

The Columbian and Democrat

BLOOMSBURG, PA. FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1870.

THE COLUMBIAN IS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, AND IS ALSO A MUCH LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THIS SECTION OF THE STATE.

The Poor House Question.

We desire to call general attention to the statement of the Directors in another column. Although it embraces a period of only nine months it is an exceedingly gratifying exhibit to the taxpayers, and will commend itself to such townships as have not adopted the system.

The value of the Farm, Buildings, Stock, etc., is \$20,215.72. The debts are \$14,481.90, showing a net result in favor of the District of \$5,733.82. Hereof the entire amount of tax was not sufficient to maintain the poor; but now not only is that done, but a large share of the farm paid.

State Temperance Convention.

A STATE TEMPERANCE CONVENTION will assemble at Harrisburg on the 8th of February at 11 o'clock A. M. Full delegations are expected to be present from different organizations.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." There, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced.

There is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own.

There is a native of West Virginia, who seems to have some self respect. He has refused to be sworn in by General Ames as a mere provisional Governor.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." There, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced.

There is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own.

There is a native of West Virginia, who seems to have some self respect. He has refused to be sworn in by General Ames as a mere provisional Governor.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." There, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced.

There is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own.

There is a native of West Virginia, who seems to have some self respect. He has refused to be sworn in by General Ames as a mere provisional Governor.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." There, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced.

There is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own.

There is a native of West Virginia, who seems to have some self respect. He has refused to be sworn in by General Ames as a mere provisional Governor.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." There, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced.

There is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own.

There is a native of West Virginia, who seems to have some self respect. He has refused to be sworn in by General Ames as a mere provisional Governor.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." There, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced.

There is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own.

Internal Revenue Items.

Persons engaged in the manufacture of wines from grapes, berries, or fruit, not of their own growth, should pay special tax as manufacturers, and as liquor dealers, when selling the same, whether their sales are made at the place of manufacture, or otherwise.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

The law does not designate which of the parties to an instrument shall furnish the necessary stamps, nor does the Commissioner of Internal Revenue assume to determine that it shall be supplied by one party rather than another, but if an instrument subject to stamp duty is issued without having the necessary stamps affixed thereto, it cannot be recorded or admitted, or used as evidence in any Court, until a legal stamp or stamps denoting the amount of tax, shall have been affixed as prescribed by law, and the person who thus issues it is liable to a penalty, if he omits the stamps with an intent to evade the provisions of the Internal Revenue act.

No stamp is necessary upon an instrument executed prior to October 1, 1862, to make it admissible in evidence, or to entitle it to record.

Certificates of tax in which there shall appear any written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, are subject to stamp duty at the same rate as a promissory note.

A check, draft or order, for the payment of a sum of money drawn otherwise than at sight, or on demand, is liable to stamp tax at the rate of five cents for each one hundred dollars, or fractional parts thereof.

Every memorandum, check, receipt, or other written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, is subject to stamp tax at the same rate as a promissory note.

There is no stamp tax on a promissory note until it is issued. A stamp is to be cancelled when it is "attached or used," and although a stamp may be affixed when a note is signed, it cannot be said to be used until the note is issued.

A negotiable promissory note made, signed and issued in a foreign country, and made payable there, may be negotiated by endorsement in this country without liability to any United States stamp tax.

The acceptor or acceptors of any bill of exchange, or order for the payment of any sum of money, drawn in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must before paying or accepting the same, place thereon a stamp indicating the duty.

When a conveyance of realty is made upon an actual valuable consideration which is manifested and intentionally adequate, the deed should be stamped according to the amount of valuable consideration, and a succession tax (unless the successor be the wife of the predecessor) should be assessed upon the value of the land conveyed, less such consideration.

When a receipt for an installment of rent is written upon the part of a lease held by the tenant, and issued by him a two cent stamp should be affixed to it, if the amount exceeds \$20.

Letter From Josh Billings.

January 7th, 1870. Belle my Dear Gazette. The time for me to fill my engagement with you, at Bloomsburg, is fast hurrying on, and I intend to fill it if I don't spring a leak. Sickens is a ov them kind ov leaks you kant avoid, norkan't stop. You will see me at Bloomsburg on the night of Jan. 28th, without the aid of a spyglass, if I dont get to leaking. The title ov my lektur iz "Milk," the lektur iz easy to take, and easy to digest. I warrant this lektur for 50 days, without any extra charge, I reserve the privilege ov watering the lektur from time to time, if it shows signs ov getting dry. Next year I think some ov dropping the lekturing bizness, and going into the Life & Fire Insurance Speculation. The only doubt I have about the new bizness, would be the risk ov insuring some folks, I know ov, against loss by fire. There iz a grave menny folks whom no amount ov premium will save from burning.

In advertising me, dont fail to mention my grate personal beauty, my moral capacity, and the undieing hatred I have for Gila and Sugar. You may also say I adore women, and kant help it. My wife travels with me, to see that the hack drivers dont cheat me. She iz a lovely woman ov some 25 summers. My lektur iz a good lektur, and perhaps it would be well enough for you to stat, when you are in conversation, that there iz length ov difference between a come lektur, and a scientific one, the audience have got to understand the come lektur, to enjoy it, but the kan enjoy the scientific one, without understanding it.

If you should make any engagements for me at the Hotel, dont fail to impress upon the mind ov the Landlord that I furnish my own tooth brushes, and want any common yaller bar soap, and an used-to wet towels, and although I am 5 foot 3 inches in depth, I kant sleep in a 5 foot bedstead, provided the mattress iz as thin as a book.

The Sultan has sent the Pope a \$5,000 gold ring.

There are 454,255 Free Ma-ons in the United States.

Freemont is paying \$30,000 a year as board bill in Younging.

Brigham Young's missionaries have made one hundred converts in Georgia.

Spinner's autograph is said to look like a Chinese prescription for pills.

A family in Buffalo, N. Y., live on rats, and like 'em.

North Carolina thinks it can raise as good tea as China.

1,064,090 codfish have been caught in the Pacific Ocean.

A citizen of Monroe county, Ky., is the father of thirty-three sons.

An elephant was sold in St. Louis, lately, at auction, for \$1,900.

Paris is to have in January a dry-goods store with 1200 salesmen.

It is said that George Peabody has left an estate of \$1,000,000, to be distributed among twenty-nine persons.

Kentucky rejoices in the possession of Martin Bates, an "infant" who is seven feet three inches high, 22 years old, and weighs 478 pounds.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE

A map of busy life, - its fluctuations and its vicissitudes. - NO. CIV.

THE WEDDING RING.

In the fall of 18- I with two or three others was invited to be present at a post mortem examination, where cancer had been the fatal disease. On reaching the house, we found the rest in waiting, and after the usual introductory ceremonies we repaired to the chamber of the dead. Although I had passed through the ordinary experiences of dissections whilst a student, and had witnessed examinations post mortem several times, still the presence of the clay cold form of humanity retained its chattering subduing influence on my feelings. Silently reverently, for 'twas a woman's frame, and we were all women, the covering was turned down from the face, it was pale and thin, its lines of suffering deeply traced, its neck womanly look touching to behold. The rosy cheeks of near sixty years had passed over her, striking her cheeks with silver. Her physician spoke of her patience and gentleness during the lengthened dying of two tardy years, of her thankfulness, that one of her own sex could be her physician, sympathizing with her, whilst ministering to the wasting body and palliating the tortures of disease, of her wish that as women could make a post mortem, they should do so, for the benefit of others of her sex. And how at the last visit when the spirit was about departing, being in great anguish and looking unutterable gratitude. With my mind interested and softened by the recital I looked on as the preparations proceeded. There were the white attenuated hands crossed on the still breast, and on the third finger of the left one was a gold ring worn almost through. Her physician remarked "that was her wedding ring, and she has been a widow these many years."

The abdomen was opened; the pelvic viscera exposed were found to be one mass of disease. "How could the poor thing live so long," was pityingly exclaimed, "how wonderful the tenacity of life!"

A large stone was found in the gall bladder, the liver was beset with whitish and lead-like bodies, and the stomach and intestines showed unmistakable evidences of functional disturbance. But amid all these explorations such fearful import to woman-kind, although medicine as a science possessed for me great attraction, was to me a subject of deepest interest, still my thoughts turned to the history of that little circle of gold, whose long clasps was not to be broken even in death. Had it been placed there while the current of youth and health blushed in the veins, the bloom and blush of maiden modesty tinged her cheek, and the light of love and joy beamed in her eye, placed there by a strong but gentle hand, the pledge of his manly affection and memory of that first moment of which it is the fitting emblem? Had it been halloved by the pressure of his lip, then put on with his sacred charge, and her faithful promise that it should never be removed? Had it been in her in the days of her weary widowhood a sweet souvenir of a strong and changeless love, that was ever watchful for her, ever solicitous to anticipate her wishes, ever yearning to shelter her from the rude winds of adversity? How many tender recollections had it awakened, how was it linked with her past happiness, how blended with her existing sorrows, how identified with every memory of him whose buried love was dearer than any heart of living mortal?

The examination was completed, as far as possible all traces of it effaced, the body readjusted, the hands softly crossed over the quiet heart, and they and their golden diadem forever hidden from my eyes. I had seen how extensive and terrible might be the ravages of disease and yet life linger, had learned how awful the agony to which woman is the only possible heir, but alas, I had not learned anything as to the cause, prevention, nor cure of the frightful malady. Such is the humbling limitation of the benevolent science, which is waiting for the discovery of human kind, I want from the presence of the dead, and a kinder, if not a wiser woman. Oft yet, when fatigued with the duties of the day I sit lonely in my silent chamber, that subduing memory comes up, and I see again that pale patient face, and those folded hands, and that well worn time-abraded marriage ring.

Life Insurance.

LIKE PROTECTION against loss from fire, life insurance, or some of the several plans suggested, is justly becoming exceedingly popular. In fact few business men who have a proper appreciation of life and even a common regard for the welfare of their families can risk the comfort of their wives and little ones to the uncertainty of life, or equally uncertain frolics of fortune. The day has come when men do not ask, "Shall we insure?" but upon what plan, and with what Company, shall such assurance be affected? Where is the most security with the least premium? The great difficulty with insurance generally is that it costs vastly more than it is actually worth. We are humbugged into a concern called "mutual," and, as the American mind is tickled with the idea of participation in the control and profits, this plan is the most popular and the officers of the company, who have little interest in the success of the company, and whose only object is the continuation of their emoluments reap the bulk of the benefits in the shape of enormous salaries and handsome buildings. Upon a good plan, protected by some law, either National or State, we believe the stock insurance is the safest the best and the cheapest. We have just started in our midst an organization which has for its object the provision of its method of business and a knowledge of its workings in our communities, we must say, that for a small insurance of five thousand dollars it presents the best and cheapest method extant. The plan is to form, what is called an "equitable association," which is composed of one thousand members. Each one pays a membership fee of five dollars, and one dollar each year annually thereafter. The money thus raised is to be appropriated towards the payment of incidental expenses and Secretary's salary. None of the officers besides the Secretary, to be salaried. Then upon the death of any member of the association, each surviving member pays into the treasury five dollars which is handed over to the heirs of the party whose life is insured. This brings the insurance of \$5000, down to its actual value and retains at home premiums which we now send abroad to enrich and amuse some one else. Only one thousand members will be required to fill the company and we advise every man to secure while he has the opportunity, this privilege of making his future a financial certainty. Memberships can be secured by addressing M. C. McCollum, Secretary of the Association, at Epy, Pa., - Republican.

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Table with market prices for various goods like wheat, corn, flour, etc.

NOTICE - SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE.

NOTICE OF JEREMIAH KLINE, DECEDENT, TO THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

ANNUAL STATEMENT.

OF THE POOR DISTRICT OF BLOOMSBURG TO JANUARY 31st 1870.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE POOR DISTRICT OF BLOOMSBURG.

MARRIAGES.

HUFF-JUTTLE - At the residence of the bride's father, J. H. Huff, of Watsonville, Pa., on the 19th inst. Mr. J. H. Huff and Mrs. Anna Juttle.

BEACHAM-SNYDER - On the 18th inst. at the residence of the bride's father, J. P. Beacham, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. P. Beacham and Mrs. Mary Snyder.

MOOREHEAD-GAINES - At Berwick, Jan. 12, 1870, Mr. J. Moorehead and Mrs. Mary Gaines.

WINNER-SHAPPEL - On the 11th inst. at the residence of the bride's father, J. Winner, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Winner and Mrs. Mary Shappel.

FAIRBANKS-HILLEN - On the 11th inst. at the residence of the bride's father, J. Fairbanks, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Fairbanks and Mrs. Mary Hillen.

HILLEN-HILLEN - At the 11th inst. by Rev. J. H. Hillen, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Hillen and Mrs. Mary Hillen.

HELMAN-HILLEN - At the same time and place, by the same Rev. J. H. Hillen, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Helman and Mrs. Mary Hillen.

MILLER-KROKHOF - On the 20th inst. by Rev. J. H. Hillen, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Miller and Mrs. Mary Krokhof.

LYNCH-CHRISTOPHER - On Jan. 18th, by W. D. Lynch, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Lynch and Mrs. Mary Christopher.

SHEPHERD-MILLER - On the 18th inst. by Rev. W. D. Lynch, of Bloomsburg, Pa., Mr. J. Shepherd and Mrs. Mary Miller.

MORSE-WILKINSON - At Evansville, on the 18th inst. by Rev. F. H. Hulse, of Evansville, Ind., Mr. J. Morse and Mrs. Mary Wilkinson.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE OF THE ESTATE OF PETER PETER, DECEDENT.

NOTICE OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN D. DICK, DECEDENT.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY CO-OPERATIVE RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

OFFICERS.

Legal Notices.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, I have sold to the highest bidder, the following property...