The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, DEC. 4, 1868.

If you want a first class County paper subscribe for THE COLUMBIAN, in which you will always find the current news.

WE trust no Democrat will sign any one of the fifteen petitions now being circulated by radicals for the offices *not yet vacant*. Let them fight out their own battles; Democrats stand aloof.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—Mr. —— Frazier lectured in the M. E. Church last Sunday evening, on the subject of Temperance, in the presence of a large and appreciative audience.

B——ony who writes the letter about the town clock and gets off into the late Fishingcreek Confederacy; should do the best to remain connected with the "side show." He will thereby make his ignorance less conspicuous.

IT was in contemplation by a few of the active young men of our town to have a course of lectures here this fall. The project failed because the Institute Hall could not be obtained. We are curious to know the reasons that influenced our educators.

SAM—no seems to be of the opinion that writing slang dutch letters, and passing for the Assessor's office, go together. Maybe they do, and having driven Poor Palemon off by another political fiction, every thing seems to be "lovely."

THAT "jubilee"—(that is a fifty cent oyster stew)— hat was to come off in Market Square, and didn't—that was to be the occasion of a general illumination and wasn't—that was to be a love-feast for all the Radicals round and about—still troubles our cotemporary like a night-mare.

BARN BURNED.—On last Monday night the barn of Andrew Crouse, in Mt. Pleasant Township was burned to the ground. He succeeded in saving the cattle and wagons, but the hay and grain were destroyed. It was evidently the work of an incendiary. The loss will be severe.

ONIONS.—This healthy vegetable is so scarce in our town, that we don't believe a dozen bushels can be bought in it. It is a good time for our farmers to bring them in. We are surprised that more onions are not raised. They can be raised with little care, are a prolific crop, and bring good prices.

LOST.—Samuel Neyhard, Esq. on Monday, Nov. 16th lost a large envelope, open at one end, addressed to him, containing two land patents, one in the name of John Wolf, and the other in the name of Joseph D. Robbins and others. The finder will be suitably rewarded by delivering them to Mr. Neyhard.

SOME noodle writing for the *Ieopbilicon* makes half a column of twaddle over the town clock. Of course the article to come up to the loyal standard had to lug in the "Fishingcreek Confederacy." We begin to appreciate how badly scared these fellows were in 1864, since the ghost of the "Confederacy" still haunts their speakers and scribblers.

NICE THINGS.—That's what everybody says after visiting Mr. Eckhart Jacobs' Bakery and Confectionery Store. He deals in all kinds of notions, toys candies, nuts, cakes, fruits, &c. both wholesale and retail. He is preparing a stock of Holiday toys that will astonish the natives. "Seeing is believing" and we advise all to visit his establishment. *

NEW FIRM.—WE would call attention to the advertisement in this week's issue of the new firm of Bower & Herring, successors to D. K. Sloan, at Orangeville. The gentlemen are no strangers in the community, and are entitled to its support and confidence. We wish them success, and have but one word of advice to give; *don't trust out too much.*

SHERIFF MILLARD'S boarding house—sometimes known as the *jail*—has become so popular that on Tuesday last he received three new boarders from Rohrsburg, arrested by Constable Keller, on the charge of stealing poultry from Mrs. McCarty. Their names are John Musselman, Joseph Paisley, and "Topsy" Evans. They were committed by J. B. Harman, Esq., of Orangeville.

"HANDSOME is that handsome does," is a true adage, yet there is no doubt that no man appears well, however intelligent or educated, unless he dresses well. It is not the cost or value of the material, but the style and manner in which it is made and worn. Now is the time to get measured for suits at J. W. Chemberlin's. He can make a fashionable and servicable suit in short order, and at reasonable rates. *

NEW MILL.—We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Peter Ent's new Mill at Ligh Street. Likes a sensible business man as he is, he believes in advertising—in letting the people know what he has to sell—and is not in favor of hiding his light under a bushel. His customers now come from all parts of the county and as a result of his advertising we have no doubt his business will be doubled. *

ADDITIONAL JURORS.—In view of the probable trial of the three men charged with the murder of Mr. Rea, the following additional jurors have been drawn: Charles Dubler, Bloom; James Dildine, Madison; Abraham Manning, Jackson; R. W. Bowman, Orange; Gideon Hosler, Reese M. Eck, Wm. L. Evans, Briarcreek; J. O. Winterstein, Mifflin; Robert Watkins, Locust; Daniel Hower, Franklin; Danie Helwig, S. D. Rinard, Catawissa.

"MANNERS makes the man," said Watts many years ago. While that may be so, it is equally true that a decent outfit goes a good ways in the matter. Besides it is about as cheap to dress well as to dress slouchily, and the person who wears shoddy ill fitting clothing, thrown together at the cities, evidently never left his measure at Lowenberg's cheap clothing store. Try him, and you never will repent of it. All kinds of under-clothing &c., kept on hand. *

THE ATTEMPTED MURDER OF CLAUDE WHITE—ARREST OF SUSPECTED PARTIES.—The facts in the case of the attempted murder and robbery of Major White, as published in the Pottsville papers of last week, agree in the main with the report in our last week's paper, taken from the Shamokin Herald. The villain who was shot has been recognized as James Finley, an employee of the New Boston Coal Company. He is still alive and recovering slowly, but refuses to make any disclosures. The name of the police officer who so gallantly risked his life in the unequal combat with the ruffians is S. H. Clauser. One account says that fourteen shots were fired at him, but he escaped them all unhurt. The Pottsville Standard of the 21st, gives the names of the parties arrested up to that time. It is reported that warrants have been issued on the arrest of several parties from Locust Gap, on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Mr. Rea, and that they have fled the country. It is also reported that Maj Rea's revolver was found at the house of Thomas Dooley, at Palo Alto, while search was being made for his watch, which we believe was not found. The Pottsville Standard article is as follows:

ARRESTED.—On Tuesday evening last John Duffy of Mahanoy City, and Thomas Donohoe, of Ashland, were arrested by Officer Fitzsimmons, of the county police, and brought into Pottsville. They had a hearing before Charles Fraley, Esq., charged with the murder of Maj. Alexander Rea, and were sent to jail to await a further hearing. Writs of habeas corpus were issued out on Thursday and a hearing had in the case before Associate Judge Goodman, at the office of F. W. Hughes, Esq. The testimony given by the witnesses was of such character as to cause them to be committed to prison. Thomas Dooley was brought up as a witness from Philadelphia, to which city it is said he had gone to purchase tobacco. His evidence is reported to have been to the effect that some time ago Duffy and Donohoe called at his house in Palo Alto to see him and in furnishing two men to commit murder and robbery upon the person of Major Rea. That failing a better time to come to terms. Duffy and Donohoe left, and afterwards informed him that they had procured the services of the men needed to carry out the plot. Dooley was also held for trial.

We give the above as a comment as one of the many circulated, and to which at present no credence is given. The case is so wound up in mystery that a correct account may probably not be had until a trial at court.

John Degan, John Madden and Barney Costigan were arrested on Wednesday, and brought before Esq. Fraley, charged with an attempt to rob Major Wade White about a month ago, and were sent to prison. At a hearing in the Court House on Friday morning, they were released on bail. Patrick Lawler, Wm. McQuade and John Colby were charged with the same offense, but up to the time of going to press they had not been arrested. The parties are all said to be employees of the New Boston Coal Company.

We are glad to announce that none of the persons arrested for the murder of Mr. Rea, are residents of Colum ia Co. We say this in justice to the citizens of Centralia and Conyngham, who had the greatest respect for Mr. Rea. Donohoe, one of the parties arrested, keeps a liquor store in Ashland. On account of the insecurity of our jail, the prisoners have been held at Pottsville.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.—The Board of Managers of the Pennsylvania State Temperance Union, met at the office of the Union, 117 South Second Street, Philadelphia, on the 6th ult. The agents reported having addressed two hundred and eighty meetings since the middle of March, in different parts of the State. It is now designed to have a grand temperance convention at Harrisburg in February, in which all the temperance orders, the churches, the open temperance societies and all other friends of temperance will be invited to participate.

THIS is a glorious season for the Nimrods. Deer were never plentier here than now, according to the testimony of that venerable individual, the "oldest inhabitant." Venison is as plenty here as beef, and is much better in condition. Mr. —— Messenger and son-, living in Laporte township, killed five during two days of last week, and we hear of many others who were very successful. Verily, this is a rich harvest to hunters.—*Sullivan Democrat.*

SENSIBLE.—Some time ago in conversation with a prominent Radical, who was detailing the difficulties the organization had with Dr. John, we suggested the propriety of urging him to apply for a Foreign Mission. It would prevent his competition for the Assessorship, and get him out of the country. We presume our plan was adopted. Whether the mission is to be Liberia or Hayti we have not yet learned.

IF there was any doubt on the subject, the biting frosts, chilling winds, falling snow, and accumulating ice, would convince us that winter is at hand. It is now time to purchase your buffalo robes, and horse blankets, and they will be found of all qualities, and at the cheapest rates, at John B. Parsell & Co's, Saddler and Harness Shop, below the Post Office. Examine them before the best are selected. *

EVERY farmer's family can find good use for the soot which is usually so abundant in their stove-pipes and chimneys. Twelve quarts of water, well mixed with soot, will make a powerful liquid manure, which will improve the growth of flowers, garden vegetables, and root crops. In either a liquid or solid state it makes an excellent top-dressing for grass or cereal crops.

DO you want to purchase goods cheap? If so, go to Sharples' store near the corner of Market and Main Streets. He is closing out his stock of goods this winter and for that reason is selling them at prices below what they can be purchased for elsewhere. Give him a call. He offers special inducements in dress goods, hoop skirts, shawls, gloves, &c. *

SEWING MACHINES.—We learn that Mr. Masters has sold his fixtures and trimmings to J. A. Doran, who has had several years experience with the principal sewing machines, and will keep for sale silk cotton, thread, oil etc., at his shop on Main Street, one door above Hower's Hat & Cap store. *

THERE are three distilleries now in full operation in this County; Rohr, Mc-Henry's, Miller's and Edgar's.

THE Democrats carried Hudson, N. Y., by over 3,00 majority, last Tuesday.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE

—A map of busy life.
—Its fluctuations and its vast concourse.

NO. LXXXVI.

THE CAMPAIGN AGAINST PETERSBURG.

GRANT having failed to force his way into Richmond by Cold Harbor, found on exchanging his base to the James that the same foe was in his front, protected by a stronger and more numerous field works. Butler had not only failed in capturing Richmond, or in securing a base close to it, but had "corked himself up" in Bermuda Hundred, which he was fortifying to resist all attacks.

Grant determined on another change of base, and ordered Gen. Smith on Petersburg, his Corps having reached Bermuda Hundred on transports *via* Fortress Monroe. The troops which had marched over the Peninsula commenced crossing the James on the 14th of June (1864,) the Second Corps using transports. A large body of the army crossed on a pontoon bridge which had been thrown across the river. It was the longest ever constructed, the distance between the shores being 2000 feet, and the channel boats were anchored in eighty feet of water. This remarkable bridge was constructed in about twelve hour.

By Thursday morning the Second Corps had crossed the river at Windmill Point, where Hancock decided to wait for rations. As they did not reach us at 10 a.m. we started forward on a point where the "City Point Railroad crosses Harrison's Creek." Over a portion of the route Barnside's troops had preceded us, burning and destroying everything as they advanced.

And now began a series of manœuvers which not only immeasurably prolonged the war, but cost us the lives of thousands of our gallant soldiers.

Grant did not inform Meade or Hancock of his intention to capture Petersburg, and evidently relied upon Smith's ability to do so without assistance. That officer on reaching there with his Corps found the works manned by the citizens of Petersburg and a few invalid soldiers, numbering altogether about 3000 men. After some delay Smith placed in position 40 pieces of artillery, and the Corps, numbering about 15,000 men, inclining the Division of Negroes under Hinks, made a charge, and succeeded in carrying the outer line of works, capturing 20 guns and 8 few prisoners. Instead of pushing right on, our men were directed to hold their position until next day, during which time a portion of Lee's troops entered the city, having crossed the James at Drury's Bluff.

During the first part of Thursday the second Corps, according to Grant's order was marching towards Harrison's Creek, *a point four miles from Petersburg and in the enemy's lines.* Between six and six in the afternoon, a orderly reached Hancock from Grant to join Smith in front of Petersburg. This he did as rapidly as possible. Though the day was far spent, and the troops fatigued by a march of twenty miles under a burning sun, and with insufficient rations, yet they reached Petersburg before dark, and took up a position on the left of the Eighteenth Corps, the Ninth forming on our left. Our guns were at once placed in position, and an attack made in which we succeeded in carrying a portion of the enemy's works. The troops on our left were repulsed. On the succeeding day, however, Barnside took the line in his front by an assault, capturing four guns.—There was heavy firing during the entire day but no general attack was made, because the balance of our forces had not yet arrived. During the night Lee got the main body of his army into Petersburg, and for a time the "Cockade City" was saved. Meade made a fitting commentary on Grant's management of this movement when he despatched to the Department: *"Had General Hancock or myself known that Petersburg was to be attacked, Petersburg would have fallen."*

On Saturday, June 18th, our troops all being up, and our line firmly established, it was determined to make another general assault. On moving forward for this purpose, the enemy abandoned the works they had improvised upon our first arrival, and fell back to the ridge immediately surrounding Petersburg, where they had thrown up new works in a commanding position and on a shorter line. *This they held until the surrender of Petersburg,* NEARLY ONE YEAR!

It was determined to take it by assault, in the belief that Lee's Army was not all up. Hancock's wound having reopened, the command of the Corps devolved upon Birney, a man without military capacity, and in whom the men had no confidence. My section of artillery was placed by the "Avery House," in the front line, and so close to the enemy, we could throw stones into each other's trenches. My orders were to throw shell into the City and attempt to fire it; but as it lay behind the crest of the hill, we could not see what damage was done although we fired several hundred into it. During the day a general attack was ordered.—At the appointed time, under cover of our guns, the line moved forward, but the old regiments, seeing they were not supported, and no troops on their flanks, halted under cover of a knoll; but the 1st Maine and 1st Mass. Heavy Artillery Regiments, not being so well versed in warfare, rushed blindly on the enemy's works. In a moment their ranks were shattered—a deadly enfilading fire poured into their midst, and of the 5000 men who started on the charge not 500 returned. The heavy fire of artillery and infantry was kept up without intermission. Our principal object was to fire the City, through it frequently made a target of the Rebel guns, which was in view. Our little Coehorn mortars were also put in position, and did excellent service, shelling points otherwise unassailable, our men at the same time being without danger from exposure.

On Monday, June 20th our Corps was withdrawn, and the next day we marched a few miles in a southerly direction, crossing the Norfolk and Petersburg R. R., and after much manœuvering, halted for the night on the Jerusalem plank road. On Wednesday Meade visited our Corps and he and Birney having come to the conclusion that there was nothing but rebel cavalry in our front, placed the Divisions in *echelon* with no connection between them. Hancock, who was still suffering from his wounds, protested, but in vain. The enemy, who had a full Corps in our front under Gen. A. P. Hill, at once charged in the gap between our Corps and the Sixth, which was on our left, routed a portion of Mott's Division, doubled up Barlow's and captured a portion of the entrench in cuts held by Gibbon's Division. Besides capturing M'Knight's Battery, and numerous colors, the enemy by this attack secured over 2000 prisoners. The moment Hancock learned the disaster, despite his wound, he mounted his horse, and ordered in fresh batteries at a gallop. The men rallied on seeing their old commander in the saddle, and soon recovered the lost ground, which was afterwards held. The troops at once threw up a splendid line of entrenchments *and prepared to stay.*

It must be owned the infantry did not fight as they should have done, but whether it was because they had no faith in Birney, or because they lost courage on account of our frequent reverses in the past six week's campaign, it is impossible to say. For over forty days we had been steadily fighting, charging, falling back, flanking, charging again, and generally repulsed. It was no wonder the men became exhausted, and nearly lost heart. Besides, our best men—those who could and would fight, were lying on the bloody fields between the Rapidan and the James; and the the mass that remained were untried organizations, recruits, and habitual skulkers.

QUIES SABE?

WANTED,

A competent school teacher to take charge of the Mount Hill school House, near Wilburtha, Pa. to whom liberal wages will be paid. Any teacher desiring the situation, shall see to it without delay.

A. L. Mills, Pres't. of the Board.
Mount Hill, Nov. 27, 1868.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned respectfully informs his old friends and customers that he has refitted his carriage Manufactory and is now ready to do work, according to good order. When good, cash and well prepared wood is sent me, my patrons may look for good work.

Cutting, Ordering and Dressing Cloth, done to order. Wood left at Hartman's store, Jerseytown, will be taken and returned every Tuesday three weeks with bill of work. The pay can be left at Hartman's.

Wood left at Orangeville, or either of the stores will be attended to promptly.

No wet wagon is coming out of my shop this summer only to Bloomsburg and Orangeville, for which communication of wood is necessary.

GEORGE VAN B.

June 19, 1868. Near Orangeville

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ALEXANDER REA, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Alexander W. Rea, late of Centre twp. deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for payment.

ANNA MARIA REA,
Administratrix.

Oct. 28, '68.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DANIEL KEYSER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Keyser, late of Main township, Columbia county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WM. H. KEYSER,
WM. FORMAN,
Administrators.

Oct. 28, '68.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN ROSS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Ross, late of Orangeville, Columbia county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HIRAM ROSS,
Administrator.

Oct. 8, 1868.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ISAAC DAVIS, DEC'D.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Isaac Davis, late of Greenwood township, Columbia county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID DAVIS,
Executor.

Oct. 28, 1868.

SHERIFF'S SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a writ of Alias Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale or outcry at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 23rd day of November, 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m. of said day, the following real estate to wit:

All that certain lot of ground situate in Centre township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post corner of land of Joseph Kocher, thence by land of Joseph B. Kocher, south seventy-two degrees, west one hundred and forty-two perches to a post, thence by land of Joseph B. Kocher, south seventeen degrees, east one hundred perches to a post, thence by land of Joseph B. Kocher, north seventy-two degrees, east one hundred and forty-two perches to a post, thence by land of Joseph B. Kocher, north seventeen degrees, west one hundred perches to the place of beginning, containing eighty-eight acres and one hundred and forty-two perches, be the same more or less.

ALSO:

A certain lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on the corner of Centre street and Locust alley, thence by said alley south seventy-two degrees, west one hundred and forty-two feet to a post, thence by land of Joseph B. Kocher, south seventeen degrees, east one hundred feet to a post on the corner of Centre street and Locust alley, thence by said Centre street, north seventy-two degrees, east one hundred and forty-two feet to a post, thence by said Centre street, north seventeen degrees, west one hundred feet to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and forty-two feet in front and one hundred feet in depth, be the same more or less.

ALSO:

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale or outcry at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 23rd day of November, 1868, at 1 o'clock, p. m. of said day, the following real estate to wit:

That certain building erected on a lot of ground fronting on Main street, in the town of Bloomsburg, and adjoining messuages of Daniel Hartman and Mrs. Jacob Hartman, and fronting thereon about 22 feet, and extending in Market street, in the rear thereof, about 100 feet, be the same more or less.

Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Stephen Montgomery.

THOMAS A. MILLARD,
Sheriff.

Nov. 20, '68.

IN THE ESTATE OF FREDERICK RUB, late of Greenwood twp. in the county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To Nicholas Rub, Miss Rhoda Rub, Mrs. Rachel Kline, Mrs. Mary Ann Kline, Mrs. Rebecca Kline, Jacob Rub, Mrs. Sarah Rub, Henry Rub, Mrs. Rebecca Rub, Benjamin Rub, Mrs. Catharine Rub, Mrs. Mary Ann Rub, Mrs. Elizabeth Rub, Mrs. Susanna Rub, Mrs. Sarah Rub, Mrs. Rebecca