FARMER'S COLUMN.

Dig Around the Trees.

This advice needs to be repeated daily. Every farmer knows that a hill of corn or potatoes will not amount to much unless cultivated, and yet there are many who will neglect to give the same care to a tree, which is worth a hundred hills of either of the former. In rich soils, trees may grow rapidly without cultivation, and no amount of grass or weeds will retard them; but there are other things besides growth to be looked after. If the weeds and grass are allowed to grow up around the stems of apple, peach, or quince trees, the bark will become soft near their base by being shaded, and thereby be in a suitable condition for the reception of the eggs, which will eventually become peach or apple borers. Take any dozen young apple-trees in sections where the apple-tree borer is abundant, and allow a portion to be choked with weeds, and the remainder well cultivated, and then watch the result. From our own experience, we believe that the chances are nine to one in favor of those cultivated being exempt from this pest. The same is true in regard to many other trees which are liable to the attacks of various species of insects. Young evergreens should never have their lower branches shaded with weeds and grass, and the soil as far as the lower branches extend should be stirred at least once in two or three weeks during the entire summer, or else apply some kind of mulching that will effectually keep down the weeds. When the trees become large and strong, these precautions will not be necessary. Every blade of grass or small weed that is allowed to grow about the stems of young trees will rob the soil of moisture, and this fact alone ought to be sufficient to make every one practice thorough and careful culture.—*Hearth and Home.*

How to Use Hen-Manure.

A writer in the *Rural New Yorker* thus records his experience in the use of hen-manure;

"The writer has managed with hen-manure the past ten years, in the following manner: His farm consists of fine, loamy land, lying on the banks of the Merrimack. In 1859, at the suggestion of an aged uncle, he made his first experiment in applying hen-manure, with moderate expectations of an improved crop of corn and potatoes. The ground in thick sward was broken up the previous fall, thoroughly harrowed in spring, and planted May 15th, with an early, eight-rowed corn, one acre by measure. The hills were opened by a man with a hoe. Six barrels of hen-manure compost were evenly distributed in the 3600 hills, giving a fair-sized handful to each hill, dropped by a man carrying it in a basket. This compost was covered three-quarters of an inch with a hoe, and patted lightly. Then the corn was dropped and covered one inch with a hoe. Two men planted the acre in one day. That spring was unusually dry, and corn came up badly and unevenly. But on this piece, every hill, and apparently every kernel came up in seven days."

Hen-manure is among the best of fertilizers, and each dozen hens should make, with the added muck, at least four barrels a year.

Its application to any crop should be carefully made. If the land is mellow a handful dropped in the furrow, and anywhere from half an inch to an inch of dirt brushed over it with the foot, will be an ample and quick covering after which any seed can be dropped without fear of injury.

Since there is so much more attention paid to the rearing and care of poultry than formerly, we hope that this source of profit will not be overlooked, and that the gardens and corn-fields will show that all this fertilizing material has been carefully saved.

Thinning Out Fruit.

The over abundant bloom and prospect of fruit this year will make many hearts rejoice, but will lead many to neglect their trees. At no time will they need greater attention and care than now. If allowed to overbear this year, the chances are that the tree will suffer an injury and overstrain, that will last for years ahead. The opportunity is favorable *now* to save them by *frequent thinning*. Go through the orchard, thin out one-half of all the fruit; or say one-third at first and the balance afterward. The tree, thus relieved of an immense number of small specimens, demanding sustenance, will now concentrate it all upon the remaining fruit, causing it to attain an unusual size, flavor and handsome appearance. Such fruit will always sell handsomely and readily, while a vast mass of mediocre fruit often is passed by without a purchaser. To many it seems paradoxical to cut off one-half of a fruit crop in order to realize a greater profit; but it has been proved so often to our own satisfaction that we practice it now as constantly as we cultivate the ground. *Now is the time*, in June and July, to carry out this plan; and every week the good orchardist will visit his trees and clip off the superfluous or inferior fruit.—*N. Y. Observer.*

BIRDS.—The people in the various parts of the country are beginning to learn that if they would have large crops of fruit they must spare the birds. Even the blackbirds and crows are found to be of service in the extermination of destructive worms and insects.

For every grain of corn the crow appropriates he devours a myriad of worms and insects. For every cherry or berry that a little bird devours he saves to the owners of the trees a quart of the precious fruit. In cities and their suburbs, where the salvation of growing fruit is not so much of an object as protection from worms and disagreeable boys, the presence of birds is most essential. If they are allowed to breed and are not molested, but allowed to fly about at will, they increase with amazing rapidity, and learn to make homes of the most frequented places.

SAID an Irishman to the telegraph operator, "Do you ever charge anybody for the address in a message?" "No," replied the operator. "And do ye charge for signing his name, sir?" said the customer. "No, sir." "Well, then, will ye please send this? I just want my brother to know I am here," handing the following: "To John McFlinn, ——, at New York.——(signed)——Patrick McFlinn." **It was sent as a tribute to Patrick's shrewdness.**

How to Get Big Crops.

As a rule farmers are much more ambitious to get big prices, than big crops. There are a few farms whose average production could not be doubled in a very short time by more capital and labor. It is safer to use capital in farming than in any other business. The credit of the plow is quite as good as that of the loom and anvil; and the capital will come, if it is called for. Use more manure, and get thirty bushels of wheat where you now get fifteen, and eighty bushels of corn where you now get forty. The quantity of grain per acre is mainly a question of manure and tillage. A big compost-heap makes a full grain bin. With high manuring, the soil needs deeper stirring and a gradual bringing up of the subsoil to the surface. With the present horse harrows and cultivators, nearly all the cultivation can be done by horse-power, at great saving of expense and great increase of the crops.

TURNIPS AMONG CORN.—It is frequently the case that in passing through corn-fields in autumn, we find the space between the rows occupied with sturdy weeds; sometimes the spurious vegetation completely overtops the maize and "casts it into the shade." Now, we would inquire, is it not much better and more prudent, in every sense of the word, for the farmer to occupy the soil monopolized by the exhausting weeds with some crop that will contribute to his resources, than to have it filled with such productions, and which will not only "sap the land" most wretchedly, but foul it by the dissemination of their minute and multitudinous seeds? Certainly no farmer can doubt the affirmative. By sowing the Purple Top Turnip seed at the last dressing of the corn crop, or sowing just before a rain and allowing that to cover it, he can have a hundred bushels of good turnips per acre if the soil be rich and well cutivated, instead of a host of worthless and pestilent weeds.

THE YOUNG FOLKS.

The Three Spinsters.

There was once a lazy girl who could not spin, and let her mother say what she would she could not get her to work. At last the mother, getting both angry and impatient, gave her a blow, which made the girl cry very loud. Just then the Queen passing by, heard the noise, and stopping the carriage, she stepped into the house and asked the mother why she beat her daughter in such a way that the passers-by in the street heard her shrieks. The mother, however, was ashamed that her daughter's laziness should be known, and said, "I cannot make her leave off spinning; she will spin for ever and ever, and I am so poor I cannot procure the flax." The Queen replied, "I never heard of anything I like better than spinning, and I am never more pleased than when the wheels are whirring. Let your daughter go with me to the castle; I have flax enough, and she may spin as much as she pleases." The mother was very glad at heart, and the Queen took the girl home with her. As soon as they entered the castle she led her up into three rooms, which were all full of the finest flax from top to bottom. "Now, spin this flax for me," said the Queen; "and, when you have prepared it all, you shall have my eldest son for a husband. Although you are poor, I do not despise you on that account; your unwearied industry is dowry enough." The girl, however, was inwardly frightened, for she could not have spun the flax had she sat there from morning to night until she was three hundred years old. When she was left all alone she began to cry, and thus she sat three days without stirring a hand. On the third day the Queen came, and when she saw that nothing was yet spun she wondered; and the maiden excused herself by saying that she had not been able to begin yet, on account of her great sorrow at leaving her mother's house. So the Queen was satisfied; but on leaving she said, "You must begin to work for me to-morrow."

As soon as the girl was again alone, she knew not how to act or help herself, and in her vexation she went and looked out of the window. She saw three women passing by; the first of whom had a broad, flat foot, the second such a large under-lip that it reached nearly to her chin, and the third a very big thumb. They stopped before the window, and, looking up, asked the girl what she wanted. She told them her trouble, and they offered her their help, saying, "Will you invite us to the wedding, and not be ashamed of us but call us your aunts, and let us sit at your table? If you do all these, we will spin the flax in a very short time for you."

"With all my heart," replied the girl "come in, and begin at once." Then she let in these three women, and, making a clear place in the first room, they sat themselves down and began spinning. One drew the thread and trod the wheel, the other moistened the thread, and the third pressed it and beat with her fingers on the table; and as often as she did so a pile of thread fell on the ground, which was spun in the finest manner. The girl hid the three spinsters, however, from the Queen, and showed her, as often as she came, the heaps of spun yarn; so that she received no end of praise. When the first room was empty, the three women went to the second, and at length to the third, so that soon all was cleared out. Now the three spinsters took leave, saying to the girl, "Do not forget what you promised us; it will make your fortune."

When the girl showed the Queen the empty rooms and the great pile of thread, the wedding was performed, and the bridegroom was glad that he had such a clever and industrious wife, and praised her exceedingly.

"I have three aunts," said the girl, "who have done me much service; so I would not willingly forget them in my good fortune. Allow me, therefore, to invite them to the wedding, and to sit with me at table. The Queen and the bridegroom asked, "Why should we not allow it?"

When the feast was begun, the three old maids entered in splendour, and the bride said, "You are welcome, dear aunts."

"Ah," said the bridegroom, "how do you come by such ugly friends?" And, going up to the one with the big foot, he asked, "Why have you such a broad foot?" "From treading, from treading," she replied. Then he went to the second, and asked, "Why have you such an overhanging lip?" "From licking," she answered, "from licking." Then he asked the third, "Why have you such a broad thumb?" "From pressing the thread," she replied, "from pressing the thread." At this the Prince was frightened, and said, "Therefore my bride shall never touch a spinning-wheel again."

And so she was set free from the unlucky flax-spinning.

HOW TO CURE CONSUMPTION.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF DR. SCHENCK'S GREAT MEDICINES.—Will people never learn to know that a diseased liver and stomach necessarily disease the entire system? The planest Principles of common sense teach this, and yet there are hundreds who ridicule the idea, and continue in the course which almost inevitably brings them prematurely to the grave. Living as the majority of people do, at complete variance, with the laws of nature, it must be apparent to all that, sooner or later, nature will revenge herself. Hence we find that persons who indulge to excess in the use of very rich or indigestible food or intoxicating drinks, invariably pay a heavy penalty in the end. The stomach becomes disordered and refuses to act; the liver fails to perform its functions, dyspepsia and its attendant evils follow, and still the suffering individuals persist in clinging to the thoroughly exploded ideas of the past. Dr. SCHENCK'S medicines are recommended to all such. They bring sure and certain relief wherever they are used as directed, and all that is necessary to establish their reputation with every ailing man or woman in the land is a fair and impartial trial of them. Let those who are skeptical on this point, and who have permitted interested persons to prejudice them against these now celebrated remedies for Consumption, discard their prejudices, and be governed by the principles of reason and common sense. If the system is disordered depend upon it, in nine cases out of ten the seat of the disorder will be found in the stomach and liver. To cleanse and invigorate the stomach and to stimulate the liver to healthy action, use

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—The daily increasing demand for these pills is the best evidence of their value. Thousands upon thousands of boxes are sold daily. Why? simply because they act promptly and efficiently. Invalids who may not find it convenient to call on Doctor SCHENCK in person are informed that full and complete directions for use accompany each package of the

MANDRAKE PILLS, PULMONIC SYRUP AND SEAWEED TONIC.—These medicines will cure consumption unless the lungs are so far gone that the patient is entirely beyond the reach of medical relief.

It may be asked by those who are not familiar with the virtues of these great remedies, "How do Dr. SCHENCK'S medicines effect their wonderful cures of consumption?"

The answer is a simple one. They begin their work of restoration by bringing the stomach liver and bowels into an active healthy condition. It is food that cures this formidable disease. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS act on the liver and stomach, promoting secretion, and removing the bile and slime which have resulted from the inactive or torpid condition of these organs, and of the system generally. This sluggish state of the body, and the consequent accumulation of the unhealthy substances named prevent the proper digestion of food, and, as a natural consequence, creates disease, which results in prostration and finally in death.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP AND SEAWEED TONIC, when taken regularly, mingle with the food, and the digestive organs, make good rich blood, and as a natural consequence, give flesh and strength to the patient. Let the faculty say what it may, this is the only true cure for consumption. Experience has proved it beyond the shadow of a doubt, and thousands are to-day alive and well who a few years since were regarded as hopeless cases, but who were induced to try Dr. SCHENCK'S remedies, and were restored to permanent health by their use.

One of the first steps the physician should take with a consumptive patient is to invigorate the system. Now how is this to be done? Certainly not by giving medicines that exhaust and emaciate—medicines that impair instead of improve the functions of the digestive organs. Doctor SCHENCK'S medicines cleanse the stomach and bowels of all substances which are calculated to irritate or weaken them. They create an appetite—promote healthful digestion—make good blood, and, as a consequence, they invigorate and strengthen the entire system, and more especially those parts which are diseased. If this cannot be done, then the case must be regarded as a hopeless one.

If the physician finds it impossible to make a PATIENT FEEL HUNGRY, if the diseased person cannot partake of good nourishing food and properly digest it, it is impossible that he can gain in flesh and strength; and it is equally impossible to bring a patient to this condition so long as the liver is burdened with diseased bile, and the stomach laden with unhealthy slime.

Almost the first request made to the physician by a consumptive patient is that he will prescribe medicines that will remove or allay the cough, night sweats and chills, which are the sure attendants on consumption. But this should not be done, as the cough is only an effort of nature to relieve itself, and the night sweats and chills are caused by the diseased lungs. The remedies ordinarily prescribed do more harm than good. They impair the functions of the stomach, impede healthy digestion, and aggravate rather than cure the disease.

There is, after all, nothing like facts with which to substantiate a position, and it is upon facts that Dr. SCHENCK relies. Nearly all who have taken his medicine in accordance with his directions have not only been cured of consumption, but, from the fact that these medicines act with wonderful power upon the digestive organs patients thus cured speedily gain flesh. Cleansing the system of all impurities, they lay the foundation for a solid, substantial structure. Restoring these organs to health, they create an appetite. The food is properly assimilated; the quantity of blood is not only increased, but is made rich and strong, and in the face of such a condition of the system all disease must be banished.

Full directions accompany each of the medicines, so that it is not absolutely necessary that patients should see Dr. SCHENCK personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose he is at his principal office, No. 15 North Sixth St., corner of Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M.

Advice is given without charge, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $5.

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between this place and the different railroad depots daily (Sundays excepted), to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.
His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.
Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accomodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.
JACOB L GIRTON, Proprietor.

BAUGH'S
RAW BONE
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
TRADE MARK
SPRING 1870.
FARMERS!
INCREASE YOUR CROP OF
CORN, OATS, POTATOES, WHEAT AND GRASS,
As well as
ADD TO THE FERTILITY OF YOUR SOIL
By a Judicious and Economical mode of
MANURING.
GET THE VALUE OF YOUR OUTLAY THE FIRST SEASON.
OBTAIN BETTER FILLED EARS AND HEAVIER GRAIN.
KEEP YOUR SOIL FREE FROM NOXIOUS WEEDS.
MAKE YOUR LANDS PERMANENTLY FERTILE.
Over SIXTEEN years of constant use, on all crops, has proven that Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate may be depended upon by Farmers.
HIGHLY IMPROVED AND STANDARD WARRANTED.
For sale by Agricultural Dealers generally.
BAUGH & SONS,
Manufacturers.
Office—No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
mar18'70-6m.

WHY WILL YOU

RUIN YOUR EYESIGHT
BY USING COMMON GLASSES,
When you can purchase
LAZARUS & MORRIS'
CELEBRATED PERFECTED
SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES,
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
They are recommended by the Faculty for Purity of Material, Brilliancy of Finish, and their Strengthening and Preserving Powers, in which they excel all others. They last many years without change.
They can only be obtained in
BLOOMSBURG PA.,
Of Miss A. D. WEBB,
BOOK STORE, MAIN STREET,
Sole appointed Agent for this place. No Peddlers Employed or Supplied.
LAZARUS & MORRIS
Manufacturing Opticians,
mar18,70-1y. Hartford, Conn.

The Living Machine.
Injure the main spring of a watch and every portion of the works becomes disordered. The human stomach is to the human system what that elastic piece of metal is to a chronometer. It influences the action of the other organs, and controls, to a certain extent, the whole living machine. The comparison may be carried further: for as the weakness or other imperfections of the main spring is indicated on the face of the timepiece, so also is the weakness or other disorder of the stomach betrayed by the face of the invalid. The complexion is sallow or faded, the eyes are deficient in lustre and intelligence, and there is a worn, anxious expression in the whole countenance which tells as plainly as written words could do, that the *great nourishing organ* whose office it is to minister to the wants of the body, and to sustain and renew all its parts, is not performing its duty. It requires renovating and regulating, and to accomplish this end Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be truly said to be *the one thing needful*. The broken main spring of a watch may be replaced by a new one, but the stomach can only be repaired and strengthened, and this is one of the objects of the famous vegetable restorative which for eighteen years has been waging a successful contest with dyspepsia in all climates. As a specific for indigestion it stands alone. When the resources of the pharmacopœia have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the complaint, a course of this wholesome and palatable, yet powerful, stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspepsia the liver is more or less disordered, and upon this important gland, as well as upon the stomach and bowels, the Bitters act with singular distinctness, regulating and reinvigorating every secretive and assimilating organ on which bodily and mental health depend. [je9'70-1m.

THE HYPERION HAIR CURLERS.

AN INDISPENSABLE ARTICLE FOR THE LADIES.
(*Patented July 9th, 1867.*)
This Curler is the most perfect invention ever offered to the public. It is easily operated, neat in appearance, and will not injure the hair, as there is no heat required, nor any metallic substance used to rust or break the hair.
Manufactured only and for sale by
McMILLAN & CO,
No. 63 North Front Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Sold at Dry Goods, Trimmings and Notion Stores.
N. B.—Single Box 25 cents; 3 Boxes, assorted sizes, 65 cts. *Mailed free* to any part of the united States, upon receipt of the money.
je24'70-6½m.

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
On and after June 12th 1870, Trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:
NORTHWARD.
3.35 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, for Elmira Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.
3.40 P. M., Daily (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.
6.15 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.
TRAINS SOUTHWARD.
11.45 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
11.25 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.
ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.
ALFRED R. FIKE, Gen'l Supt.,

Dry Goods & Notions.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
Fresh arrival of
SUMMER GOODS.
DAVID LOWENBERG
invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
at his store on
Main Street, two doors above the American House Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCO, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of a very description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortimen of
CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
DAVID LOWENBERG.

C. C. MARR
have just received from the eastern markets a large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
Cassimers, Jeans, Best bleached & Brown Muslins, Calicoes, Tickings, Table Linens, Cotton & All wool flannels, &c., &c., A good stock of Ladies dress goods, Latest styles & patterns. Spices of all kinds, Good stock groceries, Queensware, Stone ware, Wood & willow ware, Flour & Chop,
Also Kitchen Crystal Soap for cleaning Tin, Brass, &c. All goods sold cheap for cash or produce.
He would call the attention of buyers to his well and carefully selected assortment which comprises everything usually kept in the country, feeling confident that he can sell them goods at such prices as will ensure satisfaction.
Nov. 5,'69-tf C. C. MARR.

MILLER'S STORE.
FRESH ARRIVAL OF
SUMMER GOODS.
The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Cloths, Cassimeres, Shawls, Flannels, Silks, White Goods, Linens, Hoop Skirts, Muslins, Hollowware Cedarware Hardware Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps Hoop Nets, Umbrellas, Looking-Glasses, Tobacco, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Rice, Allspice, Ginger, Cinnamon, Nutmegs.
AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.
In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON,
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CONFECTIONERY.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a
FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,
in the building lately occupied by Fox & Webb where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of
DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,
suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds, fresh every day.
CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHISTMAS TOYS.
A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.
Nov. 22, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

MERCHANDISE
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of
DRY G