saverne while Marshal Canrobert with the Imperial Guard, numbering 50,000, occuples Nancy, the approaches to which city are well defended.

The chief command of the entire

uprising of the people of France to re-Saarbruck, near the Speicheen hills, officially, that 2,000,000 of men are ready clamorous for organization and leaders.

PARIS, Aug. 9.-Evening.-There are enormous crowds on the Boulevards and streets to-night, and the people were much agitated. The shops were closed early in many places. The authorities are taking precautionary measures, both Police and military.

All correspondents of foreign newspa pers have received orders to go from Metz to Nancy. A dispatch from Gen. Frossard, who is stationed between Metz and Nancy, printed in the Putric, says the Emperor has been solicited to return to Paris by the home Generals, and replied, "I will only return dead or

Paris, Aug. 10.—In the Corps Legislatif yesterday, Deputy Jules Favre offered a proposition that the Chambers should assume the full powers to save the country. He declared that the Emperor's incapacity to command the army and direct its operations, had been conclusively proved. He should therefore be recalled. A tremendous row ensued, the Deputies almost en masse striving to obtain the floor, gesticulating vielently. Some actually struck each other. The Ministers were also participants in the melee.

M. Ollivier demanded to be absent from the Chamber for an hour. At his request the sessions were suspended, and M. Ollivier at once hurried to the Empress.

THE PRINCE IMPERIAL IN LONDON. LONDON, Aug. 10.—The Prince Imperial of France has arrived in London, and is now in the French Legation, in charge of W. F. Smith, the oners, thirty guns, two standards, and Emperor's confidential agent. Smith six mitrailleurs. McMahon, during the also brought Empress Eugenie's jewels fight, was heavily reinforced from the and valuables, and the famous diamond of the Duke of Brunswick. The Prussians, as they advance, dis-

the recent battles are frightful, exceeding even the most extravagant estimates. Paris, Aug. 10-A. M.-The Ollivier

Ministry has been superseded, General

Cousin de Montauban, Count Palikao has been appointed Minister of War and charged with the formation of the LONDON, Aug. 10 .- A report is current here that Prince Frederick Charles with the second Prussian army corps,

between Metz and Nancy. PARIS, Aug. 10 .- The La Liberte says that all the members of the staff in the battle of Fraschweiler.

ATHENS, Aug. 3, via. London .-

BUFFALO, Aug. 3 .- A foolish fellow

has broken through the French centre,

Latest News.

shores of the gulf of Corinth. The towns of Amphirsa and Galazida and several villages were destroyed. Many per-DALMAN-In Espy, on 2nd inst., Mrs. Auge-itus Daiman, aged 49 years, 5 mos. and 29 days sons were killed and wounded, and the IDE—At Lehama, Luserne Co., Pa., July 15th, 1870, Mrs. Rebecca Ide, mother of Mrs. W. A. Sleppy, of this piace, aged 76 years, 5 months and 11 days. inhabitants are in a state of great des-

FOWLER-At Espy, Pa., on July II, 1870, Mar Inaduke Pierce, son of C. S. and Elmira C. Fowler, aged 4 months.

of 145 feet-when about two-thirds of and fell on his side, causing serious injuries. He was advertised to jump

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.-John Baldy of a Miss Jarvis a few weeks since, have been convicted and sentenced to thirtytwo years each in the Penitentiary and the law.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Aug 4 .- The game telegraphs the following particulars of between the Athletic Club, of Philadel-

Forest City 15, Athletic 10. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 4.-The Palmer.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 4.-An unusual event occurred here last night in the marriage of Hon. Albert T. Morgan, (white,) a Republican Senator in the Mississippi Legislature, to Miss Carrie Highgate (colored.) The ceremoney was performed by a colored minister. The couple left immediately for Cleveland Ohio, Mr. Morgan's former home, via Louisville. The affair naturally creates a sensation in the community. Morgan is a lawyer of some ability, is of temperate habits, and was Colonel of a Michigan regiment of the Federal Army. The bride is of a decidedly dusky hue.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 5 .- A difficulty oc curred on Main street, yesterday between General W. J. Smith and Judge John W. Smith, during which the former, who is a member of Congress from this district, had his left ear bitten off. Both were arrested and fined five dollars each in the police court this morning.

THE NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION. RALEIGH, Aug. 6.—Election returns eccived to-day confirm the opinion that the State has gone Democratic by from five to fifteen thousand majority. Cobb, in the First District, and Dixon to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Heaton, and Thomas, all Republicans, in the Second District, are certainly elected. Additional returns render the election of Waddel, Conser vative, over Dockery, Republican, cer tain. Gilliam, Conservative, to fill Devided as follows: First, 50,000 men of wee's vacancy, and Rogers, Conservais own corps, who have been in the tive, are elected in the Fourth District. defences at Metz; second, Marshal Count | Rogers beats Harris by about 900 votes. L'Admirault's corps, consisting of 30,- Beach, Conservative, is elected over Scott, Republican, in the Sixth District ville; third, 25,000 troops under Gen- Harper, Conservative, is doubtless elected over Jones, Republican, in the Seventh District. Both Houses of the Legislature will be largely Democratic some claim a two-thirds majority in each House.

TERRIBLE BAILROAD ACCIDENT. GREEN BRIER, White Sulphur Springs Va., Aug. 7.—A terrible accident occurred yesterday at Jerry's Run, two miles from Alleghany station, and eight miles from White Sulphur Springs, French army has been transferred to The train was running only six miles m.-The French Emperor has with Marshal Bazaine. Gen. Trochu re an hour and up a very steep grade, when the next to the last coach ran off PARIS, Aug. 9.—There is an immense | the track. The conductor discovered the car off the track, pulled the alarm pel the Prussian invasion. It is said, bell, and the train was taken up in a very short space. The car that ran off General Kamers commenced an attack, to march, and that the reserve corps the track went over the bank. It is supsupported by Generals Barnakan and will number 1,600,000. The people are posed the accident was the result of the sudden breaking of a wheel. Nine per-

sons were killed. Pottsville, Aug. 8.—An immense German demonstration of sympathy for Prussia was held at Union Hall this evening. The spacious hall was crowded from the doors to the stage, and the galleries, with Germans and sympathizing Americans. The American and German flags were blended together from the stage.

Eloquent speeches were made by Hon. Myer Strouse, Linn Bartholomew and others. Resolutions of sympathy for Prussia were adopted, and a committee appointed to collect money for the aid of the wounded. The band discoursed patriotic airs, and the Sængerbund sang several German songs. The demonstration was one of the most exciting since the days of '61 in the borough. The best citizens of Pottsville took an active part in the meeting.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8 .- The contest which has been exciting the yachting circles of the country for weeks past is at last over. The coveted trophy, 'Queen's Cup," won by the yacht America nineteen years ago, is still to remain in America. This prize was brought to this country by the America, and, properly speaking, is not a cup, but a large antique ewer, with arabesque ornamentation. It weighs 132 unces; it is 28 inches high.

listance sailed being about forty miles. The Magic is owned by Franklin Os good, of New York, is 97.2 tons, and has an area of 1,680 square feet of canvas, against the Cambria, measuring 227,6 tons with 2,105.8 area of canvas. The judges of the race were Moses II. Grinnell, William B. Duncan, and Alexander Hamilton, Jr. The executive committee having charge of the arrangements were Willian H. Major, cover that the losses of the French in | Sheppard Homans, and Stuart M. Taylor, all of whom deserve credit for the admirable manner in which the race was sailed and its perfect fairness.

MARRIAGES.

MAGEE-SLEPPY-On the 2d of August, 1870 at Seybertsville, by Rev. Battersby, Mr. Wil-liam Magee, of White Haven, to Miss Clars Sleppy, of Butler, Luzerne county, Pa. HOFFMAN-ROEHRIG-On the 7th inst., b Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, Mr. Jacob Hoffman to Mis Sarah Roehrig, both of Roaringcreek twp.

TILES—FULLMER—At bis residence, on the 28th uit, by Rev. E. Fullmer, Mr. Richard M. Silles, to Miss Aitco A. Fullmer, edeal daugo-ter of Dr. J. W. Fullmer, all of Benton, Pa. REVELING-HAGENBUCH-At the M. E. Parsonage, in Espy, July 28 Mr. Isane Creve ling, to Miss Rebecca Hagenbuch.

DEATHS.

UNKEL-In Bloomsburg, on the 4th inst., Minnie Eimerta, daughter of Charles and Mary M. Kunkel, aged 8 months and 4 days,

Bloomsburg Market Report Scotch plu. LUMBER. ock Boards per thousand for

e " (one in st, Scantling, Plank, (Hernlock) ngles, No. I per thousand ing " ft.

Philadelphia Markets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEACHERS EXAMINATION.

NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing unde he name of Koons & Leidy, at Join, Columbia ounty, Pa., has this day been dissolved by mu had consent. All caims and settlements mus e made with the new firm under the name of I. Leidy.

KOONS & LEIDY, Joia, August 12, 1870-4w. THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE

10 CENTS OF

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT ONTAINING FORTY-EIGHT COLUMNS after, Political, Literary, Agricultural Curre matter, Political, Literary, Agricultural, Curren News, &c., from the First of September, 1850, in til the First of January, 1871, for Firty Cents to single subscribers, \$4.50 to clubs of ten, \$8.50 to tube of twenty, and \$50,00 to clubs of one hun-ired (to one address), cash in advance. Address B. F. MENERS & CO. Editors and Proprietors, Harrisburg, Pa-nugl279-4w.

MONTOUR BOUNTY FUND, 1809 EVAN WELIVER, Collector. amount of Duplicates amount paid Heary Lazarus

centage. e paid to School Treasurer HENRY LAZARUS, Treasurer, amount received of Evan cliver Collector 311 46 and paid James Harton note " for Implicate and

percentage sount in hands of Treasurer NOAH MOUSER, ISAAC MOWRY, JOHN G. QUICK,

CHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of Sundry writs of Levarl Facias is an ed out of the Court of Common Pleus of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed tastle by public vendue or outery at the Court House in Bioconsburg, at one o'clock in the forencou of Monday Sept. 5th 1876, the following real estate, to wir.

serged, taken in execution and to be sold a he property of Hiram Smethers. ALSO:

At the same time and place, all that certain lot or piece of ground, situate, lying and being in Orangeville in the county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: bounded on the south by a lot of Samuel Co'eman, on the east by lands of Nathaniel Spear, on the north by lands of Nathaniel Spear and on the west by Main Street of the village of Orangeville, together with the heredit aments and appartenances.

Selzed, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George Lazarus,

MORDECAI MILLARD,

Aug 1270

BRIDGE NOTICE.

We will meet on Monday the 22nd day of Aug-ust, 1870, at 19 o'clock, in Franklin twp., near Reuben Meigles', to receive proposats to rebuild county bridge at that point. Bridge 96 feet, between abutments; Length of plates 108 feet, double arches and chords, 19 queen posts and 1 king post on each side, to be covered with good white pine shingles, All timber to be of good quality,

BILL OF LUMBER FOR LATTER BRIDGE. 2 Seew backs of white oak, 4 chords, 6 by 14 and 72 feet lo deepers, cross tles,

hite pine shingles.

D. YEAGER,
WM. G. QUICK,
CYRUS ROBBINS,
A Best-WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.
loomsburg, August 12, 1870.

PUBLIC SALE

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Executors of the last Will all Testament of Henry Belfenbacher, late of Derry township, Montour county, Pa., dec'd., by Gritue of authority in said Will contained, will expose to sale by public vendue, on the premise, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER and Delack, A. M., the most valuable Real Estate fields in a some into market for many years. This hands lie upon and adjoining the public mond leading from Westingtonville, to the Estate field in the same into market for many seems, the lands from Westington will be and and find Chirric accommodations, about one and a salf miles, from barville about 10 miles, from Siton about 10 miles, from Siton about 10 miles, from Siton about 11 miles, from the salf of the very best quality.

TRACT NO, 4, containing The race was won by the Magic, the

101 ACRES AND 47 PERCHES. hereon are creeted a large beautifully situates to and a half story

106 ACRES AND 102 PERCHES, adjoining tract No. 1, above mentioned; 46 acres of which is cleared, with good apple or cannot on part of it, 5 acres agares; limbered and 55 acres first rate Timeer, consisting of Oak, Hickory, Mapic, Classimit, &c., of immense value, and the land of test quality, after the timber had been cut off. The Oak is of a superior quality for building Cars, Wagons, &c., and the land is watered by a branch of Chillsquaque Creck.

TRACT No. 3, Limestone Lot, containing 1 acre and 55 perches.

TRACT No. 5, Limestone Lot, containing lacre

Executors.

4#FERIMS OF SALE—Ten per cent of the purchase money shall be paid on the day of asic, onse third of the balance on the 1st of April, AD. 1871, when possession will be given, and the balance April ist. 1872, with interest from April 1st, 1871. And the purchasers shall enter mis agreements with security to comply with the terms of sale. Upon the payment of the purchases money, good and sufficient deeds, at the expense of the purchases to returns, shall be

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT IN fay first, issee to take proof of contract, anissioner to take proof of contract. By the Court. Certified from the Rec. Whiteness of Ex-

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

EMMOR PIETTERICH STEPHEN DIETTERICI Bug5'70-0w.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS. 1. Widow of Jacob Artley, late of Pen-

widow of Jacob Girton, late of Briane Widow of Jacob Girion, has been a shirp, deceased. Widow of George Keiler, latent in Allow deceased. Widow of James Emmitt, late of Repr DEGISTER'S NOTICE, NOTICE!

 First and partial account of Lowis version of the estate of size. Hower, in ocaringereek township, deceased.
 Third and final account of John Applen dministrator of Baltis Applement, late will seek township deceased. 3. First and fluit acc

is, The account of Isane Kricking stor of Frederick Maximum, in 5311 4

uni of Marin A

reck township, o ALLEN & NEEDLES,

42 SOUTH DELAWARE ANESUE, PRILABELEE ESTABLISHED IN 180. ontinue the manufacture of their old strain SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME

AND AMMONIATED FERTILIZER. oth of which are sold at Low Prices, light emunerative to the FARMER OF DEALER. SEND FOR CIRCULAR. NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO,

Genuine Government from Chinelia and Gr ape Islands.) Pure Calcined, and Land Plaster, Hydrau ment, Candles, and a full assurtment of ING AND GREASING OILS at lowest make A DISCOUNT TO DEALERS. Should the dealer near you, not be portain les, send your orders to us and they different group! attention. For Sale by the Bloomsburg from Co. augs 70-18

TOHN G. JACOBY'S BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY

BERWICK, PENN'A. The undersigned would respectfully in the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity the has opened a Confectionery and thatery is ODD PELLOWS HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to finish all kinds of PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, FRENCH CANDIES, FOREIGN AND IOMESTICIERIS GRANGES, LEMONS, EASISS de, de, de, de BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Among the assortment will be found; vuts, English walnuts, Peanum, Aleunderis, Pigs, Apples, Cocon Nuts, Jelievant at kinds, Mustard, Cabon, Phelios, the suned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Status, is all, Feder Crackers, Ovder James, in FISH AND OYSTERS, And produce of all kinds. Fresh lived all Calles every day. The transition Service, for patronage is solicited.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PRINTING